Postage Stamps of the United States

An illustrated description of all United States postage and special service stamps

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

OFFICE OF SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

Washington, D.C. 20260

POSTAGE STAMPS OF THE UNITED STATES Transmittal Letter 1
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1 MATERIAL TRANSMITTED

This transmits a complete updating of I⁴ublication 9, Postage Stamps of United States. This book contains an illustrated description of all United States postage and special service stamps issued from July 1, 1874 through June 30, 1970.

2 REVISED FORMAT

- .1 This updated edition is in looseleaf form. Supplements will be issued annually. The decision to restyle the book was based on heavy consumer demand for a ring-binder format.
- .2 The appendix contains detailed statistics on postage stamps issued from 1933 to the present. This tabulation will be amended as annual supplements are issued.

3 LISTING OF DESIGNERS AND ENGRAVERS

The listing of designers and engravers has been expanded to include information as far back as 1933.

Postmaster General

Mint W Seel

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FOREWORD

We dedicate this edition of "Postage Stamps of the United States" to the millions of stamp collectors, whose interest and support is so important to this program.

Stamp collecting is a hobby that knows no boundaries between people or countries. It is an enjoyable pasttime, but it is more; those who delve beyond a superficial interest in stamps will discover significant cultural and educational values, as well.

This is a chronology of United States stamps, depicting in miniature our country's history, geography and industries; natural wonders, art and politics; great statesmen, patriots, and explorers. From this book, it is hoped the collector will obtain a broader knowledge of U.S. stamps which will add to his enjoyment in collecting these issues.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

THE CITIZENS STAMP ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Citizens' Stamp Advisory Committee consists of a cross section of persons in the arts, history, philately and business whose judgment and taste can be relied upon to improve the quality both of subject choice and artistic presentation of our stamps. Its members are:

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A DESCRIPTION OF

United States Postage Stamps

INTRODUCTION

The adoption of adhesive postage stamps in 1847, for use in the prepayment of postage on mail matter, represented one of the most important single improvements in the history of the Postal Service in America. As provided by law, these stamps were designed to be issued to postmasters on account, for sale to the public, thereby providing an accurate and automatic check on the postage revenues, in lieu of the less uniform and more uncertain methods that had prevailed in the past.

Prior to the issuance of the first stamps, letters accepted by postmasters for dispatch were marked "Paid" by means of pen and ink or hand stamps of various designs. Such letters usually contained the town post mark and date of mailing.

To facilitate the handling of mail matter, some postmasters provided special stamps or devices for use on letters as evidence of the prepayment of postage. These stamps of local origin are known as "Postmasters' Provisionals." After the introduction of postage stamps, these various methods of mailing without stamps affixed continued to be legal until the prepayment of postage by means of stamps of governmental issue was made obligatory by law, effective January 1, 1856.

As soon as possible after the cuaetment of the law on March 3, 1847, authorizing the issuance of adhesive postage stamps, contract was entered into with a private manufacturer for the printing of the quantities required for placing on sale July 1, following. Subsequent contracts for postage stamps continued to be awarded to private manufac-

turers until July 1, 1894, on which date the printing of stamps was transferred to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Treasmy Department, where all postage stamps have since been produced, with the exception of those few issues specifically noted throughout this book.

SERIES OF 1847

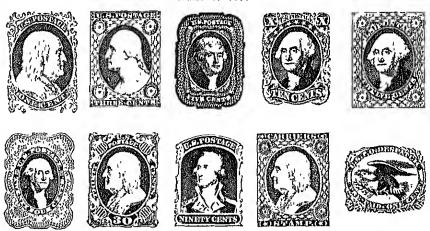




Five-cent—Portrait of Franklin reproduced from a drawing by James B. Longaere, three-quarters face looking left, white neckerchief and fur collar to coat, the ground enclosure surrounded by a faintly engraved wreath of leaves, on which are the letters "U" and "S" placed in the left and right upper corners, respectively, and in each of the two lower corners a large figure "5." On a line curved with the upper portion of the medallions are the words "Post Office". and following the lower line of the medallion outside the enclosure the words "Five cents." A border of fine straight lines surthe entire stamp. Color, light rounds brown.

Ten-cent.—Portrait of Washingto Stnart's painting, three-quarters' ing to the right, white neckerol coat, faint wreath of artificit rounding the enclosing line of and extending to the border, on which are the letters "U" and "S" in the left and right upper corners, respectively, and in each of the lower corners a large Roman numeral "X". In a curved line around the upper and lower lines of the medallion are the words "Post office" at the top and "Ten cents" at the bottom, with a straight-line outer border, as shown on the 5-cent stamp. Color, black.

SERIES OF 1851



| Denomination | Subject | Presentation | Color | Da te of Issue |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| 1-cent | Washington Jofferson Washington Washington Washington Washington Franklin Washington Franklin | Right I off Right Loft Loft Loft | Red Brown Creen Black Lalac Corninge Blue Blue Blue | July 1, 185 July 4, 185 Jun 1, 185 May 10, 185 July 1, 185 July 1, 186 July 30, 180 Sept. 5, 180 Oct 6, 185 Nov. 17, 185 |

One-cent.—Profile bust of Franklin looking to the right, the words "U. S. postage" following an outside-border line in the medallion at the top, and "One cent" at the bottom in white capitals and on curved panels; on the corners and partly surrounding the two panels are convolute scroll-work ornaments, nearly meeting in points on the sides. Color, indigo blue, These were the first stamps in perforated sheets, and they were issued as early as the 24th of February, 1857.

Three-cent.—Profile of Washington, after bust by J. A. Hondon, facing left. Surrounding the ellipse is a tessellated frame, terminating in each of the foir corners with a fine lathework rosette. At the top and bottom of the stamp are straight panels with a small part cut off at each end, the top bearing the words "U. S. postage" and the bottom "Three cents" in white capitals. In each of the foir

excised panel ends forming the extreme conners of the stamp is a small white diamond figure. A fine white line forms an outer rectangular border. Color, brick red.

Five-cent.—Portrait of Jefferson, after a painting by Stuart, three-quarters face, looking to the right and upon a ground slightly lighter than the general cast of the stamp. The lathework border nearly follows the rectangular outer lines of the stamp. It extends inward about 36 of an inch wide, curving inward at the middle of the four sides, at the top and bottom touching the medallion and at the sides passing under it, thus leaving small spaces of a different figure at the four points outside the ellipse, This border follows the curved lines at the corners. It has slight projections on the onter side, equidistant from the corners. The words "U. S. postage" are in the middle of the border at the top, and "Five cents" at

the bottom in white capitals follows the slightly enryed line of the border. Color, brown,

Ten-cent. -Portrait of Washington, after the naming by Stuart, three-quarters lace, looking to the left. Around the upper portion of the medallion, on a solid ground, are 13 bye-pointed stars, above which, in a white panel following the general line of the medallion, are the words, in small stenerl capitals, "U. S. postage", and at the ligitiom, in white capitals and following a double reverse curve, are the words "Ten cents." In each of the appearorners is the Roman number "X" in the nearly circular spaces left by the foliate and scroll ornamentations which appear there as well as, to a larger extent, in the trigonal spaces in the lower corners of the stomp. Color, dark green.

Twelve-cent. Portrait of Washington, the same as on the 10-cent stamp. Above the medallion and conforming to its curve are the words "U. S. postage" in white shaded capitals, and below, similarly inscribed, ore the words "Twelve cents". The medallion has upon a rectangular, straight-line engraved background. The corners, which appear outside the ellipse are arramented by soroll-work rosertes. Between this lanckground and the outer border of the stamp, there is a finely tessellated space. Color, black.

Twenty-four-cent. Partrait of Washington after the same original as the 10- and 12 cent, but reduced to about two-thirds the size and facing three quarters to the right. Double lines inclose the medallion, with a space sufficient between them to place at the top in white capitals the words "U. S. postage" and upon the lower half the words "Twenty four cents," These two inscriptions are separated on each side by rectangular ornaments with a white hunder and a white spot in the middle. Outside of this is intricate bythe work extending to the auter limit of the stamp, which has jounded corners and curved outer lines. Cofor, very dark filae.

Thirty cent. Profile bast of Franklin looking to the left, slightly smaller, but evidently a reproduction, reversed, of that on the 1 cent stamp. At the top, following the elliptical lines of the medallion, is the word "pastage" in white capitals, and immediately above, reaching nearly to the border of the stamp, the litters "U.S", and at the bottom "30" in Arabic numerals. On the left of the medallion is the word "Thirty" reading up, and on the right the word "Cents" reading down. In each corner is a shield with radiant lines.

extending from it into the corners, and bits of scroll work on each of the sides of the shield, the point of the shield being directed inward toward the center of the stomp. The irregular outer border terminates at each corner in two white spear points. Color, orange,

Ninety-cent, Portrait of Washington in general's uniform, after the pointing by Trombull, three-quarters face. The tablet upon which this portrait appears is oblong, with an arched top, differing in this respect from any other stamp in the series. The ground is a deep, solid color and the picture ecorpies about one half the opening. The words "U. S. postage", in white capitals, on a tablet following the arched line, appear at the top, and at the bottom, on a straight panel with rounded ends, are the words "Nonety cents." Outside the nortian enclosure, in the middle of each side, the frame appears to roll linck, and there are some slight arnaments - Color, deep indigo blue.

One-cent carrier stamp. Profile bust of Franklio, much like that on the 30-cent stamp, and looking to the left. At the top on a straight line, in white capitals, is the word "Carriers", terminating at each end with a five pointed stay to heavy parentheses and at the bottom in a straight line of white capitals, the word "Stamp", terminating also at each coul with a white five-pointed stain heavy white parentheses. The corners of a straight rectangular figure, engraved in hor Szortal lines, appear from under the medal from and are marked by scroll-work resettes The remainder of the space inside the borde lines of the strong is in fine tessellated work The value of the stamp is not stated, though it represented Lecat. Color, indigo blue o rose-colored paper.

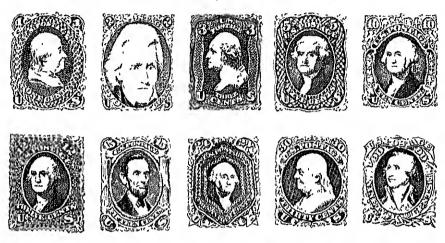
One-cent carrier stamp, Picture of a eagle upon the branch of a tree, poised a for Hight, looking to the left. The centra portion of the ground is dark, shaded int white near the circumference. Within dark harder definested by double lines, that are the words "U. S. P. O. despatch" in whi capitals and at the lotton "Prepaid, Or cent". The tablets on which these words a pear do not quite meet on the left and righ leaving spaces of lighter color. Leaves of or appear in the left corners and of lamel in the right, clinging to the inscription surrounds the medallion, but leaving in the extrer corners a white ground. The longest dia eter of the ellipse is horizontal. Color, lip indigo blue,

STAMPS OF 1847 AND 1851 DEMONETIZED

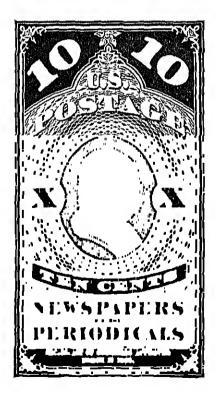
These stamps are obsolete and worthless for postage. A reasonable time was given after the Civil War began in 1861 for the exchange of stamps by the public and for

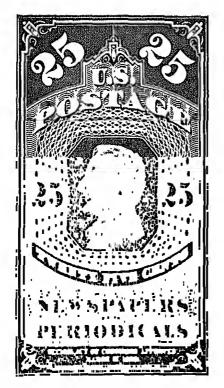
the replacement of post office stocks. Their acceptance in the prepayment of postage was discontinued in the several States and Territories effective November 1 and December 1, 1861, and January 1, 1862, depending on the distance from Washington

SERIES OF 1861-AUGUST 17, 1861, TO FEBRUARY 27, 1869









One-cent.—Profile head of Franklin, looking to the right, in an ellipse as large as could be placed upon the stamp, viz 1 by ½ inch. The entire ground within the enclosure is formed of lathework. The outer ¾ of an inch of this space is more open. The upper corner spaces contain the Arabic figure "1", and the lower the white capital letters "U" and "S" in the left and right, respectively—all four corners having ornate surroundings. The words "U.S. postage" are placed above and "One cent" below the bust, following the curvature of the elliptic lathework upon which they rest.

Two-cent.-A full face of Andrew Jackson fills the entire tablet, which is as wide as the stamp, three-fourths of an mch, and only 1/16 less in its long diameter than the stamp, 15/16 of an inch, space being left at the top for the words "US postage" above the elliptical ground, which is cross-hatched. The word "Two" and the distorted capital "U" in black fill the left lower corner, and the word "Cents" and a distorted "S" the right. An Atabic "2" in white is placed in each upper corner inclined outward to the left and right, respectively, and resting upon small black disks. Appropriate scroll decorations complete the upper part. The face of Jackson on this stamp is probably after the portrait by Dodge.

Three-cent.-A profile of Washington looking to the left rests upon an oblong tablet of lathework, which is scarcely separated from the rest of the stamp by a border of lighter work of the same character. The entire ground of the stamp, except touches at and near the outer corners, is of this machine design. The large Arabic figure "3" appears in the upper corners, and between them in two lines are "U.S." and "Postage". the latter word taking the curve of the head close below. At the hottom, also in two lines of white capitals, are the words "Three" and "Cents", the ends of the lines tending upward. In the lower corners are the Gothic capitals "U" and "S", of the same size as the figures; all four are white, except slight tracery near the middle of each.

Five-cent.—A portrait of Jesses needs a cross-hatched elliptical tablet ½2 by ½3,1 of an meb. This is surrounded by a horder of lathework, principally in a triple-line design reaching the limits of the stamp and giving the general outline of a parallelogram, though the corners are rounded, and midway of each side it swells outward. A large white Arabic figure "5" is placed in each of the upper corners, and resting on each end of the line "U.S. postage", which

| Denomination | Subject | Presentation | Cotor | Artist | Issued |
|--------------|---|-----------------|---|--|--|
| 2-cont | Jackson Washington Jofferson Washington Washington Lincoln Washington Frunklin Washington Washington Frunklin | 3) face to loft | Black Rose Buft Buft Brown Green Black Black Lithe Orauge Light blue Blue | Stuart Stuart Photograph Stuart Trumbull | Inly 6, 1863 Aug 17, 1861 - 1861 Aug. 17, 1861 Aug. 17, 1861 June 17, 1861 Aug. 17, 1861 Aug. 17, 1861 Aug. 17, 1861 |

rises in the middle to surmount the upper curve of the tablet. Similar white capitals form the words "Five cents" below the tablet, and the Gothic capitals "U" and "S", slightly distorted, are placed in the lower corners.

Ten-cent...-The head of Washington is upon a hatched ground whose cross lines are almost imperceptible, and is enclosed by four small white stars on each side, with the words "U.S postage" above and 'Ten cents' below. There are five more stars at the top of the stamp. The number "10", in Arabic figures, is placed in each upper corner, in an appropriate enclosure of ornamental design, and the white capitals "U" and "S" are seen in the left and right lower corners, respectively.

Twelre-cent,-The face of Washington is placed upon a cross-hatched elliptical ground 12 by 5% inch, which is surrounded to the edge of the stamp by a very fine geometrical design with a serrated onter white line, edged with a black haliline and the mace of an ornament in the middle of each side, with a larger one at each corner, outside the lines mentioned. The number "12", in Arabic figures, inclined as in the 2-cent stamp, is placed in each upper corner, with "U.S. postage" between, bordering the medallion line. Below, in the corners, are the white capitals "U" and "S", with the words "Twelve cents" just below the medallion line and rising at each end above the "U" and "S," The portrait is the same as that on the 10cent stamp.

Fifteen-cent.—The portrait of Lincoln appears upon a cross-hatched elliptical ground %6 by % of an inch. On each side of this are fasces, and above are the words "U.S. postage" in white capitals upon a tablet enried at each end and encucling the number "15", in Atabie figures, in each upper corner; the figures lean outward to the right and left and backward. At the bottom are the words "Fifteen cents" in similar letters to those above and on a like ground, except that the latter terminates abruptly at the ends when reaching the fasces. The letters "U.S." in the lower corners are in bold-faced white capitals, the letters leaning to correspond with the numerals in the upper corners.

Twenty-four-cent.—The portrait is the smallest in the series and is enclosed by very fine lathework 1/4 of an inch wide, the general outline of which is irregularly hexagonal. On each outer side, above the middle line, are four small five-pointed stars, enlarged in size from the lowest one up. At the top are three more stars, the smallest one in the middle. To the right and left of these, in the corners, and within an elliptical space, are

the white faced and shaded Arabic numerals "24", inclined slightly to the left and right. In each lower corner is a large five-pointed star, completing the 13, upon the left of these is the letter "U", and npon the right "S", tending mward at the top Curled-leafed ornaments above and at the side of these stars complete the principal features of the stamp. The portrait ground is cross lined vertically and horizontally.

Thirty-cent.—The portrait is enclosed in a circle $\frac{21}{32}$ of an inch in diameter. The hackground of this space is obliquely crosslined at right augles. The inscriptions "U. S. Postage" above and "Thirty cents" below the circle follow it closely; the number "30" leans outward in the upper corners, and the white capital letters "U" and "S" in the lower left and right hand causes, respectively, inchine inward. Around the sides are seroll-work ornamentations.

Ninety cent.-The portrait stands upon a background similar to that of the 5-, 12-, and 15 cent stamps. The border, about 3/12 of an inch wide, is crossed with rays. The outer line of this horder rises at the top to a Gothic apex. The denomination numerals "90" appear at each side of the tablet, on its border, one-fourth of an inch from its highest point. Across the top of the stamp, upon an independent pennant tablet, whose ends fall about the border, are the words "U. S. Postage" in white, shaded capitals. The words "Ninety" and "Cents" are upon the left and right lower quarters of the border, which rests upon branches of oak and laurel tied with a small ribbon. The extreme lower corners are filled with the letters "U" and "S" in the left and right, respectively.

The 5-, 10-, and 25-cent newspaper and periodical stumps are alike in general style, 2 by 3¾ inches in dimension, the denominations being repeated in Arabic and Roman numerals, in the upper corners Arabic and midway of the sides Roman. The numbers "10" and "5", five-eighths of an inch high, are white-faced, while those at the side are the color of the stamp. On the 25-cent stamp the side figures are also Arabic. The numerals in the upper corners of the 10-and 25 cent stamps are inclined outward; those on the 5-cent are perpendicular.

The letters "U" and "S" appear near the top in horizontal line, and, immediately beneath, the word "Postage" in a line enred downward at each end. Next helow this, in the middle of the stamp and surrounded by a border of lathework, are the several profile medallion portraits in a misty style of engraving. The Washington medallion is

circulat, 1% inches in diameter. The Franklin is an ellipse 1½6 by 1½6 inches, while the Lincoln is a partallelogiam with elipped corners ½ by 1¾5 inches Below the tablets are the words representing the denominations, and "Newspapers and Periodicals", in three lines. After this, reference is made as follows: "See, 38, Act of Congress approved March 3, 1863," Below the border line proper—the heavy white line—at the bottom, in very small type, are the words "National Bank Note Company, New York."

Volume 12, section 38 of the U. S. Statutes at Large (page 707) states: "* * The Postmaster General may from time to time

provide by order the rates and terms upon which route agents may receive and deliver at the mail car or steamer, packages of newspapers and periodicals delivered to them for that purpose by the publishers, or any news agents in charge thereof, and not received from nor designed for delivery at any post office."

The stamps were intended, therefore, to be purchased by publishers, that they might mail their publications where payment in money could not be collected at destination. The issue of these stamps began in the September quarter of 1865 and was terminated about February 1, 1869.

SERIES OF 1869-MARCH 1, 1869, TO APRIL 9, 1870



One-cent. Head of Franklin, after bust by Houdon, looking to the left, surrounded by a circle of pearls, "U. S. postage" on a curved tablet at top, "One cent" on two similar tablets at bottom, with the numeral "I" in a small panel between the words. Color, Roman ocher.

Two-cent. Post horse and tider, facing to left surrounded by ornamental scroll work, "United States postage" on a fringed curtain at top, "Two cents" on a scroll at bottom, with large numeral "2" between the words. Color, light brown.

Three-cent. Lacomotive, heading right, smrounded by ornamental scroll work; "United States postage" on a curved and a horizontal tablet at top; "Three cents" on wide curved tablets at bottom, with large numeral "3" between the words. Color, ultramarino blue.

Six-cent.—Head of Washington, after Stuart's painting, three-quarter face, looking to right; frame square, tessellated near the corners, with a circular opening, lined with pearls; "U. S." in upper left and right cor-

ners of frame, respectively; the word "Postage" in upper bar of frame; "Six cents" in lower, with the large numeral "6" between the words, and "United States" on each side. Color, ultramarine bluc.

Ten-cent.—Shield, on which is testing an eagle with outspread wings, eagle looking to left; "United States Postage" in upper section of shield with the number "10" below and the words "Ten cents" in a scroll at bottom, the whole design sunmounted by 13 stats arranged in a semicircle. Color, orange.

Twelve-cent—Ocean steamship, the S.S. Adriatic, surrounded by ornamental scroll work; "United States postage" at top; "Twelve cents" at bottom, with large numeral "12" between the words. Color, milori green.

Filteen-cent.—Landing of Columbus, after the painting by Vanderlyn in the Capitol at Washington, ornamental scroll work at top and bottom; "U. S. postage" at top; "Fifteen cents" at bottom, with numeral "15" underneath. Colors: Picture, Prussian

blue; seroll and ornamental work, light brown.

Twenty-jour-cent.—Declaration of Independence, after the painting by Trumbull in the Yale Ait Gallery, New Haven, Conn.; ornamental and scroll work at top and bottom; "U" and "S" surrounded by circles at upper left and right corners, respectively; the word "Postage" between the two; "Twenty-four cents" in scroll at bottom, with numeral "24" underneath. Colors: The picture, puiple lake; scroll and ornamental work, light milori green.

Thirty-cent.—Eagle, facing to left with outspread wings, resting on shield, with flags grouped on either side; the words "United States postage" in upper section of shield; the numeral "30" in lower; the words "Thirty cents" across the bottom; 13 stars arranged in semicircle at top of design. Colors: Eagle and shield, carmine; flags and other parts, blue.

Ninety-cent.—Head of Lincoln, from a photograph, in an ellipse, three-quarters face, looking to right, surrounded by ornamental and scroll work; numeral "90" at each of the upper corners; "U. S. postage" at top; "Ninety" and "Cents" in scroll at lower left and right corners of medallion, respectively; "U" and "S" in Old English at lower left and right corners of stamp, respectively. Colors: Portrait in black; surrounding ornamental and scroll work, carnine.

The sizes of these stamps vary from the 13/16 of an inch circle on the 1-cent to 13/16 by 27/32 of an inch in dimension

The designs were furnished by the National Bank Note Co. of New York with their bid, upon which contract was entered into on the 12th of December, 1868.

ISSUE OF 1870-APRIL 9 TO 30



| Denomination | Subject | Pre-entation | Original m tist | Color |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| 1-cont 2-cont 3 cont 10-cont 112-cont 112-cont 112-cont 112-cont 112-cont 1130-cont 112-cont | Jackson Washington Lincoln Johenson Clay Wobstel Scott Hamilton | Left profile | Powers. Houdon Volk Powers. Hait Clovenger Coffee | (Preon, Red. Chocolate Purple (neutral) Orange Purple (pure) |

Additions and other changes

| Date | Denom- ination | Subject | Presentation | Original m list | Color and note refer- ence |
|---|-------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Mar 6, 1871 June 21, 1875 | 7-cent 5-cent | Stanton Taylor | | Photograph Daguerreo- type | Vormition, added. a Dark blue, added b |
| June 21, 1875 | 7-cent | Stanton | Same added in 1870 Dis- | | (c) |
| Juno 21, 1875 | 12-cont | Clay | Original issue of April, 1870. Discontinued. | | (c) |
| Tuno 21, 1875 | 21-cent | Scott | Original issue of April, 1870. Discontinued | | (c) |
| June 21, 1875 | 2-cont | Jackson | Original issue of April, 1870, | | Changed to vermil |
| Apr 10, 1882 | 5-cont | Tayloi | Original Issue of June 21, 1875, Discontinued | | (e) |
| Apr 10, 1882 Oct. 1, 1883 Oct 1, 1883 Oct. 1, 1885 | 2 cent | Garfield Washington Iackson Special do- livery. | Left, four-fifths face Left profile Left profile See note | Powers | Motalie red, f Green g Blue, k |
| June 11, 1887 Sept. 10, 1887 | | Franklin Washington | Left profile Design of Oct. 1, 1883 | | Light blue, new design, Color changed to chrome green |
| Sept. 23, 1887 | 3-cont | Washington | Design of April, 1870 | | Color clunged to ver- |
| Jan. 3, 1888 | 30-cent | Hamilton | Design of April, 1870 | | Color changed to brown. |
| Feb. 18, 1888 | 5-cont | Omfield | Design of April 10, 1882 | | |
| Feb. 28, 1888 | 90 cont | Pen y | Design of April, 1870 | | Color changed to pur- |
| Sept. 6, 1888 | 10-cont | Special de- | Same as Oct. 1, 1885, ex- | | plo. (4) |
| Nov. 21, 1888 | 4-cont | livery. Jackson | copt now wording, ' Design of Oct. 1, 1883 | | Color changed to ear- |

For notes a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, and t, see pages 11 and 12.

One-cent.—A lined rectangular ground is left uncovered near the edges of the stamp on all sides. Inside this a more distinctly outlined horder of scroll work and conventionally foliated ornaments fill the space to the medallion, which contains a profile bust of Franklin. The sides of this border are symmetrically curved inward, the corners being ornamentally rounded; on it, and resting upon and following the upper curve of the medallion, is a narrow panel bearing the words "U.S. postage." The words "One" and "Cent" in white capitals at the bottom appear in two curves, drooping at the ends and separated by an ornate heavy-faced white figure "1."

Two-cent,—An elliptical medallion, containing a profile bust of Jackson after Powers' statue, rests upon a shield covering almost the entire stamp and placed upon a faint-lined

rectangular ground. On this shield, above the medallion, is an ornamented tablet, curving with the ellipse except at the ends of the line, which tend ontward, and bearing the words "U.S. postage." A faint trace of leafy branches curving upward fill the space at the bottom and sides of the shield not covered by the medallion. Across this, upon a ribbon-like double-curved tablet flowing at the ends, are the words, in white capitals, "Two" and "Cents", divided by the denomination figure "2."

Three-cent.—Nearly the whole face of the stamp is taken up by a shield resting upon a dimly lined ground, on which shield the bust of Washington, after Houdon's statue, in an elliptical opening is placed, surmounted by a curved ornamented tablet bearing the words "U.S. postage." Under the portrait, on a flow-

ing 11bbon with forked ends, are the words "Three cents", separated by a large Arabic white-faced figure "3."

Sev-cent—On a delicately lined ground appears a dark rectangular mass of color, with heavy side projections nearly one-third of the length, on which is the bast of Lincoln in an elliptical medallion, surmounted by a panel bearing the words "U.S. postage" Below the medallion, on a waved ribbon with forked ends, are the words "Six cents", in white capitals, separated by a large white Arabic figure "6".

Seven-cent.—A large rectangular tablet, ornamented at the four corners with heavy balls, rests upon a background, the edges of which alone appear. On this tablet is an elliptical medalhon containing the profile bast of Stanton, surmounted by a crived panel bearing the words "U.S. postage", while below the medallion is a similar panel hearing the words "Seven cents", in white capitals, sepanated by a white Arabic figure "7."

Ten-cent—A large faint-hood shield rests upon a darker rectangular ground. On this shield is a profile bast of Jefferson, in an elliptical medallion, with words 'U.S. post age" above and "Ten cents", separated by the number "10", below, displayed in the same way as the legends on the 6 cent stamp.

Twelre-cent. —On a lined rectangular frame is a raised panel of the same shape, with beveled edges. On this panel rests an elliptical medallion bearing the profile linist of Henry Clay. Above and below, in curved tablets, connected on the sides by triangular joints, are, respectively, the words in white capitals, "U.S. postage" and "Twelve cents", the two latter words being separated by the number "12" in Arabic figures. The words of denomination are in block letters,

Filteen-cent. -On a lined rectangular frame, with triangular panels set in near each corner, is an elliptical medallion hearing the profile bust of Daniel Webster. Above, in a curved tablet, ending on either side in a circular knob, are the words, in shaded white letters, "U.S. postage." Below, in a similar tablet, but without knobs, in small white letters, are the words "Fifteen cents", separated by the number "15" in ornamental Arabic figures.

Twenty-four-cent.—The denomination numerals, "24", in Gothic type, are in each of the upper camers, conforming in their position to the curve of an ornamental tablet, placed immediately above an elliptical medallion bearing a profile bust of Gen. Winfield Scott. Thirteen five-pointed stars

me placed on this tablet, 2 at each end are blank white, while each of the 11 remaining bears a small Gothic capital letter, constituting the legend "U.S. postage" in the color of the stamp. The denomination is given at the bottom in small white Gothic capitals "Twenty-four" close up to and following the ellipse line, and "Cents" in a straight line, in the middle, below.

In the left lower corner appears a flag, loosely gathered around its staff, the muzzle end and part of the wheels of a piece of field artillery, and a pile of shells. In the right are three muskets stacked

Thirty-cent -On a rectangular-lined ground is placed a heavy beveled tablet, rounded in a half circle at the bottom, and with the upper corners described by bastionlike projections. From this point down to the half encle-a distance of half an inchthe tablet is straight lined on its sides and narrower than the stamp by about one-sixteenth of an inch. On the tablet is an elliptical medallion bearing the profile bust of Alexander Hamilton, The legend, "U.S. postage", above the incdallion, is curved as on the 6 cent stamp, except that no panel encloses it, and the words "Thirty" and "Cents" appear in the black capitals at the bottom on a double-curved ribbon dropping inward with forked ends.

Ninety-cent.—The upper ball of an elliptical medallion bearing the profile bust of Commodore Perry, is bounded by a rope attached at each end by eye-splices to a swinging panel describing the lower half of the ellipse, and bearing the words "Ninety" and "Cents" in block letters assigned to the left and right of the number "90." A plain tablet is the basis of the stamp, and is heyeled except within 1/8 of an inch of the corners, where it exhibits sharp edges. In each upper corner is a five-pointed stampaised in the center, and in each lower corner the fluxes of an anchor and part of the shank project from under the panel.

Five-eeut (Taylor).—Tablet, legend, and denomination are of a style very similar to the 10-cent stamp. The portrait of Gen. Zachary Taylor is the only full face in the series. The dress is an open double-breasted military coat, within which appear the neck stock and high white collar.

Five-cent (Carfield).—On a rectangularlined tablet, the greater portion of which is raised in the shape of a shield, is an elliptical medallion hearing the portrait of President Garfield. The medallion is bordered by a line of small white heads, the legend, "U.S. postage", is at the bottom of the stamp in small black block letters. The words "Five" and "Gents" are above the legend and partly on the lower edge of the tablet, divided by a large six-pointed star, upon which is the white-faced figure "5" upon a dark ground. The star is outlined with white, and the denomination words are each on lines curved downward at the ends.

Two-cent, 1883.— This is described in a circular of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, dated July 18, 1883; "* " * a plain tablet; above the oval, surrounding the head, are the words 'United States postage' and underneath the tablet are the words Two cents," It may be added that the tablet is shaped like the shield on the 3 cent stamp of this series and that the figure "2" separates the words "Two" and "Cents" which form a straight line resting partly on the point of the tablet and partly on the darkly shaded ground below. This is the first stamp of the series with the legend unabhreviated. The medallion is elliptical, and bears the profile bust of Washington.

Four-cent, 1803. The tablet is rectangular and beveled, covering the entire stamp, the lower half in solid color. The legend, like that on the 2 cent stamp of even date, is in the unabbreviated form, "United States postage", following the upper line of an elliptical medalfion bearing the profile bust of Andrew Jackson, and is in small white capitals. In each lower corner is a large white figure "4" Below these and in an unbroken straight line are the words "Faur cents" in small white capitals with a very small star at the right and left and immediately under the figure "4,"

One-cent, 1987. A description by Postmaster General Vilas, given on the 23d of May, 1887, describes this stump as "a profile bust of Benjamin Franklin upon a disk with shuded background, the lower portion of the oval disk being bordered with pearls, and the upper portion with a curved panel, containing, in small white letters, the words 'United States postage,' The whole is engraved in line upon a shield-shaped tablet with a truncated pyramidal base, bearing the words 'One cent' on either side of the figure 1, * * **

The changes of colors of other stamps of this series after June 11, 1887, were not accompanied by any change of design.

Ten-cent special delivery, 1995 and 1996. A line engraving on steel, ablong in form; dimensions, 1976 by 1776 inches; color, dark libre. Design: On the left an arched panel beating the figure of a mail-messenger boy on a run, and surmounted by the words

"United States"; on the right an oblong tablet, ornamented with a wreath of oak and lamel surrounding the words "Secures immediate delivery at a special-delivery office." Across the top of the tablet is the legend "Special postal delivery", and at the bottom the words "Ten cents", separated by a small shield bearing the numeral "10."

The words "Secures immediate delivery at a special-delivery office" were changed, in 1888, to read "Secures immediate delivery at any post office." Both forms are valid,

NOILS

- (a) The 7-cent Stanton was issued to meet the demand occasioned by a reduced rate of foreign postage under the postal treaty with the North German Confederation, effected in 1870.
- (b) The 5-cent Taylor was issued for the new letter rate of postage under the convention of the General Postal Union adopted at Berne in 1874
- (i) The reduction of postage mentioned in note (b) requiring the 5 cent stamp, rendered the 7, 12-, and 24 cent stamps unnecessary, and their issue was therefore discontinued.
- (d) The vermilion of the discarded 7cent Stanton stump supplanted the velvetbrown color on the 2 cent Jackson, which had caused confusion because of its similarity to that of the 40 cent Jefferson,
- (c) Upon the death of President Garheld, a new design, quite exceptional, was made for the 5 cent stamp, and his portrait superseded that of Gen. Zachary Taylor, the blue color being displaced by a new one.
- (f) This 2 cent Washington was adopted for use upon first class matter, the rate upon which, under the act of March 3, 1883, was reduced from 3 to 2 cents a half ounce, and seemed to require a distinctive stump. It superseded the Jackson vermilion 2-cent stamp.
- (g) The Juckson profile, superseded, as stated, on the 2-cent stamp, was reengraved and given the green color and the 4-cent denomination, for use upon double weight fetters, under the act of Murch 3, 1883.
- (h) This (special delivery) stamp was an entirely new departure in style, as it was intended for use in executing a novel and, as it has proved, a successful experiment in postal delivery. In the Act of Congress of March 3, 1895, page 387 and 398 of the Twenty-third Statutes, occur the following provisions:
- "Sec. 3. That a special stamp of the face valuation of 10 cents may be provided and

issued, whenever deemed advisable or expedient, in such form and bearing such device as may meet the approval of the Postmaster General, which when attached to a letter, in addition to the lawful postage thereon, the delivery of which is to be at a freedelivery office, or at any city, town, or village containing a population of 4,000 or over according to the Federal census, shall be regarded as entitling such letter to immediate delivery within the carrier limit of any free-delivery office which may be designated by the Postmaster General as a special-delivery office, or within 1 mile of the post office at any other office coming within the provisions of this section which may in like manner be designated as a special-delivery office.

"S.c. 4. That such specially stamped letters shall be delivered from 7 o'clock antemeridian up to 12 o'clock undnight at offices designated by the Postmaster General under section 3 of this act."

This delivery was extended by the Act of August 4, 1886, to all post offices and to all mailable matter, thus giving rise to the change indicated by the Postmaster General on August 10, 1886, "* * The words 'Secures immediate delivery at a special-delivery office' will, however, be changed to read 'Secures immediate delivery at any post office.' But as stamps with the former words are now in the hands of postmasters and the public, their use will continue until the present supply shall be exhausted"

Stamps of the first design lasted until September 6, 1888, when the stamp of that date was issued with the change, as directed, in the words on its face.

From January 24, 1893, to May 19, 1894, the special-delivery stamp was printed and issued in orange color, in connection with the Columbian stamps, and during that period no blue special-delivery stamps were issued.

(i) A change of color was rendered necessary in this case by the assignment of the given color to the 2-cent stamp, which had thus become the color of three stamps of the same series. More than a year later it was removed from the 4-cent stamp.

OFFICIAL POSTAGE STAMPS-1873-1884













The franking privilege having been abolished, to take effect on the 1st day of July, 1873, the Postmaster General, as required by law, provided a series of stamps of

special design for each of the executive departments of the Government for the prepayment of postage on official matter. They are tabulated as follows:

Department, color, and denomination

| Denom- mation | Subject | Evecu- tive (car- mine) | State (pr cen) | Tieas- ury (velvet brown) | Wai (cochl- neal red) | Navy (blue) | Interior (vermil- lon) | Justlee (purple) | Agileul- tina (oi niigo) | Post Office (black), large Arable numerals instead of faces |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 2 3 6 7 | Franklin Jackson Washington Lincoln Stanton | \$0.01 02 03 06 | \$0 01 .02 03 06 07 | \$0 01 02 03 06 06 | \$0.01 02 03 .06 | \$0 01 .02 .03 .06 .07 | \$0 01 02 03 06 | \$0 01 02 .03 | \$0 01 02 03 ,06 | \$0 01 02 03 .00 |
| 10 12 15 21 30 98 | lefferson Clay Webster Scott Hamilton Perry | | 10 12 15 24 30 | 10 12 15 21 30 | .10 12 15 21 30 00 | 10 12 15 21 .30 | . 10 12 15 21 30 90 | 10 12 15 21 30 | 10 12 15 21 30 | . 10 12 . 15 21 . 30 |
| 4 | Seward | { | 2 00 5 00 10 00 20 00 | | | | | | | |
| } | Value of Set | 22 | 39 00 | 2 00 | 2 00 | 2 00 | 1 93 | 1 93 | 1 03 | 1 93 |

DESCRIPTION

The elliptical white ground filled by a face on the official stamps of the other Departments is, on the stamps for the Post Office Department, made to represent the denominations by bold-face Arabic numerals 1/10 of an inch high. The name of the Department is printed across the top in lieu of the words "U. S. postage," There is also a slight difference in the ornamentation of the border.

In design, the official stamps for the other

Departments do not differ materially from those issued for sale to the public. The profile busts are retained; but each stamp has at the top the name of the particular Department for which it was provided instead of the words "U. S. postage." Other changes, appearing in the border, need not be specified.

These stamps were supplanted on May 1, 1879, by the penalty envelope and on the 5th of July, 1884, were declared obsolete. (Sec. 3, p. 158, 23 Stat., amending sec. 3915 of the Revised Statutes.)

NEWSPAPER AND PERIODICAL STAMPS— JANUARY 7, 1875













1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, 6-, 8-, 9-, and 10-cent.--Allegorical figure of Freedom, looking to the right, and modeled after Crawford's statue upon the dome of the Capitol The left hand rests on a shield and holds a wreath, the right grasps a sword. The head is adorned with a coronet of stars, surmounted by an eagle's head. The vignette stands in an arched frame, and at the top and sides are papels containing inscriptions: At the top, "U.S. postage"; at the bottom, words of denomination, also represented by Arabic figures in the upper corners; on the left side, reading upward, the word "Newspapers", and on the right, reading downward, the word "Periodicals." The lower corners are filled by shields. The color of these stamps is black

12-, 24-, 36-, 48-, 60-, 72-, 84-, and 96-cent.— Vignette of Astran, or Justice, in melie curved at the top, holding in her right hand the balance and testing with her left on a shield bearing the United States coat of arms. The fignic is full robed, mailed, and girdled as to the upper part, and helmeted. Surmounting the helmet is an eagle with outsitetched wings. Figures representing values on shields in upper conners; values also in sunken letters below, richly ornamented. Juscriptions on sides and at top in shaded capitals on lined ground. Color, pink

One-dollar-and-uinety-two-cent, — Vignette of Ceres, Goddess of Agriculture, in curved nicle. She holds in her left hand an ear of corn; her right, holding a wreath, rests against the hip. The figure faces to the front, and is clad in full, flowing robes. "U.S. postage" at the top; other inscriptions in falle letters on obelisks at either side, resting on lower slab containing value in white capitals. Value also in figures in upper corners. Color, deep brown.

Three-dollar,—Goddess of Victory, in curved niche, full-robed, girded, with sword to the left, and mantle thrown over shoulders. The right hand is stretched forward, holding a wreath; the left rests on a shield. Figures of value in upper corners; value below in letters on either side of a large

figure "3." Inscriptions in solid labels on either side and on lined ground above. Color, vermilion.

Str-dollar.—Clio, the Muse of History, in curved inche, full tobed, the toga thrown over the left shoulder. In her right hand she holds a stylus; in the left a tablet. Figures of value in upper corners, surrounded by curved ornaments. Inscriptions in white shaded letters on side, and above in dark letters on lined ground. Color, light blue.

Nine-dollar.—Minerva, the Goddess of Wisdom, full tobed, in curved niche. The left hand is placed across her breast, holding a portion of her toga; the right is grasping a spear Figures of value in upper corners. Inscriptions on sides in shaded italies, and above in small letters on lined ground. Value also in letters below on scroll. Beneath is a large "9" in curved ornaments. Color, orange.

Twelve-dollar.—Vesta, the Goddess of the Fireside, full tobed, in emixed niche. The left hand lifts her drapery; the right holds a barring lamp. Figures of value in upper corners on tablets; value also in letters on beaded frame beneath. Inscriptions in solid italic letters on sides and in small white letters above. Color, rich green.

Twenty-four-dollar.—Goddess of Peace, in emved mehe—a partly tobed figure, leaning against a broken column. She holds in her left hand an olive branch, while the right grasps three arrows. The value is in words beneath on a solid tablet, also in figures in ornamented curves in upper corners. Inscriptions in white shaded letters above and on sides, between which letters and each upper corner is a large six-pointed star. Color, purplish slate.

Thirty-sty-dollar,—Figure representing Commerce, in full garments, in curved niche. She holds in her left hand the cadneens, the winged rod of Moremy; in her right, a miniature ship. Figures of value in upper corners and in unamented capitals helow. Inscriptions, also in ornamented capitals, on sides and above. Color, dull red.

Forty-eight-dollar, - Hebe, the Goddess of Youth, partly draped, in emved niche. The right hand holds a cup, which she is offering to the eagle, around whose neck is thrown her left arm. Figures of value on shields in upper corners, the word "Postage" between; value also in letters below in curved ornaments. The letters "U" and "S" in circles between lawer corners and side inscriptions in enved labels. Color, light brown.

Sixty-dollar,-Vignette of an Indian maiden standing in a rectangular frame. She is tohed from het waist downward. Her right arm is extended, while her left hangs by her side. The background is a landscape, trees and vines to the left and wigwams to the right in the distance. Figures of value on shields in upper corners, value also in white letters on solid tablet below. Inscriptions in white on shaded labels on sides; at top, "U. S. postage" in white and purple, Color, tich purple.

The dimensions of all the above-described

stamps are 15/16 by 13% inches.

These stamps were prepared by the Continental Bank Note Co. (then existing in New York, N.Y.) from designs selected in October, 1874. The act approved June 24, 1874 (sec. 6, p. 233, 18th Stats.), had prescribed the weighing in bulk of newspapers and periodicals presented by publishers and news agents for mailing and the payment of postage in advance by an "adhesive stamp" to be devised by the Postmaster General, the stamp to be affixed to the matter, "to the sack containing the same, or upon a memorandum of such mailing, or otherwise, as the Postmaster General may from time to time provide by regulation" He decided to at-

tach the stamp to a memorandum. The law went into effect Japuary 1, 1875.

Section, 5, page 232 of the Eighteenth Statutes, fixed the rate of postage at 2 cents a pound upon weekly or more frequent publication and at 3 cents a pound for those issued less frequently. To meet the postage requirements, stamps in the 2- and 3-cent denominations were provided. This was the advent of prepayment of postage upon printed matter in this manner. The stamps were sent to postmasters on the 11th of December, 1874. At that time there were 35,000 post offices at which newspapers were received and 3,400 only at which they were mailed and prepard under this law.

Under the law of March 3, 1879, page 359 of the Twentieth Statutes, the 3-cents-a-pound rate was repealed, and with it the 3-and 9-cent stamp issues were discontinued

An Act approved Match 3, 1885 (p. 387 of the 23d Stats.), reduced the rate of postage on this second class matter to 1 cent a pound when sent by publishers or news agents, and thus gave rise to the 1-cent denomination of these stamps July 1, 1885, and the revival of the 3-cent denomination. The 9-cent was not, however, brought out again.

POSTAGE-DUE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1879















[Act approved March 3 and made effective July 1, 1879]

| Denomination | | First issued to postmasters— |
|--------------|---|--|
| 1 cent | Light brown Light brown Light brown Light brown Light brown Light brown Light brown | May 9, 1879 May 9, 1879 May 9, 1879 Sept 19, 1879 |

These stamps are alike except for the denominations, which are expressed by Arabic numerals in the middle upon an elliptic ground of delicate lathework. Upon the upper line of this ground are the words "Postage due" in white capitals; on the lower horder is the denomination in letters of the same kind. On the left and right side, respectively, and separating these inscriptions, are the letters "U" and "S" upon white

shields. There is a complex angular ornamentation of light line work surrounding this, and the whole rests upon a darker colored beveled tablet, of which but little can be seen, though it covers the entire stamp, which is an upright rectangle 1 by 25%2 of an

inch in dimension. The color of all the stamps is light brown.

The color of these stamps was changed in 1889 to reddish brown and in 1891 the color was again changed to a bright claret. No change was made in the design.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1890



| Denomination | Color | Subject | Placed on Sale |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1-cont 2-cont 3-cont 1-cont 5-cont 1-cont 5-cont 1-cont 1 | Carmino. Pur plo. Dut k brown. Light brown. Light majoon. Lifle. Cheen. Dut k bine. Bluek. | Washington Jackson Limeoln Grant Galleld Surfield Webster Webster | Feb 22, 1890 Feb 22, 1890 June 2, 1890 June 2, 1890 Feb 22, 1890 Feb 22, 1890 Feb 22, 1890 Feb 22, 1890 |

Norr.—The 8-cent stamp was not I said until Mar. 21, 1893, in connection with the reduction of the registry fee from 10 to 8 conts

One-cent.—Profile bust, after Ceracchi, of Benjamin Franklin looking to the left, on an ellipse, with dark background and narrow white border. Immediately above, set in a panel conforming to the elliptical curve, are the words "United States postage" in white capitals, and below in slightly larger and shaded letters, arranged in a waved line running nearly the whole width of the stamp, are the words "One cent." Just above these latter words, on either side, is a white numeral of denomination—the Arabic figure "1"—in a

small oval space, surrounded by an ornate scroll, the upper portion of which is connected with and serves as a support to the panel around the medallion. The whole is placed upon a distinctly lined oblong tablet, seven-eighths of an inch high by three-fourths of an inch wide, with beveled sides and bottom. The color is blue. The medallions on all this series are elliptical.

Two-cent.—Profile bust, after Houdon, of George Washington, looking to the left. The surroundings of the medallion are the same as in the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures and letters representing the denomination. Color, carmine. An improved quality of color for the 2-cent stamp was adopted May 12, 1890.

Three-cent.—Profile bust after Powers, of Andrew Jackson looking to the left. The surroundings of the medallion are the same as in the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures and letters representing the denomination. Color, purple.

Four-cent.—Portrait of Ahraham Lincoln, after a photograph from life, three quarters face, looking to the right. The surroundings of the medalhon are the same as in the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures and letters representing the denomination. Color, dark brown. Issued June 2, 1890.

Five-cent.—Portrait of U. S. Giant, after a photograph from life, three-quarters face, looking to the right. The surroundings of the medallion are the same as in the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures and letters representing the denomination. Color, light brown. Issued June 2, 1890.

Six-cent.—Portrait of James A. Garfield, after a photograph from life, three-quarters fuce, looking to the left. The surroundings of the medallion are the same as on the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures and letters representing the denomination. Color, light maroon.

Eight-cent.—Portrait of Gen. William T. Sherman, after a photograph from life, full face. The surroundings of the picture are the same as those on the stamps below the 10-cent denomination, with the necessary change of figures and letters representing the value. Color, lilac. It was issued March 21, 1893, in connection with the reduction of the registry fee from 10 to 8 cents.

Ten-cent.—Portrait of Daniel Webster, after a discussive from life, three-quarters face, looking to the left, with dark background and murrow white border, around the upper half of which, set in a panel conforming to the medallion eneve, are the words "United States postage" in small white capituls, the words "Ten cents" in somewhat similar letters being placed in a like panel below

the medallion. Below this again, in the tw lower corners of the stamp, are plain Arab numerals of denominations, '10", set in cicular spaces surrounded with ornate set of not unlike those in the 1-cent stamp. 'I'l whole is placed upon an oblong tablet, % an inch high by ¾ of an inch wide, wibeveled sides and bottom. The color

Filteen-cent.—Portrait of Henry Cla after a dagnericotype from life, three-quaters face, looking to the left. The surroun ings of the medallion are substantially if same as in the 10-cent stamp, with appropriate changes of figures and letters representing the denomination. Color, deep blue.

Therty-cent—Profile bust of Thomas Jo ferson, after Ceracchi, looking to the le The surroundings of the medallion are to same as in the 10-cent stamp, with the necessary change of the letters and figures of a nomination, the latter, however, being block form. Color, black

Ninety-cent.—Profile bust of Commodo O. H. Perry, after Wolcott's statue, looking to the left. The surroundings of the medical stamp, with the necessary change of the letters and figures of denomination. Colorange.

The dimensions of all the above stamps a three-fourths by seven-eighths of an inch.

SPECIAL-DELIVERY STAMP (10-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1893

As the special-delivery stamp closely sembled the 1-cent and 4-cent Columbi stamps, giving rise to mistakes in the parament of postage and the treatment of matter, its color was changed from blue orange January 24, 1893, and so continued January 5, 1894, when the printing in blue resumed. The issue of the orange-color special-delivery stamp was not discontinuintial May 19, 1894, when the stock we exhausted.

There were 5,099,500 special-delive stamps of the orange color issued to pu masters.

COLUMBIAN SERIES OF POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1893









The Department placed upon sale on Monday, January 2, 1893, at post offices throughout the country, a new series of postage stamps (not including the 8-cent denomination issued later) and stamped envelopes known as the Columbian series. The issue of these stamps ceased April 12, 1894.

The Columbian stamps were issued in the denominations of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 15, 30, and 50 cents, and of \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4 and \$5. These stamps differ in size and form from those of the 1890 series, the engraved space being \(\frac{7}{8} \) by \(\frac{11}{32} \) inches, each stamp bear-

ing a design commomorative of the discovery of America by Columbus.

The stamps are executed from line engravings on steel, the general design of the upper portion of all of them being substantially the same. The details of this design are, first, a white-faced imprint of the years "1492" and "1892", in the upper left- and right-band conners, respectively; then in white-shaded capitals beneath, in a waved line, the words "United States of America", below which, in a narrow tablet conforming to the curved frame of the picture under it, are the words

| Denomination | Color | Subject | Placed of sale | i t |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| 2-cont. 3-cont. 4-cont. 5-cont. 6-cont. 8-cont. 10-cont. 15-cont. 30-cont. \$1. \$1. | Blue Chocolate brown Purple Migorita Dark brown Steina brown Steina brown Slate blue Salmon Minoral red Yellow green Carmine | Landing of Columbus Flag ship of Columbus Fleet of Columbus Columbus soliciting sid of Isabelia Columbus welcomed at Barcelona Columbus westoned to favor Columbus presenting natives Columbus announcing his discovery Columbus at La Rabida Recuil of Columbus Isabelia pledging her jewels | Jant. 2, 1 Jant. 2, 1 Jant. 2, 1 Jant. 2, 1 Jant. 3, 1 Jant. 3, 1 Jant. 2, 1 | 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 |

of denomination; for example, "Postage, two cents", "Postage, two dollars", etc. These words end on either side of the stamp in a space of circular form with ornamental surroundings, within which are Arabic numerals of value-standing alone in the case of denominations under \$1, but accompanied by the dollar mark in denominations of \$1 and upward, as "2" (meaning cents), \$2, etc. Underneath all this is the scene represented, enclosed in a plain white frame with arched top, extending nearly the entire length of the stamp, and taking up in every case probably three-fourths of its whole face, the appropriate designation of the picture being given in small white capitals at the bottom. The scenes represented are these:

One-cent.—Columbus in Sight of Land, after the painting by William H. Powell. This reproduction is enclosed in a circle. On the left is an Indian woman with her child, and on the right an Indian chief with head-dress of feathers—each figure in a sitting posture. Color, Antwerp blue.

Two-cent.—Landing of Columbus, after the painting by Vanderlyn in the Rotunda of the Capitol at Washington. Color, purple maroon.

Three-cent.—Flagship of Columbus, the Santa Maria, in mid-ocean, from a Spanish engraving. Color, medium shade of green.

Four-cent.—Fleet of Columbus, the three caravels, Santa Maria, Nina, and Pinta, from a Spanish engraving, Color, ultramarine blue.

Five-cent.—Columbus Soliciting Aid of Isabella, after the painting by Brozik. Color, chocolate brown.

Six-cent,—Columbus Welcomed at Barcelona, scene from one of the panels of the bronze doors by Randolph Rogers in the Capitol at Washington. On each side of the scene represented is a niche, in one of which

is a statue of Ferdinand and in the other a statue of Balboa. Color, royal purple,

Eight-cent.—Columbus Restored to Favor, after a painting by Jover. Color, magenta red. Issued March 1, 1893.

Ten-vent.—Columbus Presenting Natives, after the painting by Luigi Gregori, at the University of Notre Dame, South Bend, Ind. Color, Vandyke brown.

Fifteen-cent.—Columbus Announcing His Discovery, after the painting by R. Balaca, now in Madrid. Color, dark green.

Thirty-cent.—Columbus at La Rabida, after the painting by R. Maso. Color, sienna brown.

Fi/ty-cent.—Recall of Columbus, after the painting by A. G. Heaton, now in the Capital at Washington. Color, slate blue.

One-dollar.—Isabella Pledging Her Jewels, after the painting by Munoz Degrain, now in Madrid. Color, rose salmon.

Two-dollar.—Columbus in Chains, after the painting by Luctze, now in Germantown, Pa. Color, toned mineral red.

Three-dollar.—Columbus Describing Third Voyage, after the painting by Francisco Jover. Color, light yellow green.

Four-dollar.—Portraits in circles, separated by an ornate device, of Isabella and Columbus, the portrait of Isabella after the well-known painting in Madrid, and that of Columbus after the Lotto painting. Color, carmine.

Five-dollar.—Profile of head of Columbus, after a cast provided by the Treasury Department for the sonvenir 50-cent silver piece authorized by Act of Congress. The profile is in a circle, on the right of which is the figure of America, represented by an Indian woman with a crown of feathers, and on the left a figure of Liberty, both figures being in a sitting posture. Color, black.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-1894



| Denomination | Faco | Color | Dute of Issue | On water- marked pa- per after— |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| -cent | Frinklin Washington Jackson Jancolu Jancolu Jancolu Jancolu Jancolu Grant Grant Grant Grant Grafield Garlield Sher man Webster Special-delivery messenger boy Clay Olay Jeffer son Pen y | thren Can mine Pin ple Velvet brown Red Inown Light brown Blue Light moroon Magenta Lilhe Allori green Light blown Blue Olive green Otange Samhho bjue | Jan 17, 1898 Oct. 5, 1891 Sept 21, 1891 Sept 21, 1891 Sept 11, 1892 Oct. 7, 1898 Sept 98, 1894 Mar. 8, 1898 Mar 26, 1895 Sept. 17, 1898 Nov. 11, 1891 Oct. 16, 1891 Oct. 16, 1891 Oct. 18, 1891 Nov. 30, 1898 Nov. 1, 1891 Dec. 10, 1891 | June 5, 181 Oct. 7, 181 June 11, 181 |

Those stamps shown in *italic* were changed in color only, as shown in the next line below that italicized.

Prior to July 18, 1891, there were no ornaments in the upper corners of the stamps. In this series, the 30 cent and 90-cent stamps

have been superseded by stamps in the 50-cent and \$1 denominations.

The introduction of these stamps followed the transfer of the manufacture of stamps from private contractors (the American Bank Note Co.) to the Treasury Department in July, 1891. The changes are so slight that no notice beyond that given above is necessary, except, perhaps, as to the special-delivery

stamp, which to distinguish it from that made by private contractors, has a small line under the words "Ten cents".

POSTAGE-DUE SERIES OF 1894















The dimensions of the postage-due stamps were lessened when the Treasury Department assumed the manufacture of stamps in 1894, and the color was deepened to a deep claret, with smaller white numerals than had been used up to that time. The two elliptical lines enclosing the numerals, and between which the words "Postage due", the letters "U.S.", and the denomination were written in words, entirely disappeared on the lower half of the new stamp. The words "Postage due" remained in a similar position as on the original stamp, but the words of denomination described a double emved line at the bottom (as in the current regular issue helow the 10-cent denomination), initials "U" and "S" were moved to the left and right upper corners, respectively, and the tablet bearing the white figure of denomina-

tion is a four equi-sided scalloped figure of lathework, with the greatest diameters vertical and horizontal. The exact dates of introduction and first use of watermarked paper in their manufacture are as follows:

| Denomi- nation | Color | Date of Issue | On water- matked paper after |
|---|--|--|--|
| 1-cent 2-cent 3-cent 5-cent 10 cent 30-cent 50-cent | Deep claret. | July 20, 1891 Apr. 27, 1895 Apr. 27, 1895 Sept. 21, 1894 Apr. 27, 1895 | Aug. 20, 1805 Sept. 14, 1895 Oct. 30, 1805 Oct. 15, 1805 Sept. 14, 1805 Aug. 21, 1805 Mail. 17, 1896 |

The old stamps were 1 by 25/32 of an inch in size. Their successors, mentioned above, are 1/3 by 23/32 of an inch.

NEWSPAPER AND PERIODICAL STAMPS OF 1895

























On February 1, 1895, a new series of these stamps was introduced, retaining the central allegorical illustrations, reduced and surrounded by new designs by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, where they were engraved and printed. The denominations of these stamps, from 1 to 10 cents, inclusive, are of the same design. The numerals in the upper corners are of equal size in the 1., 2, and 5 cent stamps, while those in the 10-cent stamp are condensed so as to fill the same space that is given to the others, besides being slightly different in style. Those in the 1and 5 cent denominations are shaded dark on the lower half; the 2- and 10-cent stamps are white faced The Statue of Freedom, by Crawford, is that which surmounts the Dome of the Capitol at Washington, and is the same on the 1-, 2-, 5-, and 10 cent stamps. The same subject was used on the lower denominations of the old series, but the representation on the new stamps is full face.

The inscription "U.S. postage" at the top of the stamps is in white block letters upon an arched line, and the words "Newspapers" on the left and "Periodicals" on the right are in vertical lines. The denominations at the bottom are in white Roman letters, and there is foliate ornamentation in the lower corners. The upper border line of the 25- and 50-cent stamps is broken by two indentations, separating that border into three equal parts, and the side inscriptions follow a curved line upon

a scroll. The dimensions of the stamps below the \$2 denomination are $^2\%_{22}$ by $1\%_5$ inches. The remaining denominations from \$2 to \$100 are of the same size as the stamps of the retired series—that is to say, $^{15}\%_{10}$ by $1\%_5$ inches Other facts on this series are shown in this table:

| Denomi- intion | Color | Figure | On water- marked paper after— |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 cent | Black Black Black Black Plok Orunge Blue Green Slate Cumlo | Freedom Freedom Freedom Astran Astran Victory Cilo Vesta Peace Commerce Indian | Nov 21, 1896 Feb 12, 1895 Sept 13, 1895 Oct 11, 1895 Sept 19, 1895 Jan. 23, 1896 Jan. 27, 1896 Jan 27, 1896 Jan 27, 1896 Jan 23, 1896 |

The use of newspaper and periodical stamps was discontinued on July 1, 1898. They no longer have any postage value, and those in the hands of postmasters at that time were ordered to be returned for credit.

For the benefit of collectors, 50,000 sets of these 1895 stamps were placed on sale at the first-class post offices at \$5 a set, and at that rate there were about \$110,000 worth disposed of up to the date of their withdrawal in January 1899,



















| Denomi- nation | Subject of Illustration | Color |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1-eent | Marquette on the Mis- sissipal. | Dark green |
| 2 cent | Finming in the West | Copper red |
| 4 cent | Indian hunting buffalo. | Orange |
| 5 cent | Fremont on Rocky Mountains. | Dark blue |
| 8 cent | Troops gumding train | Dark Hae. |
| 10 cent | Hardships of emigration. | State. |
| 50 cont | Western mining pros- | Olive, |
| \$1 | Western cattle in storm | Black, |
| \$2 | Allssissippi River bridge. | Light hown. |

The issue of these stamps began June 10 and ceased December 31, 1898.

The engraved surface of these stamps is ½ by 1½g inches, with the longest side horizontal. The denominations are in Arabic numerals, repeated upon shields in the upper corners. The 1-cent figure is exceptional in having a double border line, and the 10 and 50-cent are shown in more condensed numerals than those on the other stamps, and are of the Gothic type. Both numerals and letters are in white, and the dollar mark is included on those stamps with the numerals upon the elliptical tablet of the shield. The illustrations are within an enclosure resem-

bling that of the letter "C" slightly condensed and recumbent, with the open side up and the opening filled by a curved panel upon which are the words "United States of America." On the lower border of this enclosure are the words, in very small letters, describing the picture above, and at the bottom of the stamp, in a straight line, are the words of denomination. All but the descriptions of the illustrations, which are in Gothic, are in Roman letters. Maize and wheat designs fill the lower corners and upper interstices. All the lettering is in capitals.

The designs for these stamps, which were executed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, were us follows:

One-cent,-"Marquette", a painting, by Lamprecht,

Two-cent.—"Farming in the West", a photograph,

Four-cent.—"Indian hunting buffalo", an engraving in Schoolcraft's history of the Indian tribes.

Five-cent.—"Fremont on the Rocky Mountains", an old engraving.

Eight-cent,... "Troops guarding train", a drawing, by Frederic Remington.

Ten-cent,—"Handships of emigration", painting, by A. G. Heaton,

Fifty-cent.—"Mining prospector", a drawing, by Frederic Remington.

One-dollar.—"Cattle m a storm", J Mac-

Two-dollar.—"Mississippi River Bridge at St. Louis", photograph.

These stamps were first placed on sale June 10, 1898, at Omaha, Nebr.

PAN-AMERICAN STAMPS OF 1901













The stamps of this series were placed on sale at post offices May 1, 1901, and were withdrawn from sale October 31, 1901, the dates fixed for the opening and closing of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, which they were issued to commemorate.

The stamps are described as follows:

| Denomination | Subject | Color | Legend |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2-cent f-cent 5 cent 8 cent | Rallway (tain Automobile Steel-arch bridge Ship-canal locks | Green and black Red and black Brown and black Brown and black Blue and black Lilac and black Lilac and black | Fast express, Automobile, Bridge at Magna Falls, |

These stamps are of uniform dimensions, 79/00 by 19/00 of an inch, the longer side being horizontal. The borders take the colors of the regular series on the same denominations at this date. The words "Commemorative series, 1901", and "United States of America" next below appear above the vignette; the legend in a line next below the central opening, with the denomination in a line at the bottom, appears in the same order on all stamps of the series. All the lettering is in white Roman capitals. The numerals are all white-faced Arabic in the Roman type except the 10 cent, which is the block-letter type of figure condensed to secure space for the two figures. The borders are well separated from the central pictures, and the words of denomination at the bottom are preceded on the same line by the word "Postage." All the central illustrations are from photographs and are printed in black.

One-cent.—The lake steamer presents the port how. It has but one funnel. The pilot house is well forward. The vessel is propelled by side wheels. The vignette is within an elliptical opening whose greatest diameter is horizontal. On either side are fluted columns whose bases are draped in form of shields, upon which, in pear-shaped enclosures, appears the figure of denomination, "1." On an entablature, which rests upon the columns and extends across the top of the stamp, are the words "Commemorative series, 1901", and beneath it "United States of America." A trigonal panel fills the upper corners between the opening and the capitals

of the columns. The legend follows the lower line of the ellipse and the words of denomination follow in a line below. The spaces on either side below the opening and above the words of denomination are filled with foliate scroll work.

Two-cent.—The train of four cars is drawn by a four-drive locomotive. Four parallel tracks are shown. The vignette ground is oblong, the ends being rounded and the upper and lower sides projecting at the point of greatest diameter of the end curves and where the two meet in a corner. This upper line is slightly arched, while the lower line is straight and horizontal. The upper line of the border rises in the middle to conform to the opening below, and the device appears following this border line, outside of it. The words "United States of America" appear in two lines of two words each in the space between the border line and the opening, or ground for the vignette. Leaning on the enryed lines at each end of the opening is a winged female figure bearing a touch, and beneath this figure in each lower corner is the denominational numeral. The legend "Fast express" and the words of denomination are located as in the 1-cent stamp. This may be said of the rest of the series.

Four-cent.—The automobile is of the closedcoach order, with two men on the box and a part of the United States Capitol at Washington as a background. An oblong opening is provided for the vignette. The corners of this space are broken, with an entering curve on the lower angles and clipped with re-entrant angles at the top; the upper line is also slightly arched. Immediately above this, on a panel, following the curvature of the opening, rounded at the right-hand end and scrolled at the other, appear the words "Of America", while immediately above this, with an opposite curvature, are the words "United States." The device is given on the comice ornament, the upper part of the border being an architectural comice design. The numeral "4" is just outside the lower corners of the vignette opening, and room is made for them by the entering enryes which clip its lower corners. The legend "Automobile" appears on a panel, but the words of denomination are on the open ground of the border.

Five-cent,—This depicts the large singlespan steel bridge below Niagara Falls. Two trolley cars are seen upon it, and a view of the Falls is shown under, beyond, and up the river, with the graceful springing arch

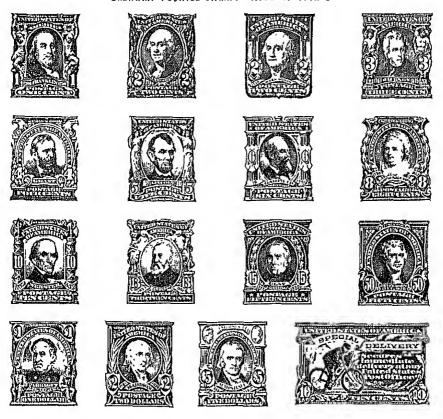
as a frame The opening for the illustration is much like that of the 4-cent stamp, except that the upper corners are notched in at right angles and the lower corners have two such entering angles, which connect with the lower straight horizontal line of the open. ing by a curve. The upper line of the opening describes a higher curve than that of the 4-cent stamp, and the words "United States of America", in one line, follow this curve and are immediately above it. Above these words, in a straight line, is the device, thing leaving a space in the upper corners, which is filled with a trigonal panel. The sharp angular shields bearing the figure of denomination are placed just outside the opening, midway of the ends, and upon fasces with hattle-axes cutting outward. The legend is on a panel, while the words of denomingtion are on the general ground.

Eight-cent.—The great ship-canal locks at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., including the inmediate surroundings, are given in a view from a higher point. The opening is an arch, cut at bottom just below the greatest horizontal diameter, while, though the ornamentation dims a part of the figure, the entne border is of a shieldlike design, its superior members being quite distinct. Small shields pendent by a cord from the upper corners bear the numeral "8" on each side, Delicate crinkled ribbon ornaments are seen at the top of the border to fill out the inward curve spaces of the shield. The legend at the bottom and words of denomination are each upon separate panels.

Ten-cent.—An American Line steamship with two smokestacks and masts presents its starboard bow lapped by a rising wave. The general outline of the opening is that of an arch, connected with the base line by a reversed curve and right-angled notch. Immediately above the upper line and following the curve are the words "United States of America." Above this is a border line, the middle third of which swells upward, and on this is the device "Commemorative series, 1901", not in panel, but following the upper line. On either side of the opening is a dolphin, head down, and outside this a trident pointing up and the middle prong passing through the scroll end of a tablet. The legend is on a panel with rounded ends, and both it and the words of denomination at the bottom are in straight lines.

These stamps were first placed on sale May 1, 1901, at Buffalo, N.Y.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1902-3



This series of postage stamps, known as the 1902 series, was issued to replace the series of 1894. After the new 2-cent stamp was issued it was decided that a more artistic design could be made, and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing was requested to prepare one. This improved design was first issued to postmasters November 12, 1903.

To add historical and educational interest

to the series, the name of the person whose portrait is presented appears on each stamp, and the years of birth and death. The words "Series 1902" appear in small type upon each of the stamps, with the legend "United States of America", "Postage", and the denomination in words in bold-faced white letters as well as in Arabic numerals, Briefly, the series is made up as follows:

| Denomination | Subject | Color | Issued |
|--|--|--|--|
| 2 cent (rev lsed design) 3 cent 4-cent 5 cent 6 cent 7 cen | Washington Vashington Jackson Cirant Lincoln Charfield Martin Washington Webster Boy on bleyela Hautson Clay Jeffetson | Cheen Red. Red. Purple Brown Blue Viagonia Dark Illae Light brown Light brown Olive Orange Black Steel blue Dark green | Jun. 17, 106a Nov 12, 1969 Feb. 10, 1963 Jun. 20, 1903 Feb 20, 1903 Dec. 6, 1902 Feb 5, 1903 Dec. 4, 1002 Nov. 18, 1062 Nov. 18, 1062 May 27, 1003 May 27, 1003 |

FURTHER DESCRIPTION OF THE 1902-3 SERIES

One-cent,—Portrait of Franklin, on each side of which is a child's figure, nude, except for flowing drapery about the loins, holding aloft in the upper corners of the stamp an electric-light bulb.

Two-cent.—The portrait of Washington, hy Stuart, is in an elliptical opening %10 of an inch axis, on each side of which a U.S. flag is diaped, the Atabic numeral "2" appears in the lower corners in scroll and leaf surroundings.

Two-cent (revised design).—The Stuart portrait of Washington is employed as the subject, but the head is larger than in the first 2-cent stamp of the 1902 series. The opening is an oblong on end, the top line curving upward; the background is a U.S. shield; the numeral "2" on the lower left side of the portrait is surrounded by a launch wreath; that on the right side by an oak wreath.

Three-cent.—The portrait of Jackson, whose shoulders are cloaked, has on each side the upper half a bearded man with naked front. The waist is energied by a helt with a shield-shaped buckle. One arm is bent above the head and the other forearm flexed upward from the elbow, the hands supporting a robe over the head, back, and sides. The portrait opening is formed by the sides of these figures, and the numerals of value cover the lower limbs of the figure; in arched line above and a straight horizontal line below.

Four-cent.—Portrait of Grant. The distinctive features of the horder are cagles' heads looking ontward in the upper corners, with a well-defined arch, including perpendicular hannehes extending slightly below the half circle, as the enclosing line of the portrait. Wreaths of oak leaves surround the numerals near the lower corners, and above each of these numerals are two small flags whose staffs lean outward.

Five-cent.—Portrait of Lincoln. Female figures full robed, except the arms, are resting against the portrait line, and crossing wands of palm over the vignette, with flags floating behind their heads. The numerals are in the lower corners.

Siverent.—Portrait of Carfield. The border of this stamp is architectural, consisting, as a main feature, of a fluted pilaster on each side, midway of which is a fancy tablet bearing the numeral "6."

Eight-cent.—Martha Washington. The vignette-enclosing line, bearing the words "United States of America" on the upper half, is bordered by a laurel wreath on the sides, leaving an unconnected space above.

which is filled with the words "Series 1902." The face is after the painting by Stuart.

Ten-cent.—Portrait of Webster. The ornamental frame consists principally of lateral tasces with battle-axes projecting from their tops, edges ontward.

Ten-cent (special delivery). At each side is a fluted pillar supporting a tablet upon which are the words "United States of America." A messenger boy riding a breyele toward the right appears on the left end, and the words "Special delivery," "Secures immediate delivery at any U.S. post office," are across the face of the stamp. The numerals "10" are in the lower corners in foliated spaces.

Thirteen-cent.—Portrait of Harrison. Resting on each side of the upper half of the elliptical opening for the portrait is a seminude female figure, the lower limbs being draped. That on the right holds a mallet in her right hand, while the left rests on a carved head. That on the left supports with her right hand a book resting on her knee, and the left pushes back the mantle covering her head. The hases supporting these figures and partly hidden columns carry the numerals "13."

Fifteen-cent.—Portrait of Clay. The border consists essentially of portions of an oak wreath showing on the sides, and outside of that appears a short head line on each side curved with the wreath.

Fifty-cent.—Portrait of Jefferson. The upper corners between the frame of the stump and the ellipse (which is broken at the bottom by a straight horizontal line) surrounding the vignette are filled by foliate ornaments. Perched eagles with their beaks outward fill the lower corners; upon these are placed the denomination numerals "50." The original painting of Jefferson is by Gilbert Stuart.

One-dollar.—Portrait of Fariagut. The superior border line of the portrait is a half circle. The denomination numerals and the dollar sign appear in the upper corners. A marine holding a musket sits in the lower left-hand corner and a sailor supporting a boat hook in the right.

Two-dollar.—Portrait of Madison, after the painting by Gilbert Stuart, looking from a circular opening. The border is noticeable from the sprays of palm on the sides, the stems extending behind and below a sharp-pointed shield on each lower corner, upon which the denomination in an Arabic numeral is placed.

Five-dollar.-Portrait of Marshall, The vignette is enclosed above by a line de-

scribing a half ellipse cut through its lower minor axis. Architectural design predommates in the border; fluted columns form the sides, and on either end of the entablature, immediately above the pillars upon

which it rests, are the mythological heads of Liberty and Justice facing each other on the left and right, respectively. The numerals are on sciolled backgrounds near the lower corners.

LOUISIANA PURCHASE COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1904











Beginning April 21, a series of postage stamps to commemorate the Louisiana purchase was issued for sale during the term of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, from May 1 to December 1, 1904.

This series is as follows:

| Denomination | Color | Subject |
|---|---|--|
| 1 cent 2-cent 3 cent 5 cent 10 cent | Cheen Red Purple Blue Brown | Robert R. Livingston, Thomas Jefferson James Monroe William McKinley, Map showing territory of Louislam pin chase |

The purpose was to make the subjects of this series of stamps appropriate. Thus Lavingston, who as United States minister to France conducted the negotiations for the Louisinna purchase; Jefferson, President of the United States at the time of the purchase; Monroe, special ambassador to France in the matter of the purchase, who with Liv-

ingston closed the negotiations; McKinley, who as President, approved the Acts of Congress officially connecting the Government with the commemorative exposition; and the 10 cent stamp showing the territory of the purchase itself.

Following is a description in some detail of the several denominations:

One-cent.—On either side of Livingston's portrait are fluted pillurs supporting a plain arch; landscapes are on either side of the portrait, the one on the left representing the swamp country of the extreme south of the purchase, that on the right an immigrant wagon approaching the mountains in the extreme northwest; in the lower corners are shelds surrounding the numeral "1"; a ribhon under the portrait bears the name and the years of birth and death of the subject; a panel along the base contains the words "Postage, one cent."

Two-cent,—Over the portrait of Jefferson is a flat arch supported by fluted columns; the numeral "2" on either side is surrounded by an ellipse on end within laurel wreaths, and undernoath the wreaths are ribbons showing years of birth and death of the subject; the name "Jefferson" appears in a scroll under the portrait; a panel at the base of the stamp bears the words "Postage, two cents,"

Three-cent.—Below the portrait of Monroe is a ribbon showing his name, with years of birth and death. The portrait is partly sur-

rounded by a wreath of laurel; on either side are ornamental shields exhibiting the numeral "3"; the portrait, wreath, and ribbon are within an ornamental panel; the words "Postage, three cents" appear along the lower part of the stamp.

Five-cent.—The face of the stamp is divided into three panels by Counthian columns supporting a panel at the top, in which the words "United States of America" appear. The portrait of McKinley is within a circle in the center panel, with the numeral "5" in an ornamental shield on either side. At the base of the panels are two palm branches separating the panels from the wording "Postage, five cents." Beneath the portrait is a ribhon bearing the name and years of birth and death of the subject.

Ten-cent.—The central figure is a map of the United States, showing the territory of the Louisiana purchase in dark tint, with the year of the purchase, "1803", obliquely across the face of the shaded portion; the border is composed of a column at either end, with ornamental shields at the bases bearing the numeral "10"; panels along the top and bottom contain the lettering.

These stamps were first placed on sale April 21, 1904, at New Orleans, La.

JAMESTOWN COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS— ISSUE OF 1907







A new series of postage stamps to commemorate the founding of Jamestown, the tercentennial of which was celebrated during

1907, was issued beginning April 25, 1907 The stamps are described as follows:

| Denomination | Color | Subject |
|--------------|-------|------------------------|
| 1-cent | Green | Capt John Smith, |
| 2-cent | Red | Founding of Jamestown, |
| 5-cent | Bluo | Pocahontas |

The stamps are rectangular in shape, 4%1 by 1 %1 mehes in size, and of three denominations, 1-cent green, 2-cent red, and 5 cent blue.

The 1-cent contains, in a semicircular frame, the portrait of Capt. John Smith, after a painting in the Virginia State Library. In the upper corners are medallions in relief, in oval frames, of Pocahontas and Powhatan; in the lower corners, shields with the numeral "1"; upon a scioll surrounding the portrait and conforming to the semicircle is the legend. "Founding of Jamestown, 1607"; on the base, "Captain John Smith," with the years of his birth and death, 1580-1631. In the semicircle above the head are the words "United States of America"; across the extreme top and bottom, in white letters in green panels, are the words "Commemorative series, 1907", and "Postage, one cent."

The 2 cent stamp contains a picture depicting the landing of the adventurers at Jamestown in 1607. On one side is a tobacco plant, and on the other a stalk of Indian corn. Underneath, on a scroll, are the words, "Founding of Jamestown, 1607." In a curved panel over the picture, in white letters, are the words "United States of America"; on the extreme top and bottom, in the white letters on red background, "Commemorative series, 1907", and the words "Postage, two cents" In each lower corner is a shield with the numeral "2."

The 5-cent stamp contains a portrait, in an oval frame, of Pocahoutas. In a panel at the top, in white letters, are the words "United States of America." At the bottom, in a panel, are the words "Postage, five cents"; under the portrait, on a scioll, "Pocahoutas", and the years of birth and death 1595-1617. On either side of the portrait are shields, their bases testing on the lower panel, containing the numeral "5." Arising from behind these shields are scrolls with the words, "Founding of Jamestown, 1607." In vertical panels on the right and left are the words "Commemorative series, 1907."

The 1-cent and 2-cent denominations were first placed on sale April 25, 1907, at Jamestown, Va., and the 5-cent stamp at the same post office on May 3, 1907.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1908-9



This series of postage stamps was issued to replace the regular issue of adhesive stamps,

known as the "Series of 1902." Description follows:

| Denomination | Culot | Subject | Issued |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 2 cont | Red Purple Brown Durk blue Orange Office Office Cheen Sea green Light blue Lavenden | Washington Washington Washington Washington Washington Washington Washington Winged hat of Moreiny and olive branch Washington Washington Washington | Dec 24, 1908 Dec, 19, 1908 Dec 31, 1908 Dec, 12, 1908 Jan. 7, 1909 Jan. 11, 1909 Jan. 19, 1909 Jan. 13, 1909 |

For the sake of uniformity and artistic effect, the head of Washington (a profile from Houdon's bust) was adopted as the subject of all the denominations except the 1-cent, which bears the head of Franklin (the first Postmaster General). The border designs are identical on all the stamps, the head appearing within an ellipse on end, with laurel leaves on either side of the ellipse. Above the head are the words "U. S. postage"; below it, the denomination expressed in words on the 1-cent and 2-cent and in numerals on the other denominations.

The \$2 and \$5 denominations are not represented in this series, as there was little need for these high denominations since the reduction of rates of letter postage to certain foreign countries and the increase in the unit weight of international postage.

A marked departme was made in the special-delivery stamp of the series of 1908. The design was artistic, but many complaints were received from the public and from postmasters that letters bearing the new stamp were escaping special-delivery treatment on

account of the altered shape, design, and color.

It was finally decided to discontinue this stamp, by order of the Postmaster General dated June 9, 1909, and the issuance of the special-delivery stamp of the 1902 series was resumed.

The green special-delivery stamp, issue of 1908, is described as follows:

Size, 0.85 x 1.02 inches; color, green. In the upper left corner is the denomination "10" in figures enclosed within a circle. Running diagonally from the lower left corner appears an olive branch entwrning the winged hat of Mercury. In the lower right-hand portion of the stamp is the inscription "U. S. postage, special delivery", in a rectangular panel.

The number of green special-delivery stamps of the 1908 series issued was 3,876,551.

LINCOLN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP



On January 22, 1909, Congress adopted a joint resolution reading:

"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster General is hereby authorized to design and issue a special postage stamp, of the denomination of 2 cents, in commemoration of the one-hundredth anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln."

Under this resolution a postage stamp was prepared and issued to postmasters in time for sale to the public beginning on Lincoln's birthday, February 12. This stamp is described as follows:

Size and shape, the same as of the regular postage stamps; color, red. The subject is a profile, within an ellipse on end, of the head of Lincoln from Saint-Gaudens statue. A spray of laurel leaves appears on either side of the ellipse. Above the subject appear the words "U. S. postage." Below, the ellipse is broken by a ribbon containing the dates of Lincoln's birth and the one-hundredth anniversary thereof (1809—February 12—1909), with denomination in words (two cents) beneath,



To commemorate the development of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Territory, which was celebrated by an exposition at Seattle, Wash., in 1909, the Department issued a postage stamp of special design, which was first placed on sale June 1, 1909, at Seattle, Wash.

The stamp is 4901 by 1304 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is printed in red mk. At the top and hottom are panels containing, respectively, the words "U.S. postage" and "Two cents." In the center the larger part of a circle rests on the lower panel and encloses a ribbon hearing the words "Alaska-Yukon-Pacific 1909", and in the center of the circle appears a portrait of William II, Seward, who as Secretary of State conducted the negotiations for the purchase of Alaska from Russia, The name "William H. Seward" appears under the portrait. On either side is an ellipse containing the Arabic numeral "2" with laurel branches as a background.

HUDSON-FULTON STAMP (2-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1909



The tercentenary of the discovery of the Hudson River and the centennial of its fust navigation by steam, which was celebrated in 1909, was also commemorated with a special postage stamp, which was first placed on sale September 25, 1909, at New York, N.Y.

The stamp is about % by 1% inches in dimension, alranged horizontally, and printed in ted ink. At the top appears the inscription "Hudson-Fulton Celebration", with the years "1609" and "1909" immediately thereunder on either side. Below this inscription in a curved line are the words "U. S. postage." At the bottom of each side is a

prominent Arabic numeral "2", with the words "Two cents" in a panel hetween the figures. In the center is engraved a picture showing the Palisades of the Hudson River in the background, with the Half Moon sailing up the river and the Cleimont steaming in the opposite direction. In the foreground is an Indian in a canoe, and in the distance, just discernible, is a canoe containing four other Indians, the canoes representing the first means of navigating the river.

POSTAL SAVINGS OFFICIAL STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1911









The Act of Congress approved June 25, 1910, establishing postal savings depositories, provides:

"Sec. 2. That the Postmaster General is hereby directed to prepare and issue special stamps of the necessary denominations for use, in lieu of penalty or franked envelopes, in the transmittal of free mail resulting from the administration of this act."

Under this provision of law the Department issued postal savings official stamps in five denominations, described as follows:

| Denomination | Color | Issued |
|--------------|-------|------------------------------|
| 1-cent | Orcen | Feb. 1, 1911 Feb. 1, 1911 |

The stamp is a rectangle on end, of about the same size as an ordinary postage stamp. In the center is an ellipse containing the words "Official mail" in white letters, the background within the ellipse being lathework Outside of and following the curve of the ellipse are the words "U. S postal savings" in white letters. In each lower corner is a numeral expressing the denomination, and between these numerals the word "Cents" (or "Dollar") appears in white letters. In the corners at the top are small triangular panels containing relief work.

There was also issued a 1-cent and 2-cent official stamped envelope for use of the postal savings. The embossed stamp is an ellipse on end; in the center in plain Gothic type appear the words "Official mail" in two horizontal lines. In the upper half of the border are the words "U. S. postal savings", and in the lower half "One 1 cent" (or "Two 2 cents"), the numerals being prominent.

The use of postal savings official stamps was discontinued by the Act of Congress approved September 23, 1914, providing the penalty privilege for official business of the Postal Savings System.

The unused stamps in the hands of postmasters were returned to the Department and later destroyed by a committee appointed for that purpose.

REGISTRY STAMP (10-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1911



This stamp, of 10 cent denomination, was originated by the Postmaster General to prepay registry fees. It is of special design, in order to identify mail to which it is attached as registered matter and entitled to all the benefits and safeguards of the system. A description follows:

The registry stamp is a rectangle on end; the size of the design is approximately % by % inch; the color is light blue. The design shows an eagle with extended wings, perched upon a rock, within a circle set in a panel of plain lines. Above the circle and following its curve the words "United States registry" appear in two lines; and in the two lower corners the denomination "10" appears

within small circles, with the word "Cents" between.

A supply of the registry stamps was placed on sale in post offices December 1, 1911, in time for use in connection with holiday mailings.

It was later found that the slight advantage of the distinctive registry stamp was outweighed by the confusion arising from its attempted use for prepayment of postage by persons unfamiliar with its true function. Moreover, ordinary stamps are valid for payment of registry fees, so that the registry stamp is not essential. Such a stamp is not required by law; it was issued by Executive order.

The Postmaster General, in Order No. 7136, dated May 28, 1913, directed the discontinuance of the issuance of the registry stamps when the manufactured supply on hand was exhausted. They continue, however, to be valid for registry fees so long as any of the stamps remain unused.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1912





CHANGLS IN DISIGN AND COLOR

The postage stamps of the 1908 issue, while possessing high artistic merit, gave considerable trouble to the public and to the Postal Service on account of the similarity of designs of the different denominations. All of the 12 stamps are of identical design, except that the 1-cent denomination bears the portrait of Franklin, while the others bear the portrait of Washington. There was not a sufficient number of distinctive colors for all the stamps. making it necessary above the 6 cent to use different shades of the same colors given the lower denominations. Thus, the 1-cent and 8 cent are different shades of green; the 3cent and 50-cent are different slindes of purple; the 5-cent and 15-cent are different shades of blue. In the rapid handling of mail matter one denomination was very apt to be mistaken for another, particularly under artificial light. The first six stamps are of sufficiently contrasting colors, but it was decided to change the subject of the 1-cent from Franklin to Washington and to change the 1-cent and 2-cent so as to express the denomination in numerals instead of in words, thus conforming to the other stamps of the series. No change was made in the 3-, 4-, 5, or 6-cent stamps from those of the 1908 issue, but to give more marked contrast to the remaining five denominations (the 13-cent stamp having been discontinued) a change was made in the border design. The stamps of the 1912 issue combine utility with ait and harmony, piesenting the head of the first President on the first six denominations and that of the first Postmaster General, with a different border design, on the last five. Descriptions follow:

| Denomi- nation | Coloi | Subject | Issued |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1-cent 2-cent | Green Rod | Washington. Washington. | Peb 12, 1913 Peb, 12, 1913 |
| 3 cent | Purple Brown | Washington. Washington | (1) |
| å cent G cent | Dark blue Orange | Washington Washington. | (i) |
| 8 cent 10 cent | Olive Dark yel | Franklin Franklin | Feb. 12, 1913 Jun. 11, 1913 |
| 15 cent 50 cent | low, Gray Lavender | Franklin Franklin | Feb. 12, 1913 Feb. 12, 1913 |
| \$1 | Dark hown. | Franklin | Feb. 12, 191 |

¹ Same as 1908 issue.

The 1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, and 6 cent stamps bear the head of Washington in profile, from Houdon's bust, looking to the left. The borders of the first six denominations are identical, and of the same design as the series of 1908. The portrait of Washington appears within a plain ellipse on end, with branches of laurel on either side. Above the head in a straight line are the words "U.S. Postage"; in capital letters below at the word "Cents", with the denomination in numerals in both lower corners.

The colors of the five higher denominations are: 8-cent, olive, 10 cent, dark vellow; 15cent, gray; 50-cent, lavender; \$1, dark brown. The subject of these stamps is a portrait of Franklin in profile, from Hondon's bust, looking to the left, within an ellipse on end. In the upper corners are plain panels in the form of right angles; above the ellipse and following it in a curved line are the words "U.S. Postage" in capital letters; on either side of the lower part of the ellipse are branches of oak leaves, in the two lower corners the denomination appears in numerals, and between them is the word "Cents" (or "Dollar") in a horizontal panel which breaks the base of the ellinse.

The Department's supply of 13-cent stamps became exhausted and the denomination was discontinued, its primary purpose to prepay postage and registry fee on foreign mailings having ceased to exist when the registry fee was increased to 10 cents.

PANAMA-PACIFIC COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1913









This series of postage stamps, issued to commemorate the opening of the Panama Canal and the discovery of the Pacific Ocean, comprises four denominations, 1, 2, 5, and 10 cents, all of which were first placed on sale at Sun Francisco, Calif. January 1, 1913, except the 2-cent denomination, which was first placed on sale at the same post office on January 18, 1913. Description follows:

| Denomina- tion | Color | Subject |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 cent 2-cent 5 cent 10 cont | Green Carnine Blue Or,ango | Balbon, 1513. Panama Conal Goldon Chite Discovery of San Francisco Bay. |

The stamps are about % of an inch high by $1\%_0$ melies wide; at the top appear the words "U. S. Postage" and "San Francisco, 1915"; in the left-hand horder is a branch of lamel and in the right-hand border a palm branch; a numeral expressing the denomination is shown within a circle in each lower corner, with the word "Cents" between.

The I cent stamp is green and in the center appears, within a circle, a bust of Bulboa, discoverer of the Pacific Ocean, looking to the left, and wearing a curiass and a belinet with a plume. On each side of the background are palm trees, with the ocean in the foreground. Below the portrait, in a horizontal panel breaking the circle, are the words "Bulboa, 1513."

The 2 cent stamp is carmine. It represents the Panama Canul, with a merchant steamer emerging from one lock and a warship in the other. The mountains of the Isthmus appear in the distance, and palm trees on the right-hand side of the locks. Beneath the picture are the words "Panama Canal."

The 5-cent stamp is blue, and presents the Golden Gate of San Francisco Harbon, with the setting sun in the background and a steamer and sailing vessel in the bay. The words "Golden Gate" appear below the picture,

The 10-cent stamp is orange. The subject is "Discovery of San Francisco Bay", from a painting which represents the discovering party looking out upon the distant bay.

A model of the Pedro Miguel Locks was used as the subject of the 2 cent denomination. The title was first erroneously engraved "Gatun Locks", but the mistake was discovered before any of the stamps were issued, and all of those which had been

printed were destroyed by burning. The title was reengraved as "Panama Canal", and the stamps were issued with that title

The first print of the 10-cent denomination was found to be of too light a shade and in

response to a request of the Department, dated April 9, 1913, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing adopted a darker shade of ink. These darker stamps were first issued by the Department August 25, 1913.

PARCEL POST STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1912-13



The Act of Congress approved August 24, 1912, making appropriations for the Postal Service for the fiscal year 1913, contains the following provisions as to parcel post stamps:

"That the rate of postage on fourth-class matter weighing not more than 4 ounces shall be 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce; and on such matter in excess of 4 ounces in weight the rate shall be by the pound, as heremafter provided, the postage in all cases to be prepaid by distinctive postage stamps affixed.

"Parcel-post equipment, 1913.-That the

Postmuster General shall provide such special equipment, maps, stamps, directories, and printed instructions as may be necessary for the administration of this section * * *."

Under this provision of law the Department prepared a set of 12 parcel post stamps and a set of 5 parcel post due stamps of distinctive designs. The designs were prepared in 3 groups of 4 stamps each, the working personnel of the Postal Service being represented by the first group, the transportation of the mail by the second group, and the mannfacturing and agricultural interests of the

country by the third group. Descriptions with dates of issue of the several denominations, follow:

| Denomi- nation | Color | Subject | Date | of issue |
|-------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|----------|
| 1-cent | Red | Post-office clock | Say | 27, 1912 |
| 2 cent | Red | City carries | Nov | 27, 1912 |
| 3 cent | Red | Rallway postal clerk | Apı | 6, 1913 |
| 1-cent | Red | Rural carrier | Dec | 12, 1912 |
| 5 cent | Red | Mail train. | Nov. | 27, 1912 |
| 10 cent | Red | Steamship and mail tender | Dec | 9, 1912 |
| 16 cent | Red | Automobile service | Dec | 16, 1912 |
| 20-cent | Red | Aeropiane car- tying mail | Dec. | 16, 1912 |
| 25 cont | Red | Manufacturing | Nov | 27, 1912 |
| 50-cont. | Red | Danying | Mai | 15, 1913 |
| 75 cent. | Red | Harvesting | Dec | 18, 1912 |
| \$1 | Red | | Jan. | 3, 1913 |
| ?***** | rvca | Finit growing | 3H11. | 0, 1910 |

The paicel post stamps are 875/000 by 1375/1000 inches in dimension. The color is red for all denominations. In a curved panel across the top, supported by a paneled perpendicular column at each end, appear the words "U. S. parcel post" in Roman capital letters. Triangular ornaments occupy both upper corners. The denomination in large numerals is in each lower corner, with the title of the subject and the word "Cents" (or "Dollar") between.

The stamps were first placed on sale January 1, 1913, with the manguration of the parcel post law.

PARCEL POST POSTAGE-DUE STAMPS











The parcel postage-due stamps are of the same size as the parcel post postage stamps. The color is green for all denominations. In a horizontal panel across the top are the words "U. S. pareel post" and, in a similar panel at the bottom, "Postage due", in Roman capital letters. In the center, upon a background of lathework, and within a circular frame, is a larger unmeral expressing the denomination. The upper half of the curular frame carries the denomination in words which are repeated in the lower half, except that the words expressing the denomination appear but once upon the 25 cent stamp. Small numerals of denomination are on both sides of the large central numeral. The denominations with dates of issue follow:

| Denomination | Color | Date of issue |
|--------------|-------|---------------|
| 1-cent | Green | |

While the parcel post stamps were of appropriate design and sufficiently distinctive to identify at a glance mail to which they were affixed as parcel-post matter, objections to them began to develop from the outset. All denominations being printed in the same color caused difficulty in handling which the large numerals failed to prevent. Another objection was the size of the stamps, which was too large for small parcels and labels, particularly when more than one stamp was required for postage. The issuing of the stamps in sheets of 45, made necessary by the size of the stamps, was troublesome to the Department, to postmasters and their employees, and to the public, because of the difficulty experienced in counting and computing multiples of 45 as compared with the sheets of 100, to which the Postal Service and the public are accustomed.

The objections to the stamps led to steps to reduce the size and change the designs and color scheme. On March 21, 1913, the Postmaster General approved a design for a new parcel post stamp, which was of the same size and shape as the ordinary postage stamp but with the long dimension horizontal instead of vertical, and having a large numeral expressing the denomination in the center in place of the usual picture. The colors were to correspond with those of the ordinary stamps of similar denominations.

No stamps of the new design were printed, however, as the Department decided that the distinctive pareel-post stamps could be discontinued entirely. These stamps served but one useful purpose; that is, to indicate the parcel post revenue. This could be accomplished by other means. The distinctive stamps were expensive to produce, handle and account for, and were a source of serious embarrassment and vexation to the public as well as to the Postal Service. These disadvantages for out-weighed the single advantage possessed by the stamps as a medium of revenue statistics. The ordinary stamp should he sufficiently elastic for every postage purpose (except payment of postage due) so that it can be used for propayment of postage on all classes of mail, special delivery service, and registry, insurance, and C.O.D. fees. Such a broad usefulness saves the public and the Postal Service the inconvenience and annovance involved in the restricted validity of special stamps, and simplifies and facilitates public patronage of the service.

The parcel post law provided for the use of distinctive stamps on fourth-class mail, but it also authorized the Postmaster General, with the consent of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to reform the conditions of mailability for the purpose of promoting the service to the public. Under this provision, the Postmaster General, with the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in Order No. 7241 of June 26, 1913, effective July 1, 1913, directed that ordinary postage stamps should be valid for postage, insurance, and C.O.D. fees on parcels, and that distinctive parcel post stamps should be valid for all purposes for which ordinary stamps are valid; also, that the regular issue of postage due stamps and the distinctive parcel post due stamps should be valid for the collection of unpaid and short-paid postage on all classes of mail.

It was further ordered that the issuance of distinctive parcel post stamps and parcel post due stamps be discontinued after the existing stocks were exhausted and that no additional supplies should be printed.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1914











NEW DENOMINATIONS

The discontinuance of distinctive parcel post stamps made it necessary to issue five new denominations of ordinary stamps to take their place. The new stamps are of the same shape (a rectangle on end) and size (about 7% by 23%2 inch) as the other ordinary stamps, series of 1912, and are described as follows:

| Denom- ination | Color | Subject | Date of issue |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 7-cent | Black | Washington, | Apr. 20, 1911 |
| 9-cent | Pink | Franklin | Apr. 20, 1911 |
| 12-cent | Matoon | Franklin | Apr. 20, 1911 |
| 20-cent | Light blue . | Franklin | Apr. 20, 1911 |
| 80 cent | Orange-red | Franklin | Apr. 29, 1911 |

The 7-cent stamp bears the head of Washington in profile, from Houdon's bust, looking to the left. The horder design is the same as that of the first six denominations of the current series.

The 9 cent, 12-cent, 20 cent, and 30-cent stamps bear the head of Franklin in profile, from Houdon's bust, looking to the left. These four denominations have the same border design as the current 8-cent to \$1 stamps.

In addition to its use on parcels, the new 12 cent stamp was convenient for prepayment of registration or special-delivery fee with a single rate of letter postage.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMP (11-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1915



NEW DENOMINATION

A new postage stamp of 11-cent denomination was issued August 9, 1915; it bears the head of Franklin in profile, from Hondon's bust, looking to the left, and is printed in dark green ink. It is of the same shape (a rectangle on end) and size (about 7% by 23/32 inch) as the other ordinary stamps, series of 1912. The border design is the same as that of the other denominations of the cinient issue above 7 cents. This new stamp was issued primarily for use in prepaying postage on parcels, and postage and insurance fee on insured parcels, amounting to 11 cents, and it makes the series of denominations complete from 1 cent to 12 cents,

AIRMAIL STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1918







Ainmal service was established May 15, 1918, between Washington, Philadelphia, and New York. Letters and scaled parcels, the latter not exceeding 80 inches in length and

| Denomination | Coloi | Subject |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 6-cent | Orango | Mail ali plane |
| 16 cent | Green | Mail ali plane, |
| 21 cent | Red and blue | Mail ali plane |

gith combined, could be mailed at Washington, Philadelphia, and New York for any city in the United States or its possessions.

The rate of postage was fixed at 24 cents per ounce or fraction thereof, which included special delivery service.

To meet this postage requirement, the Department issued a distinctive stamp in the 24-cent denomination, which was first placed on sale May 13, 1918, at Washington, D.C.

The stamp is rectangular in shape, about 1/4 such long and 3/1 inch high. The central design is a mail airplane in flight. Above, in a curved line of Roman capital letters, are the words "U.S. Postage." Triangular ornaments appear in the two upper corners. Below the airplane, in a straight line of Roman capital letters, is the word "Cents", with the numerals "24" within circles in the two lower corners. The stamp is printed in two colors; the border design is red and the airplane is blue.

The rate of postage for animal service was changed to 16 cents, effective July 15, 1918, and the Department issued a new airmail postage stamp of the 16 cent denomination, which was first placed on safe July 11, 1918, at Washington, D.C. The design is the same as the 24 cent stamp, except that the numerals "16" appear within the circles in the two lower corners and the color is given.

The rate of postage on airmail matter was reduced to 6 cents, effective December 15, 1918. This rate did not include special delivery service.

A new annual stamp of the 6-cent denomination was issued to conform to the new rate, but no change was made in the design of this stamp from that of the 16-cent and 24-cent airmail stamps, except that the unmeral "6" appears within the circle in the two lower corners and the color is orange. This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 10, 1918.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1918





The Department issued on August 19, 1918, a \$2 and \$5 postage stamp of new design, printed in two colors. A description of the \$2 stamp follows:

The stamp is rectangular in shape, about 78 inch wide and 3/ inch high. The subject is a portrait of Franklin looking to the left, printed in black ink. The border design is red. Triangular ornaments appear in the two upper corners, and the words "U. S. postage" are printed in Roman capital letters in a curved line above the head of Franklin. The word "Dollars" is printed in a straight line of Roman capital letters helow the portrait, and the numeral "2" appears within ovals in both lower corners.

The design of the \$5 stamp is the same as the \$2 except that it bears the numeral "5" in the lower corners, and the border is printed in green ink with the head of Franklin in black.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMP (13-CENT)--ISSUE OF 1919



NLW DENOMINATION

A new postage stump of 13-cent denomination was issued January 10, 1919, and is described as follows:

This stamp bears the head of Franklin in profile, from Houdon's bust, looking to the left, and is printed in light green ink. It is of the same shape (a rectangle on end) and size (about % by % inch) as the other ordinary stamps, series of 1912. The border design is the same as that of the other denominations of the current issue above 7-cent.

The new stamp was issued primarily for use in prepaying a single rate of letter postage and special delivery fee, or for postage and registry fee, and was also available to the amount of its value for other purposes for which ordinary postage stamps are used.

VICTORY STAMP (3-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1919



A Victory postage stamp of 3 cent denomination was issued March 3, 1919, to commemorate the successful outcome of World War I.

The stamp is 2732 by 3% inch in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is printed in purple. The design presents a standing figure of Liberty Victorious, with a hackground composed of the flags of the five countries which were most actively engaged in the cause.

The figure of Liberty is helmeted, the upper part of the body is encased in scale armor, and a flowing skirt falls to the feet. The right hand grasps a sword, the point of which tests on the ground at the feet of the figure; the left arm is partially extended, and the hand holds a balance scale representing justice.

Back of the figure appears the American flag; at the left are draped the British and Belgian flags, and at the right the Italian and French flags.

The whole design appears upon a shaded panel. Extending across the top, in a straight line of Roman capital letters, is the mscription "U. S. postage." At the bottom, directly beneath the figure, in a straight line of Roman capitals, is the word "Cents" flanked by circles containing the numeral "3" in each lower corner of the stamp. This stamp was first placed on sale March 3, 1919, at Washington, D.C.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS (SURCHARGED "SHANGHAI, CHINA")—ISSUE OF 1919

Postage stamps of the current series were issued to the United States postal agency, Shanghai, China, in denominations of 1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, 8-, 9-, 10-, 12-, 15-, 20-, 30-, 50-cent and \$1; surcharged "Shanghai, China", at double the original value of the stamps; that is to say, the 1-cent stamp is surcharged 2 cents, the 2-cent stamp is surcharged 4 cents, and so on through the 1st. The surcharge is printed in black letters on all denominations except 7-cent and \$1, which are surcharged with red ink, For example, the 1-cent stamp is surcharged as follows:

SHANGHAI 2¢ CHINA

Owing to the small demand for 10-cent special delivery stamps at the United States

postal agency, Shanghai, China, no 10 cent special delivery stamps surcharged "Shanghai, China", were printed.

These stamps were intended for sale by the postal agency at Shanghai at their surcharged value in local currency, and were valid to the amount of their original values for the prepayment of postage on mail dispatched from the U.S. postal agency at Shanghai to addresses in the United States.

The stamps were first issued May 24, 1919, and were placed on sale at Shanghai, China, July 1, 1919. They were not issued to postmasters in the United States.

PILGRIM TERCENTENARY COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1920







A special series of postage stamps was issued in commemoration of the tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrims in December of 1620. These stamps were issued in pursuance of section 4 of Public Resolution No. 42, Sixty-sixth Congress, approved May 13, 1920, providing as follows:

"SLC. 4. That the Postmaster General is hereby authorized and directed to issue a special series of postage stamps, in such de-uoninations and of such design as he may determine, commemorative of the three hundredth auniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims at Provincetown and Plymouth, Massachusetts."

The stamps are in three denominations, described as follows:

| Denomination | Color | Subject |
|--------------|-------|--------------------------|
| 1-cent | Green | The Mayflower |
| 2-cent | Red | Landing of the Pilgrims, |
| 5 cent | Blue | Signing of the compact |

The dimensions of the stamps are approximately 3 by 11/16 inches. In a straight horizontal line at the top are the words "Pilgrim Tercentenary"; directly below, at the left and right, are the years "1620" and "1920" Beneath the subject appears its title upon a curving ribbon. Within circles in the two lower corners are numerals of denomination, with the word "Cents" in a straight horizontal line between. The border at the left of the picture presents a vertical row of hawthorn blossoms (the British Mayflower); the border at the right contains a row of trailing arbutus (the American Mayflower, which tradition says was named by the Pilgrims after their ship).

The Pilgram Tercentenary stamps were issued in sheets of 70 and were first placed on sale Dec. 18, 1920, at Provincetown and Plymouth, Mass.

SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP (10-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1922



A special delivery stamp of new design was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., July 12, 1922. The stamp replaced the special delivery stamp known as the issue of 1902. A description follows:

The stamp is the same shape and size, 0.84 × 1.44 meh, as the former special delivery stamp, and is printed in blue ink. The central design is the front of a private residence, showing a motorcycle parked against the curb with the special delivery messenger delivering a letter. At the top of the stamp in white faced Roman appear the words "United States postage". In two ribbons just helow, and on either side of the picture, appear the words "Special" and "Delivery" in dark letters. To the right, and just above

the motorcycle, are the words "At any United States post office", and in both lower corners are circles containing the numerals "10" connected by a panel in which appears the words "Ten cents" in white letters. A simple straight-line border surrounds the stamp.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1922-23



This series of postage stamps was issued to replace the regular issue of stamps, known as the "Series of 1912."

There are 21 denominations in this series, each having a different subject as the central design and with larger numerals denoting the denominations.

The designs are most artistic and were selected with the view of giving historical and educational interest to the stamps.

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Three different border designs were used for this series of stamps, which are the same size, $^{75}/_{100}$ by $^{87}/_{100}$ inch, as the 1912 issue.

The border design for the first 13 denominations (1-cent to 14-cent) is identical. A different border design was used for the 15-cent denomination and still another border design for the remaining seven denominations (20-cent, 25-cent, 30-cent, 50-cent, \$1, \$2, and \$5).

The stamps are described as follows:

| Denom- mation | Color | Subject | Placed on sale |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1-cent | Green | Frankhn | Jan 47, 1923 |
| 2-cent | Red | Washington, | Jan 15, 1923 |
| 3-cent | Purple | Luncoln | Teb 12, 1923 |
| 4-cent | Brown - | Martha Wash- | Jan. 15, 1923 |
| 4-00110 | Dionn - | ington | Bath. 10, 1020 |
| 5-cent | Bluo | Raosevelt | Oct 27, 1922 |
| 6 cent | Orange | Clartleld | Nov 20, 1922 |
| 7-eent | Black | McKinley | May 1, 1023 |
| 8 cent | Olive | Chant. | May 1, 1923 |
| 9 cent | Pink | Jefferson | Jan 15, 1923 |
| 10 cent | Yellow | Montoe | Jan 15, 1923 |
| H-cent | Light | Hayes | Oct. 1, 1922 |
| 11-cent. | btue. | 110,51 1 | 0000 |
| 12-cent | Purplish | Cleveland | Mar. 20, 1923 |
| | _ brown | | |
| 11-cent | Indigo | American Indian | May 1, 1923 |
| 15 cent . | Dark gray | Liberty | Nov. 11, 1922 |
| 20-cent | Cilmson | Golden Gate - | May 1, 1923 |
| 25-cent | Dark | Niagara. | Nov 11, 1922 |
| 20 (0.10 12 | green | , -,,, | |
| 30 cent | Sepia | Buffalo | Mat 20, 1923 |
| 50 cent | Layonder | Arlington Am- | Nov 11, 1922 |
| 00 00110 -1 | | phitheatre. | |
| \$1 | Brown | Lincolit | Feb. 12, 1923 |
| • | | Memorial | |
| \$2 | Bine | United States | Mat 20, 1923 |
| - | | Capitol | |
| \$5 | Red and blue. | America | Mar 20, 1923 |

One-cent,-Portrait of Franklin, from Houdon's bust, within an oval and partly enclosed in a panel which is supported on either side by acanthus scrolls. Above the portrait in a curved line appear the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. On a ribbon below the oval is the name "Franklin" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, appears the word "Cent." In both lower corners within ovals with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "1." The entire stamp is enclosed within a cross-line border with small triangular ornaments in both upper corners. Printed in green ink, the 1-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Philadelphia, Pa., on Franklin's birthday, January 17, 1923.

Two-cent.—Portrait of Washington, from Hondon's bust, with the name "Washington" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures representing the denomination, and with the word "Cents" instead of "Cent." The stamp is printed in red ink. The 2-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., January 15, 1923, in sheet form. This denomination was, however, first issued in coils January 8, 1923, and was placed on sale the following day.

Three-cent.—Portrait of Lincoln, from photograph, with the name "Lincoln" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding

design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in purple ink. The 3-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Hodgenville, Lance County, Ky., the brithplace of former President Lincoln, on February 12, 1923.

Four-cent.—Portrait of Martha Washington, after painting by Gilbert Stuart, with the name "Martha Washington" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in brown ink and was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on January 15, 1923.

Five cent.—Portrait of Theodore Roosevelt, from photograph, with the name "Roosevelt" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in blue ink. The 5-cent stamp was first placed on sale in 1922 at Wushington, D.C., Oyster Bay, N.Y., and New York, N.Y., on October 27, the birthday of former President Roosevelt.

Siv-cent.—Portrait of Garfield, from photograph, with the name "Garfield" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in orange ink and was placed on sale November 20, 1922, at Washington, D.C.

Seven-cent.—Portrait of McKinley, from photograph, with the name "McKinley" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in black ink. The 7-cent stamp was bist placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Niles, Ohio, the hittliplace of former President McKinley, on May 1, 1923.

Eight-cent.—Portrait of Grant, from photograph, with the name "Grant" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in olive green ink and was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., May 1, 1923.

Nine-cent.—Portrait of Jefferson, after painting by Gilbert Stuart, with the name "Jefferson" on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of figures representing the denomination. The

stamp is printed in pink ink and was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on January 15, 1923.

Ten-cent.—Portial of Monroe, after painting by J. Vanderlyn, with the name "Monroe" on the ribbon below the portial. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in yellow mk and was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., January 15, 1923.

Eleven-cent.—Portrait of Hayes, from photograph, with the names "Hayes" on the 11hoon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in light blue ink. The 11-cent stamp was the first denomination of the new series issued. It was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Fremont, Ohio, October 4, 1922, in connection with the celchration of the one hundredth anniversary of former President Hayes' birth.

Twelve-cent.—Portrait of Cleveland, from photograph, with the name "Cleveland" on the ribbon helow the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in purphsh brown ink. The 12-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Caldwell, N.J., the birthplace of former President Cleveland, March 20, 1923.

Fourteen-cent.--American Indian, from photograph of "Hollow Horn Bear", a Brule Sioux chief. The words "American Indian" appear on the ribbon below the portrait. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp except that the numeral "14" appears in the ovals in both lower corners. The stamp is printed in indigo ink. The 14-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Muskogee, Okla., the headquarters of the Five Civilized Indian Tribes, May 1, 1923.

Fifteen-cent.—Liherty, from a photograph and drawing of Statne of Liberty with view of New York Harhor in the background. The central design is partly enclosed in a spread horseshoe panel supported at the base hy acanthus scrolls. Within the panel and above the design appear the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. On a ribbon below the design is the word "Liberty" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, in a white-edged panel, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners, within circles with dark backgrounds, is the white

numeral "15." The entire stamp is enclosed within a single white-line border, with small panels supported by acanthus scrolls in both upper corners Printed in dark-gray ink, it was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., November 11, 1922.

Twenty-cent -Golden Gate, after painting by W. A. Coulter. The design is within a semicircle surrounded by a panel which is supported on either side by acanthus scrolls. Within this panel and above the design appear the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. On a ribbon below the design are the words "Golden Gate" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, in a white-edged panel, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners within circles with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "20." The entire stamp is enclosed within a single white-line border with triangular white-line ornaments in both upper coincis and is printed in crimson ink. The 20-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and San Francisco, Calif., May 1, 1923.

Twenty-five-cent.—Niagara, from photograph of Niagara Falls, taken from Goat Island. The word "Niagara" appears on the tibbon below the central design. The surrounding design is the same as the 20-cent stamp except that the numeral "25" appears in the circles in both lower corners. Printed in dail-green ink, it was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., November 11, 1922.

Thirty-cent —Buffalo, from photograph. The surrounding design is the same as the 20-cent stamp except that there is no ribbon below the central design bearing the name of the subject. The numeral "30" appears in the circles in hoth lower corners. Printed in sepa ink, it was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., March 20, 1923.

Filty-cent.—Arlington Amphitheatre, with Tomh of the Unknown Soldier in the foreground, from photograph and drawing, with the words "Arlington Amphitheatre" on the ribbon below the central design. The surrounding design is the same as the 20-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination. The stamp is printed in lavender ink, The 50 cent stamp was first placed on sale at the post office at Washington, D.C., November 11, 1922, Armistice Day.

One-dollar.—Lincoln Memorial, from photograph and drawing, with the words "Lincoln Memorial" on the ribbon below the central design. The surrounding design is the same as the 20-cent stamp except that the numeral "1" appears in the circles in both lower corners, with the word "Dollar" instead

of "Cents" at the hottom of the stamp The stamp is printed in brown ink. The \$1 stamp was first placed on sale in 1923 at Washington, D.C., and Springheld, Ill., on Lincoln's brithday, February 12.

Two dollar.—United States Capitol, from photograph and drawing, with the words "U. S. Capitol" on the ribbon below the central design. The surrounding design is the same as the 20 cent stamp except that the numeral "2" appears in the circles in both lower corners, with the words "Dollars" instead of "Cents" at the bottom of the stamp. The stamp is printed in blue ink and was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on March 20, 1923.

Five dollar.—America, from photograph of replica of Statue of Freedom surmounting the United States Capitol, with the word "America" on the ribbon below the central design. The surrounding design is the same as the 20-cent, stamp except that the numeral "5" appears in the circles in both lower corners and the word "Dollars" appears at the bottom of the stamp instead of "Cents." This is the only stamp of the series printed in two colors. The central design is printed in blue ink, with the border design printed in i.ed, and was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on March 20, 1923.

PRECANCELED POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1923

Owing to the increased demand for precanceled postage stamps for use at the larger post offices, the Department decided to issue such stamps which could be printed and precanceled in one operation on the rotary presser at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, at a reduction in cost over the former method of precanceling in post offices.

The I-cent stamp, issue of 1923, was the first denomination precanceled by the new method at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. These stamps were for the Postmaster, New York, N.Y., and were first issued April 21, 1923. The precanceling was done in black ink, as follows:

NEW YORK N.Y.

Other postmasters were later furnished with the 1-cent stamp precanceled with the name of their post office.

It was later decided to issue precanceled postage stamps in coils, and on January 7, 1924, the 1-cent denomination, series of 1923,

was first issued in that form to the Postmaster New York, N.Y., in coils of 500 and 1,000 stamps each, precanceled with the name of his office.

The 2-cent denomination precanceled *in coils* was first issued to the Postmaster, Chicago, Ill, January 31, 1924, precanceled with the name of his office.

AIRMAIL STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1923







| Denomination | Color | Subject |
|--------------|-------|---|
| 8-cent | Blue | Mall at plone indiator with propeller attached. Official insignta of the Ma Mail Service. Moil at plane in flight |

This series of animal stamps was issued primarily for use in the new mightflying airmal service between New York and San Francisco.

Three zones were established in connection with this service, the first from New York to Chicago, the second from Chicago to Cheyenne, and the third from Cheyenne to San Francisco. The rate of postage was 8 cents an ounce, or fraction thereof, for each zone, or part of zone, in which mail was carried by plane.

The stamps are about % by % inch in dimension, arranged horizontally. The central design of the 8-cent stamp is a mail airplane radiator with propeller attached. Above this design in a curved panel are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman capital letters. Triangular ornaments appear in both upper corners. Below the central design, in a straight line of Roman capital letters, is the word "Cents", with the numeral "8" within ovals in both lower corners. The 8-cent stamp is printed in green ink.

The 16 cent stamp is the same shape and size as the 8 cent stamp and has for its central design the official insignia of the airmail

service, showing a circular design with spread wings on either side. In the center, upon a dark background, appear the letters "U. S." with the word "Ari" above and the word "Mail" below. Above this central design in a enrived panel are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman capital letters. A dark shaded triangle appears in both upper corners of the stamp. Below the central design in a straight line of Roman capital letters is the word "Cents" with the numeral "16" within circles, with dark backgrounds in both lower corners. The stamp is printed in blue ink.

The 24-cent stamp is the same shape and size as the other denominations and has for its central design a mail airplane in flight. Above this design in a curved panel are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman capital letters. Ornamental scrolls appear in both upper corners. Below the central design in a straight line of Roman capital letters is the word "Cents", with the numeral "24" within circles with dark backgrounds in both lower corners. The stamp is printed in red ink.

The new airmail stamps were first placed on sale at the Philatche Agency, Division of Stamps, Post Office Department, on the following dates: 8-cent, August 15, 1923; 16-cent, August 17, 1923; and 24-cent, August 21, 1923, but they were not resued to postmasters until August 24, 1923, when they were sent to 16 designated post offices, which had been selected as mailing points on the airmail route.

Owing to the new airmail service not having been permanently established at that time, the postmasters at these offices were instructed to withhold the sale of these stamps to the public until advised by the Department. It was later decided that the new airmail service should become effective July 1, 1924, and the airmail stamps were accordingly placed on sale to the public beginning June 16, 1924.

HARDING MEMORIAL STAMP (2-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1923



As a fitting tribute to the memory of the late President Warren G. Harding, the De-

partment issued, for a limited period, a special Harding memorial stamp of the 2-cent denomination, printed in black ink.

The Harding memorial stamp is the same shape and size as the 2-cent stamp of the ordinary series of 1922-23, and hears the portrait of Warren G. Harding from an etching made from a photograph, within an oval and partly enclosed in a panel, which is supported on either side by acanthus scrolls. Above the portrait within a curved panel ap pear the words "United States postage" in white Roman capital letters. On a ribbon below the oval is the name "Haiding" and under this at the bottom of the stamp appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners within ovals with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "2." In the upper left-hand corner appears the year of birth, "1865", and in the upper right-hand corner the year of death, "1923." The entire stamp is enclosed within a plain black border.

The Harding memorial stamp was first placed on sale at Marion, Ohio, and Washington, D.C., on September 1, 1923.

The issuance of this stamp was discontinued February 27, 1924.

The Harding memorial stamp was also issued in sheets of 400 stamps each, unperforated. They were first placed on sale at the Philatelic Agency, November 15, 1923.

HUGUENOT-WALLOON TERCENTENARY STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1924







This series of postage stamps was issued to commemorate the three hundredth anniversaty of the settling of Walloons in New Netherlands, now the State of New York, in 1624. The stamps were first placed on sale May 1, 1924, at Washington, D.C., and the following additional post offices: Jacksonville, Fla., Mayport, Fla., Albany, N.Y., New Rochelle, N.Y., New York, N.Y., Allentown, Pa., Lancaster, Pa., Philadelphia, Pa., Reading, Pa., and Charleston, S.C.

| Denomination | Color | Subject |
|--------------|-------|--------------------------|
| 1-cent | Green | Ship |
| 2 rent | Red | Landing of the Walloons. |
| 5 rent | Blue | Marker, |

The stamps are rectangular in shape. The sizes are: 1-cent, 0.89 x 1.38 inches; 2-cent, 0.89 x 1.38 inches; 5-cent, 0.885 x 1.38 inches.

The 1-cent stamp has for its central design a view of the ship New Netherland, upon which the Walloons sailed. Above this design, in a semicircular panel, appear the words "Huguenot-Walloon Tercentenary" in white Roman letters, and above this, at the top of the stamp, in a straight hue, are the words "U. S. postage." In both upper corners are ribbon scrolls bearing the years "1624" at the left and "1924" at the right. At the bottom of the stamp, in a straight line, is the word "Cent", and in both lower corners within creles with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "1." The entire stamp is enclosed within a single white-line border.

The central design of the 2-cent stamp represents the landing of the Walloons at Albany, N.Y. The surrounding design is the same as the 1-cent stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination, and with the word "Cents" instead of "Cent."

The 5-cent stamp has for its central design the Ribault Memorial Monument located at Mayport, Fla., showing the landing place of one colony of Walloons. The surrounding design is the same as the 2-cent stamp with the necessary change of numerals representing the denomination.

This series of commemorative stamps was issued in sheets of 50.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS (1/2-CENT AND 1 1/2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1925





NEW DENOMINATIONS

The Postal Service Act approved F-28, 1925, increasing the rates of effective April 15, 1925, made it necessary a new 32-cent and a 1½-cent c postage stamp

These new stamps are the same she size as the 1-cent ordinary stamp of the 1922-23. The 19 cent stamp he portrait of Nathan Hale, with the "Nathan Hale" on a ribbon below t trait. The surrounding design is the the 1-cent stamp except that the nume appears in the ovals in both lower. The stamp is enclosed within a clouder and is printed in sepia.

The ½-cent stamp was first placed April 4, 1925, at New Haven, Cor Washington, D.C.

The 1½-cent stamp hears the porthe late President Warren G. Hardithe name "Harding" on a tibbon he portrait. The surrounding design is tas the current 2-cent stamp, except numeral "1½" appears in the ovals lower corners and the triangular or in both upper corners were change stamp is enclosed within a plain bord printed in light brown.

The 11/2 cent stamp was first placed March 19, 1925, at Washington, D.C.

LEXINGTON-CONCORD COMMEMOS STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1925







This series of postage stamps was commemorate the one hundred an

anniversary of the Battle of Levington and Concord. They were first placed on sale April 4, 1925, at Washington, D.C., and the following additional post offices: Concord, Mass., Concord Junction, Mass., Boston, Mass., Cambudge, Mass., Lexington, Mass.

| Denomination | Color | Subject |
|--------------|---------|--------------------------|
| 1 cent | Green - | Washington at Cambridge. |
| 2 cent | Red | Birth of Liberty. |
| 5 cent | Blue | The Minute Man. |

The stamps are rectangular in shape. The

stzes are 0.84 x 1.135 for the 1- and 2-cent stamp and 0.84 x 1.43 for the 5-cent stamp.

The subject of the 1-cent stamp is "Washington at Cambridge" from a photoglyphic cleart and represents Washington taking command of the American Army. The title appears in small white letters under the central design. Beneath this, on a ribbon scroll, appear the words "Lexington-Coucord", and at the bottom of the stamp are the words "One cent," In a straight line, at the top

of the stamp, appear the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters, and in both lower corners, within encles, is the white from numeral "I." Above the circles are the years "1775" at the left and "1925" at the right, and in panels arranged at the right and left of the central design are two muskets with powder—hours. The entire design is enclosed within a straight line border and is printed in green

The subject of the 2-cent stamp is "Birth of Liberty" from the painting by Henry Sand, ham in the town hall at Lexington and represents the Battle of Lexington and Concord. The title appears in small white letters under the central design. The surrounding design wis the same as the 1-cent stamp except that the numeral "2" appears in the circles and the words "Two cents" appear at the bottom of the stamp. This stamp is printed in red

The subject of the 5-cent stamp is "The Minute Man" from a photograph of the Datue located at Concord, Mass. The title appears in small dark letters under the central design, which stands between two columns. To the right and left of the columns are two tablets bearing the following inscription: "By the rude bridge that arched the flood their flag to April's breeze unfurled. Here once the embattled farmers stood and fixed the shot heard around the world." The surrounding design is the same as the other denominations except that the numeral "5" appears in the circles and the words "Five

cents" appear at the bottom of the stamp. This stamp is printed in blue ink,

This series of commemorative stamps was issued in sheets of 50.

SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMPS (15-CENT AND 20-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1925





NLW DENOMINATIONS

Two new special delivery stamps for use on parcels subject to the increased special delivery fees, as provided under the act of February 28, 1925, were issued by the Department. These stamps are of the 15 cent and 20 cent denominations and are described as follows:

The 15 cent special delivery stamp is printed in orange and is the same shape and design as the current 10 cent special delivery stamp, except that the numerals "15" appear in both lower corners and the words "Fifteen cents" appear in the panel at the bottom of the stamp. Size is 0.855 x 1.45. This stamp was first placed on sale April

11, 1925, at Washington, D.C. The 20-cent special delivery stamp is the same shape and size as the current 10-cent special delivery stamp. The central design is a motor truck standing at the post office with a carrier loading parcel post packages for special delivery. At the top of the stamp, upon a curved ribbon, are the words "Special delivery" in dark letters with the words "U. S. postage" directly beneath the tibbon in white letters. Above the motor truck are the words "At any United States post office", and at the bottom of the stamp, within a panel, are the words "Twenty cents." In both upper conners, upon ribbon scrolls, are the numerals "20" and in both lower corners, within circles, are the white numerals "20." The stamp is enclosed within a cross-line border and is printed in black ink.

The 20 cent special delivery stamp was first placed on sale April 25, 1925, at Washington, D C.

SPECIAL HANDLING STAMP (25-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1925



The Postal Service Act, approved February 28, 1925, provided for a special handling stamp of 25 cent denomination for use on fourth-class mail matter, which would secure for such mail matter the expeditious handling accorded to mail matter of the first class. A description follows:

The 25 cent special handling stamp is the same shape as the special delivery stamp, but of entirely different design. Within a circle in the center of the stamp is the numeral "25" with the words "Special handling" arranged in a semicircle directly above. At the top of the stamp, in a straight line, are the words "United States postage" and at the bottom, within a panel, is the word "Cents." The background is of ornamental lathework and the entire stamp is enclosed within a straight-line border. This stamp is printed in dark given and was hist placed on sale April 11, 1925, at Washington, D.C.

POSTAGE DUE STAMP (1/2 - CENT)---ISSUE OF 1925



NEW DENOMINATION

On April 13, 1925, the Department issued a new ½-cent postage due stamp to be used in the collection of postage on short-paid third-class matter.

The new stamp is the same shape, size and design as the series of postage due stamps, issue of 1894, except that the white numeral "'/2" appears in the center of the stamp and

the words "Half cent" appear in the panel at the bottom. The color is claret.

NORSE-AMERICAN COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS (2-CENT AND 5-CENT)-15SUE OF 1925





These stamps were issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the arrival in New York, on October 9, 1825, of the sloop Restaurationen with the first group of immigrants to the United States from Norway.

The stamps are in two denominations, 2 cent and 5 cent, and are described as follows:

They are the same size, 75/100 by 87/100 inch, as the ordinary series of postage stamps, but with horizontal design, printed in two colors.

The 2-cent stamp has for its central design a ship representing the sloop Restaurationen, with a smaller vessel in the background, from a photoengraving. At the top of the stamp, in a straight panel, appear the words "Norse-American" in white Roman letters, and below this, on a curved ribbon, is the word "Centennial" in dark letters. Ribbon scrolls appear in the upper portion on each side of the stamp with the years "1825" at the left and "1925" at the right. At the bottom of the stamp, in three straight lines, are the words "United States postage, two cents", and in both lower corners, within circles with dark backgrounds, is the white numeral "2." The central design is printed in black with the border design printed in red.

The 5 cent stamp has for its central design a Viking ship from a photoengraving. At the top of the stamp, in white Gothic letters, appear the words "Norse-American" and below this, on a curved ribbon, is the word "Centeunial" in dank letters. At the left of the stamp is a shield of Norway with the year "1825" above, and at the right of the stamp is a shield of the United States with the year "1925" above. Below the central design, in three straight lines, are the words "United States postage, five cents", and in both lower corners within circles with dark backgrounds, is the white numeral "5," The central design is printed in black with the border design printed in blue.

The first issue of the Noise-American commemorative stamps was placed on sale May 18, 1925, at the following post offices: St. Paul, Minneapolis, Benson, and Northfield, Minn.; Algona and Decorah, Iowa; and Washington, D C

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMP (17-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1925



NLW DENOMINATION

A new postage stamp of 17-cent denomination, bearing the portrait of Woodrow Wilson, was assued and first placed on sale December 28, 1925, at Washington, D.C., Princeton, N.J., New York, N.Y., and Staunton, Va.

The stamp is the same shape and size, a horizontal rectangle, as the 20-cent stamp of the series of 1922-23, and is printed in bank note black ink. The central design is a portrait of Woodrow Wilson within a semicircle and is partly enclosed in a panel which is supported on either side by acanthus scrolls. Within this panel and above the portrait appear the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. On a ribbon below the portrait is the name "Wilson" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners, within encles with dark backgrounds, are the white numerals "17." Triangular white-line ornaments appear in both upper corners and the entire stamp is enclosed within a single white-line border,

The new stamp was issued primarily for use in prepaying a single rate of letter postage and registry fee and was also available to the amount of its value for other purposes for which ordinary postage stamps are used.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMP (13-CENT)— ISSUE OF 1926



A new postage stamp of 13 cent denomination was issued and first placed on sale January 11, 1926, at Washington, D.C., and Indianapolis, Ind.

The stamp is the same shape and size, 75/100 by 5/100 inch, as the 12-cent stamp of the series 1922-23, and is printed in green The central design is a portrait of Benjamin Harrison within an oval with open background and is partly enclosed in a panel which is supported on either side by acanthus serolls. Above the portrait, in a curved line, appear the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. On a tibbon below the oval is the name "Harrison", and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners, within ovals with dark backgrounds, are the white numerals "13," The entire stamp is enclosed within a cross-line border with small triangular ornaments in both upper corners.

This stamp was issued primarily for use in prepaying postage on parcels and postage and insurance fee on insured parcels amounting to 13 cents.

AIRMAIL STAMP (10-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1926



NEW DENOMINATION

The Act of Congress approved February 2, 1925, making the rate of postage on ainmail carried on contract airmail routes not less than 10 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof, made it necessary to issue a new 10-cent airmail stamp.

This stamp is a horizontal rectangle 75/100 by 181/100 inches in size and is printed in blue ink. The central design represents a relief map of the United States, showing some of the rivers and mountain ranges. On each side is an airplane in flight, one traveling east and the other toward the west. Across the top of the stamp, in white Roman letters, are the words "United States postage," with the words "Air mail" directly beneath. At the bottom of the stamp, in shaded letters, is the word "Cents", and in both lower corners are the white numerals "10." Ornamental plastic brackets appear at each side of the stamp.

The new airmail stamp was first placed on sale February 13, 1926, at the post offices at Detroit and Dearborn, Mich., Chicago, Ill., Cleveland, Ohio, and Washington, D.C.

SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1926



A new postage stamp of 2-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the one hundred and liftieth anniversary of American independence and in connection with the Sesquicentennial Exposition held in Philadelphia in 1926.

The stamp is a horizontal rectangle of the same size as the special delivery stamp, 84/100 by 14 1/100 mehes, and is printed in red ink. The central design is the Liberty Bell, which swings from the top of four flat ornamental columns that rest on the lower panel. The words "Sesquicentennial Exposition" appear across the top of the stamp in a straight line, with a ruled shadow background. Under these in a curved panel appear the words "United States postage." This panel is supported at either end by a scroll extending ont of circular panels at either lower corner. Within these circular panels appears the numeral "2." Across the bottom of the stamp are the words "Two cents" within a horizental panel. In the upper corners under the words "Sesunicentennial Exposition" appear the dates, "1776" at the left and "1926" at the right. All the lettering on the stamp is white-faced Roman.

The sesquicentennial stamp was first placed on sale May 10, 1926, at the past offices at Philadelphia, Pa., Boston, Mass., and Washington, D.C.

ERICSSON MEMORIAL STAMP (5-CENT)— ISSUE OF 1926



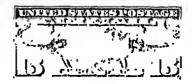
A new postage stamp of 5-cent denomination was issued as a memorial to John Eticsson, builder of the Monitor, and in connection with the unveiling of his statue by the Crown Prince of Sweden at Washington, D.C., on May 29, 1926.

The subject of this stamp is a model similar to the John Enesson memorial statue designed by J. E. Fraser.

This stamp is an upright rectangle, 111/100 by 81/100 inches in size, printed in purplish blue ink. The central design is the white matble figure of John Ericsson scated in a large chair resting on a stone base. Upon the base appear the words "John Ericsson Memorial" and "Cents" in white Gothic letters with the numeral "5" in both corners. Extending from either side and in the rear of chair on darker stone appear the years of his birth and death, "1803-1889." On an ornate base, above and to the rear of the figure of Ericsson, is a group of allegorical figures in white marble, of which only the center one, representing "Vision", is shown. The background for this statue is a dark sky with darkly silhouetted evergreens showing on each side. A narrow white line border surrounds the stamp with a shield of the United States in the upper left corner and a shield of Sweden in the upper right corner. Connecting the two shields is a panel supported on each side by small ornamental brackets and containing the words "U.S. postage" in whiteface Gothic letters,

The Ericsson stamp was first placed on sale May 29, 1926, at the post offices at New York, N.Y., Chicago, Ill., Minneapolis, Minn., and Washington, D.C.

AIRMAIL STAMP (15-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1926



NEW DENOMINATION

A new airmail stamp of 15-cent denomination was issued for use in the contract airmail service and first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., September 18, 1926. This stamp is the same shape, size, and design as the 10-cent airmail stamp, issued February 13, 1926, in accordance with act of Congress approved February 2, 1925, except that the numerals "15" appear in both lower corners of the stamp and it is numted in sepia.

BATTLE OF WHITE PLAINS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1926



This stamp of 2-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the one hundred and liftieth anniver-my of the Battle of White Plains.

The new stamp is a horizontal rectangle, 75/100 by 87/100 mch in size, and is printed in red ink. The center vignette shows a gun crew in action, consisting of four men dressed in Continental uniform, with cannon and ammunition, copied from a painting by E. F. Ward, submitted by Dr. Jason S. Parker, of White Plains, N.Y. Over the vignette, in ribbon form, are the words "United States postage" in Roman letters. In the upper left corner appears the year "1776" and in the upper right corner the year "1926." Below the vignette in the center of the stamp is n circle, containing the large unmeral "2", with the word "Cents" on both sides. Ahove the circle are the words "Battle of White Plains." In the lower left corner is the Contmental flag and in the lower right corner the Instoric "Liberty or Death" flag, first used m the Battle of White Plains, both appearing in oblique position.

This stamp was first placed on sale October 18, 1926, at the post office at White Plains, N.Y. For the benefit of philatelists, it was also placed on sale the same date at the branch of the Department's Philatelic Agency which was temporarily established at the International Philatelic Exhibition held at Grand Central Palace, New York City, from October 16 to 23, inclusive. On October 28, 1926, the anniversary of the Battle of White Plains, the new stamp was placed on sale at the Philatelic Agency at Washington, D.C., and at a number of the larger post offices.

The Battle of White Plains stamp was also issued in special sheets of 25 stamps each, with the inscription "International Philatelic Exhibition, October 16 to 23, 1926, New York, N.Y., U.S.A.", appearing on the margins of each sheet. These sheets were all printed, gummed, and perforated at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and sent to the branch Philatelic Agency at the International Philatelic Exhibition, to be placed on sale October 18, 1926, the same date the regular sheets containing 100 stamps were also placed

on sale. These special sheets were also placed on sale at the Philatelic Agency at Washington, D.C., on October 28, 1926. They were not assued to postmasters for sale to the public.

As a special featine of the International Philatelic Exhibition, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing installed a hand-toller press and printed 700 sheets of White Plains stamps from plate No. 18772. These sheets, containing four blocks of 25 stamps each, were not guimmed or perforated, and none was sold. They were all returned to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and destroyed by a special committee appointed for that purpose. At the same time, plate No. 18772, from which they were printed, was mutilated and later destroyed.

AIRMAIL STAMP (20-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1927



NEW DENOMINATION

Owing to the new rate of postage on air mail effective February 1, 1927, the Department issued a new 20-cent airmail stamp, which was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y, and Washington, D.C., January 25, 1927. This stamp is the same shape, size, and design as the 10-cent and 15-cent airmail stamps of 1926, except that the numerals "20" appear in both lower corners of the stamp and it is printed in green.

LINDBERGH AIRMAIL STAMP (10-CENT)— ISSUE OF 1927



As a special tribute to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, the intrepid airmail pilot who made the first nonstop flight from New York to Paris, the Department issued a airmail stamp which temporari the current 10 cent airmail stan 1926,

The new stamp is the same shape and size, 75/10u by 181/100 inches, as the aumail stamps of 1926-27 and is printed in blue. The central design represents Lindhergh's airplane, The Spirit of Saint Louis, in flight. Across the top of the stamp, in white Roman letters, ate the words "United States postage", with the words "Lindbergh an mail" directly beneath. At the left of the central design appears the coastline of the North American Continent, with the words "New York" in small dark letters, and to the right appears the coastline of Europe, showing Iteland, Great Britain, and France, with the word "Parts", also in small dark letters. A dotted line depicting the course of the flight to France connects the two cities. At the bottom of the stamp, in shaded letters, is the word "Cents" and in both lower corners are the white numerals "10," The stamp is enclosed within a straight-line border.

The 10 cent Lindbergh airmail stamp was first placed on sale June 18, 1927, at the post offices at St. Louis, Mo., Detroit, Mich., Little Falls, Minn., and Washington, D.C. This stamp was also issued in books of 6 stamps, which were first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., and Cleveland, Ohio, on May 26, 1928.

BURGOYNE CAMPAIGN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1927



This new postage stamp of 2 cent denomination was issued to commemorate the Battles of Fort Stanwix, Oriskany, Bennington, and Saratoga.

The stamp is the same shape and size as the special delivery stamp, 8½00 by 1½½00 inches, and is printed in 1ed ink. The central design represents the surrender of General Burgoyne, and is enclosed in panels bearing the words "Fort Stamwix" at the left, "Oriskany" at the top, and "Bennington" at the right, with the word "Saratoga" beneath the design. In a curved panel near the top of the stamp are the words "U.S. postage" in white Roman letters, and on ribbon scrolls in both upper concers are the years "1777" and "1927." In an ornamental panel at the bottom of the stamp appears the word "Cents" with the numeral "2" in both lower corners within

circles supported by acanthus scrolls. Immediately beneath the central vignette appear the words "Surrender of Genl. Burgoyne."

The Bingoyne campaign stamp was first placed on sale August 3, 1927, at Albany, Rome, Syracuse, and Utica, N.Y., and Washington, D.C.

VERMONT SESQUICENTENNIAL STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1927



This postage stamp of 2-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the independence of Vermont and the Battle of Bennington.

This stamp is the same shape and size as the ordinary stamp, 75/100 by 87/100 inch, and is printed in red ink. The central design represents a Green Mountain Boy dressed in buckskin leaning on his rifle. Across the top of the stamp in a straight line are the words "Vermont Sesquicentennial" in small block letters. and in an arched panel supported by small ornamental brackets are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman letters. On ribbon sciolls in both upper coincis appear the years "1777" at the left and "1927" at the right. Within circles in both lower corners is the white numeral "2" with the word "Cents" in a panel connecting the circles, To the left of the central design is a loose ribbon bearing the word "Bennington" in small Roman letters.

The Vermont Sesquicentennial stamp was first placed on sale August 3, 1927, at Ben nington, Vt., and Washington, D.C.

VALLEY FORGE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1928



The Valley Forge stamp was issued to con memorate the one hundred and fiftieth ar niversary of the encampment of Washington Army at Valley Forge during the winter of 1777-78.

This stamp is the same shape and size as the ordinary stamp, $^{75}/_{100}$ by $^{87}/_{100}$ inch, and is printed in red ink. The vignette shows Washington kneeling in prayer. Across the top of the stamp in a straight line are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman letters, and on a ribbon above the vignette are the words "Valley Forge" with the years "1778" and "1928." The white numeral "2" appears in both lower corners within circles, which are connected by a panel bearing the word "Cents." On a ribbon above the panel are the words "In God We Trust" in small Gothic letters.

The Valley Forge commemorative stamp was first placed on sale May 26, 1928, at Cleveland, Ohio; Valley Forge, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Norristown, and West Chester, Pa., and Washington, D.C.

SPECIAL HANDLING STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1928







Special handling stamps in denominations of 10, 15, and 20 cents were required to conform to the rates provided by postal legislation, effective July 1, 1928.

The special handling stamps are of the same size and shape as the discontinued 25-cent special handling stamp of 1925, and have within a circle in the center of each stamp the numbers "10", "15", or "20", with the words "Special handling" arranged in a semi-

circle directly above. At the top of the stamp in a straight line are the words "United States postage" and at the bottom, within a panel, is the word "Cents." The background is of ornamental lathework and the entire stamp is enclosed within a straight-line border. The color is dark green.

The new special handling stamps were first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on June 25, 1928.

AIRMAIL STAMP (5-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1928



The 5 cent airmail stamp was issued to meet the new rate of postage on airmail matter, effective August 1, 1928.

The stamp is a horizontal rectangle 1342 by 115/32 inches in size and is printed in two colors, the outer border is red and the vignette in blue. The central design represents the beacon light on Sherman Hill, in the Rocky Mountains, with a mail plane in flight at the left. In a panel at the top of the stamp are the words "U.S. postage" in white Roman letters, and on ribbons directly beneath, supported by acanthus scrolls, are the words "Air" on the left and "Mail" on the right. Ornamental designs appear in both upper corners, and in both lower corners; within circles with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "5." A white border panel at the bottom of the stamp contains the word "Cents" in white Roman letters.

The 5-cent airmail stamp was first placed on sale July 25, 1928, at Washington, D.C.

HAWAIIAN OVERPRINTED STAMPS (2-CENT AND 5-CENT)----15SUE OF 1928





A special issue of overprinted postage stamps was placed on sale in Hawaiian post offices in connection with the sesquicentennial celebration held August 15 to 20, 1928.

The issue was prepared by overprinting a quantity of 2-cent and 5 cent stamps of the 1922-23 series, with the overprint "Hawan" across the upper half of the stamp, and the dates "1778-1928" below. The overprint was in black ink on both stamps.

The overprinted stamps were first placed on sale August 13, 1928, in Honolulu, Hawani, and at other Hawanian past offices as soon thereafter as distribution could be made.

The overprinted stamps were not issued to post offices outside of the Hawaiian Islands, but a limited supply was placed on sale in the Philatelic Agency for the convenience of stamp collectors.

The Hawatian overprinted stamps are valid for the prepayment of postage at all post offices using ordinary United States stamps.

MONMOUTH COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1928



This stamp was issued to commendate the one hundred and infrieth anniversary of the Battle of Monmouth and as a memorial to Molly Pitcher, the popular heroine of the engagement.

The issue consists of ordinary 2-cent stamps of the series of 1922-23 overprinted with the words "Molly Pitcher" arranged in two horizontal lines across the face of the stamp. The overprint is in black,

The overprinted Monmouth anniversary stamps were first offered for sale October 20, 1928, at the post offices in Freehold, N.J., Red Bank, N.J., and Wushington, D.C.

INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AERONAUTICS CONFERENCE COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS (2-CENT AND 5-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1928





This series of special stamps was issued in connection with the International Civil Aeronautics Conference, which was held in Washington, D.C., on December 12, 13, and 14, 1928, on the call of President Coolidge.

The stamps are the same shape and size as the special delivery stamp, 81/100 by 141/100 unches. The 2 cent stamp is printed in red and the 5 cent stamp in blue. The stamps are enclosed at the top and sides in a dark border panel with the wording "U. S. postage" in white Roman lettering along the upper edge with a small scroll at each end. Under the panel in small solid architectural Roman lettering are the words "International Civil Aeronauties Conference." On either side of the central designs are shown on the left the Washington Monument, and on the right the United States Capitol, In both lower corners are rectangular shields containing the denomination numerals "2" or "5" in white. In a ribbon panel with folded ends between the numerals are the dates "December 12, 13, 14, 1928." Under the ribbon is a base panel with the word "Cents" in white Roman lettering.

The central design of the 2-cent stamp shows the airplane used by the Wright brothers in their first successful flight at Kitty Huwk, N.C. The 5-cent stamp has for the central design a modern monoplane in flight with an outline of the globe in the background.

The stamps were first placed on sale December 12, 1928, in Washington, D.C.

GEORGE ROGERS CLARK COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1929



The George Rogers Clark stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and liftieth anniversary of the surrender of Fort Sackville near the present site of the city of Vincennes, Ind.

The stamp is 13/32 by 115/32 inches in size, and is printed in two colors; the horder in red and the vignette in black. The central design shows the surrender of Fort Sackville to George Rogers Clark, reproduced from a photograph of the painting by Frederick C. Yohn. The word "Vincennes" appears beneath the central design and at the top of the stamp are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman letters. Above the vignette is a ribbon hearing the words "George Rogers Clark" with the word "Commemorative" in a curved panel directly beneath. In panels on either side of the stamp are acanthus scrolls and in the upper corners are the dates "1779" at the left and "1929" at the right. In both lower corners within circles with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "2" with the word "Cents" at the bottom of the stamp.

The first day sale of the stamp on February 25, 1929, was restricted to the post office in Vincennes, Ind.

STATE OVERPRINTED STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1929

This special issue of postage stamps was prepared by overprinting the abbreviations "Kans," and "Nehr." on stamps of the 1922-23 series in denominations of 1 to 10 cents, inclusive, for placing on sale in all post offices in the respective States with the exception of Kansas City, Topeka, and Wichita, Kans., Lincoln and Omaha, Nebr. The overprint was in black ink across the lower half of the stamps. The State overprinted stamps were first placed on sale May 1, 1929, in the Philatelic Agency.

This special issue of overprinted stamps was authorized as a measure of preventing losses from post-office hunglaries. Approximately a year's supply of the stamps was printed and issued to postmasters in the respective States. The Department found it desirable to discontinue the State overprinted stamps after the initial supply was used.

EDISON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—— ISSUE OF 1929



This stamp was issued to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the invention of the first incandescent electric lamp by Thomas Alva Edison.

The stamp is the same size as the 2-cent ordinary stamp, 75 m by 87 m meh, and is printed in red ink. The central design is a picture of the original lamp with rays issuing therefrom. Immediately above and partly encucling the lamp is a ribbon with the words "Edison's First Lamp"; above this and reaching the top of the stamp is a semicircular panel with the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. In both upper corners are ribbon scrolls with the year "1879" at the left and "1929" at the right. On either side of the lamp and through the rays of light appears the following legend: "Electric Light's Colden Jubilee." The white numeral "2" appears in both lower corners within dark circles, which are connected by a dark panel forming the base of the stamp and containing the word "Ceuts" in white Roman letters.

The Edison commemorative stamp was first placed on sale June 5, 1929, at the post office at Menlo Park, N.J. The stamp was issued in both flat plate and rotary sheets containing 100 stamps each; also in sidewise corls of 500 and 3,000 stamps.

SULLIVAN EXPEDITION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1929



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Sullivan expedition in New York State during the Revolutionary War. The stamp is the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 mch, and is printed in red ink.

The central design is a half-length portrait of Major General Sullivan in Continental uniform over which in a semicircular punel appear the words "United States nostage" in white Roman letters, on a dark groun.³ - ²⁴ - ²⁴

porte work pane wit' eac "2." Across the top of the stamp is a ribbon bearing the title "Sullivan Expedition" in dark architectural Roman letters. Below, in similar lettering, on either side on extensions of the ribbon panel are the dates "1779" at the left and "1929" at the right. A dark panel with white edges bearing the word "Cents" in white Roman letters connects the circles enclosing the denomination numerals. Above this hase in a ribbon panel appears the wording "Maj. Gen. Sullivan" in dark Gotline letters. The entire stamp is enclosed in a narrow white border.

The Sullivan expedition commemorative stamp was first placed on sale June 17, 1929, at the following post offices: Auhum, Binghamton, Canandaigua, Canajoharie, Elmia, Geneseo, Geneva, Horscheads, Owego. Penn Yan, Perry, Seneca Falls, Waterloo, Wutkins Glen, and Waverly, N.Y.

BATTLE OF FALLEN TIMBERS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1929



This stamp was issued as a memorial to Gen. Anthony Wayne and to commemorate the one hundred and thirty-fifth anniversary of the Battle of Fallen Tunbers, which culminated his military campaign against hostile Indian tribes in the Northwest Territory. The stamp is of the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 inch, and is printed in red ink.

The central design of the stamp is a reproduction in white on a dark background of the memorial group on the monument erected on the site of the battlefield, containing the figure of General Wayne in the center with an Indian on the left and a frontiersman on the right. A tablet below contains the legend, "Gen. Anthony Wayne Memorial." On the extreme upper edge of the stamp in a dark panel with white Roman lettering appear the words "United States postuge." Below in a semicircular panel with white edges and white Roman lettering on a dark background are the words "Battle of Fallen Timbers." The ends of this panel are supported by uprights in the form of acanthus scrolls which end at the two lower corners in ovals having white edges and dark background. Within these ovals is the numeral "2." The ovals are connected by a base panel in dark color with the word "Cents" in white Roman letters. Between the upper horizontal and remicircular panels are white ribbons and the dates "1791" at the left and "1929" at the right in dark lettering.

The Battle of Fallen Timbers stamp was first placed on sale September 14, 1929, the date of the unveiling of the monument, at the post offices in Maumee, Perrysburg, Toledo, and Waterville, Ohio, and Eric, Pa.

OHIO RIVER CANALIZATION COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP (2-CENT)--ISSUE OF 1929



This stamp commemorates the completion of the Ohio River canalization project between Cano, Ill., and Pittsburgh, Pa.

The stamp is the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 inch, but with horizontal design, and is printed in red link. The central design represents an Ohio River lock with surrounding scenery. At the top of the stamp within a dark panel in white Roman letters appear the words "United States postage," Below on a tiblion scroll are the words "Ohio River Canalization." In both upper corners on extensions of the ribbon scroll are the dates "1875" at the left and "1929" at the right. At the hottom of the stamp in a dark panel with white edges is the word "Cents" in white Roman letters, and in both lower corners within circles with dark backgrounds appears the white numeral "2." The entire stamp is enclosed in a nar-10w white border.

The Ohio River canalization stamp was first placed on sale October 19, 1929, at the post offices at Cairo, Ill., Evansville, Ind., Louisville, Ky., Cincinnati, Ohio, Hamestead, Pa., Pittsburgh, Pa., and Wheeling, W. Va.

AIRMAIL STAMP (5-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1930



This 5-cent airmail stamp displaced the bicolored airmail stamp, known as the issue of 1928.

The stamp is the same shape and size, $^{75}\!/_{00}$ by $181\!/_{00}$ inches, as the 10-, 15-, and 20 cent airmal stamps of 1926-27, and is printed in purple. The central design is a reproduction of the insignia of an airmal pilot, a globe with extended wings on either side, with a background of rays of light. Upon the globe are the words "U. S. air mail." In a horizontal panel across the top of the stamp are the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters and at the bottom in an ornato panel is the word "Cents." The white numeral "5" appears within circles in both lower corners.

This airmail stamp was first placed on sale February 10, 1930, at Washington, D.C.



This special stamp commemorates the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Massachusetts Bay Colony.

The stamp is an upright rectangle the same size as the 2-cent stump of the regular series of 1922-23, and is printed in red ink. In a straight line across the top of the stamp are the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters, and directly beneath is a semicircular panel containing the words "Massachusetts Bay Colony," This panel is supported on either side by small acanthus-leaf lnackets. In both lower corners within ovals with dark background appear the white numeral "2" and these evals are connected by a panel bearing the word "Cents" in white Roman letters. The central design is the colonial seal with the figure of an Indian holding a bow in his left hand and an arrow in his right. On either side of the figure is a small pine tree. The years "1630" and "1930" in dark numerals are shown outside the lower part of the scal following the curve of the oval.

The Massachusetts Bay Colony stamp was first placed on sale April 8, 1930, at Boston and Salem, Mass.

CHARLESTON (S.C.) COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1930

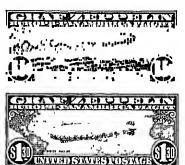


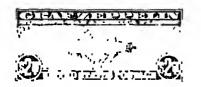
This stamp was issued to commemorate the two hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the Province of Carolina, as well as the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the original settlement near the site of the present city of Charleston, S.C.

This stamp is the same size as the 2-cent ordinary postage stamp of 1922-23, and is printed in red ink. In the upper half of the stamp is a semicrocular ribbon bearing the words "United States postage" in dark Roman letters, while in a smilar ubbon m the lower half are the words "Charleston, S. C." In the space between the central oval and the sides of the stamp are specimens of rice and indigo plants, with the names thereof indicated in dark Gothic letters on white ribbon panels. In the upper corners are the years "1680" at the left and "1930" at the right, in white numerals, and in both lower corners in small ovals appears the white numeral "2." Connecting these ovals is a panel containing the word "Cents" in white Roman letters. The central design depicts the figures of a colonial governor and a friendly Indian standing on the beach, with two ships auchored in the bay. Under the figures in a straight line is the wording "250th anniversary,"

The Charleston stamp was first placed on sale April 10, 1930, at Charleston, S.C.

"GRAF ZEPPELIN" AIRMAIL STAMPS—
ISSUE OF 1930





This special series of animal stamps was issued for use on mail matter carried on the first Europe-Pan American round-trip flight of the Graf Zeppelin in May 1930. This series contains three stamps in denominations of 65 cents, \$1.30, and \$2.60.

The stamps are the same shape and size as the airman stamps of 1926-27, $\frac{75}{100}$ by $15\frac{1}{100}$ inches, and are described as follows:

The border design is the same for each stamp, with the necessary change of numerals representing the value. At the top of the stamp in a straight line are the words "Graf Zeppelin" with the words "Europe-Pan America flight" directly beneath. At the bottom of the stamp in a dark panel appear the words "United States postage" and within circles in both lower corners are the numerals showing the denomination.

The 65-cent stamp is printed in green and contains as the central design a representation of the *Graf Zeppelin* in flight across the Atlantic Ocean in an eastward direction.

In the \$1.30 stamp the airship is shown sailing westward between partial outlines of the eastern and western continents. This stamp is printed in brown.

The design of the \$2.60 stamp shows the Graf Zeppelin emerging from the clouds, passing a globe representing the earth, and traveling toward the West. This stamp is printed in blue.

The Graf Zeppelin stamps were first placed on sale at the post office, Washington, D.C., and the Philatelic Agency on April 19, 1930. The stamps were placed on sale at the following additional post offices on April 21, 1930:

Alabama-Binningham,

Arizona-Phoenix.

Arkansas-Little Rock.

California-Los Angeles, Oakland, and San Francisco.

Colorado-Denver.

Connecticut—Bridgeport, Hautford, and New Haven,

Delaware—Wilmington.

Florida-Jacksonville, Miami, and Tampa.

Georgia-Atlanta and Savannah.

Idaho—Boise.

Illinois-Chicago, Peoria, and Springfield.

Indiana—Fort Wayne, Indianapolis, and South Bend.

Iowa-Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, and Sioux City.

Kansas-Topeka and Wichita.

Kentucky-Louisville.

Louisiana-New Orleans.

Maine-Portland.

Maryland-Baltimore.

Massachusetts—Boston, Springfield, and Worcester.

Michigan-Detroit, Grand Rapids, and Lansing.

Munesota-Duluth, Minneapolis, and St. Paul.

Mississippi-Vicksburg.

Missouri-Kansas City, St. Joseph, and St. Louis.

Montana-Helena.

Nebraska-Lincoln and Omaha.

Nevada-Reno.

New Hampshire--Concord.

New Jersey—Jersey City, Newark, and Trenton.

New Mexico-Albuquerque.

New York—Albany, Brooklyn, Buffalo, New York, Rochester, Schencetady, and Syracuse.

North Carolina-Charlotte and Greenshoro, North Dakota-Fargo,

Ohio-Akron, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield, and Toledo.

Ohlahoma-Oklahoma City and Tulsa.

Oregon-Portland.

Pennsylvania—Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and Scrauton.

Rhode Island-Providence.

South Carolina—Charleston.

South Dakota-Siony Falls.

Tennessee-Chattanooga, Memphis, and Nashville.

Texas-Austin, Dallas, Houston, and San Antonio.

Utah-Salt Lake City.

Vermont-Burlington.

Virginia-Norfolk and Richmond.

Washington-Scattle and Spokane.

West Virginia-Charleston and Wheeling.

Wisconsin-Madison and Milwaukee.

Wyoming-Cheyenne,

The Zeppelin stamps were withdrawn from sale in the above post offices on June 7, 1930, but the stamps were continued on sale in the Philatelic Agency for the benefit of stamp collectors until June 30, 1930.





















The new series of postage due stamps was made available for issuance on postmasters' requisitions beginning July 1, 1930, replacing the 1894 series. Due stamps of the following denominations were included: ½-cent, 1 cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 5-cent, 10-cent, 30 cent, 50-cent, \$1, and \$5.

The stamps are rectangular in shape, about $^{75}/_{100}$ by $^{87}/_{100}$ inch in size, and printed in red. The design for the first eight denominations (½ cent to 50 cents, inclusive) is identical except for the necessary change in numerals representing the value. A different design was used for the \$1 and \$5 denominations, which are horizontal.

The stamps of the ½ cent to 50 cent denominations are described as follows: Across the top of the stamps are the words "United States" and directly beneath in a curved panel are the words "Postage due" in white Roman letters. At the bottom of the stamps is the word "Cent" or "Cents", and in both lower conners within ovals with dark backgrounds, appear the white numerals indicating the denomination. In the center of the stamps appears a larger numeral or numerals, resting upon a background of lathework. In the upper portion of the stamp, and on either side, are small triangular ornaments.

The \$1 and \$5 denominations have the same wording, except that the word "Dollar" or "Dollar" appears at the bottom of the stamp and the white numeral representing the value is within circles with dark backgrounds in both lower corners. In the center of these stamps, within a small panel, is the word "One" or "Five" in white Roman letters resting across a "\$" mark with a background of ornamental lathework. Triangular ornaments also appear in the upper portion of these stamps,

NEW 4-CENT ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMP, PORTRAIT OF TAFT—ISSUE OF 1930



Following the death of William Howard Taft, the Department authorized the issuance of a new 4-cent ordinary postage stamp bearing his likeness. This stamp replaced the stamp of the same denomination bearing the potrait of Martha Washington.

The central design is a portrait of the former President and late Chief Justice, with an open background. The name "Taft" appears on a ribbon scroll directly beneath the portrait. No change was made in the border design or in the color, which continued in brown.

The new stamp was first placed on sale June 4, 1930, at Cincinnati, Ohio, the former home of the subject of the stamp.

BATTLE OF BRADDOCK COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1930



This special issue of 2-cent stamps commemorates the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the Battle of Braddock.

The stamp is the same shape and size as the regular issue $^{75}\!\!/_{100}$ by $^87\!\!/_{100}$ inch, and is printed in red ink. In a straight line across the top of the stamp are the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters and directly beneath is a semicircular panel bearing the words "Battle of Braddock's Field," This panel is supported on either side by acauthus sciolls. In both lower coiners within ovals with dark backgrounds appears the white numeral "2." These ovals are connected by a panel bearing the word "Cents" in white Roman letters.

The central design is a statue of Col. George Washington with the years "1755" and "1930" in white numerals on either side, and directly beneath the statue in a small panel are the words "Colonel George Washington" in white Gothic letters. Ornamental triangles appear on either side in the upper portion of the stamp.

This stamp was first placed on sale July 9, 1930, at Braddock, Pa.

GENERAL VON STEUBEN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1930



This special stamp was issued in commemoration of the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of General Von Steuben and in recognition of the exceptional services tendeted the Colonial cause during the Revolutionary War in drilling and organizing the army.

The stamp conforms in shape and size to the regular assue and is printed in red ink. Across the top of the stamp, arranged in two lines in a curved panel, are the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. Extending below the panel is a vertically striped background, the upper border of which is composed of narrow acanthus scrolls.

In both lower corners in circles with dark backgrounds appears the white numeral "2." In a dark panel connecting the circles is the word "Cents" in white Roman letters. Arising from each circle on the right and left is an acanthus leaf scroll which lends support to the large circular medallion in the central portion of the stump bearing the raised head and bust of Von Steuben modeled from a medal. In a semicircle along the upper edge of the central medallion is the wording "1730--General Von Steuben-1930" Roman type.

This stamp was first placed on sale September 17, 1930, at New York, N.Y.

CHANGE IN DESIGN OF 1 1/2-CENT POSTAGE STAMP, PORTRAIT OF HARDING-ISSUE OF 1930



This issue of 11/2-cent stamps contains a full-face likeness of President Harding in lieu of the profile view originally used on this denomination. The border design of the new stamp was also changed to agree with the other stamps of the regular issue, series of 1922-23. The new stamp is of the same size as the regular issue and printed in hrown ink.

The central design on the 11/2-cent stamp was reengraved in order to provide a more satisfactory likeness of the late President and to have the stamp conform in general style and quality of workmanship with the other stamps of the presidential series.

The 14 cent Harding stamp was first placed on sale, in sheets and sidewise coils, at the post office in Marion, Ohio, on December 1, 1930.

GENERAL PULASKI COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (2-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1931



This special 2-cent commemorative postage stamp in honor of Gen. Casimir Pulaski was issued in recognition of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the death of the noted Polish patriot and hero of the American Revolution.

The stamp is the same shape and size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 inch in dimension, and is printed in red ink. The stamp has a flat, dark border with beyeled outer edge, slightly indented at the sides,

On the border at the top in two lines is the wording "United States postage", in white-taced Roman letters. In both lower corners in white bordered circles is the numeral "2" in white-faced Roman and above the circles in the boidering panel in white numerals are the dates, "1748" at the left and "1779" at the right, representing the dates of birth and death, respectively, of General Pulaski Across the bottom of the stamp in a dark panel with white edges connecting the numerals is the word "Cents" in white Roman lettering. In a central panel of oval form with a narrow white edge is the likeness of General Pulaski modeled from a portrait in Jones's History of Georgia, printed from an etching by II B. Hall in 1871. In a white emved ribbon panel at the base of the portiant are the words "General Pulaski" in red Gothic letters, Projecting from behind the central panel with their staffs extending to the upper corners are the flags of the two nations, that of the United States to the left and the Republic of Poland to the right.

The General Pulaski commemorative stamp was first placed on sale January 16, 1931, at the following post offices:

Savannah, Ga. Chicago, Ill. Gary, Ind. South Bend, Ind. Detroit, Mich. Brooklyn, N.Y. Buffalo, N.Y. New York, N.Y. Cleveland, Ohio. Toledo, Ohio. Pittsburgh, Pa. Milwaukee, Wis.

RED CROSS COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP (2-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1931



This stamp was issued to commonorate the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the American Red Cross.

The stamp is printed in two colors, black and ted, and is the same size as the regular issue, $^{76}\!/_{100}$ by $^{87}\!/_{100}$ inch, arranged as an upright rectangle. The stamp is enclosed in a border formed by a heavy black outer and lighter inner line slightly indented along the center on all four sides. Across the top of the stamp in two lines are the words "United States postage" in white-faced Roman lettering. The central design of the

stamp, printed in black, is the figure of a Red Cross nuise kneeling before the globe with outstretched hands, reproduced from the 1930 poster entitled "The Greatest Mother." In the upper part of the stamp at the left of the figure is the Greek cross with ine equal squares, the emblem of the organization, printed in red. Arranged vertically, opposite the indentation on either side, are the dates in black Gothic figures "1881" at the left and "1931" at the right. In both lower corners within white bordered ovals with black background appears the white numerals "2." The ovals are summounted by acanthus scroll ornaments. Across the bottom of the stamp in a straight line between the eyals containing the denomination numeral is the word "Cents" in white Roman letters.

The Red Cross commemorative stamp was placed on sale May 21, 1931, at Washington, D.C., national headquarters of the American Red Cross, and Dansville, N.Y., where the first local chapter was established.

YORKTOWN COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP (2-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1931



The Battle of Yorktown stamp commemorates the one hundred and fifteth anniyersary of the surrender of Cornwallis.

The stamp is rectangular in shape, 89/100 by $14\%_{100}$ inches in dimension. It is printed in two colors, the background in 1cd, and the three portraits composing the central design in black. In a horizontal line across the top of the stamp are the words "United States postage" in small white Roman letters. Directly below on a white ribbon panel in red lettering is the word "Yorktown" in the center with the dates on either side, "1781" at the left and "1931" at the right. At the base of the stamp in a small panel with curled sciolls at either end is the word "Cents" in white-faced Roman on a solid background. In each lower corner in a small panel with narrow white border and scrolled top is the numeral "2" in white Roman on a solid background. Extending across the center of the stamp are three ovals with white outer

and red inner line horders containing, in order, beginning at the left, the portraits of Rochambeau, Washington, and De Grasse, the names appearing in red lettering on white ribbon panels at the base of the ovals.

The Yorktown stamp was first placed on sale October 19, 1931, at the post offices in

Yorktown, Va., and Wethersfield, Con (branch of Hartford). The latter post offi was included in the first day list for the leason that it was at that place that the plans for the Yorktown campaign we agreed to by General Washington and Cou Rochambeau.

WASHINGTON BICENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMPS (1/2-CENT TO 10-CE INCLUSIVE)—ISSUE OF 1932

























In cooperation with the national celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington, the Department authorized a special series of 12 postage stamps in denominations of ½ cent to 10 cents, inclusive, to be kept on sale in post offices throughout the anniversary period in lien of the regular series of stamps.

The stamps are of regulation size, $7\%_{00}$ by $8\%_{100}$ inch in dimension, arranged vertically, and have as the central designs portraits of Washington modeled from the works of noted artists. The stamps are described as follows:

One-half cent.—The stamp is dark brown in color and has a flat paneled border with darker interior over which is laid a circular panel in which appears the likeness of Washington taken from a miniature painted by Charles Wilson Peale in 1777, the original of which is in the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The central design is bordered by white inner

and outer lines forming a narrow circupanel, within which, across the top, is legend "United States postage" in whared Roman, the remainder being filled with laurel leaves. The circular panel overlaid and supported at the base by a cut white ribbon containing the dates "1732' the left and "1932" at the right, with the w "Washington" underneath across the cor of the ribbon. In each lower corner wi a white edged circular panel is the fraction numeral "½" in white Roman on a chackground. The circles are connected I horizontal panel containing the word "Cr in white Roman letters,

One-cent.—The stamp is printed in gr Across the top is a flat panel containing two horizontal lines, the words "Un States postage" in white-faced Roman, panel is supported at either end by ver flat fluted columns, the bases of which exto the bottom of the stamp and hold in each lower corner a white edged oval panel enclosing the numeral "1" in white Roman on a dark background. In the center of the stamp slightly overlapping the side columns is a large oval with dark background and white line border containing a reproduction of the profile bust of Washington by Jean Antoine Houdon made in 1785 and now in Mount Vernon. Across the base of the oval is a white-ribbon panel containing in dark Gothic lettering the name "Washington" in the center and the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right. In a horizontal line across the base of the stamp is the word "Cent" in white Roman on a dark background.

One-and-one-half cent.-The stamp is light brown in color with a narrow white border within which in the upper part is a flat tinted panel enclosing a background of darker shade. Extending to the top of the stamp is a semicircular panel with white edges and dark ground, resting at either end on fluted side columns which rise slightly above midway of the stamp. Within this panel appear the words "United States postage" in white-faced Roman. At the base of the column in each lower corner is a small rectangular panel with heveled upper corners containing the figures "11/2" in white-faced Roman on a solid ground. The small panels are connected by a horizontal panel with dark ground, containing the word "Cents" in white Roman. In the space under the arch in the central part of the stamp is a likeness of Washington modeled from a painting known as the Virginia Colonel made at Mount Vernon in 1772 by Charles Wilson Peale, the original of which is now in Washington and Lee University. At the base of the portrait is a white-ribbon panel containing the word "Washington" in the center and the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right in the enryed ends which extend slightly upward and overlap the lower ends of the side columns.

Two-cent.—The stamp is printed in red and is enclosed in a narrow white-line border with small ornaments resembling fleurs-de-lis in each upper corner. Beginning slightly above the center on either side and traching the top is a semicircular panel with the words "United States postage" in white Roman on a solid background. The ends of the panel are supported by acamthus scrolls rising from upright ovals in each lower corner. Within these ovals with white edges is the Roman numeral "2" in white on a solid background. At the base of the stamp between the ovals is a white

bordered panel with the word "Cents" in white Roman letters on a solid background. In the center of the stamp with a dark background is the likeness of Washington by Gilbert Stuart from a painting made at Germantown, Pa, in 1796, known as the Atheneum portrait, the original of which is now in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. On a white ribbon below the portrait is the name "Washington" in dark Roman lettering. On the raised ends of the ribbon are the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right.

Three-cent,-The stamp is printed in purple ink and is enclosed in a white-line border. In a curved panel having white edges and solid background across the top of the stamp are the words "United States nostage" in white Roman letters. The panel is supported at each end by small acanthus scrolls. In each upper corner of the stamp is a small sunken triangle. In each lower corner is a cucle with white edge enclosing the white Roman numeral "3" on a dark background. Across the bottom of the stamp connecting the eircles is a narrow panel containing the word "Cents" in white Roman on a solid background. Above the panel is a ribbon with the name "Washington" in small dark Roman lettering. On the ends of the ribbon, which are curved upward to jest over the circles, are the date "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right. In the central part of the stamp is the likeness of Washington in the uniform of a general with cocked hat reproduced from a portrait by Charles Wilson Peale painted at Valley Forge in 1777. The original portrait is now in the State Normal School at West Chester, Pa.

Four-cent,-The stamp is printed in warm brown and has a narrow rectangular border indented at the sides and ends. Across the top of the stamp in a narrow double curved, white-edged panel are the words "United States postage" in two lines in white Roman letters on solid background. The panel is widened at the center to accommodate the last word, and the ends of the widehed nortion are supported by acanthus scrolls which rise from each side of the large avals occupying the central part of the stamp. Within the large oval is the likeness of Washington taken from a painting by Charles Peale Polk, now in the possession of Mi. William Patten, Rhinebeck, N.Y. Below the portrait in a curved white ribbon in dark Gothic lettering is the name "Washington" in the center and the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right. In each lower corner is a circular panel with dark ground and white edge with the numeral "4" in white Roman. Between the circles in a narrow white bordered panel curved to conform with the ribbon above is the word "Cents" in white Roman letters.

Five cent.—The stamp, printed in blue, is bordered by a beveled edge panel indented at the sides and ends. Across the top in a double curve in white Roman letters are the words "United States postage" in two lines. On each side of the word "Postage" is a small acanthus scioll. In the center of the stano is a large dark shield with white-line border containing the likeness of Washington from a painting by Charles Wilson Peale made in 1795, and now in the possession of the New York Historical Society. On a curved ribbon below the portrait are the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right, and the name "Washington" in the center in dark Gothic lettering. In each lower corner is a rectangular shaped panel containing the nameral "5" in white Roman with dark background.

Six-cent.—The stamp is printed in orange color. The stamp is enclosed by a rectangular panel with white edge forming a frame for the central design representing Washington in the uniform of a general reproduced from a painting by John Tramball in 1792, now in Yale University. Over the head is a narrow semicircle panel with white-line border and solid background extending, at the center, to the top of the stamp. Within this panel are the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters on a solid background, The panel is supported on each side by small acanthus scrolls. In each upper corner is a triangular sunken panel with white edge and darker interior. In each lower corner is an upright oval with white edge containing the numeral "6" in white Roman on a solid background. At the base in a horizontal line between the ovals is the word "Cents" in white Roman. Under the portrait is a enryed white ribbon bearing in the center the name "Washington" in dark Roman lettering. On the ends of the ribbon, which rest at the top of the ovals on each side, are the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right,

Seven-cent.—The stamp is printed in black ink with white edge and gray paneled border on the sides and top. The upright panels are slightly indented at the sides. Inside the border is a background of darker gray. Along the upper edge of the stamp in a horizontal line are the words "United States postage" in white Roman. In each lower corner is a circle with white edge and black ground enclosing the numeral "7" in white Roman. The circles are connected by a white edged panel containing the word "Cents" in white Roman on a dark background. In the center of the stamp is a large oval with light back-

ground and white border which contains a likeness of Washington in a colonial minform showing the head and bust reproduced from a full length portrait painted by John Trumbull in 1780, the original of which is now in the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Below the portrait is a double curved white ribbon bearing in the center in black Roman lettering the name "Washington." On the raised ends of the ribbon are the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right.

Eight-cent.—The stamp is of olive gieen color and is enclosed in a white-line border, In a large upright oval in the center of the stamp is a profile bist portrait of Washington facing to the left, reproduced from a crayon drawing made from life by Charles B. J. F. Saint Memin at Philadelphia in 1798 Enclosing the central oval is a narrow panel with white edges and dark ground containing the inscription "United States postage" in white Roman letters. On each side of the central oval near the top is shown the upper corner of a shieldlike inner panel. In each lower corner in an apright rectangular panel with white edge and double curved top is the numeral "8" on a dark background. At the base of the stamp in a narrow white edged panel between the numerals is the word "Cents" in white Roman on a dark background. At the base of the central oval is a white ribbon with the name "Washington" in dark lettering in the center and on the curved and raised ends the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right,

Nine-cent.-The stamp is printed in salmon pink with a white-line border. At the center in a large panel rectangular in shape below, oval and slightly widened in the upper portion, is the likeness of Washington modeled from a pastel portrait in the possession of the Masonic lodge of Alexandria, Va., for whom it was drawn from life by W. Williams in 1794. Above the central panel in a double enryed white rubbon with scrolled ends are the words "United States postage" in dark Roman. In each lower corner of the stamp is the numeral "9" in white Roman, In a horizontal line at the base between the numerals is the word "Cents" in white Roman. On a white ribbon at the base of the portrait within the central panel is the name "Washington" in dark Roman. In the cinved ends of the ribbon above the numerals are the dates "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right. Rising from each ribbon end is a small lamel branch.

Ten-cent.—The stamp is yellow in color. The sides and top are slightly indented along the center and are bordered by a narrow

panel having dark center and white edges. In the upper part, overlapping the border at the top and sides is a nattow white edged panel with double curve and small acanthus scrolls at each end containing in two lines the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters on a dark background. The panel is widened at the center to provide space for "Postage." In the center of the stamp is a large oval with white edge and dark ground enclosing the portrait of Washington taken from a paritting by Gilbert Stuart in 1795, now in the possession of the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York City. Within the oval under the portrait is a narrow curved panel with white edge and dark ground containing in Gothic lettering the name "Washington" in the center and the dates on each side, "1732" at the left and "1932" at the right. In each lower corner is a white edged panel, slightly shield-shaped on the bottom line, in which appears the numeral "10" in white Roman on a dark background. At the base of the stamp in a horizontal line is the word "Cents" in white Roman letters on a dark background.

The bicentennial stamps were first placed on sale January 1, 1932, at the post office in Washington, D.C.

III OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP (2-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1932



This special stamp was issued in honor of the International Olympic Winter Games held at Lake Placid, N.Y., in February, 1932.

The stamp is a horizontal rectangle 75/00 by 87/00 inch in dimension, printed in red ink and enclosed in a single-line border. Across the top of the stamp in a straight line are the words "United States postage" in white Roman, and directly below in white lettering is the wording "III Olympic Winter Games."

The central design is a representation of a ski jumper in action, in the position of descent from right to left, with a background formed by a snow-covered mountain land-scape and overcast sky. Across the base of the central design in two lines in dark Gothic lettering appears the wording "Lake Placid, New York", and the dates "February

4-13, 1932." In each lower corner is a large white numeral "2." Extending across the bottom of the stamp between the numerals are the words "Two cents" in white Roman.

This commenorative stamp was first placed on sale at the post office in Luke Placid, N.Y., on January 25, 1932.

ARBOR DAY COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP (2-CENT)--- ISSUE OF 1932



This stamp was authorized in commemoration of the sixtieth anniversary of the establishment of Arbor Day, on April 22, 1932, and in honor of the one hundredth auniversary of the birth of J. Stelling Morton, through whose efforts a day was first officially set aside for the planting of trees by the State of Nebraska in 1872.

The stamp is of the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 inch in dimension, printed in 1cd ink. It is surrounded by a narrow white-line border within which on cither side rises a large tree with spreading branches that meet at the top in the form of an arbor. Across the top of the stamp in two curved lines are the words "United States postage" in white Roman. In a curved line inside the arch are the words "Arbor Day" in red Roman. Across the bottom of the stamp in a narrow panel, with solid background and white edges, are the words, "Two cents" in white Roman. Directly above the panel on each side within a circle with white edge and solid background is the large numeral "2," Acanthus scrolls extend from the tops of the circles over the base of the trees. The central design of the stamp pictures the planting of a tree by a girl and boy, the former holding the tree in position while the earth is filled in by the boy. In the left background is a small house with forest trees extending to the right. In a straight line below the central figures are the dates "1872-1932", in white Roman.

The Arbor Day stamp was first placed on sale in Nebraska City, Nebr., the former home of J. Sterling Morton, on April 22, 1932.

XTH OLYMPIAD COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS (3-CENT AND 5-CENT)--- ISSUE OF 1932



This special series of postage stamps in the 3-cent and 5-cent denominations was issued in recognition of the International Olympic Games held at Los Angeles, Calif., from July 30 to August 14, 1932.

The two stamps are of the regular size, 75/100 by 87/100 inch in dimension, and are identical in every detail except color, denomination numerals, and central subject.

The 3-cent stamp is printed in purple ink and has for the central design the likeness of an Olympic runner in erouched position as if ready for the starting signal. The 5-cent stamp is printed in blue and includes as the central subject a representation of a discus thrower modeled from the statue "Discobolus", back of which on a solid background is an outline of the globe with the lower part obscured by clouds.

The central subjects are in oval panels bordered along the top and sides with a narrow panel in the shape of a horseshoe with open part below. Within the bordering panels, which have white edges and solid backgrounds, is the inscription "Xth Olympind-Los Angeles, 1932" in white Roman. Across the top of the stamps in a narrow white edged panel with solid background are the words "United States postage" in white Roman letters. Within a circular panel with white edge and solid ground in each lower corner is the large numeral "3" or "5", conforming to the denomination of the stamp. Rising from the top of each circle is an acanthus leaf which overlaps the base of the horseshoe panel. Connecting the circles containing the numerals and forming the base of the stamp is a narrow panel, with solid background and white edges, containing the word "Cents" in white Roman. On either side from behind the upper part of the horseshoe panel rises a smoking torch.

The Olympic Games stamps were first placed on sale at the post office in Los Angeles, Calif., on June 15, 1932.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMP (3-CENT)--15SUE OF 1932



The issuance of this new design 3-cent stamp containing as the central subject the likeness of Washington reproduced from the Stuart portrait was authorized after the enactment of legislation increasing the postage rate on letter mail of the first class, effective July 6, 1932, to conform to the established policy of having the likeness of the First President on the stamp representing the initial rate of postage for such mail matter.

The stamp is identical in size and design to the 2 cent stamp of the Washington Bicen tennial series except for the change in denomination numeral and emission of the dates. The stamp is printed in purple ink.

The new 3 cent stamp was first placed on sale on June 16, 1932, at the post office in Washington, D.C.

STAMP COILS (6-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1932

To meet the public demand under the new postage rates, effective July 6, 1932, the Department authorized the issuance of 6-cent stamps in coils of 500 and 1,000 each.

The stamps in the coils are of the same design as the 6-cent stamp of the regular 1922-23 series, containing the likeness of Carfield and printed in orange color.

The new 6 cent coil was first placed on sale on August 18, 1932, at Los Angeles, Calif., in connection with the National Philatelic Exposition and American Philatelic Society Convention, held August 15 to 20, 1932.

AIRMAIL STAMP (8-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1932



The issuance of an airmail stamp in this denomination was required to conform to the

new animail rate which became effective July 6, 1932.

The 8-cent airmail stamp is of the same size, shape, and design as the 5-cent airmail stamp of the 1930 issue, containing a reproduction of the insignia of the airmail service as the central design. No modification was made except to substitute the denomination numeral "8" in the circular panel in each lower corner and to change the color to olive green.

The 8-cent airmail stamp was first placed on sale in Washington, D.C., on Septemher 26, 1932.

WILLIAM PENN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (3-CENT)----(5SUE OF 1932



This stamp was issued to commemorate the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the arrival of William Penn in America.

The stamp is of the same size and shape as the stamps of the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 inch in dimension, and is printed in purple ink. In a horizontal line across the top of the stamp are the words "United States nostago" in small solid Roman letters. In the center of the stamp is the likeness of William Penn in armor, reproduced from an engraving of a portrait painted from life in 1666, the original of which is in the possession of the Pennsylvania Historical Society. On either side of the head, running pernendicularly, are the dates "1682", the year of William Penn's arrival in America, at the left, and "1932" at the right. Within an upright rectangle with white edges and solid background, in each lower corner, is a white keystone bearing the numeral "3" in solid Gothic. In a narrow panel across the base connecting the corner rectangles is the word "Cents" in white Gothic. Below the portrait on a narrow white ribbon panel is the name "William Penn" in small solid Gothic letters.

The William Penn commemorative stamp was first placed on sale October 24, 1932, at the post offices in New Castle, Del., Chester, Pa., and Philadelphia, Pa.

DANIEL WEBSTER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP [3-CENT]—ISSUE OF 1932



This stamp was authorized in honor of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of Daniel Webster.

The stamp is the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 85/100 melt in dimension. The stamp is of the 3-cent denomination, printed in purple. The central subject is a full-face likeness of Damel Webster, reproduced from a marble bust by Daniel Chester French at Franklin, N.H., the birthplace of Webster In a semicircular white ribbon panel, with folded ends, over the portrait and touching the border at top and sides are the words "United States postage" in small solid Roman letters. In an upright oval panel with white edge and solid background in each lower corner is the numeral "3" in white Roman. In a panel with solid background, connecting the ovals, is the word "Cents" in white Roman. Above the base panel is a narrow ribbon with folded ends which extend over the ovals containing the denomination numerals In the center of this ribbon at the base of the portrait are the words "Daniel Webster" in dark Roman letters, and in the folded ends are the dates "1782" at the left and "1932" at the right. On each side, extending from the top of the stamp to the ovals in the lower corners and partially obscured by the end of the semicircular panel, is a fasces. The stamp is enclosed in a nar-10w white-line border.

The Daniel Webster commemorative stamp was first placed on sale October 24, 1932, at Exeter, Franklin, and Hanover, N.H.

GENERAL OGLETHORPE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (3-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1933



This special issue of postage stamps was authorized to commemorate the two hun-

diedth anniversary of the settlement of Georgia, and in honor of General Oglethorpe, the founder of the colony.

The stamp is of the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 meh in dimension, without border, and is printed in purple ink. In a horizontal line across the top of the stamp in shaded Roman letters are the words "United States postage." The central subject of the stamp is the likeness of General Oglethorpe, wearing a coat of aumor. In each lower corner, within an upright rectangular panel with tinted face and narrow white-line horder, is the large numeral "3" in white Roman. In a narrow panel at the bottom of the stamp is the word "Cents" in white Roman. On a white panel directly above the base panel is the name "General Oglethorpe" in dark Gothic letters. On each side of the head, arranged perpendicularly, are the dates "1733" at the left and "1933" at the right.

The General Oglethorpe commemorative stamp was first placed on sale February 12, 1933, at the post office in Savannah, Ga.

PROCLAMATION OF PEACE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP (3-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1933



This special stamp commemorates the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the issuance by General Washington of the official order containing the proclamation of peace, marking, oflicially, the ending of hostilities in the war for independence.

The stamp is the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 inch in dimension. The stamp is enclosed in a narrow doubleline border and is printed in purple ink. At the top of the stamp in a narrow panel with solid background and ornamental ends are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman. Underneath this panel in three lines is the inscription "Washington's Headquarters, Newburgh, N.Y., 1783-1933" in small dark Cothic lettering. The central design is a representation of the Hashrouck House at Newburgh, N.Y., used as headquarters by General Washington at the time the proclamation was issued. The Hudson River is pictured at the left of the house and in the background are ranges of hills following the course of the river. In the lower right corner of the central design is a large tree with rocks and plants around the base. In the opposite lower corner is a cannon partly hidden by shrubbery. In front and to the left of the house is a staff bearing a flag representing the first Stars and Stripes. The large numeral "3" in dark Gothic is enclosed within a shield-shaped panel with light background at the center of the lower edge. On each side of the panel containing the denomination numeral is a ribbon with folded ends bearing the words "Three" at the left and "Cents" at the right.

The Proclamation of Peace commemorative stamp was first placed on sale April 19, 1933, at the post office in Newburgh, N.Y.

CHICAGO CENTURY OF PROGRESS EXPOSITION COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS (1-CENT AND 3-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1933





This special issue of stamps commenorated the Century of Progress International Exposition held in Chicago, Ill., beginning June 1, 1933.

The stamps are of the same size as the regular issue, $75/_{100}$ by $87/_{100}$ inch in dimension, arranged horizontally. Both stamps are enclosed in narrow double-line borders. The 1-cent stamp is printed in green and the 3-cent stamp in purple.

The central design of the 1-cent stamp depicts old Fort Dearborn, pioneer outpost at Chicago, as restored in 1816. A blockhouse of the old fort appears in the foreground, partly overshadowed below and with a stockade fence extending from each side to the edge of the stamp. In the background are trees and other buildings of the fort. In a short ribbon panel at the top of the stamp are the words "U. S. postage" in solid Gothic, On each side opposite the lower edge of this panel are the dates "1833" at the left and "1933" at the right. Above the blockhouse in a curved line are the words "Chicago Century of Progress" in solid Gothic. In each lower corner is a circular panel with light ground and double-line border enclosing the denomination numeral "I" in solid Roman. In a narrow panel with curved ends and solid background at the base of the stamp is the word "Cent" in white Roman. Above the base panel in solid block lettering are the words "Fort Dearborn,"

The 3-cent stamp has for a central design a reproduction of the Federal building, with its three massive towers, on the exposition grounds. In a short narrow panel with solid background and white border at the top of the stamp are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman. Below this top panel and on each side of the upper part of the central tower are the inscriptions "Century of Progress" at the left and "Chicago 1833-1933" at the right in solid Gothic lettering arranged in two lines. In a horizontal line at the base of the central design are the words "Federal Building" in small solid block letters and directly underneath is the word "Cents" in white Roman. Within a circular punel with white border and solid background in each lower corner is the white Roman numeral "III."

The Century of Progress commemorative stamps were first placed on sale May 25, 1933, at the main post office in Chicago, Ill.

SOUVENIR SHEETS OF CENTURY OF PROGRESS COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1933

This special issue of 1-cent and 3-cent postage stamps of the Century of Progress design in sheets of 25 stamps each was authorized for printing on the stamp press included in the Government exhibit at the Chicago Century of Progress Exposition.

The sheets are approximately 4% by 5% mehes in dimension, and are unguimmed and without perforations. In narrow margins on the four sides of the sheets in small Gothic lettering, corresponding to the color of the denomination, is the following wording: "Printed by the Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, under authority of James A. Farley, Postmaster Ceneral, at a Century of Progress. In compliment to the American Philatelic Society for its convention and exhibition, Chicago, Illinois, August 1933."

The special sheets of Century of Progress stamps were first placed on sale August 25, 1933, at the philatelic station, Chicago, Ill., operated in connection with the annual convention of the American Philatelic Society held at the Medinah Michigan Avenue Club, Chicago, August 21–26. The stamps were also placed on sale August 28, 1933, at Chicago Century of Progress Postal Station, Exposition Grounds, for the convenience of visitors.

Stamps of this special printing were not placed on sale at other post offices. They were, however, placed on sale August 28, 1933, at the Philatelic Agenty, Post Office Department, for the benefit of stamp collectors.

N.R.A. EMERGENCY POSTAGE STAMP (3-CENT)--- 15SUE OF 1933



This special issue of postage stamps was authorized by the Department to direct attention to and arouse the support of the Nation in the National Recovery Act.

The stamp is of the same size as the regular issue, 75/100 by 87/100 meh, and is surrounded by a narrow double-line border. The stamp is arranged horizontally and is printed in puple ink. At the top of the stamp in dark Roman lettering are the words "U. S. postage."

The principal design, spaced slightly to the right of the center of the stamp, contains figures representing a farmer, a business man, an industrial worker, and a woman employee. Rays of light, as from the rising sun, extend from the upper right corner toward the central group. In the upper part of the space, between the central subject and the left margin, in dark Gothic letters, are the words "Three cents", arranged in two lines, and some distance below, in dark Gothic letters of larger size, is the abbreviation "N. R. A." The denomination is designated by "3¢" within a circle with white background in the lower left corner of the stamp. In a horizontal line along the bottom of the stamp, in small Gothic lettering, are the words "In a common determination."

The N. R. A. stamp was first placed on sale August 15, 1933, at Washington, D.C.



The stamp in honor of Gen, Thaddeus Kosciusko was issued in connection with the one hundred and liftieth anniversary of his naturalization as an American citizen.

The stamp is of the regulation size, 75/100 by 87/100 inch, printed in blue Surrounding the stamp is a narrow panel ruled diagonally, bordered by a single inner line with double haes along the outer margin. The likeness of General Kosciusko, modeled from a statue in Lafavette Park, Washington, D.C., appears at the right of the center with top of the pedestal base resting in the lower right corner In a horizontal line in the upper left portion of the stamp are the words "U. S. postage" in dark Roman. Immediately below this inscription are the words "Five cents" in solid Gothic lettering, beneath which is a scioll-like ornament. In the space helow is the name "Koscinszko" in solid Gothic with the dates "1783" and "1933", directly below, arranged in two lines. The denomination designation, "5(", is enclosed in a encular panel with light ground in the lower left corner, behind which is shown a group of trees.

The Kosciusko stamp was first placed on sale October 13, 1933, at Chicago, Ill., Boston, Mass., Detroit, Mich., Kosciusko, Miss, St. Louis, Mo., Buffalo, N.Y., and Pittsburgh, Pa.

SPECIAL "GRAF ZEPPELIN" AIRMAIL STAMP (50-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1933



This special stamp was provided for use on airmail matter carried on the flight of the Graf Zeppelin to the Century of Progress Exposition, in October 1933.

The stamp is the same shape and size as the airmail stamps of the 1926-27 series, 75/100 by 181/100 inches, printed in green. The central design is a representation of the Graf Zeppelin over the Atlantic Ocean. To the right appears the hangar at Friedrichshafen. and to the left is shown the Federal Building at the Century of Progress Exposition. Across the top of the stamp appear the words "United States postage", in solid Roman letters, and immediately underneath are the words "A Century of Progress Flight" in smaller Gothic type. In a large oval with dark background below the central design is the denomination designation "50¢" in white lettering. The stamp is enclosed in a border formed by two narrow parallel lines.

The special Zeppelin stamp was placed on sale at the following post offices intil after the completion of the flight: Miami, Fla., Chicago, Ill., New York, NY, and Akron, Ohio. The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on October 2, 1933. The stamp was placed on sale in the Philatelic Agency, Post Office Department, October 5, 1933.

LITTLE AMERICA POSTAGE STAMP (3-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1933



This stamp was issued for use on letters mailed through the Little America post office, established at the base camp of the Byrd Antarctic Expedition, in the territory of the South Pole.

The stamp is of the same size and shape as special delivery stamps, 83/100 by 142/100 inches, arranged vertically. The stump is surrounded by a narrow double-line border, and is printed in navy blue. Across the top of the stamp is the inscription "Byrd Antarctic Expedition II", arranged in two lines in solid Roman. In the central part of the stamp is a representation of the world. Routes of the several Byrd flights are depicted by datted lines, with the dates thereof in solid Gothic. Proposed new flights to the Antarctic and to the South Pole are also indicated. The position of the base camp is marked by a solid dark circle, with the wording "Little America" in solid Gothic extending parallel with the meridian to the west of the base. Within a circle with white ground and double-line barder, in each lower corner, is the large numeral "3" in solid color. At the bottom of the stamp is a narrow borizontal panel with white ground containing the word "Cents" in solid Gothic. In a ribbon panel directly above, with white ground, are the words "U. S. postage", also in solid Cothic lettering. A clouded effect, heavy below and lighter at the top, forms a background for the central globe.

Since the Department had no means of providing for the transportation of this philatelic mail to Little America other than through the facilities of the Byrd Antarctic Expedition, arrangements were made with the expedition to accept covers tor mailing through the Little America post office, bearing appropriate postmark, at a service change of 50 cents for each letter, exclusive of the postage rate of 3 cents. The Little America stamp was first placed on sale October 9, 1933, at the Philatelic Agency, Post Office Department. The stamp was not distributed to post offices for sale to the public.

SOUVENIR SHEET OF LITTLE AMERICA STAMPS (3-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1934

These special sheets, each contaming six Little America stamps, were authorized for printing on the postage-stamp press included in the display of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing at the National Stamp Exhibition of 1934 held at Rockefeller Center, New York, N.Y., February 10-18.

The special sheet is approximately 3% by 3% inches in dimension, ungummed and unperforated. The following printing appears in small type in blue ink on the four sides of the sheets: "Printed by the Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, under authority of James A. Farley, Postmaster General, New York, NY., February 10-18, 1934, in compliment to the National Stamp Exhibition of 1934,"

The souvenir sheets of Little America stamps were first placed on sale February 10, 1934, at the branch Philatelic Agency operated in connection with the National Stamp Exhibition. In addition to these special sheets, the branch agency had available for sale stocks of the various commemorative stamps, from the William Penn issue to date.

To facilitate the dispatch of mail by visitors, a separate substation of the New York post office was established on the exhibition floor, where a special cauceling stamp, reading as follows, was provided: "National Stamp Exhibition Sta., New York, N.Y." As the Little America stamp was issued primarily for use on mail dispatched on the Byrd Antarctic Expedition, the special sheets of this stamp were not issued to and sold through post offices.

For the benefit of stamp collectors who did not attend the National Stamp Exhibition, the souvenir sheets of Little America stamps were placed on sale at the Philatelic Agency, Post Office Department, beginning February 19, 1934.

MARYLAND TERCENTENARY COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP (3-CENT)——ISSUE OF 1934



This special issue was authorized to commemorate the three hundredth anniversary of the settlement of Maryland.

The stamp is of the same size and shape as the regular issue, $^{75}/_{100}$ by $^{87}/_{00}$ inch in dimension, arranged horizontally. It is enclosed in a narrow double-line border. Within a narrow panel across the top of the stamp is the wording "Maryland Tercentenary" in white Roman, on a solid background. In the widened ends of the panel are the dates "1634" at the left and "1934" at the right in white Gothic. The panel is supported by ornamental brackets at each end. The color of this stamp is red.

The central design is a representation of the two sarling vessels on which the first Maryland colonists came to America. On a curved ribbon at the left of the central design is the inscription "The Ark and the Dove" in dark Old English lettering. In a corresponding position at the right is the Maryland coat of arms. Within circular panels with white borders and solid background in both lower corners is the large denomination numeral "3." Between the circles along the bottom of the stamp in a marrow panel with white edges and solid background and arranged in two lines is the wording "U. S. postage" and "Three cents,"

The Maryland Tercentenary stamp was first placed on sale on March 23, 1931, at the post office in St. Marys City, Md., where the first settlement was located.

COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP IN HONOR OF MOTHERS (3-CENT)—ISSUE OF 1934



This special stamp was issued as a tribute to the Mothers of America.

The stamp is in the form of a horizontal rectangle, 81/100 by 111/100 inches in dimen-

sion, inclosed in a narrow double-line horder. The color of the stamp is purple.

To the right of the center of the stamp facing the left is a reproduction of the painting by James Abbot McNeill Whistler, entitled "Portrait of My Mother." Along the top of the stamp at the left in solid Old English lettering are the words "U.S. postage," Directly below, arranged in four lines, in solid Gothic letters is the inscription "In Memory and in Honor of the Mothers of America." Underneath the inscription, in two lines, are the words "Three cents" in solid Gothic. In the lower left corner is a vase containing camations.

The mothers' commemorative stamp was first placed on sale May 2, 1934, at Washington, D.C.

AIRMAIL STAMP (6-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1934



The issuance of this denomination airmail stamp was required to conform to the adjusted airmail rates which became effective on July 1, 1934

The 6-cent airmail postage stamp is identical in size and design with the 5 cent airmail stamp of the 1930 issue and the 8-cent airmail stamp of 1932; the only alterations are a change in the denomination numeral to "6" and the color to orange. The Department did not authorize a first-day sale for this stamp, but it was available at many post offices on July 1, 1934.

WISCONSIN TERCENTENARY COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP (3-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1934



This stamp was issued to commemorate the three hundredth anniversary of the arrival of the French explorer, Jean Nicolet, on the shores of Green Bay, who, according to historical records, was the first white man to

reach the territory now comprised in the State of Wiscousin.

The stamp is \$1'100 by 141'100 inches in dimension, airanged houzontally, and is enclosed within a narrow double-line border. It is printed in purple. Extending across the top of the stamp in a narrow panel with dark ground and white edges is the inscription "1634-Wisconsin Tercentenary-1934" in white Roman lettering. The central subject is reproduced from a painting depicting the arrival of the explorer. On a white ribbon panel at the base of the picture is the title "Nicolet's Landing on the shores of Green Bay" in solid Gothic lettering. In a narrow panel, with white horder that extends along the lower edge of the stamp, are the words "United States postage" in white Roman with small ornaments at either end. Resting on the base panel in each lower corner are dark rectangular panels with white edges enclosing the denomination designation "3¢" in white. Panels of the same width composed of fan-shaped ornaments extend to the top panel on each side.

The Wisconsin Teleentenary commemorative stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Green Bay, Wis., on July 7, 1934.

NATIONAL PARKS POSTAGE STAMPS (1-CENT TO 10-CENTS, INCLUSIVE)—ISSUE OF 1934





















This special issue of ten postage stamps in denominations of 1-cent to 10-cents, inclusive, was the first series of stamps to he devoted entirely to scenic views from the national parks. The stamps were issued complumentary to the observance of 1934 as "National Parks Year,"

The stamps of this series are of larger size, 84/100 by 1.14/100 inches in dimension, in order to better accommodate the subject matter incorporated thereon. The stamps are issued in sheets of 50. The stamps of the different denominations are described as follows:

The 1-cent stamp is arranged vertically and is printed in green ink. This denomination shows a scene in Yosemite National Park with the famous El Capitan at the right. In a solid panel across the hottom of the stamp is the inscription "U.S. postage" in white Roman lettering. Resting on this

base is a dark panel with curved top and ends, within which in a curved line along the upper edge is the title "Yosemite" in white Gothic. Below the title is the denomination designation "14" in white Roman flanked on either side by white-line ornaments. The stamp is enclosed in a narrow double-line border,

The 2-cent stamp is arranged horizontally and is printed in red ink. The central subject of this stamp is a view of the Grand Canyon, depicting the temples of Deva, Brahma, and Zoroaster, and Bright Augel Canyon. On either side of the stamp are upright panels containing the words "U.S. nostage" at the left and "Grand Canyon" at the right in white Gothic letters arranged vertically within an ornamental framework. Within circular panels with white borders and solid background in each lower corner is the denomination designation "2¢" in white

The stamp is enclosed in a narrow doubleline border.

The 3-cent stamp of this series is arranged horizontally and is enclosed in a narrow double-line border. A shadowed vertical panel at the right occupies approximately one-fifth of the area of the stamp. Within this papel at the top are the words "United States postage" in shaded Gothic lettering, arranged in three horizontal lines. Below this inscription and separated therefrom by a solid line ornament are the words "Three cents" in shaded Gothic, printed in two lines. Resting on an acanthus ornament at the bottom of this panel is a white disk containing a narrow double-line border within the outer circle. In the center of this disk is the solid Gothic numeral "3," The remaining space of the stamp at the left is a view of Mount Raimer with a reproduction of Mirror Lake in the foreground, m which the peak and surrounding trees are reflected. In a narrow panel at the base is the name "Mt. Rainier" in white Roman on a solid background. The stamp is printed in purple ink.

The 4-cent denomination is an anged horizontally and is printed in brown. The stamp is enclosed in a double-line horder which is widered at the top and bottom of the stamp to form a narrow panel containing small arrowlike ornaments in white on a dark ground. The central subject is a view of the "Clift Palace", one of the more important ruins of the prehistoric cliff dwellers in Mesa Verde National Park, Colo. At the base of the picture in a narrow panel with white edges and dark background is the title "Mesa Verde" in white Roman. In each lower corner is a rectangular panel, unauged vertically, with dark edges and white ground enclosing the large, dark numetal "4." Panels of the same width, with dark ground, extend to the top of the stamp on either side in which, arranged vertically, in white Gothic lettering are the words "U.S. postage" at the left and "Four cents" at the

The 5-cent stamp, arranged vertically, is enclosed in a narrow double-line border and is printed in blue ink. In a solid panel with white edges across the bottom of the stamp are the words "U.S. postage" in white Roman. Resting on this base is a lighter panel with curved top and ends, within which in a curved line near the top is the name "Yellowstone" in white Gothic. Below this title is the denomination designation

"5g", also in white Gothic, on either side of which appears a white-line ornament. The remaining space on the stamp is a reproduction of Old Faithful Geyser, one of the foremost scenic wonders of Yellowstone Park, with its column of hot water high in the air.

The 6-cent stamp, arranged horizontally, is enclosed in a namow ruled panel border. A view of Clater Lake in Crater Lake National Park, showing portions of the surcounding tim and Wizard Island, occupies the major part of the space within the border. In a hotizontal line in the upper central part of the stamp are the words "U.S. postage" in solid modified Gothie. In rectangular panels with light background and double-line horders in each lower corner is the denomination designation "he" in solid Gothic. In a narrow horizontal panel with light ground at the base of the stamp is the title "Crater Lake" in small dark Gothic letters. The stamp is printed in blue ink to conform to the color of the water in Crater Lake.

The 7-cent stamp is arranged horizontally, and has for the central design a view of Great Head, a rocky promontory on the shore of Acadıa National Park, Maine - At the hottom of the picture is the title "Acadia" in white Gotline letters. At each end of the stump, in narrow upright panels with dark hackground bordered by paneling of lighter shade on either side and with ornamental devices at the top and hottom, is the wording "U.S. postage" at the left and "Seven cents" at the right in white Gothic, arranged vertically. Within a circular panel with white ground, bordered by several dark lines, in the upper right corner of the space reserved for the central subject, is the denomination designation "7¢" in dark color. The stamp is printed in black ink.

The 8 cent denomination is arranged vertically and is enclosed in a narrow double-line border. It is printed in gray-green ink. The central design of this stamp is a reproduction of the "Great White Throne", one of the outstanding examples of the peculiar rock formations in Zion National Park, Utah. Below the picture is the title "Zion" in dark Gothic. In a narrow panel with white edges and dark ground along the base of the stamp are the words "U.S. postage" in white Roman lettering. The denomination designation "8;" in dark color is shown in the upper right corner of the stamp.

The 9-cent stamp, arranged horizontally, is enclosed in a narrow double-line horder and is

printed in pink color. The central design depicts a scene from the Glacier National Park, showing lofty Mount Rockwell in the distance and Two Medicine Lake with bordering forest trees in the foreground. Arranged vertically at either end are ruled panels in which are enclosed other panels of lighten shade, with indented ends containing, at the left, the wording "U.S. postage", and "Glacier" at the right, all in solid Roman lettering. In the lower right corner is a small square with light background and double-line border enclosing the denomination designation "9¢" in dark color.

The 10 cent stamp is arranged vertically, and has for the central subject a view of Mount Le Conte, one of the outstanding points of interest in Smoky Mountain National Park. In a narrow panel across the top of the stamp, with dark ground, are the words "Great Smoky Mountains" in white Roman. In a similar panel at the base of the stamp are the words "United States postage" in white Roman. Resting on the base is a curved ribbon panel, in the central fold of which, on a light ground, is the word "Cents" in dark Roman. Immediately above, in a rectangular panel with dark ground, is the large numeral "10" in white Roman. The stamp is printed in slate-gray color.

The above stamps were first placed on sale as follows:

| Denomi- nution | Dute | Post office |
|---|---|---|
| 2 cent 3-cent 4-cent 6 cent 7-cent 9-cent 9-cent 9-cent 10-rent | Sept. 25, 1931 July 30, 1934 Sept. 5, 1934 Oct. 2, 1934 Sept. 18, 1934 Aug. 27, 1931 | Yosemite National Park, Calif, Gund Canyon, Ariz, Longmine, Wash Mesa Verde National Park, Colo, Yellowstone Park, Wyo, Crater Lake, Oreg, Bar Harbor, Matne, Zion National Park, Utah, Glacter Park, Mont, Gatlinburg, Tenn. |

These stamps were also placed on sale the same dates at Washington, D.C.

SOUVENIR SHEET OF 3-CENT NATIONAL PARKS STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1934

The special sheet containing six stamps of the 3-cent Mount Rainier design of the National Parks series was authorized on behalf of the annual convention of the American Philatelic Society, held at Atlantic City, N.J., August 28 to September 1, 1934. The sheet is printed in purple ink without perforations, but with the usual gumming. Sheets of this design were printed on the stamp press operated at the convention exhibition by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. In the narrow margin on the four sides of the sheet in small Gothic lettering is the following wording: "Printed by the Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, under authority of James A Farley, Postmaster General, in compliment to the American Philatelic Society for its convention and exhibition, Atlantic City, N.J., August 1934,"

This special sheet of stamps was first placed on sale August 28, 1934, at the branch Philatelic Agency, Atlantic City, which was operated in connection with the convention. This souvent sheet was not issued to post-masters but it was made available for sale to collectors at the Philatelic Agency of the Department, beginning September 4, 1934.

SOUVENIR SHEET OF 1-CENT NATIONAL PARKS STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1934

The Department authorized the printing of a special sheet containing six of the 1-cent Yosemite National Parks stamps as a souvenir of the Trans-Mississippi Philatelic Exposition and Convention held in Omaha, Nebr., October 8 to 14, 1934.

The stamps are arranged on the sheet in 2 10ws of 3 each. Each sheet is approximately 3% inches wide by 3% inches high, and is gummed but not perforated. It is printed in green ink and with the following inscription on the four margins: "Printed by the Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, under authority of James A. Farley, Postmaster General, in compliment to the Trans-Mississippi Philatelic Exposition and Convention, Omaha, Nebraska, October 1934."

The special sheet of 1-cent Yosemite stamps was first placed on sale on October 10, 1934, at the temporary postal station of the Omaha post office operated in connection with the convention under the designation, "Trans-Mississippi Philatelic Convention Station."

For the benefit of other collectors, the souvenir sheet of 1-cent Yosemite stamps was placed on sale at the Philatelic Agency, Post Office Department, beginning October 15, 1934. This special issue of stamps was not placed on sale in post offices other than Omaha.

SPECIAL DELIVERY AIRMAIL POSTAGE STAMP (16-CENT)---ISSUE OF 1934



In this distinctive issue of postage stamps, pravision was made for the payment of the postage and the special delivery fee in one stamp.

The new stamp is \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by \$1^{1}{100}\$ inches in dimension and is arranged horizontally. The stamp is enclosed in a narrow double-line border and is printed in blue ink. The central subject is a reproduction of the great scal of the United States of America. Across the top of the stamp are the words "Special Delivery" in white Roman lettering. On the sides of the stamp, arranged vertically, in white Gothic, are the words "U S. postage" at the left, and "Air Mail" at the right. Along the bottom of the stamp, below the central design, is the word "Cents" in white Roman, on either side of which is the denomination designation "16."

The 16 cent special delivery airmail stamp was first offered for sale at the American Air Mail Society Convention Station, Chicago, Ill., on August 30, 1934.

SPECIAL ISSUE OF POSTAGE STAMPS IN UNCUT SHEETS AND BLOCKS—ISSUE OF 1935

A special issue of commemorative postage stamps in uncut sheets and blocks, in the denominations and varieties listed below, was authorized for the benefit of collectors and others interested:

3¢ Proclamation of Peace

Uncut sheets of 400 stamps (ungumuned and perforated).

Blocks of 4 stamps (nugummed and perforated).

1¢ and 3¢ Century of Progress Souvenir Issue

Uncut sheets of 225 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

3¢ Little America

Uncut sheets of 200 stamps (ungummed and perforated).

Blocks of 4 stamps (ungummed and perforated).

3¢ Little America Souvent Issue Uncut sheets of 150 stamps (ungummed and unperforated). 3¢ Mothers' (Flat plate)

Uncut sheets of 200 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

Blocks of 1 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

3¢ Wisconsin

Uncut sheets of 200 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

Blocks of 4 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

NATIONAL PARKS ISSUE

1¢, 2¢, 3¢, 4¢, 5¢, 6¢, 7¢, 8¢, 9¢, 10¢
Uncut sheets of 200 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

Blocks of 4 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

1¢ and 3¢ National Parks Souvenir Issue Uncut sheet of 120 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

16¢ Special Delivery Airmail

Uncut sheets of 200 stamps (ungummed and unperforated).

Blocks of 4 stamps (ungammed and unperforated).

These stamps were identical in design with those originally issued in sheet form and sold through post offices. The uncut sheets were sold intact as taken from the press worms plate numbers, guidelines, etc. The special blocks of four stamps were trimmed to uniform size, which climinated plate numbers.

These special uncut sheets and blocks of stamps were first made available at the Philatche Agency, Post Office Department, Washington, D.C., on March 15, 1935, and were continued on sale until June 15, 1935. For the accommodation of collectors desiring first-day covers, the blocks of four of these stamps were also placed on sale at the post office at Washington, D.C., on March 15, 1935. They were not issued to other post offices.

CONNECTICUT TERCENTENARY COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1935



This special postage stamp was issued in the 3-cent denomination to commemorate the three hundredth anniversary of the settlement of Connecticut.

The stamp is 81/100 by 141/100 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is enclosed within a single-line border. It is printed in rich lilac. The central design is a reproduction of the old historic Charter Oak. Across each end of the stamp are upright panels with light ground and dark edges containing the words "Connecticut" at the left and "Tercentenary" at the right, arranged vertically in architectural Roman lettering In horizontal extensions of these panels at the top of the stamp are the dates "1635" at the left, and "1935" at the right, in dark The lower edge of the top panel emves upward and forms a broad arch over the central design

Within irregular-shaped panels in each lower corner, with light ground and dark edges, is the denomination designation "3¢" in dark color. In a narrow panel with dark ground, along the lower edge of the stamp, are the words "United States postage" in white Gothic. Resting on the base panel and to the right of the center of the stamp is a narrow light ribbon panel containing the words "The Charter Oak" in dark Gothic lettering.

The Connecticut Tercentenary commemonative stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Hartford, Conn., on April 26, 1935.

CALIFORNIA PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1935



This special postage stamp in the 3-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the California Pacific International Exposition, which opened at San Diego, Calif., May 29, 1935.

The stamp is \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by \$1\frac{1}{100}\$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is enclosed within a double-line border. The central subject of the stamp is a view of the

exposition grounds, with Point Loma and San Diego Bay in the distance. In dark Gothic lettering, arranged in two horizontal lines at the top of the stamp, is the inscription "California Paeric International Exposition" above, and "1535—San Diego—1935" below. Within circular panels with dark background, in each lower corner, is the denomination designation "36", in white. In a narrow panel with dark background, at the base of the stamp, with white edges and ornamental device at each end are the words "U. S. postage" in white Roman lettering. The stamp is printed in purple ink.

The new stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in San Diego, Calif., on May 29, 1935.

BOULDER DAM COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1935



This special postage stamp in the 3-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the completion of Boulder Dam.

The stamp is of the special delivery size, 8½00 by 1½00 inches, arranged vertically, and is enclosed within a double-line border. It is printed in purple ink. The central subject of the stamp is a view of Boulder Dam, showing the river gorge both above and below the construction work. Across the bottom of the stamp is a white panel with the denomination designation "3½" printed at each end. Along the base of this panel are the words "U. S. postage", in dark architectural Roman lettering. Above this inscription, within a narrow panel with white edges and dark background, is the wording "Boulder Dam—1935", in white Gothre lettering.

This stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Boulder City, Nev., on Se tember 30, 1935.

MICHIGAN CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1935



This special postage stamp in the 3 cent denomination was issued to commemorate the centennial anniversary of the Statebood of Michigan.

The stamp is of the special delivery size, 81/100 by 111/100 inches, arranged horizontally. It is surrounded by a double-line border and is printed in light purple. In a narrow panel with white edges and dark ground along the top edge of the stamp is the wording "1835 Michigan Centenary 1935", in white Roman. The central subject of the stamp is a large reproduction of the State seal, draped at the sides and base by the National Emblem at the left and the Michigan State banner at the right. The staffs of the flags extend to each upper corner. In square panels with dark ground in each lower corner is the denomination designation "3¢" in white. The wording "U. S. postage" in white Roman lettering is enclosed in a narrow horizontal panel with dark ground at the center of the lower edge of the stamp. In the space between the lower half of the central subject and the sides of the stamp is a forest and lake scene at the left, and at the right is a view representative of commerce and industry.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Lansing, Mich., on November 1, 1935.

TRANS-PACIFIC AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1935



This special stump in the denomination of 25 cents was issued primarily for use on mail matter dispatched by Traus-Pacific ainmail service to Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands. The new stamp is also valid for use on regular airmail.

The stamp is of the same size as the special delivery stamp, 81/100 by 111/100 inches in

dimension, arranged horizontally. It is surrounded by a double-line border and is printed in blue ink. In a narrow panel with white edges and dark ground across the top of the stamp is the wording, "Trans-Pacific Air Mail", in white Roman, with the date "November 1935" directly underneath in dark Gothic. In a horizontal panel with white edges and dark ground at the center of the lower margin of the stamp is the inscription reading "U. S. postage", in white Roman. In circular panels with white edges and dark ground in each lower corner of the stamp is the denomination designation "25¢" in white. Included in the central design is a representation of the sun rising from the shores of America, with a scaplane in flight over the ocean. At the right is pictured a modern ocean liner and at the left a Chinese junk, both partly obscured by the panels containing the denomination numeral. In the distance is a three-masted sailing vessel and a steamship representative of the middle nineteenth century period. The shield of the United States is shown at the upper left and that of the Philippine Islands at the upper nght.

The new airmail stamp was first placed on sale November 22, 1935, at the post offices in San Francisco, Calif., and Washington, D.C.

Collectors desiring covers between the designated points on the first Trans-Pacific flight to and from Manila were permitted to send any desired number of envelopes bearing their home address under separate cover endorsed: "By First Contract Trans-Pacific Flight", to the postmasters at the respective offices, with remittance payable to the postmaster to cover the cost of the stamps required to be affixed thereto on a basis of the following rates:

| | Number of stamps required | Cost pet }2 omce |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| | | |
| San Francisco to Hawait San Francisco to Guam San Francisco to Maoila Hawaii to Guam Hawaii to Manila Guam to Manila | 1 2 3 1 2 1 | Cents 25 50 75 25 60 25 |

Each self addressed envelope sent to these postmasters for dispatch by the first contract flight was required to bear an endorsement showing the scope of the service desired; for example, "San Francisco to Hawaii", "San Francisco to Philippine Islands", "Guam to San Francisco", etc. Upon arrival at the indicated destination such covers were continued in the mails to the addressee.

The Postmasters, San Francisco, Calif., and Washington, D.C., were authorized to comply with requests from collectors for first-day covers of the new airmail stamp on November 22, to be sent by regular airmail direct to the addressee.

NEW ISSUE SPECIAL DELIVERY AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1936



This new issue of 16-cent special delivery airmail stamps was provided in bicolor to replace the stamp previously in use printed in blue ink.

The new stamp is $\frac{8}{100}$ by $\frac{14}{100}$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is identical in design with the 16-cent special delivery airmail stamp issued on August 30, 1934, except for the reduction in size of the central subject and the printing of the stamp in two colors, the horder in red and the central design, which is a reproduction of the Great Seal of the United States, in blue. This change in style was made in order that the stamp would be more distinctive and easily recognized, thereby contributing to the prompt and proper handling of such mail matter.

The bicolor 16-cent special delivery airmail stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on February 10, 1936.

TEXAS CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1936



This special postage stamp in the 3-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the centennial anniversary of Texas independence.

The stamp is of the same size as the special delivery stamp, \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by \$1\frac{1}{100}\$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It is enclosed in a double-line border, and is

printed in purple, Within upright oval panels on either side of the stamp are portraits of Sam Houston at the left and Stephen F. Austin at the right, with their names in dark Gothic letters in narrow enrived panels on white ground at the base of the ovals. In the upper central part of the stamp, partially superimposed over a large white star, is the inscription, "United States postage, Texas Centennial, 1836-1936", in dark Gothic, arranged in three horizontal lines. The lower part of the central design is a remoduction of the historic Alamo, with the title "The Alamo" in dark Gothic, in a narrow horizontal panel with white ground at the center of the lower edge of the stamp. The denomination designation "36" in dark lettering is shown in square panels with white ground in each lower corner of the stamp.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Gonzales, Tex., on March 2, 1936.

RHODE ISLAND TERCENTENARY COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1936



This special postage stamp in the 3-cent denomination was issued to commemorate the tercentenary anniversary of the founding of Rhode Island.

The stamp is the same size as the special delivery stamp, 81_{100} by 1^11_{100} inches in dimension, arranged vertically. It is enclosed in a double-line border and is printed in purple. The words "U. S. postage" appear in dark Gothic lettering in a horizontal line at the top of the stamp, underneath which are the dates "1636" at the left and "1936" at the right in dark Gothic, between ornamental lines.

The central design is a likeness of Roger Williams modeled from a photograph of the statue in Roger Williams Park at Providence, R. f. The title "Roger Williams" appears on the base of the statue in dark Gothic. Between the base of the statue and the right side of the stamp is a circu-

lar panel with white ground enclosing the denomination designation "36" in dark lettering. In a corresponding position at the left is a reproduction of the central design of the State seal of Rhode Island. In a horzontal panel with white edges and dark ground at the base of the stamp, arranged in two lines, are the words 'Rhode Island' above and "Tercentenary" below in white Roman lettering. The stamp was printed by the rotary process without straight edges and was issued in sheets containing 50 stamps.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Providence, R.I., on May 4, 1936.

SOUVENIR SHEET OF 3-CENT POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1936

This special sheet containing four 3-cent stamps embracing the Connecticnt Tercentenary, California Pacific Exposition, and Michigan and Texas Centennial commemorative issues, was provided as a sonvenin of the Third International Philatelic Exhibition of 1936, held in the Grand Central Palace, New York City, May 9 to 17, 1936.

The special stamp sheet is approximately 3% mehes wide and 2½ inches high, with the following inscriptions on the margins: "Printed by the Treasury Department, Buream of Engraving and Printing", at the left; "Under Authority of James A. Farley, Postmaster General", at the top; "In Compliment to the Third International Phatelic Exhibition of 1936", at the right; and "New York, N.Y., May 9-17, 1936", at the lower edge. The sheet is printed in purple and was gummed but not perforated.

The souvenin sheet of four different issues of commemorative stamps was first placed on sale at the branch Philatche Agency, Grand Central Palace, New York, N.Y., on May 9, 1936.

ARKANSAS CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1936



This special postage stamp was assued in commonation of the centennial anniversary of Arkansas statchood.

The stamp is the same size as the special delivery stamp, \$4100 by 11100 inches in dunension, arranged horizontally. It is enclosed in a double-line border and is printed in purple. The central design of the stamp is a view of the old Statehouse, showing the portico of the central building and portion of the right wing, enclosed in a circular panel. On a white tibbon panel along the lower edge of the cucle is the title "Old State House" in solid Gothic. At the left, partly below the central design, is a representation of the first settlement in Arkansas, above which appears the name "Arkansas Post" in solid Gothic, arranged in two lines. In a corresponding position at the right is pictured the present State capitol with the name above in dark Gothic in two In each lower corner within circular panels, with double-line borders and solid ground, is the denomination numeral "3" in white architectural Roman. At the center of the lower edge of the stamp in a narrow horizontal panel with white edges and ornamental ends is the inscription "U. S. postage", and directly underneath "Three cents" in white Roman lettering. Arranged in solid Gothic lettering in the upper corners is the wording "Arkansas" at the left with the date "1836" below, and "Centennial" at the right with the date "1936" imderneath. The stamp was printed by the iotary process without straight edges and was issued in sheets containing 50 stamps.

The new stamp was first offered for sale at the post office in Little Rock, Ark., on June 15, 1936.

OREGON TERRITORY COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1936



This special stamp was authorized to commomorate the centennial anniversary of the opening of the Oregon Territory.

The stamp is the same size as the special delivery stamp, 81/100 by 141/100 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It is enclosed in a double-line border and is printed in purple. Within a horizontal panel with dark ground along the upper edge

of the stamp is the wording "1836 Oregon Territory 1936" in white Roman lettering. The central design is a map of the old Oregon Territory comprising the present States of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington, together with parts of Montana and Wyoming. Marked on the map are the five places, one in each State, selected, for historical reasons, to have the first-day sale. There is also shown an outline of the old Oregon Trail.

In the vertical space between the ends of the rectangular panel containing the central design and the outer edge of the stamp there is, at the left, a western scene depicting a mounted Indian on a rocky promontory with wigwams on either side, behind which are shown trees and mountains. In a similar position at the right is portrayed a covered wagon train of the early pioneer days emerging from a pass in the mountains. The figures of the two front horses partly extend over the edge of the map panel.

In each lower corner is a circular panel with white edges and dark ground enclosing the large numeral "3" in white modernized Roman. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the lower edge of the stamp is the inscription "U.S. postage" and "Three cents" in white Roman, arranged in two lines. The lower line is extended by three white stars at either end. Short white lines with curved inner ends extend from lower corners of the map to the circles containing the denomination numeral. The stamp was printed by the rotary process without straight edges and was issued in sheets containing 50 stamps.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the following post offices on July 14, 1936; Lewiston, Idaho; Missoula, Mont.; Astoria, Oreg.; Walla Walla, Wash.; and Daniel, Wyo.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1936



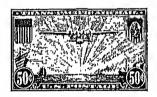
This special postage stamp was issued in honor of Susan B. Anthony in connection with the sixteenth anniversary of the ratification of the nineteenth amendment granting suffrage to women.

The stamp is of the ordinary size, 75400 by 87/100 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, It is enclosed in a double-line border and is printed in purple. In a horizontal panel with dark ground across the top of the stamp is the wording "US Postage" in white Roman, The central design is a portrait of Susan B. Anthony looking to the left. The portrait is enclosed in an oval frame with white edges and dark ground. On a enreed tibbon with white ground at the base of the portrait is the name 'Susan B. Anthony", in dark Gothic. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the lower edge of the stamp is the inscription "Suffrage for Women", in white Gothic. Immediately above, on either side, within circular panels with white edges and dark ground is the denomination designation "36" in white. The stamp was minted by the rotary process and was issued in sheets of 100 stamps.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on August 26, 1936.

TRANS-PACIFIC AIRMAIL STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1937





The new denomination stamps were issued to conform to the revised rates effective at the time of the extension of the Trans-Pacific airmail service to Chma.

The stamps conform in design to the original issue of 1935 except for the change of denomination and the climination of the date "November 1935." The 20-cent stamp is printed in green and the 50-cent in carmine. They were first placed on sale in the Philatelic Agency, Washington, D.C., on February 15, 1937.



This series of commemorative stamps was issued to bonor the military and naval services of the United States. It consists of five stamps for the Army in denominations of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 cents, and a like number in the same denominations for the Navy.

The stamps were provided in the special delivery size, 8½100 by 1½100 inches in dimension, and were printed by the rotary process.

One-cent.-The 1-cent Army stamp, printed in green, has for the central design portraits of George Washington and Nathanael Greene, enclosed in ovals with light background that touch the top and side borders. Beneath the ovals on white tibbons are the name "Washington" and "Greene" in dark Gothic. In the background between the ovals is a reproduction of Mount Vernon with the name below in dark Cothic. Within square panels in each lower corner with dark ground is the numeral "1" in white Roman. At the center of a narrow panel with dark ground along the base of the stamp are the words "One Cent" in white Roman with laurel leaves on either side. Along the top and sides of the stamp, partly obscured by the oval frames, are narrow panels with white edges and dark

ground, in the center of which, at the top, is the inscription "United States Postage" in white Roman arranged in two lines. Below are sprays of laurel leaves that use from behind the ovals. A five-pointed star in white is shown in both upper corners within small squares formed by the intersection of the unside lines of the top and side panels. The lower ends of the side panels enclose laurel branches.

The 1-cent Navy stamp, printed in green, has for the central design, arranged in large ovals that touch the border at the top und sides, portraits of John Paul Jones at the left and John Barry at the right. In the background are depicted naval vessels of that period. On curved panels with white ground at the base of the ovals are the names "Jones" and "Barry", respectively, in dark Gothic. Below the portraits are the inscriptions "Bon Homme Richard" at the left, and "Lexington" at the right, in dark Gothic, representing famous naval vessels that were under their command. On a horizontal line between the evals at the top of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. Within square panels with white edges and dark ground in each lower corner of the stamp is shown the numeral "1" in white Roman. At the center of a natiow panel with dark ground at the base of the stamp are the words "One Cent" in white Roman with two five-pointed stars in white on either side.

Anny and Navy stamps of one-cent denomination were first placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on December 15, 1936.

Two-cent,—The 2-cent Army stamp, printed in red, has for the central subject portraits of Andrew Jackson at the left, and Winfield Scott at the right, in oval panels which touch the edge of the stamp at the top and sides. On white ribbon panels below the ovals are the names "Jackson" and "Scott" in dark Gothic. In the background, between the portraits, is a reproduction of the home of Jackson, underneath which appears the name, "The Hermitage", in dark Gothic. In each lower corner in square panels with dark ground and white edges is the denomination numeral "2" in white. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the lower edge of the stamp are the words "Two Cents" in white Roman. Laurel branches extend downward from the base of the ovals.

At the top and sides of the stamp is a name panel with white edges and dark ground, partly hidden by the oval frames, in the center of which, at the top, is the inscription, amanged in two lines, reading: "United States Postage", in white Roman. On either side of the word "Postage" is a small white five-pointed star. In small rectangles formed by the intersection of the inner lines of the top and side panels are small ornaments.

The 2-cent Navy stamp, printed in red, has for the central subject portraits of Stephen Decatur at the left, and Thomas Mac-Donough at the right in oval frames that touch the top and side borders. On curved panels with white ground at the base of the portraits are the names "Decatur" and "MacDonough" in dark Gothic. Below the ovals, in dark Gothic lettering, are the names of the historic war vessels, "United States" at the left, and "Saratoga" at the right, representing famous commands of these naval heroes. In the space between the portrait ovals is depicted a warship of that period under full sail. At the center, near the upper edge of the stamp, is the inscription "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. In each lower corner within square panels with white edges and dark ground is the numeral "2" in white. At the center of a narrow panel with dark ground at the base of the stamp are the words "Two Cents" in white Roman. On either side of this inscription is a small white five-pointed star.

Army and Navy stamps of the 2-cent denomination were first placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on January 15, 1937.

Three-cent.-The 3-cent Army stamp. printed in purple, has for the central subject matter, portraits in oval frames of Generals Sherman, Grant, and Sheridan in the order given. Within curved panels with white ground at the base of each oval is the name of the officer in dark Gothic. In the open spaces at the top of the ovals are small triangular shaped panels, the two outer ones being plain, while the other two enclose scroll work in white on a dark ground. Lamel branches are shown in the spaces between the lower edges of the ovals. Within a nairow horizontal panel with dark ground and white edges at the top of the stamp is the inscription reading: "United States Postage" in The numeral "3" in white white Roman appears in circular panels with white edges in each lower corner of the stamp. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the lower edge of the stamp are the words "Three Cents" in white Roman.

The central design of the 3-cent Navy stamp is composed of portraits of Admiral Farragut at the left and Admiral Porter at the right, arranged in large upright ovals, between which is shown a reproduction of the general type of warship of that period. At the base of the respective ovals are the names "Farragut" and "Porter" in dark Cothic enclosed in enred panels with white ground. Inscribed below the ovals in dark Gothic lettering are the names of historic vessels under the command of these officers, U. S. S. Hartford at the left, and U. S. S. Powhatan at the right. In a horizontal line above the ship is the inscription "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. In square panels with dark ground in each lower corner is the large numeral "3" in white. Within a narrow panel with dark ground at the lower edge of the stamp are the words "Three Cents" in white Roman. On either side of this inscription are small white five-pointed stars. The stamp is printed in purple.

Army and Navy stamps of the 3-cent denomination were first placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on February 18, 1937.

Four-cent.—The 4 cent Army stamp, printed in gray, has portraits in oval frames of Generals Robert E. Lee at the left, and

Thomas J. (Stonewall) Jackson at the right. In emyed ribbon panels with white ground at the base of the respective ovals are the names "Lee" and "Jackson" in dark Gothic. Between, and partly under the ovals, is a reproduction of the ance-tral home of the Lee's, with the name "Stratford Hall" underneath in dark Gothic. In a horizontal line along the upper edge of the stamp in the space hetween the evals is the inscription "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. Within square panels with dark ground in each lower corner of the stamp is the large unmeral "4" in white. Along the lower edge is a narrow panel with dark ground, in which appears the wording "Four Cents" in white Roman, on either side of which is a small white five-pointed star. Similar stars are shown in square panels formed by intersecting lines in each upper corner

The central design of the 4-cent Navy stamp is composed of portraits, in large ovals, of Admirals Sampson, Dewey, and Schley, arranged in order from left to right, Within the ovals below the portraits in curved panels with white ground are the names "Sampson", "Dewey", and "Schley" in dark Gothic. The central oval extends to the upper edge of the stamp, leaving space below between the outer ovals for the inscription "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. Below is a view of the sea with vessels in the distance. In each lower corner is a large numeral "4" in white, enclosed in a square panel with dark ground. The wording "Four Cents" in white Roman, with white fivepointed stars on either side, appears in a namow panel with dark ground at the base of the stamp. The stamp is enclosed at the top and sides by a narrow dark horder with white hachire lines. In the squares formed by the intersecting lines in each upper corner is a small five-pointed star in white. The stamp is minted in gray,

Aimy and Navy stamps of the 4-cent denomination were first offered for sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on March 23, 1937.

Five-cent.—The five-cent Army stamp, printed in blue, has for the central design a view of the Milliany Academy at West Point, N.Y., showing in the foreground, at the left, Washington Hall, and at the right, the North Cadet Barracks. In the upper right is the chapel, and farther in the distance, at the left, is a reproduction of the old observatory. In upright panels with white ground at each end of the stamp are the inscriptions rending "U. S. Postage", at the left, and "Five Cents" at the right, in dark

Roman lettering. In each lower corner is the large numeral "5" in square panels with dark ground. In a narrow panel with dark ground, along the lower edge of the stamp, are the words "United States Military Academy", in solid white-faced Gothic. In the upper part of the central design, to the left, is the name "West Point", in dark Roman lettering, and directly underneath, in small dark Gothic type, are the words "Duty. Honor. Country."

The 5-cent Navy stamp, printed in blue, has for the central design a reproduction of the official seal of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md, flanked on either side by naval cadets, the one at the left wearing the uniform of the early days of the Academy, and the one at the right in the uniform of 1937. At the top of the stamp, on the left, is the wording "United States Postage" in dark Gothic, arranged in two lines, and in a corresponding position at the right are the words "U. S. Naval Academy." In each lower corner is the large numeral "5", in white. In a narrow panel with sloping ends and dark ground, at the center of the lower edge of the stamp, is the inscription: "Five Cents", in white Roman,

The 5-cent Army stamp was first placed on sale at West Point, N.Y., on May 26, 1937, and the 5-cent Navy stamp, at Annapolis, Md., on the same date.

SESQUICENTENNIAL OF ORDINANCE OF 1787—COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1937



This stamp is issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Ordinance of 1787 and the organization of the Northwest Territory.

The stamp is $8\frac{1}{100}$ by $1^4\frac{1}{100}$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is printed in purple color. It was printed by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of fifty.

The central design is formed by an ontline map of the original States and the Northwest Tentitory, with the portrait of Minnassch Cutler, who sponsored the enactment of the Ordinance, at the left, and that of Rufus Putnam, leader in the settlement of the

Northwest Tenitory, on the right. Underneath the respective portraits in oval panels with white ground are the names "Cutler" and "Putnam" in dark Gothic. In a vertical arrangement along the left edge of the stamp is the inscription, "U. S. Postage" in dark Gothic, the first two letters being in the form of a monogram. In a corresponding position at the right is the denomination designation, "3 Cents" in dark Gothic. Within a narrow horizontal panel with dark ground at the center of the base of the stump is the wording, "Ordinance of 1787" in white Roman lettering.

The initial sale of this stamp took place at New York, N.Y., and Murietta, Ohio, on July 13, 1937.

VIRGINIA DARE COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1937



The Department authorized the printing of a special postage stamp in the 5 cent denomination to commemorate the three hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of Vuginia Date and the settlement of Roanoke Island.

The stamp is I meh square and is printed in light blue. It was printed by the flat-plate process and issued in sheets containing 48 stamps.

The central design is enclosed in a large um light oval and depicts Virginia Dare in the arms of her mother, who is scated in the dooryard of their cabin home, which is partly visible in the background. The father stands close by holding a musket. Arranged vertically at the left of the central oval is the wording, "U.S. Postage", in white-faced Gothic, the first two letters of which are in the form of a monogram. In a similar position and style of type at the right is the designation, "5 Cents." At the bottom of the stamp arranged in two lines, the top one of which is broken in the center by the lower end of the oval, is the wording, "In Memory of Virginia Dare. Born Roanoke 1587", in dark modified script lettering.

The stamp was first offered for sale on August 18, 1937, at Mantee, N.C., near the site of the original colony.

SOUVENIR SHEET OF 10-CENT NATIONAL PARK STAMP—ISSUE OF 1937

This souvenir sheet was issued in connection with The Forty-third Annual Convention of the Society of Philatelic Americans held at Asheville, N.C., August 26-28, 1937.

The souvenir sheet is 27 inches wide and 3.1 inches high and has as the central subject a single stamp conforming in design and denomination to the Smoky Mountain National Park issue of 1934. The sheet was printed in green and was gummed, but not perforated. The full sheets, as well as the stamps out therefrom, are valid for the prepayment of postage to the amount of 10 cents. The souvenir sheet bears the following inscription. "Printed by the Treasmy Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing", at the left, "Under the Authority of James A. Farley, Postmaster General", at the top; "In Compliment to the 43rd Annual Convention of the Society of Philatelic Americans", at the right; and "Asheville, N.C., Aug. 26-28, 1937," and the plate number, at the bottom.

The sheet was first placed on sale August 26, 1937, at the S.P.A. Convention Station, in the Battery Park Hotel, Asheville, N.C.

SESQUICENTENNIAL OF CONSTITUTION COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1937



This special stamp was authorized to commemorate the one hundred and liftieth auniversary of the signing of the United States Constitution.

The stamp is 8\%00 by 14\%00 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of the painting by Stearns depicting the signing of the Constitution. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the top of the stamp is the wording "Constitution Sesquicentennial" in white Roman letters, below which is a white ribbon panel with folded ends containing the inscription "Signing of the Constitution—In the Philadelphia Convention, September

17, 1787—Independence Hall", arranged in three lines, in dark Gothic. Opposite this panel are the dates "1787" at the left, and "1937" at the right, in dark figures. In an upright panel at the left edge of the stamp is a representation of the Roman fasces, symbol of power, and in a corresponding panel at the right is a reproduction of the flaming torch, emblem of enlightenment. In shield-shaped panels in each lower corner of the

stamp is the denomination designation "3¢" in white on a dark ground. In a narrow panel along the bottom of the stamp is the wording 'United States Postage" in white Roman, on either side of which are straight line ornaments. Resting on the bottom panel at the center is a decorative scroll.

This commemorative usue was first placed on sale at the Philadelphia, Pa., post office on September 17, 1937.

TERRITORIAL SERIES-ISSUE OF 1937









This series of stamps was issued as a tribute to the outlying possessions of the United States.

A different shade of purple ink was used for each stamp, all of which were printed by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50. The dimensions are 8 /₁₀₀ by 14 /₁₀₀ inches.

These stamps are valid for postage wherever regular United States stamps are used.

Hawaii.—The central design is a reproduction of the statue of King Kamchamcha I, who first placed the Hawaiian Islands under a single sovereignty. This statue stands in front of Iolani Palace in Honolulu. Rays of light as from the rising sun form a background for the central design. The title "Hawaii" appears in white Roman in a horizontal panel with dark ground along the lower edge of the stamp, on which rests a similar but more narrow panel with the inscription "U, S. Postage" in white Roman lettering. At the center of the base of the statue is a circular panel with dark ground enclosing the denomination designation "3¢"

in white. This panel is bordered at the top and sides by a floral wreath,

This stamp was first offered for sale at Honolulu, Hawali, on October 18, 1937.

Alaska.—The subject of the stamp is a reproduction of Mount McKinley in the distance, while in the foreground are depicted views symbolizing present-day developments in this Territory. In a narrow panel with dark ground across the top of the stamp is the inscription "U. S. Postage—Three Cents" in white Gothic. The numeral "3" appears in a square panel with dark ground in each lower corner of the stamp. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the center of the lower edge of the stamp is the name "Alaska" in white Roman.

The stamp for Alaska was first placed on sale at Juneau, Alaska, on November 12, 1937.

Puerto Rico.—The central subject of the stamp is a reproduction of the old Governor's Palace known as "La Fortaleza", which name appears at the lower edge of the design in dark Gothic on a light ground. Above the

central design is the inscription "U. S. Postage" in dark Gothic. In each upper corner of the stamp are three squares of ornamental gulle work. Similar gulle work in each lower corner is partly obscured by eight-sided panels with dark ground, containing the denomination designation "3¢" in white. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the lower edge of the stamp is the name "Puerto Rico" in white-faced Roman.

This stamp was first sold at San Juan, P.R., on November 25, 1937.

Virgin Islands -The central subject of the stamp is a view of the city of Charlotte Amalie with the outlying harbor and sugar loaf islands in the distance. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the top of the stamp are the words "Virgin Islands" in white Roman. In a corresponding panel at the lower edge of the stamp is the name "Charlotte Amalie" in white Gothic, with seroll work at each end. In vertical panels with dark ground at the sides of the stamp is the wording "U. S. Postage" at the left and "Three Cents" at the right in white Gothic. Within shield-shaped panels with dark ground in each lower corner of the stamp is the denomination numeral "3" in white. Ornamental scroll work is shown in each upper corner.

First-day sales of this stamp were held at Charlotte Amalie, V. I., on December 15, 1937.

AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1938



This stamp was provided to facilitate the recognition of airmail matter through the adoption of a more distinctive design.

This 6-cent airmail stamp is of the special delivery size, $8\%_{000}$ by $1^{1}\%_{000}$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. The stamp was printed in bicolor, the border in blue and the central design in red, the latter depicting an eagle with outstretched wings, bearing in its talous a shield, olive wreath, and bundle of arrows. At the top of the stamp is a panel of conventionalized wing design, divided in the center by a small United States shield, with the words "Air" at the left and "Mail" at the right in heavy dark

letters of the Gothic type. In rectangular-shaped panels in each lower corner is the denomination designation "6t" in white. An ornamental border extends from the top of these panels across the ends of the stamp. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the lower edge of the stamp is the inscription "U. S. Postage" in white Gothic-type letters.

The new airmail stamp was first placed on sale on May 14, 1938, at Dayton, Ohio, the home of the Wright brothers, builders of the first successful amplane, and St. Petersburg, Fla., where the first passenger flight was made. At the latter place the stamp was sold at the temporary postal station of the St. Petersburg office, established at the head-quarters of the annual convention of the American Ari Mail Society.

RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1938



The issuance of this special stamp was to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the ratification of the United States Constitution.

The stamp is $^{8}\text{M}_{00}$ by $^{14}\text{M}_{00}$ inches in dimension, arranged borizontally. It was printed by the rotary method, in a purple color, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of a colonial-type courthouse, with two horsemen in the foreground, one in the act of mounting and the other galloping away carrying news of the ratification. In the upper left half of the stamp is the wording "The States Ratify The Constitution 1788", arranged in three lines in dark Roman. In a similar position at the right is the wording "United States Postage 1938" in like lettering also arranged in three lines. In rectangular-shaped panels with dark ground, arranged vertically, in each lower corner is the large numeral "3" in white Gothic. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the center of the lower edge of the stamp is the wording "Three Cents" in white Gothic.

This commemorative issue was first placed on sale at Philadelphia, Pa., on June 21, 1938.

FIRST COLONY OF THE SWEDES AND FINNS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1938



This special postage stamp commemorated the tercentenary anniversary of the first colony of Swedish and Finnish settlers in America.

The stamp is square in form, 92/100 mch in dimension. It was printed in purple on flat plates and issued in sheets of 48.

The central design of the stamp is a reproduction of a painting by Stanley M. Arthurs, depicting the landing of the first Swedish and Finnish settlers in America. At the base of the picture is the wording "Landing of the Swedes and Finns" in dark Gothic. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the top of the stamp is the inscription reading ". 1638 . U.S. Postage . 1938," the words white Roman and the dates in Gothic. square panels with dark ground and ornamental borders in each lower corner of the stamp is the large numeral "3" in white Gothic. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the lower edge of the stamp is the wording "Cents" in white Roman. borders at the right and left are of ornamental design.

The stamp was first placed on sale June 27, 1938, at Wilmington, Del., near the site of the first settlement.

NORTHWEST TERRITORY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1938



The Department issued this special stamp to commemorate the sesquicentennial anniversary of the settlement of the Northwest Territory under the Ordinance of 1787.

The stamp is $^{75}\!\!/_{00}$ by $^{87}\!\!/_{00}$ inch in dimension. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 100.

The central design of this stamp depicts the memorial statue by Gutzon Borglum, symbolizing the colonization of the West, located at Marietta, Ohio. At the hase of the statue in raised Gothic letters is the wording "Northwest Territory Sesquicentennial", arranged in two lines. The stamp has a single line frame, and is without background. In the upper left coinci in dark Gothic is the denomination "34." In a corresponding position in the upper right corner, in dark Gothic, is the date "1788," with "1938" underneath. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the hase of the stamp is the inscription "U.S Postage" in white Roman.

The stamp was first sold on July 15, 1938, at Marietta, Ohio, where the first civil government in the Northwest Territory was established.

IOWA TERRITORY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1938



This stamp was furnished to commemorate the centennial anniversary of the establishment of Iowa Territory.

The stamp is arranged horizontally and is $8\frac{1}{100}$ by $1^{4}\frac{1}{100}$ inches in dimension. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50

The central subject is a reproduction of the Old Capitol Building. In a small panel with dark ground at the center of the upper edge of the stamp is the name "Iowa" in white Roman, below which, arranged in two curved lines, is the wording "Territorial Centennial" and "1838" "1938", in dark Gothic. In a straight line below the central subject is the wording "The Old Capitol Building" in white Gothic. The denomination numeral "3" in white is enclosed in square-shaped panels with dark ground and curved upper edges in each lower corner, between which, in a narrow panel with dark ground, is the wording "U.S. Postage-Three Cents", in white Roman. Ornamental panels depicting stalks of coin rise from each side of the stamp and form an arch-like effect for the central subject.

The stamp was first sold at Des Moines, Iowa, on August 24, 1938.

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1938







This series of ordinary postage stamps replaces that known as the issue of 1922-23. All but the three highest denominations were printed on rotary presses and issued in sheets of 100. The \$1, \$2, and \$5, being bicolored, were supplied from 100 subject flat plates, both border and vignette, and issued in sheets of that size.

This series is distinctive for its simplicity, number of denominations involved, and subject matter. The stamps are all $^{75}/_{100}$ by $^{87}/_{100}$ inch in dimension, arranged vertically. Incorporated in the designs are likenesses of all Presidents from Washington to Coolidge arranged in accordance with their tenure of office. In addition, Benjamin Franklin on the ½-cent value, Martha Washington on 1½-cent, and a view of the White House on the $^{43}/_{20}$ -cent are shown.

Except for the three stamps mentioned above, each shows a Presidential bust facing to the right and located at the left of the center of the stamp. In the upper right corner are the words "United States Postage," arranged in three lines, in white modernized

Gothic Below, in like lettering of smaller size is the name of the President with dates to indicate the years of his administration. Denomination numerals appear in both lower corners with the word "Cent" or "Cents" between, in white lettering. All but the three highest values have flat backgrounds in color Denominations of \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \text{cent}\$ to 9-cent are without borders, the 10 cent to 19-cent have single line borders, and the 20-cent to 50 cent have double-line borders.

The profile busts appearing on the \$1, \$2, and \$5 values are slightly larger than the others. They are centrally located and printed in black. The name of the President and the dates of his service appear directly below the likeness, corresponding in position with the world "Cents" in the lower values. Large denomination numerals appear in each of the lower corners preceded by the dollar sign. The color of all printing, other than the portrait itself, is that of the respective border.

The 32 stamps comprising this series are described as follows:

| Denomination | Color | Subject | Date of Issue |
|--|---|--|--|
| 2 cent. 1 cent 1 cent 1 cent 1 cent 1 2 cent 2 cent 3 cent 1 cent 4 cent 5 cent 6 cent 7 cent 8 cent 7 cent 8 cent 1 cen | Orange. Cotal Circen. Brown. Red. Purple. Plith. Ebony gray. Blue. Ret orange. Sepla. Olive. Pink. Salmon. Blue. Lavendet. Greon. Blue. Color. Color. Corper red. Green. Steel blue. Copper red. Gray. Burgundy. Blue. Lavender. Lavender. Red and black. Green and black. Green and black. | Benjamin Franklin George Washington Martha Washington John Adams Thomas tederson James Madison The White House John Quinev Adams Andrew Jackson Mutin Van Buren William Heury Harrison John Tylet John Tylet John Fillmore Franklin Pierce James K, Polk Zachary Taylor Millard Fillmore Franklin Pierce James Buchanan Abraham Lincoln Andrew Johnson Ulysses S, Grant Rutherford B. Hayes James A, Garfield Chester A, Arthur Grove Cleveland Benjamin Harrison William McKinley Theodore Rossovelt William McKinley Theodore Rossovelt Woodrow Wilson Warren Gamaille Harding Calvin Coolidge | May 19, 1938 Apr 25, 1938 Apr 25, 1938 June 3, 1938 July 1, 1938 July 11, 1938 July 28, 1938 Apr 4, 1938 Apr 4, 1938 Sept. 2, 1938 Sept. 4, 1038 Sept. 4, 1038 Sept. 4, 1038 Sept. 4, 1038 Sept. 2, 1038 Oct. 43, 1938 Oct. 20, 1038 Oct. 20, 1038 Oct. 20, 1038 Oct. 20, 1038 Nov. 10, 1038 Nov. 10, 1038 Nov. 22, 1038 Nov. 22, 1038 Nov. 22, 1038 Nov. 22, 1038 Dec. 2, 1032 D |

All stamps of this issue, except the ½-cent Franklin, were first sold at the Washington, D.C., post office. The ½-cent stamp was first offered for sale at the Benjamin Franklin Memorial Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

The subject matter for the series was secured from the following sources:

One-half-cent,—Photograph of statue by James Earle Fraser, in Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, Pa.

One-cent.—Photograph of bust by Houdon.
One and ane-half-cent.—Photograph of
bust by Mrs. L. MacDonald Sleeth in Memorial Continental Hall Museum, Washington, D.C.

Two-cent —Photograph of bust by Daniel Chester French, in the Senate Gallery, U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Three-cent—Photograph of Houdon reproduction in the Congressional Library, Washington, D.C.

Four-cent.—Photograph of bust by F. William Sievers, in the Rotunda of the Virginia State Capitol, Richmond, Va

Four and one-hall-cent —Photograph made by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Five-cent.—Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Six-cent.—Photograph of bust by John Cruckshanks King, in the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Seven-cent.—Revised sketch influenced by the bronze statue by Belle Kinney Sholz in the Rotunda of the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Eight-cent,—Photograph of bust by U. S. J. Dumbar, in the Senate Gallery of the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D C

Nine-cent.—Photograph of bust by Chester Beach, in the Rotunda of the Virginia State Capitol, Richmond, Va.

Ten-cent,—Photograph of bust by Charles Keck, in the Rotunda of the Virginia State Capitol, Richmond, Va.

Eleven-cent.—Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Twelve-cent.—Photograph of bust by F. William Sievers, in the Rotunda of the Virginia State Capitol, Richmond, Va.

Thirteen-cent.—Photograph of bast by Robert Cushing, in the Senate Gallery, U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Fourteen-cent.—Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Filteen-cent,--Photograph of bust by Henry Dexter, in the National Gallery of Art, National Museum, Washington, D.C.

Sixteen-cent.—Photograph of bust by Sarah Fisher Ames, in the Senate Gallery of the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Seventeen-cent.—Photograph of bust by William C. McCanslen, in the Senate Gallery, U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Eighteen cent. Photograph of statue by Franklin Simmons, in the Rotunda of the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Nineteen-cent.-- Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Twenty-cent.—Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Twenty-one-cent.—Photograph of bust by Augustus Saint-Gaudens, in the Senate Gallery, U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

Twenty-two-cent.- Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Twenty-four-cent - Photograph of bust by Adolph Weinman, in possession of the John Heiron Art Institute, Indianapolis, Ind.

Twenty-five-cent.—Photograph of medal furnished by the U.S. Mint.

Thirty-cent.—Photograph of bust by James E Fraser, in the South Wing, U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C.

Fifty-cent,—Photograph of portrait by Harris & Ewing.

One-dollar - Photograph of medal funnished by U.S. Mint.

Two-dollar.-Photograph of medal furnished by U.S. Mint

Five-dollar.—Photograph of medal furnished by U.S. Mint.

GOLDEN GATE INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION STAMP—ISSUE OF 1939



This stamp was issued in connection with the Golden Gate International Exposition, which opened at San Francisco, Calif., on February 18, 1939.

The stamp is $8\frac{1}{100}$ by $1\frac{1}{100}$ mehes, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of the "Tower of the Sun", one of the outstanding architectural features of the exposition on Treasure Island in San Francisco Bay. At the base of the central design is a large number "3" in white modernized Gothic, Superimposed on the numeral is the word "Cents" in dark-face Roman, with the dates "19" and "39" in white within small squares at the left und right, respectively. At the top and sides of the stamp in dark Gothic is the wording "United States Postage" at the left; "*Golden Gate*" at the top; and "International Exposition" at the right.

First-day sales of this stamp took place at the San Francisco, Calif., post office on February 18, 1939.

NEW YORK WORLD'S FAIR COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1939



This stamp was issued in connection with the New York World's Fan which opened at New York, N.Y, on April 30, 1939.

The dimensions of the stamp are \$\frac{81}{100}\$ by \$1\frac{1}{100}\$ inches, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a modernistic representation, in white on a solid background, of the Trylon and Perisphere, outstanding architectural features of the fair. In the inperior part of the stamp at the right of the Trylon is the inscription: "United States", "Postage", and "3 Cents", arranged in three lines. In a horizontal panel below the central design is the wording: "New York" and "World's Fair" in two lines at the left, and "1939" at the right. All lettering is white Gothic. The top and bottom edges of the stamp are bordered by white finishing lines.

This stamp was first placed on sale at the New York, N.Y., post office on April 1, 1939.

INAUGURATION OF WASHINGTON COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1939



This stamp was provided to commemorate the sesquicentennial of the inauguration of George Washington as first President of the United States, The stamp is \$\frac{81}{100}\$ by \$1\frac{1}{100}\$ inches in dimension, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple on flat plates and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design depicts Washington taking the oath of office as first President under the Constitution on the balcony of the Federal Building, New York City, on April 30, 1789. In a curved panel forming an arch above the central design is the wording "Sesquicentennial of the Inauguration of Washington as First President", arranged in two lines, in white Gothic lettering on a dark ground. Below the central design are the dates "1789–1939" in white. The arch is supported on each side by ornamental scrolls resting on narrow panels which extend down the sides and across the lower edge of the slamp.

Included in a horizontal panel with dark ground at the top of the stamp and resting on the central arch is the inscription ". U. S. Postage." in white Gothic lettering. Below on each side is a triangular-shaped panel. The denomination numeral "3" in white appears in ornamental shield-shaped panels in each lower corner. In a narrow horizontal panel with dark ground at the base of the stamp are the words "Three Cents" in white Gothic.

This stamp was first sold at the New York, N.Y., post office on April 30, 1939.

TRANS-ATLANTIC AIRMAIL POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1939



This stamp was issued in contemplation of the establishment of transatlantic airmail service.

The dimensions of this stamp are $^{75}_{100}$ by $^{184}_{100}$ inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in blue, on flat plates and issued in sheets of 50.

In design, the stamp is very similar to the 5-cent airmail of 1930, the 8-cent of 1932, and the 6-cent issue of 1934, in which the insignia of an airmail pilot was employed for the central subject. Directly above the globe has been added the inscription: "Trans-Atlantic", in dark Gothic, Between the denomination numerals and the word "Cents"

appear ocean liners, replacing the ornamentations previously used.

The 30-cent annual stamp was first sold at New York, N.Y., on May 16, 1939.

BASEBALL CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1939



This stamp was issued in recognition of the celebration of the Centennial of Baseball,

The dimensions are \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by \$1\frac{1}{100}\$ inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject depicts a game of baseball by a group of youthful players. In the background are a house, barn, schoolhouse, and church. Beneath the central subject in a narrow white panel is the wording "Centennial of Baseball" in dark Gothic. In a wider panel with dark ground at the lower edge of the stamp is the inscription "United States Postage" in white Gothic. In an upright panel with dark ground at the left are crossed bats, over which are superimposed at the center a catcher's mitt and ball, surrounded by laurel sprays. Between the ends of the bats are the dates, "1839" at the top and "1939" helow, in white. At the base of the panel, in white lettering, is a large numeral "3" with the word "Cents" below.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Cooperstown, N.Y., post office on June 12, 1939.

PANAMA CANAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—15SUE OF 1939



This stamp was issued in commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the opening of the Panama Canal.

The dimensions of this stamp are $^{8}/_{100}$ by $1^{4}/_{100}$ unches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in purple by the flat-plate process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp includes framed portraits of former President Theodore Roosevelt at the left and General George W Goethals at the right with a reproduction of a steamship passing through Gaillard Cut in the center. Above the portraits are the names "Roosevelt" and "Goethals" in dark Gothic. In a horizontal panel with dark ground at the top of the stamp is the wording "US Postage" in white Gothic lettering. The ends of this panel contain ornaments of Gothic design. In each lower corner is a large numeral "3," between which is the wording "25th Anniversary Panama Canal," all in white Gothic. Below the steamer are the words "Three cents" in dark Gothic letters.

The stamp was first placed on sale on August 15, 1939, at the Navy Mail Post Office on the U.S.S. Charleston, which was at the Canal Zone on the anniversary date.

THREE-HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF PRINTING IN COLONIAL AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1939



This special postage stamp in the 3-cent denomination was issued in commemoration of the three-hundredth anniversary of the introduction of printing in Colonial America,

The dimensions of this stamp are $^{8}/_{00}$ by $^{11}/_{100}$ inches, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of the first printing press used in Colonial America, underneath which is the inscription "Stephen Daye Press" in dark lettering on white ground. Above, and to the right of the press, in two lines are the dates "1639" and "1939." In two horizontal lines at the top of the stamp is the wording "300th Anaiversary of

Printing in Colonial America," in dark lettering, "United States Postage Three Cents" is shown in three lines in dark letters at the bottom of the stamp. In each lower colner is the numeral "3" in like lettering. All inscriptions and titles are printed in colonial style as used in that period.

The stamp was first placed on sale September 25, 1939, at the post office in New York, N.Y.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF STATEHOOD OF NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MONTANA, AND WASHINGTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1939



This special postage stamp was issued in communication of the fiftieth anniversary of admission to the Union of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Washington.

The stamp is *1/100 by 111/100 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It is punted in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject is an outline map showing in lighter color North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Washington, on a background of darker shade containing the boundary lines of the bordering States. The names of the States and their respective capitals are indicated in dark Roman lettering. In the lower center is a compass with the dates "1889" at the left and "1939" at the right in white lettering. In a narrow panel with dark ground along the top edge of the stamp is the wording "50th Anniversary of Statehood" in white Gothic. Small white ornaments are also shown at each end of this panel. In each lower corner within rectangular-shaped panels, arranged vertically with dark ground, is a large white numeral "3," with the wording "Cents" underneath in white Gothic. In a narrow panel with dark ground at the lower edge of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage" in white Gothic,

The stamp was first placed on sale in the capitals of four States on the respective anniversary dates as follows: Bismarck, N. Dak., November 2, 1939; Pierre, S. Dak., November 2, 1939; Helena, Mont., November 8, 1939; Olympia, Wash., November 11, 1939 After each first-day sale the stamp was withdrawn until November 13, 1939.

FAMOUS AMERICANS COMMEMORATIVE SERIES-ISSUE OF 1940











The Famous Americans series is comprised of 35 stamps, issued in 7 groups of 5 stamps each, printed by the rotary process in sheets of 70. Each individual stamp is \$5(00 by \$95(00 inch in dimension, arranged vertically.

In the author's group the portraits are arranged in oval frames against a background of colonial design. At the base of the portraits are shown a closed book, serall, quill pen, and inkwell symbolizing this group. In a narrow panel with white ground at the base of the stamp is the name of the author. The denomination designation, in two lines, the numeral above and the word "Cent" or "Cents" below, appears in an ornamental shield-shaped panel, partly bordered with laurel leaves, in the lower right corner.

| Denom- ination | Color | Subject— authors | Issned |
|-------------------|--------|----------------------------|---|
| 1-cent | Green. | Washington Irving | Tarrytown, N.Y., Jan. 20, 1940 |
| 2-cent | Red | James Fents more Cooper | Cooperstown, N.Y., Jan 29, 1910 |
| 3 cent | Purple | Ralph Waldo Emerson. | Boston, Mass , Feb 5, 1990 |
| 5 cent | Blue | Louisn May Alcott. | Concord, Mass, Feb. 5, 1930 |
| 10 cont | Brown. | Samuel L. Clomens | Haunibal, Mo., Feb 13, 1910 |

Across the top of the stamps is the wording "United States Postage," All lettering is solid Gothic in the color of the stamp.



The central subjects in the poet's group are enclosed in inner and outer frames of Georgian design, between which at the top is the inscription "United States Postage." Below the portrait frame is a horizontal tablet containing on a white ground the name of the poet, above which appears the denomination designation at each end with the word "Gent" or "Gents" between, separated by an ornamental shield-shaped panel in which is depicted in white, on a solid background, a reproduction of the winged horse Pegasus, which forms the symbol of this group. All bettering is in solid Gathic,

| Denomb- iatlop | Color | Subject poets | 1saned |
|-------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--|
| - | - | - | |
| 1-cent | Green | Henry W. Lang- fellow. | Portland, Muine, Feb. 16, 1910. |
| 2 cent | Red - | John Green- lief Whittier, | Haverlill, Mass , Feb. 16, 1940. |
| 3-cont | Purple | Janos Russell Lawell | Cambridge, Mass , Feb. 20, 1940. |
| 5-cent | Blue | Walt Whitman. | Caniden, N.J., Feb. 20, 1910 |
| 10 cent | Biown | James Whiteomb Riley. | Greenfield, Ind., Feb. 21, 1940 |











The stamps in the educators' group are bordered by ornamental frames within which the central portraits appear in a circular frame in the upper half of which on a light ground are the words "United States Postage" in dark Gothic lettering. The lower half of these frames is of ornamental design, over the center of which is superimposed a solid shield shaped panel with dark ground supported by acanthus leaves on the sides. enclosing a reproduction of the "Lamp of Knowledge," the symbol for this group of stamps. In a narrow panel with white background at the base of the stamp is the name of the author, above which, at each ond, appears the denomination designation, in white.

| Denomi- nation | Cotor | Subject educators | Issuel |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | | |
| 1 cent | Cheen | Horace Mann. | Boston, Mass., May 11, 1940. |
| 2 cent | Red - | Mark Hupkins, | Williamstown, Mass., Mar. 14, 400. |
| 3 cent | Purple | Clarles W Ellot | Cambridge, Mass., Mar. 28, 1010 |
| 5 cent | Blue | Frances E Willard | Evanston, 111., Mar. 28, 1910. |
| 10 cent | Biown | Booker T' Washing- tan, | Tuskegee Insti- tute, Ala., Apr. 7, 1910. |





















In the scientists' group the portraits appear in the upper part of the stamp in a square panel with solid ground, bordered at the top and sides in a frame of lighter shade. Below the portrait in a white ribbon with folded ends is the name of the subject in dark Gothic. Below the portrait on a shaded background is the wording "United States Postage" in white Roman, arranged in three lines. Within a shield-shaped panel at the right with dark ground is the denomination designation in white. In a similar panel at the left is the symbol of the science with which the subject was associated.

The central subjects of the composers' group appear in oval frames arranged vertically superimposed on a wide flat frame. Below the oval frame at the left is a spray of laurel leaves and at the right the Pipes of Pan, representing the symbol of this group of subjects. Across the top of the stamps is the inscription "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. The border frame at the bottom is obscured by a white panel enclosing at the left the denomination designation, with the name of the composer in the center in dark Gothic.

| Denomi- nation | Color | Subject sclentists | Issued |
|-------------------|-------|------------------------------|--|
| 1-cent | Qreen | John James Audubon | St Francisville, La., Apr. 8, 1910 |
| 2-cent | Red | Dr. Craw- ford W Long. | Jofferson, Ga., Apr 8, 1910. |
| 3-cent | Puple | Luther Bin- bank, | Santa Rosa, Calif , Apr. 17, 1910. |
| 5 cent | Blue | Dr Wnlter Reed. | Washington, 1).C., Apr. 17, 1910, |
| 10 cent | Brown | Jane Addams | Chicago, Ill., Apr 26, 1910, |

| Denomi- nation | Color | Subject— composers | Issued |
|-------------------|--------|------------------------------|---|
| 1-cent | Cheen | Stopben Collins Foster | Bardstown, Ky., May 3, 1910 |
| 2-cent | Red | John Philip Sousa, | Washington, D.C., May 3, 1910, |
| 3-cent | Purple | Vletor Herbert, | New York, N.Y., May 13, 1010. |
| 5-cent | Blue | Edward A. Mac- Dowell. | Peterborough, N.11, May 13, 1940. |
| 10-cent | Brown | Ethelhert Novin | Pittsburgh, Pa., June 10, 1910. |











In the artists' group the portrait is enclosed in an oval frame of colonial design. Underneath this frame in a horizontal panel with white ground is the name of the subject in dark Gothic lettering. Across the top of the stamp is the inscription "United States Postage" also in dark Gothic lettering. In the lower left corner is shown the artist's palette with brushes, symbolizing the art of painting. On the palette is superimposed the denomination designation in color. In the lower right corner is depicted a stonecutter's mand with chusels, a symbol of sculpture.

| Denom- ination | Color | Subject artists | Isqued |
|-------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Leent | Green | Officer t Charles Stuart. | Narragansett, R.L., Sept. 5, 1940 |
| 2-cent | Red Purple . | Jus A McNeill Whistler, Augustus | Lowell, Mass., Sept 5, 1040. New York, |
| 5 cent | Hhie | Saint- Chudens, Daulel Chester | N Y., Sept. 16, 1940. Stockbildge, Mass., Sept |
| 10 cent | Brown. | French Frederic Reming- ton, | 16, 1940 Canton, N.Y Sept 30, 1940. |
| | | ı | ı |











The central subjects of the inventor's group are distinguished from the preceding issues by the use of larger portraits without frames. The portraits are placed to the right of the center of the stamp and extend from the bottom edge to the top of the stamp except for the narrow space required for the inscription reading "United States Postage" in white Gothic. In the lower left corner of the stamp is a large rectangular panel arranged vertically with white ground, containing at the top the name of the inventor in dark Gothic lettering. At the bottom of the panel, arranged in the form of a monogram, is a reproduction of a cogwheel, uplifted wings, and lightning flash, symbols of power, flight, and electricity. Between the monogram and the name of the inventor appears the denomination numeral.

| Denom- ination | Color | Subject— Inventors | Issued |
|-------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| I-cent | Green | Eli Whit- | Savannah, Cia., Oct 7, 1910. |
| 2 cent | Red | Samuel F. B. Morse. | New York, N Y., Oct 7, 1910. |
| 3-cent | Purple. | ('yrus H. McCor- mlck. | Lexington, Va., Oct. 14, 1940. |
| ärent | Blue | Ellas Howe. | Speacer, Mass, Oct 11, 1940. |
| 10-cent . | Biown. | Alexander Graham Bell | Boston, Mass . Oct. 28, 1940 |

PONY EXPRESS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1940



This stamp was issued to commemorate the eightieth anniversary of the introduction of the Pony Express Service.

The dimensions of the stamp are 8½100 by 11½100 inches, arranged horizontally. It was issued in sheets of 50 printed by the rotary process in red-brown ink.

The central design depicts a mounted Pony Express rider leaving a relay station with a consignment of mail. In the foreground at the right is the denomination designation in the form of a large numeral "3" with "Three Cents" below, in dark Roman lettering. In each upper corner is a vertical panel with dark ground containing at the left a reproduction of a buffalo skull and a sheaf of wheat at the right in white Immediately below are the dates "1860" and "1910," respectively, in dark lettering. In a horizontal panel with dark ground at the upper edge of the stamp is the inscription "United States Postage" in white Gothic. In a similar panel at the lower edge of the stamp is the wording "Pony Express 80th Anniversary" in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at St. Joseph, Mo., and Sacramento, Calif., the eastern and western terminals, on April 3, 1940.

PAN-AMERICAN UNION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1940



This stamp was issued to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the Pan-American Union.

The dimensions of the stamp are $^{84}100$ by $1^{14}100$ mehes, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design portrays three feminine figures with clasped hands, copied from the allegorical painting of "Spring" by Botticelli, typifying the honds of friendship and good will that exist between the countries of the Pan-American Union In a horizontal panel at the top of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage" and in smaller type directly underneath, "Fiftieth Anniversary Pan-American Union." Below the central group is the denomination designation "3 cents" in two lines. At the lower edge of the stamp, also arranged in two lines, is the wording "A Hemisphere of Good Neighbors North, Central and South America." All lettering on the stamp is in white of the old English style in use during the fourteenth century.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on April 14, 1940.

IDAHO STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1940



This stamp was issued to commenciate the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Idaho to the Union.

The dimensions of this stamp are $^{84}\!\!/_{00}$ by $1^{14}\!\!/_{00}$ inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50,

The central design is a reproduction of the State Capitol at Boise, which occupies the entire space in the lower half of the stamp with the dome extending close to the upper edge at the center. In the upper left corner is the wording "50th Anniversary Idaho 1890–1940," arranged in three lines. In a similar position at the right is the inscription "U. S. Postage," underneath which is the denomination designation. All lettering is in dark Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Boise, Idaho, post office on July 3, 1940.

WYOMING STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1940



This stamp was issued to commemorate the fifteeth anniversary of the admission of Wyoming to the Union.

The dimensions of this stamp are $^{8}\%_{00}$ by $^{1}\%_{00}$ inches, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of the State Seal of Wyoming, extending the full width of the stamp. In a curved panel with dark ground forming an arch above the central design is the wording "State of Wyoming 50th Anniversary" in white Roman arranged in two lines. In a horizontal panel with dark ground at the top of the stamp is the inseruption "U. S. Postage" in white Roman. In a similar panel, at the lower edge of the stamp in white Roman lettering, are the words "Three" at the left and "Cents" at the right, separated by a large circular panel with dark ground containing the numeral "3" in white, In the space between the lower panel and the central design are the words "1890" at the left and "1940" at the right in large white numerals.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Cheyenne, Wyo., post office on July 10, 1940.

CORONADO CUARTO CENTENNIAL COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1940



This stamp was issued to commemorate the four hundredth anniversary of the Coronado Expedition through the Southwestern States.

The dimensions of this stamp are \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by $1^{4}\frac{1}{100}$ inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50

The central design, arranged in the form of an oval, was reproduced from the paint ing "Coronado and His Captains," by Gerald Cassily, the title of which is shown in white Gothic lettering in a narrow panel with solid background at the base of the picture. In a horizontal panel with dark ground at the lower edge of the stamp is the wording "1510-Coronado Cuarto Centennial-1940" in white architectural Roman lettering. In a similar arrangement at the top of the stamp, partly obscured by the central design, is the wording "U. S. Postage" at the left, and "Three Cents" at the right. In the space below these inscriptions are white shields ornamented by laurel branches. The shield at the left contains the denomination designation "3¢" and the one at the right incorporates the Coronado coat of arms.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Albuquerque, N. Mex., post office on September 7, 1940.

NATIONAL DEFENSE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1940







This series of postage stamps, temporarily replacing the regular issues, was provided to create a general consciousness of the existing threat to our security and focus attention upon the necessity for developing an adequate national defense.

The dimensious of these stamps are 75/100 by 87/100 inch, arranged vertically. They are printed in the regulation colors for these denominations by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 100.

The central design for the 1-cent denomination is a reproduction of the Statue of Liberty, above which, in dark Gothic, are the words "Industry Agriculture." Below the design is the wording "For Defense" in white Gothic. In a horizontal panel with dark background at the upper edge of the stamp is the inscription "United States of America" in white Roman lettering. In like lettering in a similar panel at the base of the stamp is the wording "Postage 1 Cent."

The 2 cent stamp has for its central subject a reproduction of a 90-infilimeter antiaircraft gun, above which in dark Gothic lettering is the wording "Army and Navy." Except for the change in the denomination numeral and the substitution of the word "Cents" for "Cent," the remaining inscriptions are the same as on the 1-cent value.

The 3-cent stamp has for the central design an uplifted torch symbolizing enlightenment, above which, arranged in two lines, are the words "Security Education Conservation Health" in dark Gothic. Other than the change in the denomination numeral, the remaining wording on the stamp conforms to that on the 2-cent stamp.

The stamps were first placed on sale in the Washington, D.C., post office on October 16, 1940.

THIRTEENTH AMENDMENT COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1940



This stamp was issued in commemoration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the thirteenth amendment to the Constitution.

The dimensions of this stamp are $^{8}/_{100}$ by $1^{4}/_{100}$ inches, arranged vertically. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of the statue entitled "Emancipation" by Thomas

Ball in Lincoln Park, Washington, D.C., portraying Abraham Lincoln and a slave. The base of the statue is partly obscured by a panel with white background, containing the inscription "75th Anniversary of the 13th Amendment to the Constitution" in dark lettering arranged in three lines. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "United States of America" in dark color. At the base of the stamp on a dark background is the denomination designation: "Postage 3 Cents" in white. The numeral is enclosed in an oval frame with scroll-like ornaments on each side. All lettering on the stamp is in architectural Roman.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the World's Fair, New York, post office on October 20, 1940.

VERMONT STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1941



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Vermont to the Union.

The dimensions of this stamp are \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by 1^{14} /100 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of the State Capitol at Montpelier with the name "Vermont" below. In a horizontal line at the upper edge of the stamp is the inscription "United States of America." At the base of the stamp is the wording "150th Anniversary of Statehood." In the lower left corner is the word "Postage" and the denomination designation "3¢" below. In a similar position at the right is a shield containing thirteen stars in purple on a white background, representing the thirteen original colonies. At the top of the shield is a large white star representing Vermont as the fourteenth State. All lettering on the stamp is in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Montpelier, Vt., post office on March 4, 1941.

AIR-MAIL SERIES-ISSUE OF 1941













These stamps were furnished to provide a uniform series to replace similar denominations which had been issued at various intervals since 1926.

Each stamp is of the special-delivery size, 81/100 by 111/100 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and issued in sheets of 50 by the rotary process.

The central design is a reproduction of a modern-type transport plane in flight, which occupies the major portion of the space except that needed for the inscriptions. Below the plane is the denomination numeral with the word "Cents" directly beneath in dark Gothic lettering. To the left of the denomination numeral is the word "Air" and to the right the word "Mail" in lettering of like type. At the lower edge of the stamp in a narrow panel with solid background is the inscription "United States of America" in white Gothic lettering.

| Denomination | Color | Issued |
|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| G-cent | Red | Washington, D.O., June 25, 1911 |
| 10-cent | Purple | Atlantic City, N.J., Aug. |
| 15 cent | Brown | Baltimore, Md , Aug. 19, |
| 20 cent | Gieen | Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 27, 1911 |
| 30 cent | Blue | Kansas City, Mo , Sept 25, 1911. |
| 50 cent | Orango | Saint Louis, Mo, Oct 29, 1911 |

KENTUCKY STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1942



The stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth auniversary of the admission of Kentucky to the Union.

The stamp is $8\frac{1}{100}$ by $1^{1}\frac{1}{100}$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It is printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50. The central design is a reproduction of the Gilbert White minal in the State Capitol at Frankfort, depicting Daniel Boone and three companions standing on a promontory and gazing across the Kentucky River to the land on the opposite shore where the city of Frankfort now lies. The design is enclosed in an aich, and in the upper left corner is the inscription "United States" in two lines. In a corresponding position in the upper right corner is the inscription "Postage 3¢" also in two lines. Across the bottom of the stamp is the wording, "Sesquicentennial of the Statehood of Kentneky," with the dates "1792" and "1942" appearing in the lower left and right corners, respectively. All lettering is in dark Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Frankfort, Kentucky, on June 1, 1942.

WIN THE WAR POSTAGE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1942



This stamp was issued to symbolize the Nation's war effort and victory goal on the anniversary of American Independence, and to displace, eventually, the 3-cent National Defense Stamp.

The stamp is 75/100 by 87/100 inch in dimension, arranged vertically. It is printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 100. The central design is a reproduction of the American eagle with wings outstretched in the form of a large V. Encircling the eagle are 13 stars, and in a curved panel with dark background, imposed on the design, is the inscription "WIN THE WAR." The denomination designation "3¢" is shown in two places below the design, at the left and the right, and across the bottom of the stamp is the inscription "UNITED STATES POSTAGE." All lettering is in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on July 4, 1942.

CHINA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1942



This stamp was issued to commemorate the fifth anniversary of the resistance of the Chinese people to Japanese aggression, and as a tribute to the efforts of China to preserve the principles of free government for its people.

The stamp is \$\frac{8}{100}\$ by \$1\frac{1}{100}\$ inches in dimension, an anged horizontally. It is printed in blue by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50. In the upper left corner, arranged in an oval frame, is a portrait of Abraham Lincoln, and in a like arrangement in the upper right corner is a portrait of Dr.

Sun Yat-sen, the first president of the Chinese Republic. Between the portraits is a contour map of China, on the lower edge of which is superimposed a design of the sun, with triangular rays, representing the national symbol used on the flag of China. In two horizontal lines within the sun are the dates "July 7, 1937," and "July 7, 1942," between which are four Chinese characters meaning, "Fight the War and Build the Country." Below the portrait of Lincoln, arranged in three lines, is the wording, "Of the people, by the people, for the people," and in a similar position under the portrait of Dr. Sun Yat-sen are three columns of Chinese characters of corresponding meaning. The denomination designation "5¢" is shown in the lower left corner of the stamp, to the right of which, in a horizontal line, is the wording "United States Postage." All inscriptions except those under the portraits, are in dark lettering.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Denver, Colorado, on July 7, 1942.

UNITED NATIONS POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1943



This stamp was issued to replace the 2-cent National Defense stamp, and as a tribute to the unity with which the liberty-loving nations of the world are marching toward victory over aggressors.

The stamp is 75/100 by 85/100 inch in dimension, arranged vertically. It is printed in red by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 100. The central design, symbolic of Victory, depicts an uplifted palm branch at the apex of a triangular-shaped procession of swords, likewise held upright. In the upper part of the stamp at the right of the central subject is the wording "2 Cents" in white Gothic underneath which, arranged in three lines, is the inscription "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. In a horizontal pauel with dark background along the lower edge of the stamp is the wording "Nations United for Victory" in white Gothic lettering.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on January 14, 1943.

FOUR FREEDOMS POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1943



This stamp was issued to impress upon the public the necessity of spreading the Four Freedoms throughout the world, and to replace the 1-cent National Defense stamp.

The stamp is 75/100 by 85/100 inch in dimensions, arranged vertically. It is printed in green by rotary process and issued in sheets of 100. The central subject, enclosed in an oval-shaped panel, is a reproduction in

bas-relief of Liberty holding the lighted Torch of Freedom and Enlightenment. Across the top of the stamp is the inscription reading "U.S. Postage" shown in white architectural Roman on a shaded background. Underneath this inscription, at the left, is the denomination designation "16" and in corresponding position but reversed order at the right "61". Below the central design is a rectangular plaque with white background, in which appears the wording: "Freedom of Speech and Religion, From Want and Fear," in solid Gothic lettering arranged in five lines. In the space at the right and left of the central oval and plaque are shown conventionalized oak leaves, outlined in white.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on February 12, 1943.

OVERRUN COUNTRIES COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS-15SUE OF 1943-44























The Ovenun Countries Series is comprised of 13 stamps, issued in tribute to the following countries ovenun and occupied by the Axis powers: Poland, Czechoslovakia, Norway, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Belgium, France, Greece, Yugoslavia, Albania, Austria, Denmark, and Korea.

All of these stamps are of 5 cent denomination, $8\frac{1}{100}$ by $14\frac{1}{100}$ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and is used in sheets of 50 stamps each.

The central subjects, which are surface printed, reproduce in natural colors the flags of the respective countries with the name of the country underneath. Rays of light extend from behind the central subjects to the onter frames. The main frames of the stamps, steel engraved, are printed in purple and depict on the left the phoenix, a mythological bird symbolizing the renewal of life, and on the right, in a corresponding position, a kneeling female figure portraying the breaking of the shackles of oppression and enforced servitude. Both figures are supported by pedestals on which, in oval-shaped panels with dark ground, the numeral 5 is indicated in white. These pedestals test on a panel, in which appears the word "Cents" in white-faced Roman. Immediately back of the wording the panel is of a darker shade fading out at each end. Across the top of the stamps are the words "United States Postage" in white-faced Gothic, within a ruled panel with ornamental scioll ends. The Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Treasury Department, contracted with the

| Subject | Color of fing | Issued |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Poland | White and red. | Chicago, III , June 22, 1943 Washington, D.C., June 22, 1943. |
| Ozechoslova- | Red, while, and blue. | Washington, D.C., July 12, 1913 |
| Norway | Red, white, | Washington, D.C., July 27, 1913. |
| Luxembourg | Red, white, | Washington, D.C., Aug 10, 1913, |
| Netherlands | Red, white, | Washington, D.C., Aug 24, 1913 |
| Belgium | Black, yellow, | Washington, D.C., Sept. 14, 1913 |
| Franco | Blue, white, | Washington, D.C., Sept 28, 1913 |
| Greeco | Blue and white. | Washington, D.C., Oct 12, 1913 |
| Yaigoslavia | Blue, white, and red. | Washington, D.C., Oct 28, 1913 |
| Albania | Red field, with black emblem | Washington, D.C., Nov. 9, 1913. |
| Austria | Red, white, | Washington, D.O., Nov. 23, 1913. |
| Denmark | Red and white | Washington, D.C., Dec 7, 1943. |
| ICOLGU | White, blue, | Washington, D.C., Nov. 2, 1914. |

American Bank Note Co., New York, N.Y., for printing of these stamps to take advantage of their special multicolor printing equipment.

AIRMAIL STAMP (8-CENT)--- ISSUE OF 1944

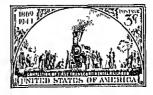


The issuance of this denomination airmail stamp was required to conform to the adjusted airmail rate which became effective March 26, 1944.

The 8-cent airmail stamp is identical in size and design with the 6-cent airmail stamp of the 1941 issue, the only alterations being that of a change in the denomination numeral to "8" and the color to olive-green.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on March 21, 1944.

FIRST TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILROAD COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1944



This stamp was issued to commemorate the seventy-fifth anniversary of the completion of the first transcontinental railroad in America.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. The central subject depicts the celebration ceremonies which took place at Promontory, Utah, on May 10, 1869, on the occasion of the driving of the last spike in the completion of the transcontinental railroad. The design is enclosed in an arch, at the base of which, in white Gothic, is the title, "Completion of the First Transcontinental Railroad." The wording, "United States of America," in dark Roman letters, appears in a white ribbon panel, with scroll ends, along the lower edge of the stamp. Within shields, ornamented with laurel leaves, in the upper corners at the left are the dates "1869" and "1944," in dark numerals, arranged in two lines and at the right, also in two lines the wording, "Postage 3¢," in dark Roman

The stamp was first placed on sale May 10, 1944, at Omaha, Nebr., Ogden, Utah, and San Francisco, Calif.

STEAMSHIP SAVANNAH COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1944



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred twenty-fifth anniversary of the sailing of the steamship Savannah, the first steam-propelled vessel to cross the Atlantic Ocean.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. The central subject depicts the steamship Savannah, which sailed from Savannah, Ga., on May 22, 1819, and arrived at Liverpool, England, 27 days later. In the upper left corner is the wording, "First Steamship to Cross the Atlantic," in dark Gothic, arranged in 5 lines. In a corresponding position in the upper right corner are the denomination numeral, "3¢," and the dates, "1819", and "1944", in dark figures, arranged in 3 lines. Along the base of the stamp is the inscription, "United States Postage" in white Cothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale on National Maritime Day, May 22, 1944, at Savannah, Ga., and Kings Point, N.Y., seat of the U.S. Merchant Marine Academy.

CENTENARY OF THE TELEGRAPH COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1944

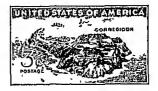


This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the first message transmitted by electric telegraph.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1,44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. Depicted at the left as the main feature of the central design is the upper portion of a telegraph pole with cross arms and wies attached, from which lines extend into the distance. Superimposed over the wires in two lines is the wording of the first telegraph message, "What Hath God Wrought." in dark Gothic lettering. In the upper right corner is the title, "Centerrary of the Telegraph," in dark Gothic, arranged in three lines underneath which is the denomination designation "3¢," In the space below the numerals are the dates "1844" and "1944", in two lines. In a horizontal panel with dark background along the lower edge of the stamp is the inscription, "United States Postage," in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale May 24, 1944, at Washington, D.C., and Baltimore, Md.

PHILIPPINES COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1944



Issued in commemoration of the final resistance of the United States and Philippine defenders on Corregidor.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. The central subject is a view of Corregidor, with the connecting Islands in the background on which were located Fort Drum, Fort Frank and Fort Hughes. The words "United States of America," in white Gothic, appear across the top of the stamp, in a panel-like effect formed by the shoreline of Manila Bay. The word "Corregidor" appears in small dark Gothic lettering immediately above and to the right of the reproduction of the Island, and at the left of the Island, in the lower corner, are the words, "3¢ Postage," arranged in two lines, the numeral in dark modified Roman and the word "Postage" in dark Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale September 27, 1944, at Washington, D.C.

SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1944





Special delivery stamps in denominations of 13-cent and 17-cent were required to meet increased special delivery fees effective November 1,1911

The new stamps are identical in size, arrangement, and design with the 10-cent and 15-cent special delivery stamps, issues of 1922 and 1925, respectively, the only alterations being change in denomination numerals. The 13-cent stamp is printed in blue, and the 17-cent in orange

These stamps were first placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on October 30, 1914.

MOTION PICTURES COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1944



This stamp was issued to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of motion pictures.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. The central subject depicts the showing of a motion preture in a native setting in the South Pacific before an audience comprised of members of the aimed forces. Across the top is the wording "United States of America," in white Gothic, and at the base of the stamp in similar lettering is the inscription "50th Anniversary of Motion Pictures," at the left of which is the denomination designation "3g," over the word "Postage."

The stamp was first placed on sale on October 31, 1944, at Los Angeles, Calif. (Hollywood Station) and New York, N.Y.



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the admission of Florida to statchood.

The stamp is 081 by 141 inches in dunension, arranged horrzontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50 stamps. The central subject is a large reproduction of the original State scal. On the left of the scal appears the date, "1845," and on the right the date, "1945." lower left corner of the stamp the Gates of Saint Augustine are pictured, and in a corresponding position, at the right, is shown the State Capitol. The wording, "Florida Centennial," in dark Gothic is centered across the top of the stamp, and the wording, "3¢ United States Postage," appears horizontally in white Gothic on a dark background across the bottom of the stamp.

The stamp was first placed on sale March 3, 1945, at Tallahassee, Fla.

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1945



This stamp, in 5-cent denomination, was issued to commemorate the United Nations Conference on International Organization.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged houzontally, printed in blue by rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50 stamps. The central subject comprises the quoted words, "'TOWARD UNITED NATIONS APRIL 25, 1945," in three lines of dark-face Gothic lettering followed by the

wording, "FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT" on another line in smaller dark-face lettering. Below this wording is a spray of laurel leaves centered over a dark panel of white-face

Gothic lettering, "5¢ United States Postage"

The stamp was first placed on sale April 25, 1915, at San Francisco, Calif.

ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERIES-ISSUE OF 1945-46









This series of four stamps was issued in tribute to the late President, Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

The dimensions are 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50 stamps.

The 1-cent stamp, printed in green, has for its central design a portrait of Franklin Delano Roosevelt to the left with the Roosevelt home at Hyde Park comprising the right and central positions of the stamp. At the top and centered slightly to the right are the words, "U. S. Postage," in stylized script. At the bottom and beneath the portrait appear the dates, "1882," and "1945," in white Gothie, with the name, "Roosevelt," centered below the dates in the same style lettering. The words, "Hyde Park," appear in dark Gothie below the vignette and in the lower right corner the denomination, "1¢," in white Gothie.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Hyde Park, N.Y., on July 26, 1945.

The 2-cent stamp, printed in 1ed, shows the portrait of Franklin Delano Roosevelt at the left with the Roosevelt cottage at Warm Springs, Ga., comprising the right and central portions of the stamp. Beneath the portrait are the dates, "1882," and "1945," in white Gothic, with the name "Roosevelt," centered below the dates in the same style lettering. At the top of the stamp and centered slightly to the right is the wording, "U. S. Postage," in white Gothic. Below the vignette are the words, "Little White House," in quotations, with "Warm Springs," centered directly below

un dark Gothic, and in the lower right corner of the stamp is the denomination, "24," in white Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale on August 24, 1945, at the Warm Springs, Ga., post office.

The 3-cent stamp, printed in purple, has for its central subject a portrait of Franklin Delano Roosevelt in an oval to the left, with a south view of the White House comprising the right and central parts of the stamp. Across the top appear the words, "United States Postage," in white-face Gothic. At the bottom and under the portrait in white Gothic are the dates "1882," and "1945," with the name, "Roosevelt," centered below the dates in the same style lettering. Under the vignette are the words, "White House," in dark Gothic, and in the lower right corner the denomination, "36," in white Gothic.

This stamp was first sold at Washington, D.C., on June 27, 1945.

The 5-cent stamp, printed in blue, has for its central design a portrait of Franklin Delano Roosevelt appearing in an oval to the left, with dates, name, and denomination numeral in white-face Roman arranged to conform with the preceding denominations of the series. Amidst scattered clouds to the right appears a large terrestrial globe with the words, "Freedom of Speech and Religion, From Want and Fear," in white-face Gothic arranged in five lines across the face. Above the globe in dark Roman is the inscription, "United States Postage."

The first sale of this stamp was conducted at Washington, D.G., on January 30, 1946.











This series of stamps was issued to commemorate the achievements of the United States Marines, Army, Navy, Coast Guard, and Merchant Marine in the Second World War. The stamps are 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, 3 cent denomination, printed by totary process and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

Iwo Jima.—This stamp is printed in green, arranged vertically, and the central design depicts the raising of the United States flag by United States Marines on Mount Suribachi on the island of Iwo Jima. The words, "United States Postage," appear across the top of the stamp in white-face Gothic, and below this wording, at the right, appears the denomination, "3¢," in dark-face Gothic. Under the central subject are the words, "Iwo Jima," in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office, on July 11, 1945.

Army.—The Army commemorative stamp is printed in a khaki color, arranged horizontally, and the design consists of a procession of United States troops passing by the Arc de Triomphe in Paris with an escort of six large hombers overhead. In small squares in each of the upper corners appears the coat of arms of the United States. Denomination numerals enclosed in circles occupy corresponding positions in the lower corners. Connecting vertical panels form the right and left horders of the stamp, and in the left panel appear the words, "U.S. Army," and in the right, "U.S. Postage," reading downward.

This stamp was first placed on sale September 28, 1945, in Washington, D.C.

Navy.-The Navy commemorative stamp is

printed in blue, arranged horizontally. The central design portrays an informal group of scamen in summer uniform. The words, "United States Postage," in white architectural Roman appear in the center of a narrow dark panel across the bottom of the stamp. On the left of this panel in a square with shaded background is the denomination, "3¢," and in a similar square on the right in dark Gothie the lettering, "U.S. Navy," in two lines.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Annapolis, Md., on October 27, 1945.

Coast Guard.—This stamp is printed in green, arranged horizontally, and the central design shows two Coast Guard landing craft proceeding from a supply ship in the background. Across the top of the stamp in a lightly shaded panel appear the words, "United States Postage," in dark Gothic lettering. Directly under this panel and to the extreme right appears the denomination numeral "3," with the word, "cents," below, likewise in dark Gothic. Centered across the bottom of the stamp are the words, "U. S. Coast Guard." To the left and right of these words, slightly elevated, are the dates, "1790," and "1945," all in white-face Gothic.

The initial sale of this stamp took place at New York, N.Y., on November 10, 1945.

Merchant Marine.—The Merchant Marine stamp is printed in green, arranged horizontally, and the central design shows a liberty ship unloading cargo. In the upper left corner is the wording, "U.S. Merchant Marine," in white-face Gothic lettering, comprising three lines. In the upper right corner in a similar arrangement and style is the wording, "United States Postage," arranged in three lines, below which is the symbol,

"3¢," in white Gothic lettering. At the top and centered between these groups of lettering appears the wording, "Peace and War," in white-face architectural Roman lettering, in one line. All lettering is arranged horizontally.

This stamp was first placed on sale February 26, 1946, at Washington, D.C.

ALFRED E. SMITH COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1945



This stamp was issued in honor of Alfred E. Smith. It is 0.75 by 0.87 inch in dimension, printed by rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 100 subjects. The central design is a portrait of Alfred E. Smith with the dates, "1873," and "1944," appearing to the left center in two lines printed in dark Gothic. In white-face Gothic across the top of the stamp appears the name, "Alfred E. Smith," and in horizontal arinngement across the bottom the lettering, "U.S. Postage 34," in white modified architectural Roman.

The stamp was placed on initial sale at the New York, N.Y., post office, on November 26, 1945.

TEXAS STATEHOOD STAMP--- ISSUE OF 1945



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the admission of Texas to statchood.

It is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by rotary process in blue, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design comprises the American flag with a ray shining from the twenty-eighth star to the single star on the Texas State flag. On the left side in a vertical panel is the word, "Texas," in white-face Gothic on a

shaded background. The wording, "United States Postage," appears in a panel across the bottom of the stamp in white-face Gothic on a dark background. To the left of the center above the bottom panel, in dark Gothic lettering, is the word "Statehood," and the dates "1815-1915," in two lines. In the upper right corner is the denomination, "3¢," in dark Gothic.

The stamp was first sold at Austin, Tex., on December 29, 1945.

HONORABLE DISCHARGE EMBLEM COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1946



This special stamp was issued in honor of those who served in the Second World War.

The stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 inch in dimension, arranged vertically. It is printed in purple by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 100. The central design is a facsimile of the Honorable Discharge Emblem on a graduated tone background. Across the top in a single line is the lettering "United States Postage" in dark Gothic. In each lower corner appears the denomination "3¢" in dark Gothic numerals. Arranged in two lines between these numerals is the wording "Honoring Those Who Have Served," in dark Gothic. Five stars representing those who died in the five services are arranged horizontally, three above the emblem, and two below centered above the denominational numerals.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on May 9, 1946.

TENNESSEE STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1946



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Tennessee to statehood.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in purple by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. The central subject consists of a reproduction of the State Capitol with large portraits of President Andrew Jackson and Governor John Sevier enclosed in oval panels with dark background in the upper left and right corners, respectively. Within the ovals and directly below the portraits are the names "Jackson" and "Sevici" in white Gothic. Centered at the top of the stamp appears the inscription "U.S. Postage" in dark Gothic. In each lower corner is the "3¢" between denomination designation which is the wording "Tennessee-Volunteer State 150th Anniversary of Statehood" arranged in two lines in white Gothic lettering across the bottom of the stamp. The entire presentation is enclosed in a double line border,

The stamp was first placed on sale June 1, 1916, at Nashville, Tenn.

IOWA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1946



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the admission of Iowa to the Union.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in blue by the rotary process, and issued m sheets of 50. The central design is an outline map of the State with the State flag superimposed thereon. In vertical panels on the extreme left and right are depicted stalks of corn. Across the top of the stamp in a single line of white Gothic lettering appears the wording "1846—Iowa Statehood Centennial—1946." The words "United States Postago" extend across the bottom of the stamp in the same style lettering with the denomination designation "3¢" in the extreme lower right corner.

The stamp was first placed on sale at the Iowa City, Iowa, post office on August 3, 1946.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1946



This stamp was issued in commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Smithsonian Institution,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 melies in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in a maroon color by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. The central design is a reproduction of the Smithsoman Institution enclosed in a single-line border, with the words "For the Increase and Diffusion of Knowledge Among Men" in two lines of dark Gothic lettering above. Directly beneath the central subject in white Gothic appears the inscription "1846-Smithsonian Institution-The denomination designation "3¢" is shown in the lower left corner and the words "United States Postage" in white Gothic lettering, extend across the bottom, centered slightly to the right.

The stamp was first placed on sale August 10, 1946, at Washington, D.C.

AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1946



This stamp was provided to meet the decrease in the animail postage rate.

The stamp is of the special delivery size, 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in red, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is a modern-type four-motored transport plane in flight. Above the plane is the wording, "Air Mail," in dark face Gothic and on either side of the plane appears the numeral "5¢" in the same style lettering. At the bottom of the stamp in a narrow panel with a dark background is the lettering, "United States of America," in white face Gothic.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on September 25, 1946.

GENERAL STEPHEN WATTS KEARNY COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1946



This stamp was assued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the entry of General Stephen Watts Kearny into Santa Fe.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.41 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in a marroon color, and issued in sheets of 50. The centual design portrays the raising of the American flag over the governor's palace at Samta Fe in 1846. In the upper left corner is the wording "Stephen Watts Kearny Expedition" in three lines of dark Gothic lettering. Centered below the vignette in the same style of lettering and numerals is "1846 Entry into Samta Fe 1916." At the extreme right in a standard vertical panel appears "U. S. Postage" in clark face Cothic and below this wording in the same panel is the denomination "36" in white face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Santa Fe. N. Mex., on October 16, 1946.

THOMAS A. EDISON FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP—ISSUE OF 1947



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Thomas A. Edison.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the lottily process in purple, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects. The central design is a portrait of Thomas A. Edison, placed in the right of the center of the stamp and extending from the bottom edge to the top of the stamp except for the narrow space required for the inscription "United States Postage" in white Cothic. In the lower left corner of the stamp is a large rectangular panel ar-

ranged vertically with white background, containing at the top the name "Thomas A. Edison" in dark Gothic lettering. At the bottom of the panel, arranged in the form of a monogram, is a reproduction of a cogwheel, uplifted wings, and lightning flash, symbols of power, flight and electricity. Between the monogram and the name of the inventor appears the denomination designation "3¢" in dark modified Roman lettering.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Milan, Ohio, on February 11, 1947.

AIRMAIL STAMP---ISSUE OF 1947



This new stump was issued because the small size is more suitable for coils, stamp vending machines and books of stamps. It is the same size as the ordinary issue, 0.75 by 0.87 inch in dimension, arranged horrontally, printed by the rotary process, in red, and issued in sheets of 100 subjects. The central design depicts a DC-4 plane in flight. Above the plane is the wording "Ai Mail" and the denomination "5¢" in two lines of dark Gothic. Just below the plane appears the wording "U.S. Postage" in the same style of lettering.

The stamp was placed on sale at the Washington, D.C., post office on March 26, 1947.

JOSEPH PULITZER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1947



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the birth of Joseph Pulitzer.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process, in purple, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of Joseph Pulitzer in an oval to the right, with the Statue of Liberty to the left, across which is the lettering "Our Republic and Its Press Will Risc or Fall Together" in dark modified Gothic. The dates "1847" and "1947" appearabelow the portrait in white Gothic with the name "Joseph Pulitzer" just below in the same style lettering. In the lower left corner in a dark counter appears the denomination "3¢" in white Gothic and to the right of which in a dark panel is the lettering "United States Postage" in the same style.

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on April 10, 1947.

CENTENARY OF UNITED STATES POSTAGE STAMPS COMMEMORATIVE-ISSUE OF 1947

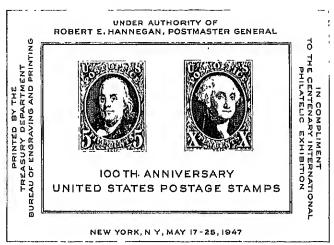


This stamp was issued to mark the onehundredth anniversary of the original series of 1847.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in blue by the rotary process, and issued in sheets of 50. In the upper portion of the stamp to the left and right are ovals bearing portraits of George Washington and Benjamin Franklin with the respective names below in white Gothic. Below these ovals and above a dark panel across the bottom, in which appears the wording "U. S. Postage Stamp Centenary" in white Gothic lettering, are the following from left to right: Pony Express, early type steam locomotive, modern locomotive, and modern steamship. Centered just above these, between the two ovals is a fourmotored plane, above which appear the dates "1847-1947" in dark Gothic. The denomination "3¢" is shown in two lines of the same style of numerals in each upper corner.

This stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on May 17, 1947.

CENTENARY OF UNITED STATES POSTAGE STAMPS SOUVENIR SHEET-ISSUE OF 1947



This special sheet containing reproductions of the original 5-cent and 10 cent stamps of the 1847 series was provided as a souvenir of the Centenary International Philatelic Exhibition held in Grand Central Palace, New York City, May 17 to 25, 1947.

The special stamp sheet is 2.67 by 3.87 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, with the following inscriptions on the margins: "Printed by the Treasury Department,

Bureau of Engraving and Printing," at the left; "Under Authority of Robert E. Hannegan, Postmaster General," at the top; "In compliment to the Centenary International Philatelic Exhibition" at the right; and "New York, N. Y., May 17-25, 1947," at the lower edge. The 5 cent stamp is printed in blue and the 10 cent in red. The sheet is gummed but not perforated.

This special souvenir sheet was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on May 19, 1947.

DOCTORS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1947



This stamp was issued in honor of the doctors of America.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in a maroon color, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design is a reproduction of the painting "The Doctor" by Sir Luke Fildes, across the top of which is the lettering "United States Postage" in white Cothic. In the lower left and right corners in the same style is the denomination "34" and the wording "The Doctor," respectively.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Atlantic City, N.J., on June 9, 1947.

UTAH CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1947



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the settlement of Utah,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design is an original drawing depicting the first settlers entering the valley of Great Salt Lake. Across the top in dark Gothic is the wording "United States Postage," and in the upper right corner is the denomination "3¢." In the left central portion of the stamp is the lettering "This is the Place," a statement attributed to Brigham Young who led the pioneers on their journey to Utah. On a ribbon across the bottom appears "1847 The Utah Centennial 1947" in dark modified Roman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Salt Lake City, Utah, on July 24, 1947,

AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1947



The issuance of an airmail stamp in this denomination was required to conform to the international airmail rate of twenty-five cents a half ounce, effective November 1, 1916, on mail destined to Pacific and Asiatic areas and to portions of Africa.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, and issued in panes of 50. The central design depicts a modern four-motor plane in flight above the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge with the city of San Francisco in the background. The wording "Air Mail" in dark Gothic appears in the upper left of the stamp and across the bottom in a dark panel is the lettering "United States Postage." At the extreme right above the panel is the denomination "25¢" on a dark circular background.

This stamp was first placed on sale at San Francisco, Calif., on July 30, 1947.

AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1947



This special stamp in the 15-cent denomination was issued primarily for use on mail matter destined to Europe and points in North Africa.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, and issued in 50-subject panes. The central design is a reproduction of the Statue of Liberty showing the New York City skyline in the background and a modern four-motor plane in flight. In the upper right portion of the stamp is the wording "Air Mail" in dark Gothic, Across the bottom in a dark panel is the inscription "United States Postage" in white Gothic, directly above and to the right of which is the

denomination "15¢" in the same style on a circular background.

This stamp was first placed on sale at New York, NY, on August 20, 1947.

AIRMAIL STAMP---- ISSUE OF 1947



This special stamp in the 10-cent denomination was issued primarily for use on mail matter destined to South and Central American countries.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the 10tary process in black, and issued in panes of 50. The central subject is a reproduction of the Pan American Union Building in Washington, D.C. In the upper right portion of the stamp is a modern twin-motor plane in flight, to the left of which is the wording "Air Mail" in dark Gothic. Across the lower border of the stamp, arranged in one line, is the denomination "10¢" and wording "United States Postage," respectively, in white modified Roman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1947.

U.S. FRIGATE CONSTITUTION COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1947



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundred-and-fiftieth anniversary of the launching of the U.S. Frigate Constitution, commonly known as "Old Ironsides."

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design is an architect's line drawing of the Constitution. The guns, shown as supporting features of the design, are drawn from the Navy Department records of the 24-pounders originally mounted in the ship. The 16 stars represent the number of States in the Union in 1797, the date of

launching. The Constitution is shown running before a light breeze and approaching a home port with her commission pennant at the main. Arranged in the upper left and right corners, respectively, is the wording, "United States 3¢" and "Postage 3¢" in dark Roman. In a ribbon across the bottom appears the inscription, "1797 U. S. Frigate Constitution 1947" in the same lettering.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Boston, Mass., on October 21, 1947.

EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1947



This stamp was issued to mark the dedication of the Everglades National Park.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design of the stamp is an outline map of the State of Florida showing the Everglades National Park area. In the foreground, and partly covering the map, is a great white heron, below which is a dark panel with the lettering "United States Postage" in white Gothic. Across the top of the stamp, in two lines of white Roman lettering, is the wording "Everglades National Park."

This stamp was first placed on sale at Florida City, Fla., on December 5, 1917.

GEORGE WASHINGTON CARVER FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued in honor of Dr. George Washington Carver, noted scientist and educator.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of Dr. Carver in a square panel with a dark background, bordered at the top and sides in a frame of lighter shade. Below the portrait in a conventional ribbon is the scientist's name in dark Gothic. In the center of a shaded panel across the bottom of the stamp appear the words "United States Postage" in three lines of white modified Roman lettering. To the extreme right within a shield with dark background is the denomination designation "36" and in a similar shield at the extreme left appears a chemist's retort. Both devices are printed in white.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Tuskegee Institute, Ala., on January 5, 1948

AIRMAIL STAMP COILS (5-CENTI-SSUE OF 1948

The stamps in the coils are of the same size, design, and color as the 5 cent airmail stamp, usue of 1947. This type coil is what would normally be considered lengthwise though due to the arrangement of the stamp the perforations parallel the longer dimension.

The 5 cent airmail coil was first placed on sale on January 15, 1948, at the Washington, D.C., post office.

CALIFORNIA GOLD CENTENNIAL COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the discovery of gold in California.

The dimensions of the stamp are 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It is arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in 50-subject panes. The central design is a reproduction of Sutter's Mill at Coloma.

Arranged in six lines of dark Gothic lettering, in the upper left portion, is "California Gold Centennial Sutter's Mill, Coloma, where James W Marshall's discovery started rush of Argonauts." In the inper right corner are a pick and shovel crossed, on which is superimposed a prospector's pan beating the denomination "3¢" in dark Roman. Across the bottom center on a white ribbon is the wording "1818 U.S. Postage 1948" in dark Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Coloma, Calif., on January 24, 1918.

MISSISSIPPI TERRITORY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundred-and-liftieth anniversary of the establishment of the Mississippi Territory.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the iotary piocess in marcon, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is an outline map showing the Mississippi Territory and its growth from 1798 to 1812, the left portion of which is a dark tone denoting the State of Mississippi as it is today. Upon this map is superimposed the Seal of the Mississippi Territory reproduced from the original form wherein the second syllable in Mississippi has only one "s," In the upper right portion of the stamp is a portrait of Governor Winthrop Sargent, the first Governor of the Mississippi Territory, directly below which is the name in white Gothic. Across the top in dark Gothic is the wording "1798 Mississippi Territory 1948." The left horder is formed by a dark vertical panel in which is the wording "U.S. Postage" in white Gothic. The dates 1798, 1804, and 1812, denoting the area of the territory at that time, are in white Gothic as is the denomination "3¢" in the lower right corner on a dark background.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Natchez, Miss., on April 7, 1948.

FOUR CHAPLAINS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued in honor of the four chaplains who sacrificed their lives in the sinking of the S.S. Dorchester.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process, in black, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design of the stamp depicts the sinking of the S.S. Dorchester; grouped just above are the four chaplains (left to right), George L. Fox. Clark V. Poling, John P. Washington, and Alexander D. Goode, Across the top is the wording "These Immortal Chaplains * * Interfaith in Action," in white Gothic. Across the hottom in the same style appears "3¢ United States Postage 3¢."

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on May 28, 1948.

WISCONSIN STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the admission of Wisconsin to the Union.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The central design consists of a reproduction of the State Capitol Building to the right of a scroll showing an outline map of the State around which is the wording "Wisconsin Centennial 1848-1948," in dark Gothic. Directly above the capitol in the same style lettering is the word "Forward." Across the lottom of the stamp appears "United States Postage 3¢" in white Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Madison, Wis., on May 29, 1918.

SWEDISH PIONEER CENTENNIAL COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the coming of the Swedish proncers to the Middle West.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process, in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design depicts a Swedish pioneer moving westward with a covered wagon. Arranged in two vertical rows, one on each end, are twelve states representing the twelve Midwestern States settled by the Swedes. Across the top in a single line on a ribbon is the wording "Swedish Pioneer Centennial" in dark Gothic; just below is the denomination "5¢"; and arranged on either side just below the central design are the dates "1848" "1948" in the same style. The base is formed by a dark panel on which is the white Gothic lettering "United States Postage."

This stamp was first placed on sale at Chicago, Ill., on June 4, 1948.

PROGRESS OF WOMEN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate one hundred years of progress of American women.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is composed of portraits of Elizabeth Stanton, Carrie C. Catt, and

Lucretia Mott, arranged from left to right in ovals on a dark background, above which is the white Gothic lettering "United States Postage." Below the central design is a light libbon on which is the dark modified Roman wording "100 Years of Progress of Women 1848–1948," and at each end of this ribbon is the denomination "3¢" in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Seneca Falls, N.Y., on July 19, 1948.

GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK COMMEMORATIVE AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the golden anniversary of the city of New York.

The stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 of an meh in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in red, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 100 subjects. The central design depicts the five New York City boroughs on a dark background, around which is a ring bearing the inscription "1898—The City of New York 1948 Golden Anniversnry" in dark Roman. Circling the ring are seven modern airplanes. Across the top in one line of white modified Roman is the wording "United States Postage." In the same style neross the bottom appears "5¢ U. S. Air Mail 5¢."

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on July 31, 1948.

WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP-ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued in honor of William Allen White, a renowned American journalist.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of William Allen White arranged in an oval frame against a background of colonial design. At the base of the portrait is shown a closed book, scroll, quill pen, and inkwell, the symbol of authors. The words "William Allen White" appear at the base of the stamp in a natiow panel with white ground. The denomination designation, with the numeral "3" above the word "Cents" below, appears in two lines in an ornamental shield-shaped panel, partly bordered with laurel leaves, in the lower right corner. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage." All lettering is solid Gothic in the color of the stamp.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Emporia, Kans., on July 31, 1948.

UNITED STATES-CANADA FRIENDSHIP COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate one hundred years of friendship with Canada.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 nucles in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is the old bridge known as the Niagara Railway Suspension Bridge. Above the bridge arranged in three lines of dark Gothic lettering is "A Century of Friendship United States—Cauada 1848—1948." Across the lower border appears the wording "United States Postage 3¢" in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Niagara Falls, N.Y., on August 2, 1948.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was r-sucd in honor of Francis Scott Key, author of the "Star Spangled Banner."

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is a portrait of Francis Scott Key in an oval, below which appears the name in white Gothic on a dark background. Draped on the left and right sides of the portrait are the American flags of the period of 1814 and 1918, respectively. In the lower left-hand corner is the old Key home and in the lower right is Fort McHenry with dark Gothic lettering on ribbons identifying each. Above the central design is the dark Gothic lettering "U S. Postage," to the left and right of which is the denomination "3¢" in the same style.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Frederick, Md., on August 9, 1948.

SALUTE TO YOUTH COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued in honor of the youth of America.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design depicts a girl and boy walking in step carrying books. To the right is a dark shield on which is a light panel with the wording "Youth Month Sept. 1-30, 1948" in dark Gothic; below are five stars. The wording "Saluting Young America" and "United States Postage" in the same style appears across the top and bottom, respectively. The denomination "3¢" in white Gothic appears in each lower corner on a dark circular background,

The stamp was first offered for sate at Washington, D.C., on August 11, 1918



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the organization of territorial government in Oregon.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process, in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design depicts a wagon on the Oregon Trail with the dark Roman lettering "Oregon Territory Centennial" within a circle on which appears the white Gothic dates "1848–1948." Arranged in the upper left and right corners, respectively, are ovals bearing the portraits of John McLonghlin and Jason Lee. Below each portrait is the denomination "3¢" in white modified Roman. In the upper center is the wording "U. S. Postage" in dark Roman.

This stamp was first offered for sale at the Oregon City, Oreg., post office, on August 14, 1948.

HARLAN FISKE STONE FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP---ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued in honor of Harlan Fiske Stone, late Chief Justice of the United States.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the lotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects. The central design is a portrait of Harlan Fiske Stone on a dark background, under which appears two conventional shields. In the right shield on a dark background ap-

pears the denomination "3¢" in white modified Roman, and in the left shield on a dark background appears the scales of justice. Under the portrait in a simple tibbon appears the name "Harlan F. Stone" in dark-face Gothic. The wording "United States Postage," in white-face Gothic, appears in the top border.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Chesterfield, N.H., on August 25, 1948.

PALOMAR MOUNTAIN OBSERVATORY COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the dedication of the Palomai Mountain Observatory, where the two-hundred-inch Hale telescope is housed.

The stamp is 0.85 hy 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects. The central design depicts an exterior view of Palomar Mountain Observatory with the name just above in white Gothic. In the lower left corner on a dark linekground appears the denomination "34" followed by the wording "United States Postage" in the same style, just above which is the date "1948" in dark Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Palomar Mountain, Calif., on August 30, 1948.

CLARA BARTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued in honor of Clata Barton, the founder of the American Red Cross,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The design depicts a portrait of Clara Barton in an oval, ornamented by laurel leaves, with the name just below in white Roman. To the right of the portrait is a Red Cross symbol with the dark Roman wording "Founder of the American Red Cross" in two lines. The denomination "3¢" in the same style appears just to the right. The upper border is formed by a shaded panel bearing the wording "United States Postage," in white Roman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Oxford, Mass., the buthplace of Clara Barton, on September 7, 1918.

POULTRY INDUSTRY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the poultry industry.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, mranged horizontally, with a single-line frame, printed by the rotary process, in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design shows a light Brahma male with the dark Gothic wording "Centennial of the American Poultry Industry" with the dates "1848" and "1948" in white Gothic on a background of rays. A light ribhon across the bottom horder carries the wording "United States Postage" in dark Roman. In the lower right corner is an egg on which is the denomination "3¢" in the same style.

The stump was first placed on sale at Now Haven, Conn., on September 9, 1948.

GOLD STAR MOTHERS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued in honor of the Gold Star Mothers of America. The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totally process, in yellow gold, electric-eye perforated, and resured in sheets of 50 subjects. The design depicts a palm branch on which is superimposed a star, below which is the wording "Gold Star Mothers" in dark modified Roman. Across the top appears the wording "United States" in white Roman with united characteristics. In the same style across the bottom in a dark panel appears "3¢ Postage 3¢."

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on September 21, 1918.

FORT KEARNY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the founding of Fort Kearny,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design depicts a partial view of Fort Kearny, above which is a reproduction of a pioneer group as sculptined on the Nehraska State capitol. The wording "Fort Kearny 1848 Nebraska 1948 Guardian of the Pioneer" is arranged in three lines at the bottom of the stamp in white Gothic. Across the top in a single line of dark Gothic appears "3¢ United States Postage."

This stamp was first offered for sale at the Minden, Nehr., post office, on September 22, 1948.

VOLUNTEER FIREMEN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued in honor of Volunteer Firemen.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totaly process, in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The central design is a portrait of Petci Stuyvesant with the name and wording "Organizer of the First Volunteer Firemen in America" just below in three lines of dark Gothic. To the left and right of the portiait is an early and madein hre engine, respectively. Above the earlier engine is the denomination "3¢" and above the modern engine the wording "United States Postage," each of which is dark Gothic. In a single line across the top appears "300th Anniversary Volunteer Firemen" in the same style. The dates 1648-1948 are grouped just below this line in white Gothic. On a dark panel at the bottom in the same style is "Unselfish Public Service - Courage · Duty."

The stamp was first placed on sale at Dover, Del., on October 4, 1948.

INDIAN CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the settlement of the Five Civilized Indian Tribes in the State of Oklahoma.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is an outline man of the State of Oklahama on which is the white Gothic lettering "Indian Centennial Cherokee Chickasaw Choctaw Muscogee Seminole." To the left arranged from top to hottom are the scals of the Cherokee, Chickasaw, and Choctaw Tribes, and on the right in the same order are the seals of the Muscogee and Seminole. Between these two groups of seals and below the State border is the wording "The Five Civilized Indian Tribes of Oklahoma, 1848-1948" in dark Gothic. Just below is a dark ribbon on which appears "United States Postage" in white Gothic, In the lower right corner in white modified Roman is the denomination "3¢,"

The Indian Contennal stamp was first placed on sale at Muskogee, Okla., on October 15, 1948.

ROUGH RIDERS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the Rough Riders, the first volunteer United States cavalry.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in marcon, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. The central design depicts the equestrian statue of Capt. William Owen "Bucky" O'Neill, commander of Troop A of the Rough Riders, who was killed in action while gallantly leading his men in the Battle of San Juan Hill, Cuba, on July 1, 1898. The wording "Rough Riders" in white Gothic appears in a single vertical line near the left border. In the same style and in a corresponding position on the right border is the wording "U S Postage" and the denomination "3¢." The dates 1898-1948 appear in the lower left and right corners, respectively, in white Gothic on a dark hackground.

This stamp was first offered for sale at the Prescott, Ariz., post office, on October 27, 1948.

JULIETTE LOW COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---1SSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued in honor of Julicite Gordon Low, founder and organizer of Girl Sconting in the United States.

The stump is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in green, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of Juliette Gordon Low on a shaded background with the name just below in dark Gothic on a ribbon ornamented with laurel leaves. The lower border is formed by a dark panel on which is the white Gothic wording "United States Postage." In the same style in the

upper left and right corners on a shaded background are the denominations "3¢." To the left of the central design is the clark Roman lettering "Founder of the Girl Scouts of the U.S.A." and to the right is the Girl Scouts emblem,

The stamp was first placed on sale at Savannah, Ga., the birthplace of Mrs. Low, on October 29, 1948.

WILL ROGERS FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP-



This special stamp was issued in honor of Will Rogers, noted American humorist,

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically with a single-line border, printed by the rotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects. The central design is a portrait of Will Rogers, below which is the wording "I never met a man I didn't like"—Will Rogers, in dark Gothic. Above the portrait is the denomination "3 cents," in white Gothic. The central design is framed on the left and right by narrow diaperies. The shaded Gothic lettering "United States Postage" on a dark background panel completes the lower border.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Claremore, Okla., on November 4, 1948.

FORT BLISS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the establishment of Fort Bliss.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically with a single-line border, printed by the rotary process, in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects. The central design is

a triangular shape ornamented frame in which is Fort Bliss with a rocket in flight. Just below the Fort is "1848 El Paso Texas 1948," in dark Gothic. The top border frames a dark panel in which are the words "Fort Bliss Centennial" in white Gothic. Below the left portion of this panel is a mountain scene and below the right portion is an old mission. The denomination "3¢" in dark modified Roman appears in each of these scene areas. The wording "U. S. Postage" in white Gothic on a dark background appears across the lower border.

The stamp was first placed on sale at El Paso, Tex, on November 5, 1918.

MOINA MICHAEL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued in honor of Moma Michael, founder of the Memorial Poppy

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single-outline frame, printed by the rotary process, in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. On the right of the stamp is a portrait of Moina Michael on a dark background. To the left is a poppy plant, across which is the lettering "U. S. Postage Founder of Memorial Poppy" arranged in three lines. In the lower left corner appears the denomination "3¢," and directly beneath the portrait is the name "Moina Michael." All lettering is white face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Athens, Ga., the birthplace of Miss Michael, on November 9, 1948.

LINCOLN'S GETTYSBURG ADDRESS COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the eighty-fifth anniversary of Lincoln's Gettysburg address

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.41 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in blue, electric-cye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. In the left center of the stamp is a reproduction of a statue of Abraham Lincoln on a dark background, to the right of which is a plaque bearing the wording "That Government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth," in shaded Roman, and Abraham Lincoln in shaded Gothic. A lighted torch on a dark background panel forms the right portion. A palm branch is extended across the bottom border over which is the dark Roman lettering "U. S. Postage." The denomination "3 cents" in white Roman is in the upper left corner.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Gettysburg, Pa., on November 19, 1918.

AMERICAN TURNERS SOCIETY CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the founding of the American Turners, a society for the advancement of physical education and recreation.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. With a Greek border at the top of the stamp is the inscription "U. S. Postage" in solid Gothic letters. Below the inscription is a torch throwing light on the history of the American Turners. On the left and right sides of the torch are a pair of hanging rings which are used for physical training. Within the rings are the dates "1848" and "1948" in solid Gothic letters. Just below the rings is a ribbon with the words "One Hundredth

Anniversary of the" in solid Gothic letters and below in a circle is shown the American Turners National emblem which reads "American Turners Sound Mind Sound Body" in dark and white Gothic with a Greek model of an athlete about to throw a discus. The emblem is embellished with a lamel wreath which stands for honor. To the left and right in the lower part of the stamp are ribbons with the words "A Century of Health," In the lower corners are shields with the numeral "3" in white Gothic, and between the two shields the word "Cents" in white Roman letters. At the lower sides are oak branches which stand for age.

The stamp was first offered for sale at the Cincinnati, Ohio, post office, on November 20, 1948.

JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP—ISSUE OF 1948



This special stamp was issued in honor of Joel Chandler Harris, whose folklore of the South gave him worldwide recognition.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of Joel Chandler Harris arranged in an oval frame against a background of colonial design. At the base of the portrait is shown a closed book, scroll, quill pen, and an inkwell, the symbol of authors. The words Chandler Harris" appear at the base of the stamp in a narrow panel with white ground. The denomination designation, with the numeral "3" above and the word "Cents" below, appears in two lines in an ornamental shield-shaped panel, partly bordered with laurel leaves, in the lower right corner. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage." All lettering is solid Gothic in the color of the stamp.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Eatenton, Ga., the hirthplace of Mr. Harris, on December 9, 1948.



This stamp was provided to meet the increase in the airmail postage rate.

The stamp is the same size as the ordinary issue, 0.75 by 0.87 of an meh in dimension, attanged horizontally, printed by the totally process, in red, and issued in sheets of 100 subjects. The central design depicts a DC-4 plane in flight. Above the plane is the wording "An Mail" and the denomination "6¢" in two lines of dark Gothic. Just below the plane appears "U. S. Postage" in the same style of lettering.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on January 18, 1949.

MINNESOTA TERRITORY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1949



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one-hundredth anniversary of the creation of the Territory of Munesota.

The stamp is 0.81 by 1.44 idimension, arranged horizontally, by the rotary process, in green, electroficated, and issued in sheets of 5t. jects. The central design depicts a pion-moving westward with a Red River ox carl. The bottom border is formed by a dark panel, in which is the wording "3¢ United States Postage 3¢" in white Gothic. In the upper left portion of the stamp, arranged in from lines of dark Gothic, is "Minnesota Territorial Centennial 1849-1949." In the same style in the upper right corner appears the lettering "Red River Ox Cart."

The stamp was first offered for sale through the Saint Paul, Minu., post office, on March 3, 1949.

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1949



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the two-hundredth anniversary of the founding of Washington and Lee University.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in blue, electric-eye perforated, and assued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is a view of the university, to the left and right of which are portraits of Generals Washington and Lee, respectively, in oval frames, with their names in white Gothic in narrow curved panes on dark ground at the base of the ovals. In a single line of dark Gothic lettering and numerals across the top of the stamp is "1749 Washington and Lee University 1949." The bottout border is formed by a dark panel in which is the wording "United States Postage 3¢" in white Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Lexington, Va., on April 12, 1949.

PUERTO RICO GUBERNATORIAL ELECTION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1949



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the first Puerto Rican gubernatorial election.

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design consists of a rural Puerto Rican holding a cogwheel representing industry and a ballot hox representing the election of the Island's Governor. Across the top of

the stamp appears the wording "First Gubernatorial Election in Puerto Rico" in white-face Gothic. Above the ballot box is "Jan. 2, 1949" and on the ballot hox appears the word "Ballot," in dark Gothic lettering. Across the bottom in a shaded panel are the words "U. S. Postage" in white-face Gothic. In the lower left- and right-hand corners are the denominations "3¢" in dark-face modified Roman.

The stamp was first placed on sale at San Juan, P.R., on April 27, 1949.

ALEXANDRIA BICENTENNIAL AIRMAIL COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1949



This special annual stamp was issued to commemorate the two-hundredth anniversary of the founding of the city of Alexandria, Va.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The central design is a reproduction of the Alexandria seal, from the back of which is a pair of outstretched wings. To the left of the stamp is shown the Carlyle House, the home of John Carlyle, one of the founders of Alexandria. Gadshy's Tavern, which was frequently used as a meeting place by such famous people as George Washington and John Paul Jones, appears to the right of the seal. The names of these two buildings appear just below them on an ornamental ribbon. The top border is formed by a dark panel in which is the white Gothic wording "U, S. Postage-Air Mail." Centered below this panel and directly above the scal is the denomination "6¢" in dark Gothic. The dates "1749" and "1949" appear below the wings on the left and right, respectively. The bottom border consists of a dark panel on which is the white modified Roman lettering "Alexandria, Virginia, Bicentennial,"

This stamp was first offered for sale at Alexandria, Va., on May 11, 1949.

ANNAPOLIS TERCENTENARY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1949



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the three-hundredth anniversary of Annapolis,

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects. The design depicts an ancient map of Annapolis and the entrance to the Severn River at the time of the first settlement. Upon this map is superimposed a ship of the period entering the river from the Chesapeake Bay, a boatload of Puritans going ashore at the site of the settlement, the seal of Lord Baltimore to represent the Colony of Maryland, a compass 1050 and various symbols found on old maps. Just below the scal appears the lettering "Annapolis, Md." in dark Gothic. The lettering "U. S. Postage" in dark modified Roman appears in the top portion. In the same style in the lower part of the stamp appears "Annapolis Tercentenary 1649-1949." In the lower right corner is the denomination "3¢." The lettering identifying the river, bay, and settlement is in dark italic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Annapolis, Md., on May 23, 1949.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1949



This stamp was issued to commemorate the Final National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design depicts a G.A.R. vet eran as he is today; old, wrinkled, head bowed, near the end of his road. Behind him, he is shown in his youth, as a Union soldier; bathed in light, looking upward, confident and strong, at the beginning of his long road. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "Final National Encampment Of The" in white-face Gothic. In the upper left corner of the design is an hourglass representing time, most of which has run out, as indicated by the sand in the lower half. Across the face of the hourglass are the letters "GAR" in dark Cothic. Centered below the glass is the denomination "3¢" in dark modified Roman with the word "Cents" in dark Gothic underneath. In a panel at the bottom appears the wording "United States Postage" in white-face Gothic on a dark background.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Indianapolis, Ind., on August 29, 1949.

EDGAR ALLAN POE FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP—ISSUE OF 1949



This stamp was issued to mark the one-hundredth anniversary of the death of Edgar Allan Poc.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the lotary process in pupple, electric-eve perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects.

The central design of the stamp is a portrait of Edgar Allan Poe enclosed in inner and outer frames of Georgian design, between which at the top is the inscription "United States Postage." Below the portrait frame is a horizontal tablet containing on a white ground the name Edgar Allan Poe, above which appears the denomination "3" at each end with the word "Cents" between, separated by an ornamental shield-shaped panel in which is depicted in white, on a solid background, a reproduction of the winged horse Pegasus, which forms the symbol of poets. All lettering is in solid Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Richmond, Va., on October 7, 1949.

UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION AIRMAIL COMMEMORATIVE SERIES---ISSUE OF 1949







This series of stamps was issued to commemorate the seventy-fifth anniversity of the Universal Postal Union.

The stamps are 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects,

The 10-cent stamp, printed in purple, shows the Post Office Department Building in Washington, D.C., with the words "Post Office Department" just below in dark Gothic. A reproduction of a portion of the monument at Berne, Switzerland, symbolizing the Universal Postal Union, across which is shown a modern two-motor plane in flight, appears in the upper left corner of the stamp. To the right of this monument is the wording "The Universal Postal Union 1874-1949" in dark Gothic. The denomination "10¢" in the same style appears in the lower left corner. The lettering "U. S. Postage * Air Mail" in white Gothic forms the bottom border in a shaded panel.

This stamp was first placed on sale November 18, 1949, at New Orleans, La.

The 15-cent stamp, printed in blue, has for its central design, the world being encircled by doves in flight carrying messages. At the top in a single line is the wording "U. S.

Postage * An Mail", just below each end of which is the denomination "15¢". The lettering "The Universal Postal Union" appears in a single line across the lower border with the dates "1874" and "1949" just above each end. All lettering and numerals are in white Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Chicago, III, on October 7, 1919

The 25-cent stamp, printed in red, depicts the world, on a dark background, with a modern four-motor plane in flight over the Pacific Ocean. Across the upper portion is the lettering "U.S. Postage * Air Mail" in white Gothic with large denomination numeral "254" in the same style directly under the words "Air Mail." The wording "The Universal Postal Union 1874–1949" in dark Gothic on a white ribbon appears in a corresponding position at the bottom.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Seattle, Wash., on November 30, 1949.

WRIGHT BROTHERS AIRMAIL COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1949



This stamp was issued to commemorate the first flight of the Wright brothers.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central motif of the stamp is a reproduction of the historic Wright brothers' plane, below which and to the left is the caption "First Free Controlled and Sustained Powered Flight by Man" in dark Gothic lettering. In the upper right corner appear likenesses of Orville and Wilbur Wright with the name of each in white Gothic. The denomination "6¢" appears in the upper left corner with the words "Air Mail" substantially centered at the top in modified Gothic. In a shaded panel across the bottom of the stamp appear the words "United States Postage" in white Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale on December 17, 1949, at Kitty Hawk, N.C.

AMERICAN BANKERS ASSOCIATION COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1950



This stamp was issued to mark the seventyfifth anniversary of the American Bankers Association.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design depicts a com on which is shown some of the helds in which the banks give service. The home symbolizes our daily life, the farm our raw products, the train our transportation, and the skyline our manufacturing. Around the horder of these symbols is the wording "American Bankers Association." The lettering "U. S. Postage" in white modified Gothic appears just below the central portion in a dark panel. The dates "1875" and "1950" appear in the upper left and right corners, respectively, in white Roman, each in a dark panel. These panels are joined by ornamental scrolls and each is joined on the side borders in the same manner, with the denomination "3¢" in each lower corner on a shaded circular background.

This stomp was first placed on sale at Saratoga Springs, N.Y., on January 3, 1950.

SAMUEL GOMPERS FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP—ISSUE OF 1950



This special stump was issued in honor of Samuel Compers, an outstanding American labor leader.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of Samuel Compers arranged in a frame of Colonial design with a spray of laurel leaves over the lower left portion. Below the portrait is the name "Samuel Gompers" in white Gothic on a dark background. The denomination "3¢" in the same style appears in the lower right corner. Above the portrait in dark Gothic is the wording "United States Postage."

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on January 27, 1950.

NATIONAL CAPITAL SESQUICENTENNIAL SERIES—ISSUE OF 1950









This series of four stamps was issued to commemorate the sesquirentennial anniversary of the National Capital.

The stamps are 0.04 by 1.44 inches in dimension, 3-cent denomination, printed by the rotary process and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

Freedom.—This stamp is printed in blue, arranged vertically, and the central design is a reproduction of the Statue of Freedom, by Crawford, which summonts the done of the Capital at Washington. Below this statue is a ribbon on which appears the wording "National Capital Sesquicentennial 1800—Washington—1950" in dark Gothic. To the left of the statue near the base are the words "US Postage," and to the right is the denomination "34" in the same style of lettering.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on April 20, 1950.

Executive.-This stamp commemorating the Executive Branch of the Government is printed in green, arranged horizontally, and the central design is a south view of the White House with the name in white Gothic just below. Just above the White House on the left is the denomination "3 Cents" in dark Gothic and in a like position on the right is "U.S. Postage" in the same style. The side borders are formed by narrow shaded panels. The top border is a wider shaded panel in which is the wording "1800-Washington-1950" in white Gothic. The bottom border is a darker panel with the words "National Capital Sesquicentennial" in the same style,

This stamp was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on June 12, 1950.

Judicial.—This stamp commemorating the Judicial Branch of the Government is printed in purple, arranged horizontally, and the central design is a reproduction of the U.S. Supreme Court Building. Across the top in a single line of dark modified Roman is "Washington 1800–1950." The bottom border is completed with a dark panel in which is the wording "United States Postage" in shaded Gothic. Superimposed on this panel, at the left, is the shield of the United States on which is a circle bearing the denomination "34" in dark Roman. Just below the central design is the identifying wording "U.S. Supreme Court" and "National Capital Sesquicenteunial" in dark Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on August 2, 1950.

Legislative.—'This stamp commemorating the Legislative Branch of the Government is printed in a shade of purple, an anged horizontally, and the central design is a reproduction of the United States Capitol. In the upper left is the word "Washington" in dark Roman, below which is the lettering "National Capital Sesquicentennial" in dark Gothic. In the upper right are the dates "1800-1950" in dark script. On a ribbon across the lower border appears "United

States of America 36" in dark Roman and "Postage" in dark Gothic,

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington D.C., on November 22, 1950.

RAILROAD ENGINEERS OF AMERICA COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1950



This stamp was assued in honor of the Railroad Engineers of America,

The stamp is 084 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in manoon, electriceye perforated, and issued in slicets of 50 subjects. The central design is a portrait of "Casey" Jones superimposed on a locomotive wheel. Just below the portrait appears the name in white Gothic. To the left of the central design is an artist's conception of the type of engine used by "Casey" Jones and on the right a modern locomotive, The top border is formed by a lightly shaded panel in which is the wording "Honoring Railroad Engineers of America" in dark Gothie. Across the bottom in a dark panel is "United States Postage" in white Roman, Centered just above this panel in the same style is the word "Cents" at each end of which is the denomination numeral "3" in dark Roman on a shaded circular background ornamented with lamel leaves.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Jackson, Tenu., on April 29, 1950.

GATEWAY TO THE WEST-MIDWEST CENTENARY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1950



This special stamp was issued in commemoration of the Midwest Centenary.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design of the stamp depicts the Kansas City skyline of 1950 in the upper portion and the Settlement of Westport Landing of 1850 in the lower portion, each period identified by the date appearing thereon in dark Gothic numerals. Separating the two views is the inscription "Kansas City, Missouri, Centennial" in two lines of white modified Gothic. The lettering "U.S. Postage," in dark Gothic, appears in the upper right portion of the stamp, and in the same style is the denomination "3¢" in the lower right corner.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Kansas City, Mo., on June 3, 1950.

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1950



This special stamp was issued in honor of the Boy Scouts of America.

The stump is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in brown, electric-oye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

Appearing prominently in the left-center portion of the stamp is a group of three boys, typifying the three age level programs of the Boy Scouts of America; namely, exploring, boy sconting and cub scouting. In the background, to the right of the boys, is a reproduction of the Statue of Liberty, symbolizing the organization's crusade to "Strengthen the Arm of Laberty." In the right-center portion appears the membership badge of the Boy Scouts of America. Above this is the wording "On My Honor I Will Do My Best * * *", and below, "Boy Scouts of America" in dark Roman lettering. In a narrow shaded panel across the hottom of the stamp are the words "United States Postage" in white-faced Roman, with the denomination "3¢" enclosed in a circle in the extreme lower left corner.

The stamp was first placed on sale on June 30, 1950, at Valley Forge, Pa.

INDIANA TERRITORY SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1950



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the sesquicentennial anniversary of the establishment of Indiana Territory.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged honzontally, printed by the totary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50 subjects.

The central design is a portrait of William Henry Harrison to the left and the first Capitol building to the right, Above the building, in three lines of white Gothic, is "Indiana Territory Sesquicentennial 1800–1950". Directly below the building in the same style are the words "The First Capitol". Below the portrait in a ribbon ornamented with laurel leaves is the name of the first governor in dark Gothic. The words "United States Postage" in dark Roman appear in a single line across the lower border, with the denomination "3¢" in the same style superimposed on a stone arrowhead in the lower right corner.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Vincennes, Ind., on July 4, 1950.

CALIFORNIA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1950



This stamp was issued to mark the onehundredth anniversary of the admission of California to statehood.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single-line border, printed by the rotary process in yellow, electric-cyc perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design portrays a miner panning gold, to the right of which is a pioneer man

and woman standing before a covered wagon drawn by oxen. Located centrally in the upper portion of the stamp are the words "California Centennial of Statehood 1850–1950," arranged in four lines. In a vertical panel to the left are citius fruits above a reproduction of the steamship OREGON which brought the news of Statehood to the western territory. Oil derricks show faintly in the distance in the extreme upper right corner. A shaded rectangle in the lower left corner encloses the denomination "3¢" in white Gothic with "United States Postage" in a narrow shaded panel across the bottom of the stamp in the same style lettering.

The stamp was first offered for sale at Sacramento, Calif., on September 9, 1950.

UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1951



This stamp was issued to commemorate the Final Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, airanged horizontally in a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in gray, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design depicts a United Confederate Veteran as he appears today. Behind him, he is shown in his youth as a Confederate soldier. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "Final Reunion United Confederate Veterans" in white-face Gothic. In the upper left corner of the design is an hourglass representing time, most of which has run out as indicated by the sand in the lower half. Across the face of the hourglass are the letters "UCV" in dark Gothic. Centered below the glass is the denomination "3" in dark modified Roman with the word "Cents" in dark Gothic underneath. In a panel at the bottom appears the wording "United States Postage" in white face Gothic on a dark hackground.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Norfolk, Va., on May 30, 1951.

NEVADA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1951



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the first settlement of Nevada.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single-line border, printed by the rotary process in green, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp consists of a log cabin, with a mountain range in the background, and a proneer scene typical of the period of the first permanent white settlement in Nevada. In the upper left portion of the stamp arranged in four lines of dark Gothic, appears the wording "Nevada First Settlement Centennial 1851-1951". Across the bottom of the stamp is the inscription "3¢ United States Postage" in white face Roman.

The stamp was first offered for sale at Genoa, Nev., on July 14, 1951.

LANDING OF CADILLAC COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1951



This stamp was issued to commemorate the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the landing of Antoine de la Mothe Cadillae at Detroit.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, with a double-line border, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The stamp has for its central design the skyline of Detroit as it appears today in the appear portion and the landing of Cadillac at Detroit in 1701 in the lower portion. In the

upper left corner, in dark Gothic, is "U. S. Postage". The denomination "3¢" appears in the lower left corner in dark Gothic. Reading across the bottom, in a dark panel, is "The Landing of Cadillac at Detroit, 1701–1951" in white face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Detroit, Mich., on July 24, 1951.

COLORADO STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1951



This stamp was issued to commemorate the seventy-fifth anniversary of the statehood of Colorado.

The stamp is 0.81 by 1.41 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a single-line border, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The stamp has for its central design a reproduction of the Capitol Building of the State of Colondo, against a distant background of the Mount of the Holy Cross on the left and the State scal on the right. A columbine, the State flower, appears in the lower left corner. A mounted cow puncher, as seen from the civic center, dominates the right side.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Mintmn, Colo., on August I, 1951.

AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1951



This stamp was issued to commemorate the soventy-lifth anniversary of the American Chemical Society.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a double-line border, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The stamp has for its central design the emblem of the American Chemical Society. On the left is pictured a modern alembic with supporting instruments, the conventional hydrometer and the modern ionization indicator. To the right is the horizon of the chemical central typified by the towers of the catalytic cracking plant, a butadiene reactor, and a fractionating unit. Across the top arranged in one line of white face Gothic appears the wording "American Chemical Society" and just below arranged in two lines on each side of the emblem in white face Gothic is the wording "Diamond Jubilee 1876-1951".

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on September 4, 1951.

20-CENT SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP---ISSUE OF 1951

A 20-cent special delivery stamp was issued at Washington, D.C., on November 30, 1951.

The stamp is identical to the 20-cent denomination of the 1925 issue, except that it was printed on the rotary presses.

BATTLE OF BROOKLYN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP.—ISSUE OF 1951



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the Battle of Brooklyn.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a double-line frame, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp depicts the evacuation of General Washington's troops from Brooklyn at the site of the Fulton Ferry house. Dominating the left central part of the scene, General Washington is shown mounted on his white charger, directing his troops. A part of the Fulton Ferry house is shown on the right, and in the distant center troops already embarked are seen effecting the crossing of the East River. Across the top appears "United States Postage" in white face Roman. Incorporated and arranged vertically in ornamental scrolls on each side of the stamp appear the numerals "1776" and "1951," respectively. Arranged in two lines in dark Gothic, on a ribbon, centered at the bottom of the stamp is the wording "Washington Saves His Army at Brooklyn." Arranged in each lower corner, an ornamental shield provides the frame for the denomination "3¢."

This stamp was first placed on sale at Brooklyn, N.Y., on December 10, 1951.

BETSY ROSS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1952



This stamp was issued to commemorate the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of Betsy Ross.

The dimensions of this stamp are 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed in red by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The subject of this stamp, enclosed in a single-line border, is a reproduction of the painting by C. H. Weisgerber depicting the designing of the first American Flag by Betsy Ross in the living room of her home and in the presence of the Flag Committee comprised of Gen. George Washington, Robert Motris, and Hon. George Ross. Across the top of the stamp in a light panel appears the wording "200th Anniversary-The Birth of Betsy Ross." In a vertical panel at the left a lamel spray is shown encircled by a tibbon bearing the words "United States Postage" in three horizontal lines under which is the denomination "3¢." All lettering is in dark Gotluc.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Philadelphia, Pa., on January 2, 1952.

4-H CLUBS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1952



This special stamp was issued in honor of the 4-H Club movement,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the

iotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp depicts a group of typical farm buildings at the left, while in the center appears the symbolic four-leaf clover, with the letter "II" in white face Gothic, superimposed on each of the four leaves, representing head, heart, hands, and health. Directly beneath this symbol is inscribed: "The 4-II Clubs," in dark Gothic. Dominating the right side of the design are a teen-age boy and girl, facing the club symbol. In the lower left corner of the design, the denomination "3¢" is shown in shaded modified Gothic. A solid dark panel forms the top of the stamp in which appears the wording: "To Make The Best Better" in white face Roman. The bottom of the stamp is also formed by a solid dark panel on which appears the wording "United States Postage" in white face Roman.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Springfield, Ohio, on January 15, 1952.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD CHARTER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1952



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the granting of the charter to the first common carrier in America, which was the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and assued in sheets of 50.

The background of the design of the stamp portrays the charter granted by the Maryland Legislature in 1827. Superimposed thereon are three stages in the development of rail transportation. The first figure is the "Pioneer Cai", the original method used for passenger service. Then "Tom Thumb", the first steam locomotive placed in service by the railroad, is shown, and lastly the modern streamlined Diesel. Across the top of the stamp appears the wording "United States Postage". Beneath this line in the upper left corner of the charter is the denomination "3¢" in shaded face Roman. Superimposed on the bottom of the charter is inscribed "The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Chartered Feb. 28,

1827." On the bottom of the stamp is the lettering "125 Years of Rail Transportation," in dark face Gothic,

This stamp was first offered for sale at Baltimore, Md., on February 28, 1952.

AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, SAFETY PROGRAM, ACCIDENT PREVENTION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



This special stamp was issued to promote highway safety and accident prevention, on the aftieth anniversary of the American Automobile Association.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design of the stamp illustrates a school safety patrol member preventing two young school girls from effecting a dangerous crossing. To the right of this is shown an automobile of the period of 1902, and an automobile of the more familiar and modern design of 1952. The warding "American Antomobile Association 50th Anniversary 1902 1952" in dark Gothic, is arranged in four lines at the top of the stamp. A two-tone panel forms the bottom of the stamp and frames the wording "U. S. Postage 3¢", in white face Roman. In the upper right-hand corner is shown the eighten of the AAA.

This stamp was first placed an sale in Chicago, Ill., on March 4, 1952.

AIRMAIL STAMP---ISSUE OF 1952



This special stamp was issued for the greater convenience of patrons sending airmuil requiring the 80-cent rate, or higher, charges.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single

outline frame, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued m sheets of 50.

The design of the stamp is a view of Diamond Head in Honolulu, over which is shown a modern four-motored plane used in scheduled airmail service between Hawaii and the Mainland. To the right and left of the central design is a palm tree. The foliage of the tree on the right provides the background in the upper right-hand corner for the wording "Air Mail". In the lower left-hand corner is the denomination "806". In a dark panel, which forms the bottom of the stamp, is the wording "United States Postage". All lettering and numerals are in white face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Honolulu, Hawari, on March 26, 1952.

NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



This stamp was issued to commemorate the third anniversary of the signing of the North Atlantic Treaty.

The stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the iotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 100. The central design of the stamp depicts a torch, symbolizing freedom and peace, being held aloft by human hands, representing the strength and cooperation of United North Atlantic Treaty Organization members. A portion of the world serves as a supporting hase for the aims and the terch. The wording "North Atlantic Treaty Organization" in dark Cothic forms the top of the stamp. Directly shove the flame of the torch appears the letters "NATO" in bold dark Gothic. "U. S. Postage" in light face Gothic is placed to the left of the torch, and on the right appears the denomination "3¢" in modified white face Gothic. In a dark panel forming the bottom of the stamp are the words "Peace Strength. Freedom", also in white face Gathic.

This stump was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on April 4, 1952.

GRAND COULEE DAM COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



This stamp was issued in commenceation of 50 years of Federal cooperation with the West in developing the resources of the rivers and streams in that area.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a double outline border, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is a view of Grand Coulee Dam, showing the spillway. At the left is shown an irrigation farmer at work, and at the right appears a power transmission line and towers, typifying the two principal benefits of this project. The wording "U.S. Postage" is shown at the top center of the design with the denomination "3¢" in each upper corner, in white face Roman. The title "Grand Coulee Dam", in white face Gothic appears in the lower part of the central design, and in a rubbon, which frames the bottom of the central design, is the wording "1902 Reclamation 1952", in dark modified Roman. The words "Irrigation" and "Power" appear in the lower left and right corners, respectively, in white face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Grand Coulce, Wash, on May 15, 1952.

MARQUIS DE LAFAYETTE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1952



This stamp was issued to mark the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the arrival of Marquis de LaFayette in America.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is a portrait of LaFayette in an oval frame. At the left of the portrait is displayed the American flag, and to the right the French flag. A cannon of the period herem represented appears under the American flag. Beneath the French flag is shown an artist's conception of the landing party rowing ashore with the "Victorie" lying offshore. In a dark panel which forms the top of the stamp appears the wording "Arrival of LaFayette in America—1777" in white face Gothic. Located in the bottom center a dark ornamental panel frames the lettering "U.S. Postage" in white face modified Gothic. The denomination "3¢", also in modified white face Gothic, in a dark square panel is in each lower corner of the stamp.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Georgetown, S.C., on June 13, 1952.

MOUNT RUSHMORE NATIONAL MEMORIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



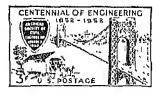
This stamp was issued to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Mount Rushmore National Memorial.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically with a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The over-all design of the stamp is a scene of Mount Rushmore featuring the sculptured heads of George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Theodore Roosevelt, and Abraham Lincoln. The figures of a woman and child viewing the scene are shown in the lower right-hand corner of the stamp. The wording "U.S. Postage 3¢" appears at the top of the stamp and on a signboard located in the lower right section of the stamp is the wording, "Mount Rushmore National Memorial 1927–1952", arranged in five lines. The wording "Black Hills South Dakota" is shown in the lower left corner of the stamp. All lettering is in modified Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Keystone, S. Dak., on August 11, 1952.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1952



This special 3-cent stamp was issued to mark the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The design of the stamp portrays the advancement made in one phase of civil engincomg-bridge building-during the past century. In the lower left-hand corner of the stamp is a replica of a typical covered wooden bridge of the 1852 period, and dominating the right and central portion of the stamp is a reproduction of the George Washington Bridge with the New York City skyline in the background. Directly above the covered bridge appears the official badge of the American Society of Civil Engineers bearing the wording in white faced Gothic "American Society of Civil Eugineers Founded 1852". Arranged in two lines across the top of the stamp is the wording "Centennial of Engineering 1852-1952" and at the bottom the denomination "3d" and the lettering "U S. Postage" in dark-faced architectural Roman.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Chicago, III., on September 6, 1952.

WOMEN IN OUR ARMED SERVICES COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1952



This special stamp was issued to honor the Women in our Armed Services.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp portrays four women attired in the uniforms of the branch of service each represents: namely, Marines, Army, Navy, and Air Corps. A view of the National Capitol Building forms a background for the figures. Reading across the top of the stamp is the lettering "Women In Our Armed Services", in dark modified Roman. The wording "United States of America", in dark Roman, the word, "Postage", in dark Gothic, and the denomination "36" in white face modified Roman are placed in an ornamental ribbon across the hottom of the stamp.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on September 11, 1952.

GUTENBERG BIBLE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



This stamp was issued to commemorate the five-hundredth anniversary of the printing of the first book, the Holy Bible, from movable type, by Johann Gutenberg.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp is a scroll hearing the wording "500th Anniversary of the printing of the first book, the Holy Bible, from movable type, by Johann Gutenberg". Covering the left portion of the scroll is a reproduction of a painting by Edward Laning of "Gutenberg Showing a Proof to the Elector of Mainz". The overall design is superimposed on a dark background enclosed in a light border bearing at the top the dates "1452-1952", and at the bottom "U. S. Postage". The denomination "3¢" appears in the extreme lower right-hand corner. The lettering on the scroll is in dark Old English while the dates, numeral, and words "U. S. Postage" are in white face modified Cothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on September 30, 1952.

NEWSPAPERBOYS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



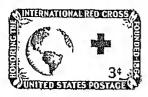
This special stamp was issued in honor of the Newspaperboys of America

The stamp is 0.81 by 1 44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

Featured on the left side of the stamp is a newspaperboy delivering his newspapers and to the right is a torch, grasped in a human hand, a symbol of free enterprise. A group of homes, depicting the average residential community, serves as a base and background for the stamp. The denomination "3¢" and "U. S. Postage" appear across the top of the stamp in modified white face Roman. On the carrier bag used by the boy, the lettering, "Busy Boys . . . Better Boys" is shown in dark Gothic. Centered between the figure and the torch, arranged in seven lines, is the wording "In recognition of the important service rendered their communities and their Nation by America's Newspaperboys." The above wording is in dark Gothic with the exception of "Newspaperboys", which is in dark modified Roman.

The stump was first placed on sale at Philadelphia, Pa., on October 4, 1952.

INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1952



This special stamp was issued in honor of the International Red Cross,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is blue, with the cross printed in red. This was the first bicolored stamp ever

printed by the U.S. Government on a rotary press.

The central design of the stamp is a globe of the world illuminated by light radiating from the Red Cross. The frame consists of a dark background in which appears the lettering "Honoring The" on the left side, "International Red Cross" across the top, "Founded—1864" on the right side, and "United States Postage" across the bottom of the stamp, in modified white-face Gothic. In each rounded corner of the frame are lamel leaves. In the lower right hand corner is the denomination "3¢" in dark face modified Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on November 21, 1952.

NATIONAL GUARD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This special stamp was issued in recognition of the vital contributions the National Guard of the United States has made to this country in both peace and war.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp depicts a typical National Guardsman ready for action. In the background scene to the left, the wartime activities of the Army and Air National Guard are portrayed by an amphibious landing with air cover. The Guard's traditional peacetime role of protecting life and property in time of local disaster is shown in the background scene to the right. Across the top of the stamp appears the wording, "The National Guard of the U.S." "In War" "In Peace", in dark Architectural Roman. In an ornamental ribbon across the bottom of the stamp is the wording "The Oldest Military Organization in the U.S.", in dark Architectural Roman, the word "Postage", and the denomination "3¢" in white face Cothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on February 23, 1953.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the organization of the Washington Territory.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central scene of the stamp portrays a great expanse of water with the horizon of dominating mountains, and shows early pioneers gazing in wonder and amazement upon seeing them. The pioneers are symbolic of the early families—the type that came to settle, to build homes, to help create a Territory out of the Pacific Northwest, which they looked upon as having almost limitless possibilities. The wording "Washington Territory" appears in the top portion in dark modified Roman. Just below is the wording "Organized March 2, 1853" in dark Gothic.

In the left portion of the stamp is a scene, enclosed in a circular frame, depicting the castern part of the state, which many of the pioneers crossed. Within the circular border, centered at the top and bottom of the scene, appears the lettering "Centennial" and the date "1953", respectively, in dark face Gothic, while to the left and right are leaves and blossoms of the state flower, the rhododendion. Some of the products for which Washington has become famous are shown directly below this scene. In a light-shaded panel across the bottom of the stamp appears the wording "United States Postage" and the denomination "3¢" in white face modified Roman.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Olympia, Wash., on March 2, 1953.

OHIO STATEHOOD SESQUICENTENNIAL COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



The stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Ohio to the Union.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70.

The central design of the stamp is an outline of the State of Ohio, which provides a flat-toned background for the Great Seal of the State. Defining each side of the stamp are two dark panels, enclosing a row of eight stars in each panel, representing the sixteen states prior to the admission of Ohio into the Union. The seventeenth star, representing Ohio, appears in the top center directly over the top border of the State. A buckeye leaf is shown in the lower left corner. The wording "Ohio Sesquicentennial" in dark modified Gothic forms the top of the stamp. Between the central motif and the border panels are "1803" on the left, and "1953" on the right, arranged vertically in dark modified Roman. The denomination "3¢" is located in the lower right corner. The wording "United States Postage", in white face Gothic, appears in a dark panel which forms the bottom of the stamp.

The stamp was first offered for sale at Chilhcothe, Ohio, on March 2, 1953.

LOUISIANA PURCHASE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1953



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Louisiana Purchase.

The stamp is 0.84 by I.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp is a reproduction of a sculptured plaque by Karl Bitter, depicting James Monroe, Robert R. Livingston, and Francois Barbe Marbois, signing the Louisiana Transfer at Paris in 1803. The figure of Livingston is shown scated between the upright figures of Monroe to the left and Marbois to the right, against a shaded background. In the upper left appears the wording "U. S. Postage". Directly below, arranged in six lines, is the wording "Louislana Pinchase Sesquicentennial 1803-1953". In the upper right, arranged in two lines, is the wording "Three Cents" and the numeral "3". Just below, arranged in five lines, is the wording "Signing the Louislana Transfer Paris 1803", and under this, arranged in four lines, is the wording "Monoce Livingston and Marbois". All inscriptions are in dark architectural Roman, with the exception of the wording "Signing the Louislana Transfer Paris 1803" which is in dark Roman italic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at St Loms, Mo., on April 30, 1953.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF POWERED FLIGHT COMMEMORATIVE AIRMAIL STAMP— ISSUE OF 1953



This stamp was issued to commemorate the Fiftieth Anniversary of Powered Flight,

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is a facsimile of the emblem created for the Fiftieth Anniversary of Aviation, showing in silhouette the first plane and a modern plane in powered flight. An outlined ribbon through the center of this emblem carries the wording "50th Anniversary of Powered Flight" in dark Gothic. The words "Progress" and "Secu-1 ity" in dark modified Gothic appear on the outside edge of the emblem. A palm branch forms a background for the emblem. In the upper left corner of the stamp are the words "Air Mail" in dark modified Gothic and in the lower right corner is the numeral "6¢" in dark Gothic. The lettering "United States Postage" in white face Gothic is framed in a dark panel which forms the bottom of the

The stamp was first placed on sale at Dayton, Olno, on May 29, 1953.

COMMODORE MATTHEW CALBRAITH PERRY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1953



This stamp was issued to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of Commodore Matthew Calbrath Perry's negotiations with Japan, which opened her doors to foreign trade after more than 200 years of isolation.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp depicts a night scene of the first anchorage of Commodore Perry's vessels off Tokyo Bay with Mount Fuji in the distant background, Arranged vertically on the left of the stamp appears the wording "U.S. Postage" and "54" in a dark modern French alphabet, creating a Japanese stenciled effect. In the upper right corner is shown a likeness of Commodore Perry and directly underneath the portrait appears the descriptive title "Commodore Matthew C. Perry U. S. Navy," arranged in three lines in white-face Gothic. Placed in a dark panel which forms the bottom of the stamp is the wording "1853 · Centennial of Opening of Japan · 1953," in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on July 11, 1953.

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This special stamp was issued to commemonate the seventy-fifth anniversary of the American Bar Association.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totaly process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is a part of a frieze as it appears on the wall of the

Supreme Court Room, which depicts four figures, representing "Wisdom," "Justice," "Divine Inspiration" and "Truth." Across the top of the stamp is the wording "American Bar Association" and across the bottom "1878. Liberty Under Law. 1953". Arranged in two lines in the upper left concers the wording "U. S. Postage" and in both lower corners the denomination "36" appears. All the lettering is styled in dark architectural Roman on a shaded background.

The stamp was first offered for sale at Boston, Mass., on August 24, 1953.

SAGAMORE HILL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This special stamp was issued to commemotate "Sagamore Hill," home of Theodore Rooscyclt.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp portrays "Sagamore Hill," the home of Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, N.Y. The denomination "36" in dark modified Roman is shown in an ornamental scroll in the upper left corner. The wording "U. S. Postage" is centered in the top border of the frame. In the foreground, directly above the lower border, is shown the wording "Sagamore Hill, Oyster Bay, N.Y.," and centered in the lower border is the wording "Home of Theodore Roosevelt." All lettering is designed in white-face Roman.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Oyster Bay, N.Y., on September 14, 1953.

FUTURE FARMERS OF AMERICA COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1953



This stamp was issued to commemorate the twenty fifth anniversary of the Future Farmers of America.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, attanged horizontally, pinted by the totary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp depicts a typical farm scene with rolling hills in the background. Featured in the central foreground is a future farmer, standing beneath a tree, viewing the scene before him. The emblem of the Future Farmers of America is displayed on the back of the jacket which the youth is wearing. In the upper left corner, arranged in three lines, is the wording "U. S. Postage" and the denomination "3¢" in dark modified Roman. Across the bottom of the stamp, on a flowing tibbon, is the wording "1928 Future Farmers of America 1953" in dark Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale on October 13, 1953, at Kansas Cuty, Mo.

TRUCKING INDUSTRY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This special 3-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Trucking Industry.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eyo perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

Appearing predominately in the lower right corner of the design of the stamp is a modern truck. To the left of the truck, in the foreground, is shown a farm scene and in the upper right corner is a scene of a distant city, with a connecting highway. In the upper left corner appears the wording "3¢ U. S. Postage" in dark modified Gothic. Across the bottom of the stamp in a dark panel is the wording "50th Anniversary of the Trucking Industry," in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale on October 27, 1953, at Los Angeles, Calif.

GENERAL GEORGE S. PATTON, JR., COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This special stamp was issued in honor of General George S. Patton, Jr., and the Armored Forces of the United States Army.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The stamp has for its central design a portrait of General George S. Patton, Jr. On either side of the portrait is shown a Patton tank in action. In the upper left corner appears the wording "U.S. Postage" and in the upper right corner the denomination "3¢." Across the bottom of the stamp in a double panel, arranged in two lines, is the wording "Honoring General George S. Patton, Jr., and the Armoted Forces of the U.S. Anny." All lettering is designed in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first offered for sale at Fort Knox, Ky., on November 11, 1953.

300TH ANNIVERSARY OF NEW YORK CITY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-15SUE OF 1953



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 300th anniversary of New York City.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a shaded frame, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp is the artist's conception of the town of New Amsterdam during the period of its early settlement, with a Dutch ship anchored in the harbor. Forming the background is a light silhouette of the present-day New York City skyline. In the upper left corner appears the lettering "Postage" in dark Gothic and directly beneath it the denomination "3¢" in white face modified Roman and in the upper corner is "U. S. A.," in dark Gothic. The wording "300th Anniversary of New York

City," in white face Gothie, is arranged across the bottom of the stamp.

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on November 20, 1953.

GADSDEN PURCHASE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1953



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Gadsden Purchase.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in brown (copper shade), electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50

The overall design of the stamp is the artist's conception of a scene showing a pioneer group in their ox-drawn covered wagon. Shribs and cactus plants native to that area are shown on a characteristic terrain. Forming a background for the scene is a map sharply defining the border of the area purchased. All lettering on the map area is dark Gothic. The Gadsden Purchase Territory, prominently white in color, carries the wording "1853 Gadsden Purchase" arranged in three Innes, in dark modified Roman. Appearing in the lower left corner of the stamp is the wording "3¢ U. S. Postage" in dark Gothic.

The Gadsden Pruchase stamp was first placed on sale on December 30, 1953, at Tucson, Ariz.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1954



This stamp was issued to commemorate the two-hundredth anniversary of Columbia University.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp shows a frontal view of the Low Memorial Library at

Columbia University against a dark background Near the upper left corner, arranged in two lines, is the wording "U. S. Postage" in white-face Gothic and in the opposite corner the denomination "3¢" in modified white-face Gothic. The scene is enclosed in a dark border, the top of which carries the

lettering "1754—Columbia University—1954" in modified white Gothic and in the bottom section the wording "Man's right to knowledge and the free use thereof" in white-face Gothic

This stamp was first offered for sale at New York, N.Y., on January 4, 1954

ORDINARY POSTAGE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1954-61



This series of ordinary postage stamps, popularly known as the Liberty Series, replaced that known as the Presidential Series

of 1938. All of the stamps of this series were printed by the rotary process with the exception of the 8-cent denomination, which

was printed on the rotary, flatbed, and Giori presses, and the \$5 issue which was printed on the flatbed press. The stamps are all 0.75 by 0.87 of no inch in dimension and issued in panes of 100. The 1½-cent, 1½-cent, 4½-cent, 10 cent and 20-cent denominations are arranged horizontally, while the remainder are vertical.

The 1-cent, 11/1-cent, 2-cent, 21/2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent and 41/2-cent denomination of this series were also issued in coil form. The 3-cent and 4-cent denominations were also issued in hooklet form.

The stamps comparing this series are described as follows:

| Denomination | Subject | Color | Issued |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------|---|
| 2 cent | Benjamin Franklin | Orango | Washington, D.C., Oct. 20, 1955 |
| -cont | | Cheen | Chleago, Ill., Aug 26, 1951. |
| 1 p-cent | Palace of Governors | Turquolse | Chleago, 111., Aug 26, 1951. Santa Fe, N. Mex , June 17, 1960. |
| la cent | | Brown | Mount Vernen, Va., Feb 22, 1956. |
| -cont | | Red | San Francisco Culif Sent 15 1954 |
| la cent | | | Boston, Mass., June 17, 1959. |
| cent | | Purple | Albany, N.Y., June 21, 1951 |
| cent | | Lavender | Boston, Mass., June 17, 1950. Albany, N.Y., June 21, 1951. New York, N.Y., Nov. 19, 1951. |
| | Hormitage | Green | Hermitage, Tenn , Mar 16, 1959, |
| -cent | | Blue | l Fredericksbing, Va., Dec. 2, 1951 |
| -cont | | Red | New York, N Y., Nov. 18, 1955. |
| -cont | Woodrow Wilson | Maroon | Staunton, Va , Jan 10, 1956 |
| -cont | Statue of Liberty | Red and blue | Washington, D.C., Apr. 9, 1951 |
| -cont (Clarl) | Statue of Liberty | Red and blue | Cleveland, Ohio, March 22, 1958 |
| -cent., | John J Pershing . | Kliaki | New York, N.Y., Nov 17, 1961 |
| cent | The Alamo | Red | San Antonio, Tex. June 11, 1956 |
| 0 cont | | Red | Philadelphia, Pa , July 1, 1956 |
| i-cent | Statue of Liberty | Red and blue - | Washington, D.C., June 15, 1991. |
| 2-cont | Benjamin Harrison | Red | Oxford, Ohio, June 6, 1959 |
| 5-cent | John Jay | Maron | Oxford, Ohio, June 6, 1959 Washington, D.C., Dec. 12, 1958 |
| 0 cent | | Blue | Charlottesville, Va., Am 13, 1986. |
| 5-cent | Paul Revere | Orcen | Boston, Mass , Apr. 18, 1958 |
| 0 cent | Robert E Leo | Clrav | Norfolk, Va., Sept. 21, 1955. |
| 0 cent | | Brown | Richmond, Va., Sent. 21, 1955. |
| 0-cent | Susan B Anthony | Puiple | Loudsville, Ky., Aug 25, 1955 |
| 1 | Patrick Homy | Purple | Joplin, Mo., Oct. 7, 1955, |
| 5 | Alexander Hamilton | Bluck | Paterson, N J , Mar 19, 1956 |

One-half-cent — The likeness of Benjamin Franklin was reproduced from a portrait in pastel by J. S. Duplessis in a book entitled "The Pictorial Life of Benjamin Franklin, Printer," furnished by the Library of Congress.

One-cent.—The likeness of George Washington was reproduced from a portrait generally thought to be the original of the Vaughan or "right-side of the face" type, hy Gilbert Stuart, now in the Mellan Collection, National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

One-and-one-quarter cent.—The design featured an angle view of the front of the Palace of Governors in Santa Fe, New Mexico. This stamp was sold at post offices in precanceled farm only. It was available at the Santa Fe post office on June 17, 1960, and at the Philatelic Sales Agency, Post Office Department, for a limited time, in unprecanceled form.

One-and-one-half-cent.—The central design, reproduced from a photograph, featured a view of Mount Vernon facing the Potomac River.

Two-cent.—The likeness of Thomas Jefferson was taken from a portrait by Gilbert Stuart, now in the Bowdoin College Museum of Fine Arts, Brunswick, Maine.

Two-and-one-half-cent.—The design featured Bunker Hill Monument and the flng

adapted by Massachusetts at the outbreak of the Revolutionary War.

Three-cent,—I'he design portrayed the Statue of Liberty against a hackground executed in a graduated tone effect to create a halo, with the inscription "In God We Trust" forming an arc over the statue's head,

Four-cent.—The likeness of Abraham Lincoln was reproduced from a portrait by Douglas Valk, now in the Mellon collection, National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

Four-and-one-half-cent.—The central subject is a view of "The Hermitage," hame of Andrew Jackson.

Five-cent.—The likeness of James Mamoe was taken from a portrait by Rembrandt Peale, now in the James Monrae Law Office and Museum in Fredericksburg, Vu.

Six-cent.—The likeness of Theadore Roosevelt was reproduced from a photograph of the Philip A. de Laszla painting.

Seven-cent.—The likeness of Woodrow Wilson was reproduced from a drawing by F. Graham Caotes.

Eight-cent. (Rotary and flat) The design portrayed the Statue of Liberty, with the inscription "In God We Trust."

Eight-cent.—(Giori) The design is essentially the same as the original 8-cent issue except the Statue of Liberty has been slightly enlarged and more detail of the robe is shown.

The word "Liberty" is slightly smaller on the Giori printing and has been dropped almost

to the bottom of the design.

Eight-cent.—This stamp, portraying General of the Armies John J. Pershing, will ultimately replace the 8-cent Statue of Liberty design, which now also appears on the 3-cent and 11-cent denominations. The likeness of General Pershing was reproduced from a painting by J. F. Bouchor.

Nine-cent. "The central design of the stamp featured a view of the Alamo.

Ten-cent.—The central design featured a south side view of Independence Hall, at Philadelphut, Pennsylvania.

Eleven-cent,-The design portrayed the "Statue of Liberty" with the wording "In God We Trust." This stamp was issued to meet the new international surface rate effective July 1, 1961.

Twelve-cent,—The stamp featured a likeness of Benjamin Harrison, reproduced from a photograph taken by Charles Parker,

Filteen-cent.—The stamp featured a likeness of John Jay, the first Chief Justice of the United States, based on a painting by Gilhort Stuart, furnished by the National Gallery of Art in Washington, D.C.

Twenty-cent.—The central design, repraduced from a photograph, featured a view of Monticella, the hame of Thomas Jefferson,

Twenty-five-cent.—The central subject, a likeness of Paul Revere, was reproduced from a photoprint of the Gilbert Stuart partrait of 1813.

Thirty-cent,—The likeness of Robert E. Leo was reproduced from two prints obtained from the Library of Congress. One identified as a Boady print, showing Lee in uniform, was used for his facial features, and the ather taken from a negative awned by L. C. Handy of Washington, D.C., was used for the civilian attice.

Forty-cent,--'The likeness of John Marshall was remoduced from a photograph taken by Harris and Ewing of a painting by Rembrandt Peale, which haugs in a small hearing room in the Supreme Court building.

Fifty-cent.--The likeness of Susan B. Authony was reproduced from an original photograph furnished by the Library of Congress.

Onc-dollar. The likeness of Patrick Henry was remoduced from an intaglio print from the original painting by Alonzo Chappel.

Fire-dollar.-- The likeness of Alexander Hamilton was reproduced from a photograph of a painting by John Trumbull, furnished by the Mellon Collection, National Gallery of Att, Washington, D.C.

NEBRASKA TERRITORIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1954



This stamp was issued to commemorate tho 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Nebraska Territory.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single ontline frame, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50,

The central design of the stamp is a reproduction of "The Sower," which surmounts the dome of the capitol at Lincoln, Nebraska. In the background is a view of the unpressive Mitchell Pass with Scotts Bluff dominating the right side of the scene. The unmerals and "1954" in dark Gathic are placed in the upper left and right corners, respectively. In the lower tight corner appears the denomination "3¢" and "U.S. Pastage" two lines and placed across the bottom is the wording "Nebiaska Territorial Centennial" all in white-face Gathic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Nelnaska City, Neln., on May 7, 1954.

KANSAS TERRITORIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---- ISSUE OF 1954



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Kansas Territory.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in reddish gold, electric-eye perforated and issucd in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp depicts a field of wheat and a set of farm buildings in the foreground with a wagon train of pioneers in light silhoutte forming the background. The numerals "1854" and "1954" in dark Gothic are shown in the upper left and right corners of the stamp, respectively. Arranged in two lines across the bottom of the stamp appears the denomination "3¢," "U.S. Postage" and "Kansas Territorial Centennial" in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., on May 31, 1954.



This special stamp was usued to commenorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of George Eastman.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70.

A portrait of George Eastman is the central design and dominates the stamp. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage." Arranged in two lines to the left of the portrait is the wording "George Eastman" and in the lower left corner is the denomination "3¢." All lettering is in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Rochester, N.Y., on July 12, 1954.



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 150th anniversary of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, annuaged horizontally with a single outling frame, printed by the rotary process in hown, electric-oye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp portrays the landing of Lewis and Clark on the banks of the Missouri River preparatory to going into the expedition's winter quarters. The main figures, Lewis in the foreground and Clark directly behind him, are drawn from

the Lewis and Clark Monument (Charles Keck, sculptor) in Charlottesville, Va.

Behind them stands the Shoshone Indian girl Sacagawea, taken from the statue of Sacagawea (Leonard Crunelle, sculptor) in the State Capital grounds at Bismarck, N. Dak. The Indian berone accompanied Lewis and Clark on the expedition, and the Bird Woman, as she was known, is remembered chiefly for her aid in seeming the friend-ship of the Shoshone Indians and in guiding the expedition over the Great Divide.

When Sacagawen reached the Great Divide she was remited with the Shoshones from whom she had been kidnapped previously. It was through her efforts that Lewis and Clark were able to get ponies from the Shoshones to continue their overland jaurney. Behind Sacagawea is shown the figure of her husband, Charbonneau, a French Canadian trapper and interpreter. The keelboat shown in the middle foreground was drawn from the description as given in the hook "Lewis and Clark" by John Bakeless.

The wording "Lewis and Clark Expedition, 1804, 1954" is arranged in two lines across the top of the stamp in dark modified Roman. Arranged across the bottom of the stamp in one line appears "United States Postage" in white-face Gothic and the denomination "3¢" in modified white-face Roman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Sioux City, Iowa, on July 28, 1954.

NEW VARIETY \$1 STAMP (SERIES OF 1938)

A new method of printing high denomination bicolored stamps, entailing the use of flat plates of 400 subjects and pregummed paper, has been adopted.

The \$1 denomination, ordinary series of 1938, printed by this new method was first placed on sale August 31, 1954, at Washington, D.C.

AIRMAIL STAMP (4-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1954



This stamp was issued primarily for the convenience of pations desiring to send sonvenir post cords by airmail.

The stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotmy process, electric eye perforated, and

issued in sheets of 100. The color of the

stamp is blue.

The central subject of the stamp is the attist's conception of an American Eagle in flight, forming a silhouette against whate billowing clouds and the shaded area of sky, which forms the outline of the stamp. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "An Muil 46" in dork-face Gothic. In the same style across the bottom appears "U.S. Postage."

This stomp was first placed on sale at Philadelphia, on September 3, 1954.

SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP-ISSUE OF 1954



This distinctive special delivery stamp was issued in an effort to focus attention on the stamp itself and thereby result in better

service to the public.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. It was printed on rotary presses by the dry intaglio process in blue.

The design of the stamp illustrates a special delivery letter being delivered band to hand by the messenger to the recipient. The overall stamp forms a dark background for the hands, the letter, and the wording. The lettering "Special Delivery" dominates the top of the stamp. The denomination "20¢" is placed in the lower left corner, and in the lower right corner appears the wording "U. S. Pastage." All lettering is in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Boston, Mass., on October 13, 1954.

THE PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF THE FINE ARTS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1955



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 150th anniversary of The Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically in a double outline shaded frame, printed by the rotary process in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp is a veproduction of the painting entitled "Peale in His Museum," an original self-portrait by Charles Willson Peale, now in the possession of The Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arianged in four lines at the top of the stump appears the lettering "3¢ U.S. Postage" in modified white-face Gothic and "150th Anniversary The Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts" in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was fast placed on sale at Philadelphia, Pa., on January 15, 1955.

LAND GRANT COLLEGES COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1955



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the centennial anniversary of Michigan State College and Pennsylvania State University, first of the land-grant type institutions to be founded,

The stamp is 0.84 by I.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp is an open book on which is superimposed an arrangement of symbols depicting agriculture, mining, chemistry and engineering, representing some of the leading subjects taught at these justitutions. To the left of the open book appears the wording "Michigan State College" and in a similar position at the right is "Pennsylvania State University," in dark modified Gothic. Above the book are the dates "1855" at the left and "1955" at the right, in white Gothic. In a light panel across the top of the stamp is the inscription "First of the Land Grant Colleges," and in a similar panel at the bottom is "3¢ United States Postage 3¢," in dark Gothie,

This issue was first placed on sale at East Lansing, Mich., on February 12, 1955.

ROTARY INTERNATIONAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1955



This special 8-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of Rotary International.

The stamp is 0.81 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The stamp has for its central subject a globe, symbolizing the world-wide scope of Rotary International. To the left of the globe is a flaming torch held aloft by a hand and aim, carrying enlightenment to all parts of the world. In the lower right corner of the stamp, superimposed on the globe, is the emblem of Rotary International. In the inper right portion of the design, above the globe, is the worlding "U.S. Postage" and the denominational designation "84". Across the bottom of the stamp is the worlding "1905 Service Above Self 1955". All lettering is in white-face Cothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Chicago, Ill., on February 23, 1955.

ARMED FORCES RESERVE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1955



This special stamp in honor of the Armed Forces Reserve is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is purple.

The overall design of the stamp portrays five male enlisted personnel, attited in the uniform of the hunch of service each represents: namely, reading left to right, Marines, Coast Guard, Army, Navy, and Air Force. An eagle and shield form a backdrop for the figures. The wording "Armed Forces Reserve" in dark Gothic, is shown geross the top

of the stamp, and across the hottom "3¢ United States Postage 3¢" in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on Armed Forces Day, May 21, 1955.

15-CENT CERTIFIED MAIL STAMP--ISSUE OF



This special stamp was issued for use in connection with the newly inaugurated certified mail service. It is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically with a simple picture frame effect, printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp portrays a uniformed letter carrier on a light graduated background. The wording "Certified Mail" in dark Gothic, is displayed across the top of the stamp and "U. S. Postage 154" across the bottom in white-face Gothic.

This issue was first released at Washington, D.C., on June 6, 1955.

NEW HAMPSHIRE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1955



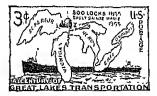
This special stump was issued on the occasion of the celebration commemorating the Sesquicentennial of the Discovery of New Hampshire's Famous Landmark, "The Old Man of the Mountains."

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.41 inches in dimension, arranged vertically with a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is the profile view of the "Old Man of the Mountains" as seen from Franconia Notch, N.H. Across the top of the stamp appears the wording "3¢ U. S. Postage," in dark Gothic, in one line. To the left and below the center of the design is the wording "The Old Man of the Mountains," in dark Gothic, arranged in three lines, and across the bottom in white-face Gothic is the wording "New Hampshine" below which is the State motto, "Live Free or Die,"

This stamp was first placed on sale at Franconia, N.H., on June 21, 1955.

500 LOCKS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1955



This stamp was issued to commemorate the centennial anniversary of the Soo Locks.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, electric-eye perforated, printed by the rotary process in blue, and issued in sheets of 50.

The overall design of the stamp is a map arrangement of the Great Lakes against a scenic background comprised of sky, water, and a lake steamer under way. Each lake carries its name in a dark modified Roman. Though enlarged in proportion to the map area, a steamer affoat in the Soo Locks is shown in the general location of the locks, The denomination "3¢" in dark Gothic appears in the upper left corner. Arranged in three lines and located in the upper right portion of the stamp is the wording "Soo Locks . 1855 Sault Sainte Marie · 1955," in dark Gothic. In the upper right corner is the lettering "U, S." arranged horizontally with the word "Postage," arranged vertically, immediately below. Arranged in two lines at the bottom of the stamp appears "A Century of" (in white-face Gothic) "Great Lakes Transportation" (in dark modified Gothic).

The stamp was first released at Sault Sainte Marie, Mich., on June 28, 1955.

ATOMS FOR PEACE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP--ISSUE OF 1955



The "Atoms for Peace" commemorative stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, electric eye perforated, printed by the rotary process in blue, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is composed of two spheres showing each side of the atlas encircled with the orbital emblem which has become symbolic of atomic energy. The words "Atoms for Peace" in white face modified Gothic are displayed across the two spheres. Placed in three sides of the stamp frame is the following quotation taken from the speech of President Eisenhower before the General Assembly of the United Nations on December 8, 1953: "... to find the way by which the inventiveness of man shall be consecrated to his life," and at the bottom "3¢ United States Postage 3¢," all in darkface Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on July 28, 1955.

FORT TICONDEROGA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1955



This 3 cent stamp was issued to commemorate the bicentennial anniversary of Fort Ticonderoga.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in sepia, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp incorporates a plan of Fort Ticonderoga, as established by Vauban, a figure of Ethan Allen and artillery. The frame consists of a ligh background on which appears the letterin "Bicentennial" in script on the left side

"Fort Treonderoga" in two-tone Roman across the top, "1755-1955" in script on the right side, and "United States Postage" also in two-tone Roman, across the bottom. The denomination "36" in white-face Roman appears in a dark square panel in each of the four corners.

This issue was first released at Fort Ticonderoga, N.Y., on September 18, 1955.



This stamp was issued to commemorate the centennial of the birth of Andrew W. Mellon.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 70. The color of the stamp is maroon.

The central and dominating design of the stamp is a likeness of Andrew W. Mellon, reproduced from a print of the portrait by Oswald Birley. The lettering "United States Postage" appears across the top of the stamp, Arranged in two lines just below the right center of the portrait is the lettering "Andrew W. Mellon," and the denomination "3¢" is placed in the lower left hand corner of the stamp. All lettering is in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 20, 1955.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1956



This 3 cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 250th anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically with a double outline frame printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp is a reproduction of a painting cutified "Franklin Taking Electricity from the Sky," by Benjamin West, now in the possession of Mr. Whaiton Sinkler of Philadelphia. The wording "U. S. Postage" and the denomination "3¢," arranged in two lines, appear in the upper right corner in white-face Gothic. In a panel at the bottom of the stamp is the lettering "Benjamin Franklin 250th Anniversary," arranged in two lines, in dark modified architectural Roman.

This stamp was first issued at Philadelphia, Pa., on January 17, 1956.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1956

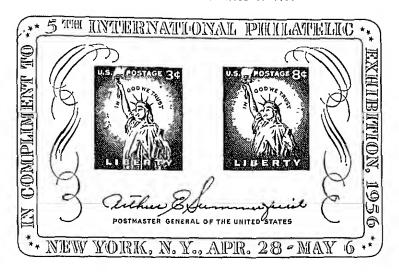


This stamp was issued to commemorate the centennial anniversary of the birth of Booker T. Washington.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp portrays a cabin similar to the one in which Booker T. Washington was born. The wording "U.S. Postage" is arranged across the top of the stamp with the denomination "36" directly beneath at the right, both in dark-face Gothic. The wording "Centennial of Booker T. Washington," in white-face Gothic, is arranged in one line across the bottom of the stamp.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Booker Washington Birthplace, Virginia, on April 5, 1956.



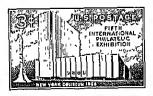
This special sheet containing enlarged reproductions of the 3-cent single color (purple) and the 8-cent becolor (red and blue) Statue of Liberty stamps, series of 1951-56, was provided as a souvenir of the Fifth International Philatelic Exhibition held in the New York Coliscum, New York City, April 28 to May 6, 1956.

This special impersorate sheet is 2% by 4½ inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and printed on the stathed press on pregummed paper. The sheet is printed in red, blue, and purple. The double outline border

which frames the wording "In Compliment to the 5th International Philatelic Exhibition, 1956, New York, NY., Apr. 28-May 6," the facsimile signature of Arthur E. Summerfield, his title "Postmaster General of the United States," and the background of the 8-cent stamp are printed in blue. The 3-cent stamp is printed in purple. The central subject of the 8-cent stamp, the scroll work displayed on each side of the sheet, and the three stars in each corner of the sheet are printed in red.

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on April 28, 1956.

FIPEX COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1956



This special 3-cent stamp was issued on the occasion of the Fifth International Philatche Exhibition.

The FIPEX commemorative stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated and issued in

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sheets of 50. The central design features the New York Coliscum with Columbus Monument in the left foreground. The denomination "3¢" appears in the upper left corner and "U. S. Postage" is placed in the top right half of the stamp. Arranged in four lines beneath "U. S. Postage" is the wording "Fifth International Philatelic Exhibition" in dark Gothic The wording "New York Coliscum 1956," arranged in one line at the bottom, identifies the building. All lettering is in white face Gothic with the exception of the inscription.

The initial sale of this stamp took place at New York, N.Y., on April 30, 1956.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION STAMP---ISSUE OF 1956



This 3-cent stamp is the first in the series being issued to emphasize the importance of wildlife conservation in America. The wild tinkey, which is the subject of this issue, offers an outstanding example of the conservation work being carried on by Federal and State Governments. Wild turkeys, largest and fastest flying of upland game bluds, have been restored to their original hannts in many eastern, southwestern and middle western States, where they provide recreation to nature lovers, bird watchers, and sportsmen.

The Wild Turkey stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, with a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The central design of the stamp portrays a wild turker in flight against a sparsely wooded background. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "Wildlife Conservation," in dark modified architectural Roman, and across the bottom "3¢ United States Postage 3¢," in modified white face Roman. The wording "Wild Tinkey," in dark Gothic, appears to the left of the stamp.

This issue was first placed on sale at Fond du Lac, Wis., on May 5, 1956.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION STAMP-ISSUE OF 1956



The pronghorn antelope, which is the subject of the second stamp in the Wildlife Conservation Series, is another example of the conservation work being carried on by State and Federal authorities. Antelopes have been protected, studied, and transplanted under scientific guidance so that their num-

hers have increased from a low of 17,000 to herds large enough to allow hunting in five Western States.

This stamp is 0.81 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, with a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp portrays a buck and two does of the Pronghorn Antelope species in their natural habitat. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "Wildlife Conservation," in dark modified architectural Roman, and across the bottom "3¢ United States Postage 3¢," in modified white-face architectural Roman. The wording "Pronghorn Antelope," arranged in two lines, appears to the left of the design slightly below the center, in dark Gothic.

The Pronghorn Antelope stamp was first placed on sale at Gunnison, Colo., on June 22, 1956.

PURE FOOD AND DRUG LAWS COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1956



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the passage of the Pure Food and Drug Laws.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp was reproduced from a photograph of Harvey W. Wiley, who was instrumental in securing passage of the Pure Food and Drug Act and in its effective administration. The wording "United States Postage" is arranged in one line across the top of the stamp with the denomination "3¢" directly beneath on the left side. The name "Harvey W. Wiley," arranged in two lines, appears to the left of the portrait. A dark panel at the hottom of the stamp features the wording "50th Anniversary Pure Food and Drug Laws," arranged in

two lines. All lettering is in white-face Gothic.

This issue was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on June 27, 1956.

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WHEATLAND COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1956



This 3-cent stamp was issued to commemorate "Wheatland," the home of James Buchanan,

This issue is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in brown, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The central subject was reproduced from a photograph of "Wheatland". The wording "United States Postage" and the denomination "3¢" are arranged across the top of the stamp in one line and the descriptive title "Wheatland The Home of James Buchanan," is arranged in two lines at the bottom. All lettering is in modified architectural Raman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Lancaster, Pa., where "Wheatland" is loented, on August 5, 1956

LABOR DAY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1956



This special 3 cent stamp issued to commemorate Labor Day is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged vertically in a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The model of the stamp was developed from the central subject of a mural designed by Lumen M. Winter, in the AFL-CIO head-quarters building in Washington, D.C., depicting a man, a woman, and a child. In the lower left corner is the inscription "Labor Is Life—Carlyle". Across the top of the stamp, in a dark hame, is the wording "Labor Day" and across the bottom "U.S. Postage". The denomination "36" is shown in the lower right portion of the stamp. All lettering is in white-face Gothic.

The Labor Day stamp was first sold at Camden, N.J., on September 3, 1956.

NASSAU HALL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1956



This special 3-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 200th anniversary of Nassan Hall, the first building of what is now Princeton University.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. This issue is printed in black on orange calored paper.

The central design, which features Nassau Hall, was reproduced from a photographic print of the Dawkins engraving of 1764. The wording "200th Anniversary of Nassau Hall 1756-1956," in durk-face Roman, is airanged in two lines across the top of the stamp, and "3¢ United States Postage 3¢," in white-face Roman, appears at the bottom of the stamp.

This issue was first released at Princeton, N.J., on September 22, 1956.

DEVILS TOWER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1956



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the establishment of Devils Tower National Monument, the first of the National Monuments.

This issue is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp portrays a view of Devils Tower National Monument in Wyoming and was reproduced from a photographic print. The wording "U. S. Postage," in white-face Gothic, is arranged in one line across the top of the stamp. The denomination "3¢," also in white-face Gothic, is shown to the right just beneath the Tower. The wording "50th Anniversary Devils Tower National Monument," in dark-face Roman italic, is shown in three lines across the hottom of the stamp

This stamp was first offered for sale at Devils Tower, Wyo., on September 24, 1956.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1956



The King Salmon is the subject of this stamp, the third in the series heing issued to emphasize the importance of wildlife in America. Through the conservation work being carried on by Federal and State Governments, King Salmon have been aided in their spawning migration upstream by fish ladders and elevators, and by elimination of log jams and high waterfalls.

This stamp is 0.81 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally with a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design depicts King Salmon on their annual migration unstream to the spawning ground. Across the top of the stamp, arranged in one line, is the wording "Wildlife Conservation," in dark modified architectural Roman. To the left of the design, arranged in two lines, is the wording "King Salmon," in dark Gothic, and across the hottom of the stamp is "36 United States Postage 36," in modified white face architectural Roman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Seattle, Wash., on November 9, 1956.

CHILDREN'S COMMEMORATIVE STAMP--ISSUE OF 1956



This issue was designed to promote friendship among the children of the world. It is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is composed of a group representing children of the world, assembled at the left and looking toward the right in the pleasmable prospect of attaining the radiant Key of Friendship with which to unlock the doors to peace. In a light panel at the top is the wording "Friendship—The Key to World Peace," in dark Gothic. Beneath the panel is the wording "Children's Stamp 1956," arranged in two lines of white Gothic. In a light panel at the bottom is the lettering "United States Postage," in dark Gothic. The denomination "3¢," also in dark Gothic, appears in light squares in each lower corner of the stamp.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on December 15, 1956.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1957



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 200th anniversary of the birth of Alexander Hamilton.

The Alexander Hamilton stamp is 0.84 hy 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

This stamp has for its central design a portrait of Alexander Hamilton, on the left, with a front view of the original Federal Hall in New York comprising the right portion of the stamp. Across the top of the stamp is the

wording "United States Postage" and the denomination "3¢" in white-face modified Roman. To the left of the portrait are the numerals "1757 1957" arranged in two lines, also in white-face modified Roman. The name "Federal Hall, N. Y. C.," in white-face Gothic, is located directly beneath the building. An ornamental ribbon dominates the bottom of the stamp and frames the lettering "Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial," which is in dark modified Roman.

This issue was first released at New York, N.Y., on January 11, 1957.

POLIO COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1957



This special 3 cent stamp honoring those who helped fight polio is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically with a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the Polio stamp is purple.

Portrayed on this stamp are the figures of a woman, a boy, a girl, and an emblem, symbolizing the achievement by the Anterican people and the medical and scientific professions in bringing forth an effective vaccine to prevent paralytic polio. The childien represent the youth who henefit most from the historic medical achievement. The Caduceus emblem, symbol of the medical profession and the U.S. Medical Corps, is held in the woman's hand. The wording "Honoring Those Who Helped Fight Polio," arranged in two lines, forms an are above the figures. In a panel at the bottom of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage." All lettering is in dark Cothic with the exception of the denomination "3¢," which is in white-face Gothic, and located in the lower left portion of the

The Polio stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on January 15, 1957.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1957

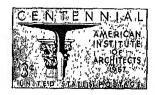


This 3-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 150th anniversary of the establishment of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50 The flag of the Coast and Geodetic Survey is featured as the central design of the stamp against a background portraying three Coast and Geodetic Survey ships at sea. The wording "Coast and Geodetic Survey 1807 1957," in dark modified Gothic, is arranged in two lines across the top of the stamp. In the lower left corner of the stamp is "U.S. Postage," in white-face modified Gothic, and in the lower right corner "3 Cents," in dark modified Gothic.

This issue was first offered for sale at Scattle, Wash., on February 11, 1957.

ARCHITECTS OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP.—ISSUE OF 1957



This stamp was issued in honor of the Architects of America, on the centennial anniversary of the founding of the American Institute of Architects.

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The subject, which dominates the left portion of the stamp, is composed of a modern structural mushroom-type head and shaft superimposed on a Corinthian-style capital, symbolizing the progress made in architecture during the last century. The word "Centennial" is arranged across the top of the stamp and "American Institute of Architects 1957," arranged in five lines, appears to the right

of the columns The denomination "34" is placed in the lower left corner and "United States Postage" across the bottom. The style of lettering further reflects the simplicity of line which the artist endeavored to portray.

The Architects of America commemorative stamp was first released at New York, N.Y,

on February 23, 1957.

STEEL INDUSTRY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1957



This special issue commemorates the 100th anniversary of the Steel Industry in America.

The Steel Industry commemorative stamp is 0.81 by 1.44 inches in dimension arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The stamp has as its central subject the American Eagle with outspread wings symbolizing America and a pouring ladle representing the steel industry. Across the top of the stamp, in two lines, are the words "America and Steel Growing Together," emphasizing the fact that the growth of America and the growth of the steel industry have paralleled one another. To the left of the pouring ladle, in three lines, are the words "Steel Centennial 1957." Across the bottom of the stamp is the wording "U.S. Postage" and the denomination designation "3¢." All lettering is in modified white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on May 22, 1957.

INTERNATIONAL NAVAL REVIEW-JAMESTOWN FESTIVAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP..... ISSUE OF 1957



This special stamp was issued in honor of the International Naval Review and the Jamestown Festival. It is 0.84 by 1.44 unches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is the official Jamestown Festival "River Aqua".

In the right portion of the stamp is a United States aircraft carrier of the Forrestal class against a background of silhouetted outlines of ships participating in the International Naval Review. The official Jamestown Festival insignia is prominently featured to the left of the carrier, superimposed over a map of the Hampton Roads area. Across the top of the stamp in a dark panel is the wording "International Naval Review," in white-face Gothic. In the lower right corner of the stamp is "U.S. Postage," in white-face Roman and the denomination "34," in modified Gothic. The wording in the insignia "1607-1957 Jamestown Festival," is in dark-face Gothic. The wording "Hampton Roads," in script, appears below the insignia.

This stamp was first released at Norfolk, Va, on June 10, 1957. All first-day covers were canceled with a special die reading 'U. S. S. Saratoga, Norfolk, Virginia."

OKLAHOMA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1957



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of Oklahoma Statchood.

The Oklahoma Statehood stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the stamp is a horizontal arrow superimposed on a solid outline map of the State of Oklahoma and piereing the orbital emblem, which has become symbolic of atomic energy. The arrow represents the frontier days of Oklahoma prior to Statehood in 1907 and the atomic symbol represents the new frontiers. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "1907 Arrows to Atoms • 1957," and across the bottom "36 United States Postage," in dark Gothic.

Arranged in five lines within the right half of the State boundaries is the wording "50th Anniversary of Oklahoma Statehood," in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Oklahoma City, Okla., on June 14, 1957, on the opening day of the Oklahoma Semi-Centennial Exposition.

TEACHERS OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1957



This special stamp in honor of the Teachers of America is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

Portrayed on the stamp is an attractive young woman teacher conferring with a girl and boy over a global world map. The wording "Honoring the Teachers of America," in dark Gothic, is arranged in two lines at the top of the stamp. Directly below, arranged in five lines, is the wording "National Education Association 1857–1957," in white-face Gothic. In a panel across the bottom of the stamp is "United States Postage 3¢," also in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Philadelphia, Pa., on July 1, 1957, during the centennial convention of the National Education Association.

AMERICAN FLAG COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---15SUE OF 1957



This special 4-cent stamp partraying the American Flag m natural colors was the first United States issue printed on the Giori press. This press is capable of printing up to three different colors simultaneously. It has three ink fountains and is designed to apply the different colored inks to predetermined areas of the two identical printing plates mounted on the press.

The American Flag stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally in a dark frame, printed on pregummed paper by the sheet-fed rotary process and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is red, white, and blue. The red and blue were printed by the intagho process, with the paper constituting the white, or third color. Since only two inks were involved, it was possible to print this stamp with but one passing of each sheet through the press, and thus only one plate number was necessary.

The central design of the stamp portrays the American Flag, in natural colors, waving in the breeze. The quotation "Long may it wave," in dark Gothic, is shown directly beneath the flag. In the lower left corner of the stump, arranged in two lines, is the denomination "4¢" and the word "Postage" in dark Gothic. A dark panel across the bottom frames the wording "United States of America" in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on July 4, 1957.

AIR FORCE COMMEMORATIVE AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1957



This special 6-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the United States Air Force as part of the National Defense System.

The Air Force stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the totary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is Air Force blue.

The stamp has for its central subject a B-52 Stratofortress in a banking position with three F-104 Stanfighters in the background. The Air Force cagle and thunder-

bolt shield appear in the upper left corner of the stamp superimposed over a portion of the wmg of the Stratofortress. The wording "Fifueth Anniversary United States Air Force" is arranged in one line across the top of the stamp and to the right of the design. The wording "U. S. Air Mail Postage" and the denomination "66'" appear in the lower right portion of the stamp. All lettering is in white-face Gothic

This issue was first released at Washington, D.C., on August 1, 1957.

SHIPBUILDING COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— 1SSUE OF 1957



This 3 cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 350th anniversary of the building of the first ship in America used in international trade. The ship, the "Virginia of Sagadahock," was completed at Popham Colony, Maine, in 1607.

The "Virginia of Sagadahock" stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically in a single outline frame, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70.

The central subject of the stamp is the artist's conception of the first ship built in America to participate in world commerce, the "Virginia of Sagadahock." The State Seal of Mame, located in the upper right area, identifies the incident. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "1607 Shipbuilding 1957". The wording "The Virginia of Sagadahock," arranged in two lines, appears directly above the vessel's mainsail. The wording "Popham Colony," in two lines, is shown beneath the State Seal and "United States Postage" appears across the bottom of the stamp. All of the above lettering is drawn in dark Gothic. The denomination numeral "3¢", in white-face Gothic, and the symbol in dark face, are located in the lower right corner.

This stamp was first released at Bath, Maine, on August 15, 1957.

RAMON MAGSAYSAY POSTAGE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1957



This special stamp in honor of Ramon Magsaysay, the late President of the Philippines, is the first to be issued in the "Champions of Liberty" series.

The Magsavsay commemorative stamp is 1.11 by 1.36 mehes in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on pregummed paper on the Giori press, and issued in sheets of 48. The stamp is printed in three colors—red, blue and golden other.

The central design of the stamp is a medalhon printed in golden ocher on which is depicted the head of Ramon Magsaysay encircled by the descriptive wording "Ramon Magsaysay President of the Philippines 1953-1957". The medallion is suspended from a red, white and blue ribbon, which forms the Victory "V". Directly above the medallion is the torch of liberty, in red, behind two crossed sprays of laurel leaves, in blue, the symbols of "Champion" and "Liberty." The words "Champion of Liberty," form the top of the stamp and "United States Postage" the bottom, both drawn in modified Gothic and printed in red. The denomination "8¢" is shown in the lower right corner, printed in

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on August 31, 1957.

SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP-ISSUE OF 1957



This stamp was provided to meet the new special delivery fee.

The 30-cent Special Delivery Stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, electric-eye perforated, printed by the rotary process in maroon, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design of the stamp illustrates a special delivery letter being delivered hand to hand by the messenger to the recipient. The overall stamp forms a dark background for the hands, the letter, and the wording. The wording "Special Delivery" dominates the top of the stamp. The denomination "306" is placed in the lower left corner, and in the lower right corner appears the wording "U.S. Poslage." All lettering is in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Indianapolis, Ind., on September 3, 1957.

LA FAYETTE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1957



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 200th anniversary of the birth of Marquis de La Fayotte.

The 3-cent La Fayette stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically in a double outline frame, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50,

The likeness of La Fayotte reproduced on the stamp is from the portrait by Court, now hanging in the Versailles Museum. To the left of the portrait is a flintlock rifle of the Revalutionary War period and to the right a replica of the sword which was presented to La Fayette by the U.S. Government, Both the rifle and the sword are entwined with an ornamental vine. Directly above the portrait is the wording "1757 La Fayette 1957" in dark modified script. An inticle of headwear of the period on which is superimposed the letters "R, F.," a torch and a scroll, flanked by a furled flag on either side, are in the apper portion of the stamp. Immediately below the portrait is the denomination "34."

in white-face Roman, in a shaded circular frame from which emanates long slender leaves bearing a flem-de-lis on either side. Across the bottom of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage," in dark face lettering.

This stamp was first placed on sale simultaneously at Easton, Pa., Fayetteville, N.C., and Louisville, Ky., on September 6, 1957.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION STAMP-ISSUE OF 1957



This 3-cent stamp is the fourth in the series being issued to emphasize the importance of wildlife conservation in America. Whooping cranes, the subject of this issue, have become international symbols of conservation, having dyndled from thousands in number to a small flock of approximately thirty birds.

The Whooping Craue stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on pregummed paper on the Giori press, and issued in sheets of 50. It is printed in blue, green, and yellow.

The central subject of this stamp is a female whooping crane bending attentively over her two downy young, with the male bird in the rear standing guard. The pair of whooping cranes are predominately white against a dark blue background. The chicks and the area immediately beneath them are yellow, blending into green grass in the foreground. The scene pictures the combination water and laud areas sought out by this rare species for nesting and rearing their young. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "Wildlife Couservation," in modified whiteface Roman and across the bottom is "U. S. Postage 3¢," in modified dark-face Roman. To the left of the central subject is the wording "Whooping Cranes," arranged in two lines, in white-face Gothie.

This stamp was first placed on sale simultaneously at Corpus Christi, Tex., New Orleans, La., and New York, N.Y., on November 22, 1957.

FLUSHING REMONSTRANCE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1957



This special stamp was issued to commemotate the 300th anniversary of the signing of the Flushing Remonstrance and religious freedom in America.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is black.

The stamp has for its central subject a Bible, a hat symbolic of the people and the times, and a quall, as the symbol of man's determination to speak the truth through the written word. An ornamental riblon bearing the wording "1657 The Finshing Remonstrance 1957" links the Bible, the hat and the quill In the upper portion of the stamp is the wording "Religious Freedom in America," arranged in three lines. In the lower left corner is the denomination designation "3¢," to the right of which is "United States Postage," arranged in two lines. All lettering is a modification of the early American type.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Flushing, N.Y., on December 27, 1957.



This special stamp bonoring gardening and horticulture was issued on the 100th anniversary of the birth of Liberty Hyde Bailey, the noted horticulturist, in conjunction with the centennial celebration in his honor sponsored by Cornell University.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in green, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design of the Gardening-Horticultine stamp is a figure emblematic of the bountiful earth, holding a horn of plenty, and surrounded by flowers, fruits, vegetables, and shrubs. The rose and columbine, two of the most popular flowers in the United States, appear in the upper right course of the stamp. Across the top and extending down the right portion of the stamp is the wording "Gardening Horticultine." Below the design, arranged in one line, is "U. S. Postage 3¢." All lettering is in modified Roman

This issue was first released at Ithaca, N.Y., on March 15, 1958.

BRUSSELS UNIVERSAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1958



This special stamp commemorates the opening of the Brussels Universal and International Exhibition at Brussels, Belgium.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in a deep red, electric-eye perforated, and resucd in sheets of 50.

The stamp has as its central subject an aerial view of the United States Pavilion, a large two story circular building of shimmering amber-tinted steel columns and honeycomb plastic walls, situated on a landscaped triangular site of 6½ acres. In the upper left portion of the stamp is the wording "United States Pavilion" arranged in two lines, and in the lower right is "U. S. Postage 36," all in white-face Gothic. The wording "Brussels Universal and International Exhibition—1958" appears at the left of the stamp, reading upwards and across the top, in dark-face Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Detroit, Mich., on April 17, 1958.

JAMES MONROE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1958



This special 3-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 200th anniversary of the birth of James Monroe, the fifth President of the United States

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 70.

The central subject, a likeness of James Monroe, was reproduced from a portrait by Gilbert Stuart, in panel form, which is now in the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts in Philadelphia. This is the first time a Stuart painting of Monioe has been used on a United States postage stamp. The threequarter head of Monroe, lacing left, is situated to the right, with "1758-1958" arranged in two lines in the lower field. The name "James Montoe" appears in a narrow panel, in white Gothic lettering against a dark background, across the bottom of the stamp. In the upper left corner, in a lighter solid field enclosed by an ornamental horizontal frame, is the value "3¢" dividing "U, S." and "Postage" at the left and top respectively, which are in large Roman lettering against a wavyline background.

The stamp was issued on April 28, 1958, at Montross, Va., near Monroe's birthplace.

MINNESOTA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1958



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of Minnesota Statehood.

The 3-cent Minnesota Statehood stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged

horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design stresses the many lakes in the State and its beautiful islands and terrain. Emphasis is placed on the musual branches of the State tree, pines, lakes and points, and low rolling hills. Across the top is the wording "Minnesota Statehood 1858-1958," arranged in one line in dark Gothic. "United States Postage" and "3¢" appear in a rounded vertical format in the lower right corner.

This issue was first placed on sale on May 11, 1958, at St. Paul, Minn.

INTERNATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL YEAR COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1958



This special stamp was issued in honor of the International Geophysical Year.

The 3-cent Geophysical Year stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and issued in sheets of 50. It was printed on the Giori totaly sheet-fed press, in two colors, black and orange, and perforated on an L-type machine.

The design of the stamp is based on a photograph of the sun and depicts an area of intense solar activity such as occurs poriodically and is among the phenomena being studied during the 18-month period of the International Geophysical Year, Superimposed above the solar disc and the fiery solar prominences emanating from it is a segment of Michaelangelo's famons fresco "The Creation of Adam," The designer of the stamp explained that "In the small confines of a postage stamp we have endeavoied to picture a man's wonder at the unknown together with his determination to understand it and his need for spiritual inspiration to further his knowledge," Across the top of the stamp is the wording "International Geophysical Year 1957-58," arranged in two lines, and across the bottom is "U.S. Postage 3¢." lettering is in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Chicago, Ill., on May 31, 1958.

GUNSTON HALL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1958



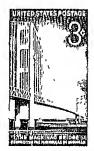
This stamp was issued to commemorate the 200th anniversary of Gunston Hall, home of George Mason George Mason was author of the "Faufax Resolves," of the first Constitution of Virgima and the Virgima Declaration of Rights, which served as the hasis of the first 10 amendments to the Federal Constitution

The stamp is 0.81 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is light green.

This stamp features a view of the riverfront side of the classic mid-Georgian brick home completed by William Buckland in 1758 for George Mason. The crossed quillpens in the upper corners of the stamp symbolize the important writing of Mason. Across the top of the stamp, in a horizontal panel, is the inscription "1758-1958 Cunston Hall" in dark Gothic. In the upper left portion of the stamp is the wording "Home of George Mason" in dark Gothic, and across the bottom is "United States Postage" in white-face Gothic. The denomination designation "34," in white Gothic, is shown against a solid background in the lower right corner of the stamp.

This stamp was first released at Lorton, Va., near Gunston Hall, on June 12, 1958.

MACKINAC BRIDGE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1958



This 3 cent stamp was issued to commemorate the dedication of the Mackings

Straits Bridge, which connects the peninsulas of Michigan.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.11 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the lotary process in bluish green, electro-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design of the stamp features an angle view of a portion of the Mackinac Bridge with emphasis on the suspension span between the towers. An ore boat is shown almost directly below its central span. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "United States Postage" in white Gothic lettering with "3¢" in larger type below and to the right. Across the bottom, arranged in two lines, in white Gothic lettering, is the inscription "The Mackinac Bridge Connecting the Peninsulas of Michigan."

This stamp was placed on sale simultaneously at Mackinaw City and Saint Ignace, Mich., on June 25, 1958. First-day covers serviced at both points bore the identical "Mackinac Bridge, Michigan" cancellation.

SIMON BOLIVAR POSTAGE STAMPS— ISSUE OF 1958





These 4-cent and 8-cent stamps, the second in the "Champions of Liberty" series honor Simon Bohvar, the South American liberator.

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension (Famous American size), arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was issued in panes of 70 (7 across and 10 deep) while the 8-cent denomination was issued in panes of 72 (8 across by 9 deep). The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottlell press in a single color—other, and the 8-cent denomination was printed on the Groti press in red (part of the ribbon, the total of Liberty and the top and bottom wording), blue (part of the ribbon, the leaves and the value), and golden other (the medallion).

Both stamps feature the medallion likeness of Simon Bolivar, based on a portrait painted by Ricardo Acevedo-Bernal. The wording "1783 Simon Bolivar—The Liberator 1830" encircles the head on the medallion, which is suspended from a ribbon. Directly above the pendant is featured a torch of

liberty behind two sprays of leaves. The wording "Champion of Liberty" forms the top of the stamp and "United States Postage" the bottom, both drawn in modified Gothic. The denominations are shown in the lower right corners.

These stamps were released at Washington, D.C., on July 24, 1958.

AIRMAIL STAMP (7-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1958



This stamp was provided to meet the increase in the airmail postage rate which became effective August 1, 1958.

The 7-cent airmail stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 100. This stamp was also issued in corl form.

The central design features a silhouette view of the wing-pread and fusclage of a composite jet airliner of the most advanced type which will soon be in commercial use on the Nation's major airlines.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Philadelphia, Pa., on July 31, 1958.

AIRMAIL STAMP (5-CENT)-ISSUE OF 1958



This stamp was also provided to meet the increase in the postage rate which became effective August 1, 1958. Although this new stamp was issued primarily for the convenience of patrons desiring to send souvenin post eards by airmail, it is valid for use in combination with other stamps on any mail intended for transmission by air.

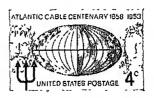
The stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 100.

The central design of the stamp is the artist's conception of an American Eagle in

flight, forming a silhouette against white billowing clouds and the shaded area of sky, which forms the outline of the stamp. Across the top of the stamp is the wording "Air Mail 56" in dark-face Gothic. In the same style across the bottom appears "U. S. Postage"

This stamp was first placed on sale at Colorado Springs, Colo., on July 31, 1958.

ATLANTIC CABLE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1958



This special 4-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the completion of the Atlantic Cable.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is a reddish purple.

The design features a globe with a heavy horizontal line symbolizing the linking of the eastern and western hemispheres by the cable, with the head of Neptune and part of his trident to the left and the head of a mermaid to the right. The inscription "Atlantic Cable Centenary 1858 · 1958" appears across the top of the design and "United States Postage" is centered at the bottom, both in dark Gothic. In the lower right corner is the value "4¢."

This stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., the terminus of the cable in this country, on August 15, 1958.

LINCOLN-DOUGLAS DEBATES COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1958



This 4 cent stamp, the first in a series of four commemorating the sesquicentennial of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, was issued on the 100th anniversary of the Lincoln-Douglas debates. The Lincoln-Douglas debates held

in Ottawa, Freeport, Jonesboro, Charleston, Galesburg, Quincy and Alton, Ill., each attracted crowds of 10,000 to 15,000 people in the 1858 contest for United States Senator. Although Douglas was reclected, Lincoln emerged a national figure and was elected President 2 years later.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in sepra, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design is a reproduction of an old print showing Lincoln addressing an outdoor crowd with Douglas standing behind him. The denomination designation "4¢" appears in a large shaded oval at the lower left. A thin ribbon forms the horder at the top, right, and bottom and contains the inscription "Lincoln-Douglas Debates" across the top with "1858–1958" at the right and "United States Postage" at the bottom, all in dark Gothic.

This issue was first released on August 27, 1958, at Freeport, Ill., the site of one of the most important debates,

LAJOS KOSSUTH POSTAGE STAMPS— ISSUE OF 1958





These 4-cent and 8-cent stamps, the third in the "Champions of Liberty" series, honor Lajos Kossuth, the noted Hungarian patriot.

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension (Famous American size), arranged vertically. The 4 cent denomination was issued in panes of 70 (7 across and 10 deep) while the 8-cent denomination was issued in panes of 72 (8 across by 9 deep). The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell press in a single color—green, and the 8 cent denomination was printed on the Giori press in red, blue, and golden other.

Both stamps feature the medallion likeness of the Hungarian patriot, Lajos Kossuth, facing towards the right, based on a daguerreotype taken in the United States during his visit in 1852. The wording "1848 Lajos Kossuth—Governor of Hungary 1849" encicles the head on the medallion, which is

suspended from a ribbon. Directly above the pendant is featured a torch of liberty behind two sprays of leaves. The wording "Champion of Liberty" forms the top of the stamp and "United States Postage" the bottom, both drawn in modified Gothic. The demoninations are shown in the lower right corners.

These stamps were first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on September 19, 1958.

JOURNALISM-FREEDOM OF THE PRESS COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1958



The 4 cent stamp honoring Journalism and Freedom of the Press was issued on the 50th anniversary of the founding of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in black, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design features a hand holding an old-fashioned quill pen, a simplified stylization of a hand printing press, and horizontal and vertical bars suggesting type heaters. The words "Freedom of the Press" are included in the design, with "U. S. Postage 4¢" arranged horizontally across the bottom of the stamp.

This stamp was first released at Columbia, Mo., on September 22, 1958.

OVERLAND MAIL CENTENNIAL COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1958



This special 4-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the centennial anniversary of

the arrival of the first land coach carrying eagerly awaited mail and passengers from the eastern part of the United States.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizonally, printed by the rotary process in red, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central motif of the stamp is a dramatic scene of an overland mail coach under attack. The coach and team of horses is superimposed on a map of the southwestern part of the United States, with the route of the Butterfield Overland Mail shown between Tipton, Mo., and San Francisco, Calif. Surounding the major portion of the design in a flat oval in a designed lettering combining the characteristics of Guider-Beton type, is the inscription "U. S. Postage * 1858 * Overland Mail * 1958." The value, in larger lettering, appears in the lower right corner.

This stamp was first placed on sale at San Francisco, Calif., the western terminal point of the Overland Mail, on October 10, 1958.

NOAH WEBSTER FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP---ISSUE OF 1958



This stamp was issued to commemorate the bicentennial anniversary of the birth of Noah Webster.

This stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 70. The color of the stamp is red.

The Noah Webster "Famous American" stamp features a likeness of the noted lexicographer, reproduced from an engraving by G. Parker, after a painting by James Herring. The lettering "United States Postage" is arranged across the top of the stamp, the name "Noah Webster" to the left of the portrait, and the denomination "4¢" in the lower right corner, all in white-face Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale on October 16, 1958, at West Hartford, Conn., the hirthplace of Noah Webster.

FOREST CONSERVATION POSTAGE STAMP--ISSUE OF 1958



The 4 cent Forest Conservation stamp was issued on the 100th anniversary of the birth of Theodore Roosevelt, one of the earliest forest conservations in the country.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Ciori press in yellow, brown, and green, and issued in sheets of 50.

This stamp features the major aspects of forest conservation, including new growth of young trees and the harvesting of mature tunber under scientific forest management; home and shelter for wildlife and birds; and protected watersheds. The wording "Forest Conservation" is arranged in the upper left portion and across the top of the stamp in dark Gothic, and "U. S. Postage 4¢" appears across the botton in white-face Gothic.

This stamp was released on October 27, 1958, at Tucson, Ariz., on the occasion of the American Forestry Association.

FORT DUQUESNE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1958



This 4-cent stamp was issued to commemorate the bicentennial anniversary of Fort Duquesne.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The color of the stamp is wedgwood blue.

The central design of the stamp was reproduced from a composite drawing, utilizing only certain figures, based on an etching by T. B. Smith and a painting depicting the occupation of the Fort by the British, General Forbes is shown in the foreground on a stretcher or litter. In addition to Colonel Washington, who is on horseback in the center, Col. Henry Bouquet, who was second in command to the ailing Forbes, and other figures were selected to represent the Virgmia militia and provincial army. In the background, to the left, is a group raising the British flag, while a segment of the stockade is shown burning. Around the sides and across the top of the stamp, in white-Gothic lettering, is "1758 Fort Duquesne 1958," and across the bottom is "U. S. Postage 4¢ "

The Fort Duquesne stamp was first placed on sale at Pittsburgh, Pa., on November 25, 1958.

ALASKA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE AIR-MAIL STAMP----ISSUE OF 1959



This special 7-cent airmail stamp commemorating the admission of Alaska to the Union was issued on the date of the President's proclamation.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The Alaska Statehood stamp features the "Big Dipper" and North Star as portrayed on the Alaskan flag, superimposed on a map of Alaska. In the background are wooded hills and snow-topped mountains, indicative of the terrain and the vastness of the area and its wealth. In the left portion of the stamp, in dark Gothic lettering outlined in white, is "U. S. Air Mail," in two lines, and "7¢," while across the bottom in lighter modified Gothic lettering against a plain background is "Alaska Statchood 1959,"

This issue was first released at Juneau, Alaska, on January 3, 1959.

1-CENT LINCOLN SESQUICENTENNIAL COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1959



This 1-cent stamp, the second in a series of four commemorating the sesquicentennial of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50

This issue features the famous "Beardless Luncoln" portrait by George Peter Alexander Healy, painted from life in 1860 in Springfield, Ill., shortly after Lincoln's election to the Presidency. A facsimile of the signature "A. Lincoln—" appears immediately above the portrait. The denomination "1¢" is shown in the lower right corner of the stamp and the wording "United States Postage" is arranged in one line across the bottom, in dark Gothic.

This stamp was first offered for sale on February 12, 1959, at Hodgenville, Ky., the nearest post office to Lincoln's birthplace.

OREGON STATEHOOD CENTENNIAL COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1959



This stamp, commemorating the centennial anniversary of Oregon Statehood, is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central subject of the stamp is an unhorsed covered wagon, typical of those used over the Oregon Trail by the early settlers, with Mount Hood to the right. The terrain slopes to the left, or west, meeting the Pacific Ocean. In the upper portion of the design, in dark Gothic lettering arranged in two lines, is "Oregon Statehood 1859-1959." In the sky, to the left of the wagon, is a white star symbolizing Statehood, while across the bottom in white Gothic lettering against a solid background is "U. S. Postage 4 Cents."

This stamp was first placed on sale at Astoria, Oreg., on February 14, 1959.

JOSE DE SAN MARTIN POSTAGE STAMPS--ISSUE OF 1959





These 4 cent and 8-cent stamps, the fourth in the "Champions of Liberty" series, honor Jose de San Martin, Hero of the Andes.

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension (Famous American size), arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was issued in panes of 70 (7 across and 10 deep) while the 8-cent denomination was issued in panes of 72 (8 across and 9 deep). The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell press in a single color—blue, and the 8-cent denomination was printed on the Giori press in blue, red and golden ocher.

Both denominations feature a medallion with a three-quarter portrait of San Martin, reproduced from a print provided by the Library of Congress. The wording "Jose do San Martin 1778-1850 Hero of the Andes" encircles the head. The medal is shown suspended from a ribbon, while directly above the pendant is a torch of liberty between two sprays of leaves. The wording "Champion of Liberty" forms the top of the stamp and "United States Postage" the bottom, both printed in modified Gothic. The denominations are shown in the lower right corners.

These stamps were first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on February 25, 1959.

3-CENT LINCOLN SESQUICENTENNIAL COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1959



UNITED STATES POSTAGE

This 3-cent stamp, the third in the series of four commemorating the sesquicentennial of the bitth of Abraham Lincoln, is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the totary process in light purple, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The 3-cent Lincoln stamp features a sculptured head of Lincoln by Gutzon Borghun, done in marble in 1906, and now in the totunda of the Capitol in Washington, D.C. A facsimile of the signature "A. Lincoln—" appears immediately above the portrait. The denomination "3¢" is shown in the lower right corner of the stamp and the wording "United States Postage" is arranged in one line across the bottom, in dark Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale on February 27, 1959, at New York, N.Y., site of the historical Lincoln speech delivered at The Cooper Union.

NATO COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1959



This 4-cent stamp was issued in honor of the tenth anniversary of the signing of the North Atlantic Treaty.

This stamp, featuring the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's emblem and motto, is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, ar-

ranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in blue, and issued in sheets of 70. The four-pointed star appears to the left, superimposed on a solid dark circle. In the upper right portion of the design is "NATO" with the years "1919–1959" in smaller white Roman letters directly below. The value "4¢" in white Roman, appears in the lower right portion of the design. Across the top, against a plain background, is the motto "United For Freedom," and across the bottom is the inscription "United States Postage." Except for the denomination and dates, all lettering is m dark Roman.

The NATO stamp was first released at Washington, D.C., on April 1, 1959.

ARCTIC EXPLORATIONS COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1959



This 4-cent stamp marks the conquest of the Arctic area by surface and by sea. In actuality the stamp marks the 50th anniversary of the arrival of Admiral Robert Edwin Peary at the North Pole. It also notes the history-making feat of the United States Navy's "Nautilus" almost fifty years later in miking the first under-the-sea crossing at the North Pole.

The stamp is 0.81 by 1.41 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design features the upper portion of the globe, with the North Pole area emphasized. The global area is divided horizontally, with the light upper segment indicative of surface transportation, and the dark lower portion representative of underwater exploration. Superimposed on the upper portion of the design is a man and his dog-drawn sled. Below is a view of the nuclear-powered USS "Nantilus". All lettering is in Roman.

This stamp was first issued on April 6, 1959, at Cresson, Pa., the home of Admiral Peary.

WORLD PEACE THROUGH WORLD TRADE— COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1959



The 8-cent World Peace Through World Trade stamp was issued in conjunction with the 17th Congress of the International Chamber of Commerce held in Washington, D.C., April 19-25, 1959

The stamp is 0.81 by 1.14 melies in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in maroon, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

A global symbol and a lancel spray dominate the design. The globe, located in the upper right of the design, and showing latitudes and longitudes, is otherwise uncolored, except where the lamel spray overlaps. The inscription "World Peace Through World Trade" appears in the upper left, in sams serif italic Gothic, while the value "86" and "U. S. Postage" are in the lower right, in regular white Gothic,

This stamp was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on April 20, 1959.

4-CENT LINCOLN SESQUICENTENNIAL COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1959



This 4 cent stamp, the fourth and final in the Lincoln Birth Sesquicentennial Series, is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, atranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50,

The 4-cent Lincoln stamp features a portion of the famed statue by Daniel Chester French, which is in the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D.C. The actual subject matter was taken from a line and pastel drawing by Fritz Busse, as published in the book

"Washington—City on the Potomac." A facsimile of the signature "A. Lincoln," appears to the right of the central subject with the denomination designation "4¢" to the left. The wording "United States Postage," in white face Gothic, is arranged up the side and across the top in the upper left portion of the stamp.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on May 30, 1959.

SILVER CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP--- ISSUE OF 1959



The 4-cent Silver Centennial commemorative stamp is 0.84 by 1.41 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50. The stamp was reproduced in shades of black and white to simulate the color of silver.

The design of the stamp, based on an old print, depicts Henry Comstock at the Mount Davidson site of the rich silver deposit discovered by Patrick McLaughlin and Peter O'Riley. The central subject is framed by "Silver Centennial 1859 · 1959," at the left and top, and "United States Postage 4¢," across the bottom, in a lettering style suggested by P. T. Barnum type, a series based on lettering fashions of the 1850's.

This issue was first released at Virginia City, Nev., on June 8, 1959.

POSTAGE DUE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1959





The Postage Due Series embraced 14 denominations: specifically, ½-cent, 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent, 5-cent, 6-cent, 7-cent, 8-cent, 10-cent, 30 cent, 50-cent, \$1 and \$5.

These stamps were printed on the Huck press (rotary) and issued in sheets of 100.

By special order of the Postmaster General, the Postage Due stamps were placed on sale in unused condition at the TOPEX temporary postal station, McAlpin Hotel, New York, N.Y., June 19-21, 1959, in connection with the 10th annual convention of the American Topical Association. Postage Due stamps are not valid for postage and none were accepted for cancellation. Under the law no postmaster may sell Postage Due stamps in mint condition.

The background design on all denominations of these Postage Dnes was punted from the same plates, with the denomination added by rubber plates in an operation similar to precanceling. The design, in red in all instances, has a large plain timed area towards the lower portion on which the denomination is printed in black. The wording "United States" appears across the top, and "Postage Dire" below in an arc, all in white lettering. The bottom corners are rounded.

For the benefit of collectors desiring Postage Due stamps for philatelic purposes, the entire series was placed on sale at the Philatelic Sales Agency on June 22, 1959.

ST. LAWRENCE SEAWAY OPENING COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1959



The 4 cent St. Lawrence Seaway Opening commemorative stamp was issued at Massena, N.Y., on June 26, 1959. A stamp identical in design, except for the necessary differences in the caption and denomination, was released simultaneously at Ottawa, Canada. This represents the first time the United States and Canada have issued stamps jointly.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori press in red and blue on white paper, and issued in sheets of 50.

Reproduced on the stamp are the emblems of both nations, the maple leaf for Canada, and the eagle for the United States, enclosed in interlocking links superimposed over a background of the Great Lakes.

Across the top of the stamp is the wording "St. Lawrence Seaway" and across the hottom "United States," To the left of the design is the lettering "Postage," arranged vertically, and the denomination "4¢" appears in the lower right corner of the stamp



UNITED STATES POSTAGE

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally and issued in sheets of 50. It was printed in red, blue and deep yellow on white paper with the flag and its field of 49 stars the dominant features. The pole is in deep yellow, simulating gold,

This stamp was first placed on sale on July 4, 1959, the date the new flag became official. It was released at Auburn, N.Y., where William H. Seward, Secretary of State, who purchased Alaska, resided most of his life.

BALLOON JUPITER COMMEMORATIVE AIR-MAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1959



The 7-cent Balloon Jupiter commemorative airmail stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, airanged vertically, and issued in sheets of 50. It was printed on the Giori press in red and blue on white paper.

This stamp features the balloon in which John Wise and the mail were carried on the flight from Lafayette to Crawfordsville, Ind., on August 17, 1859. Of the 123 letters and 23 circulars carried on this flight, only one letter is known to exist today.

Below the balloon is a group of people acclaiming the ascent. The gas inflated bag is in red, and the flags, basket and crowd are in blue. The denomination "74" is in white lettering within blue vertical rectangles in the four corners, with "U. S. A." at the top, and "Air Mail" at the bottom, in blue Gothic lettering. To the left, reading inpwards, in red, is "Lafayette, Ind.," and to the right, reading down, also in red, is "1859 " 1959."

The stamp was first placed on sale at Lafayette, Ind., on August 17, 1959.



This 7-cent commemorative airmail stamp, portraying a Hawanan warrior extending a lei of welcome to the star of Statehood, and a map of the Islands, is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in red, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 50.

The Statehood stamp was first placed on sale at Honolulu, Hawan, on August 21, 1959, the date of the President's proclamation of Hawan's admission into the Union.

SOIL CONSERVATION POSTAGE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1959



The 4 cent Soil Conservation stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori press in yellow, green and blue, and issued in sheets of 50.

The importance of contour plowing to those who farm and raise livestock and, in turn, the vital relationship of farming and livestock mising to the urban area, has been used as the theme for the Soil Conservation stamp. In the left center is a house, barn, and other buildings, with cows grazing in an

enclosed area in the foreground. A pond in the lower right serves as a background for the 4¢ denomination, which is in dark modified Gothic. In the far background, to the right, is a city skylme, representative of the dependence of urban areas on the products of the soil. All lettering is in Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale on August 26, 1959, at Rapid City, S. Dak., on the occasion of the annual meeting of the Soil Conservation Society of America.

PAN AMERICAN GAMES COMMEMORATIVE AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1959



This special stamp was issued to mark the opening of the Pan American Games at Chicago, Ill.

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Giori press in red and blue on white, and issued in sheets of 50. The central design is a runner holding high a flaming torch, printed in blue against a white background. To the left and right are wide angled triangles, symbolic of sportive movement, in red and blue, respectively. All wording is in sansserif italicized lettering.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Chicago, Ill., on August 27, 1959.

PETROLEUM INDUSTRY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1959



This stamp, which was issued to mark the 100th anniversary of the completion of the first oil well at Titusville, Pa, by Colonel Edwin L. Diake, is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the totary process in brown, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

An oil derrick, against a light background, highlights the design. The lettering on the stamp is a hand-drawn calligraphic style, in white against a dark background.

The stamp was first offered for sale at Titusville, Pa., on August 27, 1959.

DENTAL HEALTH COMMEMORATIVE STAMP--ISSUE OF 1959



The Dental Health stamp, featuring the head of a little girl with a big smile and the figures of a boy and girl at play, in silhouette, measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

This stamp was issued on September 14, 1959, at New York, N.Y., during the centennial meeting of the American Dental Association.

ERNST REUTER POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF





These 4-cent and 8-cent stamps, the fifth in the "Champions of Liberty" series, honor Ernst Reuter, the late Mayor of Berlin, who through his courage and leadership inspired the people of Berlin to stand up successfully in the terrible strain of the Soviet blockade.

These stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in

dimension, arranged vertically. The 4 cent denomination was issued in sheets of 70 (7 across and 10 deep) while the 8 cent denomination was issued in sheets of 72 (8 across by 9 deep). The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottlell press in a single color—bronze-green, and the 8 cent denomination was printed on the Giori press in red, blue, and ocher.

Both denominations feature a medallion with a likeness of Reuter. The basic design is patterned after the original "Champion of Liberty" stamp, but there has been a modification of the flame atop the torch of liberty between the sprays of leaves.

These stamps were first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on September 29, 1959

15-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1959



This new 15-cent international airmail stamp was issued primarily for use on mail matter destined to Europe and points in North Africa (Algeria, Tunis, Morocco, etc.).

The stamp, featuring the Statue of Liberty with the slogan "Liberty For All," is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and issued in sheets of 50. The Statue of Liberty, the slogan "Liberty For All," and the airplane silhouette are printed in black, and the lettering "U. S. Air Mail" and the denomination "15¢" are orange. The lines forming a border around the stamp, and between the elements of the design are also printed in orange.

The stamp was first offered for sale at New York, N.Y., on November 20, 1959.

DR. EPHRAIM McDOWELL FAMOUS AMERICAN STAMP--ISSUE OF 1959



The Dr. Ephraim McDowell "Famous American" postage stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated and issued in sheets of 70. The color of the stamp is maroon.

The stamp features a likeness of Di. McDowell, based on a reproduction of a painting which appeared in a biography of McDowell by Di. August Schachner of Louisville, Kentucky. The wording "United States Postage" and the denomination "4¢" are in white face Gothic. The name "Ephram McDowell" is in dark face Gothic.

This issue was first released on December 3, 1959, at Danville, Ky., marking the 150th anniversary of the first successful operation of its kind known to medical science.

GEORGE WASHINGTON "AMERICAN CREDO" STAMP---ISSUE OF 1960



The first of the American Ciedo stamps features George Washington's famous statement "Observe good faith and justice toward all nations," made in his Farewell Address in 1796. Each stamp in the American Ciedo series carries a message in a manner and design of the style and type used in our Colonial currency, with a device appropriate to the American who made the statement.

The Washington Credo stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses, in red and blue on white, and issued in panes of 50. The scales of justice, within a double circle, symbolic of Washington's statement, appear to the left of the text and the signature "G Washington." The wording "The United States" is shown in a solid panel at the top of the stamp, "of America" in script at the right, and "Postage" in an ornate panel at the left. The denomination "4¢" in a frame, appears in the upper left corner of the stamp,

The Washington Credo stamp was first placed on sale at Mount Vernon, Virginia, on January 20, 1960.

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the founding of the Boy Scouts of America. On February 8, 1910, the Boy Scouts of America were officially incorporated in the District of Columbia.

The 4-cent Boy Scouts of America Golden Jubilee commemorative stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giori presses and issued in pages of 50.

The design features a head and shoulders view of a scout with right hand upraised in a three-finger sign. The three fingers pointing upward represent the major points of the Scout law. The likeness of the scout is printed in kbaki, while the lettering "1910-1960," at the left, "U.S. Postage," at the right, and the large "1¢" to the right are in blue. The wording "Boy Scouts of America," across the top of the stamp, is red

The stamp was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on February 8, 1960.

OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp was issued to mark the opening of the Eighth Olympic Winter Games at Squaw Valley, California.

The 4-cent Olympic Winter Games commemorative stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arlanged vertically, printed by the lotary process in blue, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design features the Olympic emblem of five entwined links and a stylized snowflake. The five links represent the five continents interlocked in the ancient symbol of eternal friendship. All lettering is in white stylized Roman.

The Olympic Winter Games stamp was first placed on sale on February 18, 1960, at Tahoe City, California All first day covers were postmarked "Olympic Valley, California," a station of the Tahoe post office established at the site of the games to accommodate the visitors.

THOMAS G. MASARYK "CHAMPION OF LIBERTY" STAMPS--ISSUE OF 1960



These 4 cent and 8 cent stamps honoring the founder and first President of Czechoslovakia are the sixth in the "Champions of Liberty" Series.

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell presses in blue and issued in panes of 70. The 8 cent stamp was printed on the Giori presses, in yellow, blue and red, and issued in panes of 72.

Both denominations feature a medallion likeness of Masaryk, facing to the left. The basic design is patterned after the original "Champion of Liberty" stamp, with modifications. The wording "1st President Czechoslovakia Patriot T. G. Masaryk" and the dates "1918-1935" are in white face architectural Roman. All other lettering is in modified Gothic.

These stamps were first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on March 7, 1960.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN "AMERICAN CREDO" STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



The second of the "American Credo" stamps features Benjamin Franklin's notable

statement "Fear to do ill, and von need fear Nonght else," which appeared in the 1710 edition of Poor Richard's Almanac (15th page devoted to September), together with a facsimile of his signature.

This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses in brown and green on white, and issued in sheets of 50. The Franklin Credo stamp is identical in format to the Washington Credo except the numerical designation is in solid type rather than open. The symbolic device to the left of the statement is a dove within an olive wreath

The 4-cent Franklin Credo stamp was first placed on sale at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on March 31, 1960.

WORLD REFUGEE YEAR COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



On April 7, 1960, the United States Government joined with numerous other nations in issning stamps to commemorate World Refugee Year and to focus the attention of the world on the plight of the millions of homeless.

This special stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in gray-black by the rotary process, and issued in panes of 50.

The World Refugee Year commemorative stamp features a family group facing down a long dark corridor toward a bright exit, symbolizing escape from the darkness of want and oppression into the brightness of a new life. Across the top of the stamp in open Roman lettering, is "World Refugee Year." In the extreme lower right, also in open faced Roman, is the value "4¢" preceded by "United States Postage" in solid Roman lettering.

The 4-cent World Refugee Year commenorative stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on April 7, 1960,

WATER CONSERVATION POSTAGE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp was issued to call attention to the urgency of water conservation throughout the nation, with special emphasis on the protection and improvement of vital water sources.

The 4-cent Water Conservation stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 nucles in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses, in blue, green and orange-brown, and issued in sheets of 50.

The left portion of the design features a close-up view of a drop of water falling from a leaf, symbolizing watershed influence upon water supply. To the right is an actual watershed panorama, with a town and farm in the foreground representing the dependence of towns and farms on watersheds. All lettering is in modified Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on April 18, 1960, coincident with the opening session of the Seventh National Watershed Congress.

25-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1960





This new 25 cent international animal stamp was issued primarily for use on airmail matter to Asia, Australia and most of Africa.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and printed on the Giori presses in panes of 50. The likeness of Abraham Lincoln, the excerpt from the Gettysburg Address "Of the People. By the People. For the People," and the airplane silhouette are printed in black and the remaining lettering, numeral, and lines forming the borders are printed in marcon.

The 25 cent airmail stamp was first placed on sale at San Francisco, California, on April 22, 1960.

THOMAS JEFFERSON "AMERICAN CREDO" STAMP---ISSUE OF 1960



The third of the "American Credo" stamps features Thomas Jefferson's statement "I have sworn . . . Hostility against every form of TYRANNY over the mind of man," from Collected Writings—Volume 10.

The 4-cent Jefferson "Credo" stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses in gray and red on white, and issued in sheets of 50.

The format of this stamp is identical to the Franklin "Credo" issue. The symbolic device, a hand holding aloft a flaming torch, appears to the left of the statement and the signature.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Charlottesville, Virginia, on May 18, 1960. The wording "Montrello Sta." was included in the bars of the pictorial first day cancellation.

SEATO COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF



This special stamp was issued to mark the South-East Asia Treaty Organization Conference on the occasion of the sixth meeting of SEATO Ministers. SEATO is a defensive alliance of nations (Australia, France, New Zealand, Pakistan, the Philippines, Thailand, the United Kingdom and the United States) dedicated to preservation of peace and freedom in the general area of Southeast Asia and Southwest Pacific.

The stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in blue, and issued in panes of 70. The design features the emblem of SEATO and the words "Unity Peace Progress." All lettering is in Roman.

The 4 cent SEATO stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D C., on May 31, 1960.

AMERICAN WOMAN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1960



This special 4-cent stamp honoring "The American Woman" is 0.84 by 1.44 mehes in dimension, arranged honzontally, printed in purple on the Cottrell presses, and issued in sheets of 50.

In the center of the stamp, against a plain background, is a sketch of a mother and a young girl with an open book before them, symbolizing women in the home. In a niche in the upper left, designated as "Civic Affairs," is a building symbolizing women's participation at all levels of government and a gavel indicative of women's voluntary orgamzations. In the lower left in a niche denoting "Education" are an academic cap, n hanging diploma and hooks. In the niche in the upper right portion, indicative of "Arts and Industry," are a caduceus, representing nmses, women doctors and researchers, the masks of the drama and a violin, a microscope denoting women in science and a large plant building recognizing women in industry. The numerical designation "4g" appears in the niche at the lower right.

This stamp was first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on June 2, 1960.

10-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1960



This new 10-cent international airmail stamp was issued primarily for use on airmail matter to Central and South America (exclusive of Mexico) and the West Indies.

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in size, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50. The Library Bell, the wording "Let Freedom Ring" and the airplane silhonette are printed in black, and the lettering "U.S. Ahmail," the denomination and the lines forming the borders are green.

The 10-cent international animal stamp was first placed on sale at Miami, Florida, on June 10, 1960.



U.S.POSTAGE

The Post Office Department observed adoption of the new 50-Star Flag by issuing a special 4-cent commemorative stamp at Honolulu, Hawaii, on July 4, 1960. The fiftieth star represents the admission of Hawaii to Statehood on August 21, 1959.

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Giori presses in red and blue on white paper, and issued in panes of 50.

Emphasis has been placed, subtly, on the union so that the new placement of the fifty stars might be highlighted as the flag waves in the breeze. The design is borderless with "July 4, 1960," at the top, in blue Roman lettering. Across the bottom, also in blue Roman letters, is "U.S. Postage."

4-CENT PONY EXPRESS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This special 4-cent stamp, commemorating the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Pony Express, was first placed on sale at Sacramento, California, on July 19, 1960. A 4-cent Pony Express commemorative stamped envelope was issued on the same date at Saint Joseph, Missonia.

The stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, is arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in sepia, electric-eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The design features an express rider racing towards his destination. In the background, against a plain map of the western portion of the United States, is featured the route between Saint Joseph, Missouri, which served as the Eastern terminal, and Sacramento, California, the Western terminal.

7-CENT "FIRE RED" AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



The new 7-cent airmail stamp, which was first placed on sale at Arlington, Virginia, on August 12, 1960, is identical to that issued on July 31, 1958, except it was printed in a "fire red" shade. As a means of facilitating the handling of airmail letters, 7-cent airmail stamps will be printed in a distinct shade of red.

This stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process, electric-eye perforated, and issued in panes of 100.

This 7-cent "fire red" airmail stamp in booklet form was released at Saint Louis, Missouri, on August 19, 1960. The books contain twelve 7-cent airmail stamps each.

This stamp in coil form was released at Atlantic City, New Jersey, on October 22, 1960. Since the design is horizontal, the perforations appear at the top and bottom of the stamp. The 7-cent "fire red" stamp was issued in coils of 500 and 3,000.

EMPLOY THE HANDICAPPED COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp with the theme "Employ the Handicapped" was first placed on

sale at New York, New York, on August 28, 1960, in conjunction with the Eighth World Congress of the International Society for the Welfare of Cupples held under the sponsorship of The President's Committee on Employment of the Physically Handrapped.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in blue, electric eye perforated, and issued in sheets of 50.

The central design, based on an actual photograph, depicts a man confined to a wheelchair capably operating a drill press. The wording 'Employ the Handrcapped,' the denomination "4¢" and the wording "United States Postage" are all in dark modified Roman.

FIFTH WORLD FORESTRY CONGRESS COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp, which was issued to mark the Fifth World Forestry Congress, is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in green, electric-eye perforated, and issued in panes of 50.

The official seal of the Congress was used as the basic design for the stamp, with a slight modification. The dark inverted are in which appeared the wording "U. S. A. 1960" was eliminated so that the denomination "4¢" and the wording "U. S. Postago," in dark Roman lettering, could be added across the bottom of the stamp.

The emblem, featuring a globe and stylized tree, also includes a symbolic representation of the Congress theme—"Multiple Use of Forest Lands." Wildlife is suggested by a deer; water by a waterfall; timber harvesting by a stump and axe; outdoor recreation by a hiker and grazing by a sheep.

The 4 cent Fifth World Forestry Congress commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Scattle, Washington, on August 29, 1960.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY "AMERICAN CREDO" STAMP---ISSUE OF 1960



The fourth of the "American Credo" stamps, featuring Francis Scott Key's words from the "Star Spangled Banner," "And this be our Motto, in GOD is our TRUST," is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged hourzontally, printed on the Giori presses in red and blue on white, and issued in panes of 50.

The format of this stamp is identical to the Benjamin Franklin "Credo" issue. The symbolic device at the left represents stars and a builting bomb within a circle.

The Key "Credo" stamp was first placed on sale at Baltimore, Maryland, on September 14, 1960.

MEXICAN INDEPENDENCE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



4¢ U.S POSTAGE

This stamp commemorating the 150th anniversary of Mexican Independence, a part of a joint issuance of special stamps by the two neighboring nations, features the historic bell brought to Mexico City from Dolores, where Miguel Hidalgo rang it in his call for independence. This bell is presently located in a niche over the entrance to the Palacio Nacional in Mexico City and is rung each year by the President of Mexico in impressive ceremonies. The bell langs from a cross piece supported by the figures of two infants.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, at ranged vertically, printed on the Giori presses in panes of 50. It was printed in colors simulating those used in the Mexican flag, with the bell in red and the inscriptions

in green. Inscriptions are in Roman capital letters.

The Mexican Independence commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Los Angeles, California, on September 16, 1960.

UNITED STATES-JAPAN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the first treaty to promote mintral understanding and goodwill between Japan and the United States.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50. The upper portion, including the top third of the moniment, and the main branch of the tree is in blue, as is "JAPAN" at the upper left, the wording "U.S. POSTAGE," the denomination "4¢" and the lower swirls. The balance of the design is pink.

Featured on the stamp is a view of the Washington Monument in Washington, D.C., with sprays of Japanese cherry blossoms around its base.

The United States-Japan commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on September 28, 1960.

IGNACY JAN PADEREWSKI "CHAMPION OF LIBERTY" STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1960





These 4 cent and 8-cent stamps honoring the world-famed Polish patriot and musician, Ignacy Jan Paderewski, are the seventh in the "Champions of Liberty" series, The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell presses in blue and issued in sheets of 70. The 8 cent denomination was printed on the Giori presses, in red, blue and ocher, and issued in sheets of 72.

Both denominations feature a medallion with a likeness of Paderewski, based on a photograph by Taylor & Dull of New York of a painting by Tade Styka, the noted Polish artist.

These stamps were first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on October 8, 1960.

ROBERT A, TAFT MEMORIAL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This 4-cent stamp pays tribute to the late Senator Robert A. Taft,

The Taft Memorial stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in purple and issued in sheets of 70. The likeness of Senator Taft was based on a photograph by Harris and Ewing of Washington, D.C. Lettering is in Gothic.

This stamp was first placed on sale on October 10, 1960, at Cincinnati, Ohio, the birthplace of Senator Taft.

WHEELS OF FREEDOM COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



The 4-cent "Wheels of Freedom" stamp was first placed on sale at Detroit, Michigan, on October 15, 1960, in conjunction with the opening of the National Automobile Show there.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the

rotary process in blue, and issued in panes of 50.

The design features three illustrations between the spokes of a symbolic steering wheel—a passenger car, truck and tractor. As a background, and linked by the central subject, are globes, with the Western Hemisphere to the left and the Eastern Hemisphere to the right. All lettering is in dark Roman.

BOYS' CLUBS OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp marks the 100th anniversary of the Boys' Chibs of America movement.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Giori presses in red, blue and gray, and issued in panes of 50.

The boy's head at the right of the design represents the classic profile of a healthy boy. The head is printed in red. The horizontal bars and the denomination are in blue and all other lettering is in gray.

The 4-cent Boys' Clubs of America commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at New York, New York, on October 18, 1960.

FIRST AUTOMATED POST OFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This 4-cent stamp honoring the First Automated Post Office in the United States was first placed on sale at Providence, Rhode Island, on October 20, 1960.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses in red and blue on white paper, and issued in panes of 50. The design features an archi-

tect's sketch of the new post office in Providence, which was formally dedicated and placed in operation on October 20, 1960. The denominational designation "4¢" and the wording "First Automated Post Office in the United States" are red. The remainder of the stamp is blue.

GUSTAF MANNERHEIM "CHAMPION OF LIBERTY" STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1960



These stamps honoring the great Finnish soldier, statesman and strategist—Baron Carl Gustaf Emil Mannerheim—Marshal and President of Finland, are the eighth in the "Champions of Liberty" series.

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell presses in blue and resucd in sheets of 70. The 8-cent denomination was printed on the Ciori presses in red, blue and other, and issued in sheets of 72.

The design was based on two photographs of an equestrian statue in Helsinki, Finland.

The Mannetheim stamps were first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on October 26, 1960.

CAMP FIRE GIRLS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the Camp Fire Girls movement, which was launched in 1910 by Dr. and Mis. Luther Halsey Gulick.

The 4-cent Cump Fire Girls stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged verti-

cally, printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50.

The design is highlighted by the insignia of the organization—crossed logs with flame within a designed triangle. The flame is red, and the logs and insignia frame are in blue. On the outer sides of the insignia, in a lighter shade of blue, is a rippled effect. The years "1910" and "1960" in the upper corners, and "United States Postage," at the bottom, are in blue. The denomination "4¢" is red.

The stamp was first placed on sale at New York, New York, on November 1, 1960, on the occasion of the Golden Jubilee Convention of the Camp Fire Girls,

GIUSEPPE GARIBALDI "CHAMPION OF LIBERTY" STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1960



These 4 cent and 8 cent stamps bonoting Italy's revered patriot, Giuseppe Garibakh, are the minth in the "Champions of Liberty" series.

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell presses in the green of the Italian flag, and issued in sheets of 70. The 8-cent denomination was printed on the Grori presses in red, blue, and ocher, and issued in panes of 72.

The likeness of Garibuldi on the medallion was based on a contemporary photograph. The wording "1807 Italian Unification 1882 Garibaldi," is in white face architectural Roman. Other lettering is modified Gothic.

The Garibaldi stamps were first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on November 2, 1960.

WALTER F. GEORGE MEMORIAL POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This 4-cent stamp, which pays tribute to the late Senator Walter F. George, was first placed on sale on November 5, 1960, at Vienna, Georgia, the home town of the Senator.

The George stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in purple, and issued in panes of 70. The design was based on a photograph by Hank Walker of the Washington Bureau of Life Magazine. All lettering is Gothic.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN "AMERICAN CREDO" STAMP—ISSUE OF 1960



This stamp, the fifth of the "American Credo" series, features the quotation "Those who Deny freedom to others Deserve it not for Themselves," which was taken from a letter Lincoln wrote to H. L. Pierce of Boston in 1859.

The 4-cent Lincoln stamp is in the basic "Credo" design, which conforms in style and type to our Colonial currency. The symbolic device to the left of the text and signature is a scated figure of Freedom, holding an olive branch.

This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses in rhodamine red (frame and statement) and green (signature and device) on white paper, and issued in panes of 50.

The Lincoln "Credo" stamp was first released at New York, N.Y., on November 19, 1960.

ANDREW CARNEGIE "FAMOUS AMERICAN" STAMP----ISSUE OF 1960



This special 4 cent stamp was issued in honor of Andrew Carnegic, industrialist,

philanthropist, and founder of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

The Camegie stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically, printed by the rotary process in maroon and issued in panes of 70. The design was based on a photograph and the lettering is in white face Roman.

This stamp was first placed on sale at New York, New York, on November 25, 1960.

JOHN FOSTER DULLES MEMORIAL STAMP— ISSUE OF 1960



This 4-cent stamp, which pays tribute to the late John Foster Dulles, Secretary of State, was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 6, 1960.

The Dulles stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch, an anged vertically, printed by the rotary process in purple, and issued in panes of 70. The likeness of Secretary of State Dulles was based on a photograph taken by Whit Keith, Jr., of the Department of State. All lettering is Gothic.

ECHO I "COMMUNICATIONS FOR PEACE" COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP--- ISSUE OF 1960



This special stamp commemorates Echo I, the world's first passive communication satellite, which was placed in orbit around the earth by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration on August 12, 1960.

This stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in purple, and issued in panes of 50.

Featured in the design is a balloon-like communication satellite in orbit with a part of the earth in the lower left portion of the design. Radio waves to and from Echo I are denoted by arced lines, and a single star is shown in the upper central portion of the design. All lettering is in light face Gothic,

The 4-cent Echo I "Communications for Peace" commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 15, 1960.

PATRICK HENRY "AMERICAN CREDO" STAMP— ISSUE OF 1961



The sixth of the "American Credo" stamps features Patrick Henry's famous statement "Give me Liberty of give me Death," from his speech before the Virginia Provincial Convention on March 23, 1775, in Saint John's Episcopal Church in Richmond, Virginia,

The Patrick Henry "Credo" stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses in green (frame and statement) and brown (signature and device) and issued in panes of 50.

The format of this stamp is identical to the Benjamin Franklin "Gredo" issue. The symbolic device at the left represents a flaming torch.

This stamp was first placed on sule at Richmond, Virginia, on January 11, 1961.

15-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP (REDESIGNED)-



This 15-cent international airmail stamp, which was first placed on sale at Buffalo, New York, on January 13, 1961, was redesigned to conform to the 10- and 25 cent denomination, with a vertical gutter between the pictorial portion and the value tablet to aid in the printing on the Giori press. The original 15-cent international airmail stamp was released on November 20, 1959.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and issued in panes of 50. The Statue of Liberty, the wording "Liberty for All," and the airplane silhouette are printed in black, and the lettering "U.S. Air Mail" and the denomination "15¢" are orange.

MAHATMA GANDHI "CHAMPION OF LIBERTY" STAMPS—ISSUE OF 1961



These 4-cent and 8 cent stamps, honoring the revered Indian leader Mahatma Gandhi, are the tenth in the "Champions of Liberty" series,

The stamps are 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically. The 4-cent denomination was printed on the Cottrell presses in orange and issued in panes of 70. The 8 cent denomination was printed on the Giori presses, in red, blue and ocher, and issued in panes of 72.

Both denominations feature a medallion with a likeness of Gandhi based on a photograph of a drawing by R. L. Lekhi. Lettering is in modified Gothic.

These stamps were first offered for sale at Washington, D.C., on January 26, 1961.

RANGE CONSERVATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



This stamp emphasizes the importance of grassland and livestock to the nation's agriculture and dramatizes the development of range conservation from the pioneer days of the open range to today's scientific range management techniques.

The Range Conservation stamp is 0.84 hy 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50.

The left portion of the design features a reproduction of "The Trail Boss," a line

drawing by the famous Western artist, Charles M. Russell, printed in black. The right portion portrays a contemporary range scene in the same western setting, printed in yellow and blue.

The 4-cent Range Conservation stamp was first placed on sale on February 2, 1961, at Salt Lake City, Utah, in conjunction with the annual meeting of the American Society of Range Management.

HORACE GREELEY "FAMOUS AMERICAN" STAMP---ISSUE OF 1961



This stamp was issued in honor of the renowned publisher and editor, Horace Greeley, on the 150th anniversary of his birth. Greeley established the New York Tribunc in 1841 and was its editor for thirty years. He is especially known for his admonition "Go West, young man go West," at a time when the nation was expanding.

The Greeley stamp is 0.85 by 0.98 of an inch, arranged vertically, printed in purple on the Cottrell presses, and issued in panes of 70.

The likeness of Greeley is from a steel engraving of a portrait by Mathew B, Brady. The engraving was made by A, II, Ritchie in 1864 and published by Derby and Miller of New York and George and C, W. Sherwood of Chicago.

This issue was first released on February 3, 1961, at Chappaqua, New York, where Greeley lived for many years,

FORT SUMTER "CIVIL WAR CENTENNIAL" COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



The first of the series of five stamps marking the Civil War Centennial was released at Charleston, South Carolina, on April 12, 1961. The remaining stamps in the series will be issued over a 4-year period 1962 to 1965.

The 4-cent Fort Sumter "Civil War Centennial" commemorative stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed in green, and issued in panes of 50.

The central subject is a sea coast gun of the period, as representative of the ordnance used by both sides in the conflict. An officer in typical uniform of the time is shown sighting the piece. The background contains a decorative spray of palmetto leaves to suggest the geographical and political area of the opening of hostilities. The wording "Fort Samter" and the lettering "1861-1961" are in modified Roman and "United States Postage 4¢" is in dark face Gothic.

KANSAS STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Statehood of Kansas.

The 4-cent Kansas Statehood stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, and printed on yellow paper on the Giorr presses in sheets of 50. The petals of the sunflower, the State flower of Kansas, are a hright yellow, the center is reddish brown, and the leaves of the plant are green. The ontline of the pioneer family, the covered wagon and the stockade, as well as the lettering and frame are in the same bright yellow. The background of the stamp is brown. All lettering is in a bright yellow Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale on May 10, 1961, at Council Grove, Kansas, a famous landmark on the Santa Fe Trail,

13-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1961



This 13-cent airmail stamp was provided to meet the new international airmail rate effective July 1, 1961. The 13-cent rate

covers ½ ounce airmail letters to Bermuda, Central America other than Mexico, the Caribbean Area and Saint Pierre and Miguelon.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, printed on the Giori presses in red and black, and issued in panes of 50. The design of the 13 cent airmail stamp is identical to that of the 10-cent international airmail stamp issued on June 10, 1960, with the exception of the change in the denomination.

This issue was first released at New York, New York, on June 28, 1961.

GEORGE W. NORRIS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



The 4 cent stamp marking the centennial of the bath of the late Senator George Wilham Norrs was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on July 11, 1961.

The stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, features a likeness of Senator Norris taken from a photograph by the Ferdinand Vogel Studios of New York City. In the background is a view of the Norris Dam north of Knoxville, Tennessee, named in honor of the Senator for his part in bringing into actuality the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933. An adaptation of a tribute by the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt appears in the lower left portion of the stamp. The Norris stamp was printed on the Cottrell presses in bluish-green and issued in panes of 50.

NAVAL AVIATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



This 4-cent stamp marking the 50th anniversary of Naval Aviation was first placed on sale at San Diego, California, on August 20, 1961, on the occasion of the meeting of the Institute of Aerospace Sciences.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.14 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally, printed by the rotary process in blue, and issued in panes of 50.

The design features a silhonette representation of the first Naval airplane and the Naval air insigna.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



This special stamp commenciates the 50th anniversary of the first successful workmen's compensation legislation. The Wisconsin law set a pattern for vital compensation laws passed subsequently throughout the country to provide protection for employees and their families in the event of accidents and resulting disabilities.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Cottell presses in blue on gray paper, and issued in panes of 50.

The design is essentially abstract, seeking to communicate the ideal of law—perfect justice. Exactly balanced on the scales are a man, his wife and child and a factory, representing industry. The lettering is futura medium.

This stamp was first placed on sale at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on September 4, 1961.

FREDERIC REMINGTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



This special stamp commemorates the 100th anniversary of the both of Frederic Remington, distinguished American painter, sculptor and author.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50. It was printed in blue (sky); red (Indians and fire) and yellow (ground area). Variations in the engraving provided gradations from light to dark in the basic colors.

Featured on the stamp is a portion of Remington's oil painting entitled "The Smoke Signal," which is the property of the Amon Carter Museum of Western Art in Fort Worth, Texas. The two Indians, engrossed in the process of sending a message by smoke signals, represent the left area of the painting, which also pictures their horses and another Indian astride his horse. All lettering is Gothic.

The stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on October 4, 1961.

SUN YAT-SEN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1961



This stump recognizing the 50th anniversary of the founding of the Republic of China, and featuring Dr. Sun Yat-sen, was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on October 10, 1961.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically, printed on the Cotnell presses in two tones of blue, and issued in panes of 50.

Above the portrait of D₁. Sun Yat-sen is the 12-point White Sun symbol, as adapted from the flag of the Republic of China. In the upper corners, in Chinese characters, are "Ching Hua" in the upper right and "Min Kuo" in the upper left. They represent, in English, the Republic of China. The portrait of Dr. Sun, founder of the Chinese Republic, is from a colored lithograph.

NAISMITH-BASKETBALL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1961



This 4-cent stamp recognizing basketball and marking the centennial of the birth of Dr. James Naismith, founder of the sport, was released on November 6, 1961, at Springfield, Massachusetts, the site of the future Basketball Hall of Fame.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged vertically, printed on the Cottell presses in lnown, and issued in panes of 50.

The design features an upstretched hand, a basketball and a net. The wording "Naismith 1861-1961," and "U.S. Postage" are in dark face Gothic. The denomination "4¢" is in white face Gothic.

NURSING COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1961



The 4-cent stamp honoring the nursing profession was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 28, 1961.

The Nursing stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically, and issued in panes of 50.

Featured in the design is a young woman lighting the traditional candle, symbolizing her dedication to the profession. The striped blouse and background are blue; the candles, flame and denomination are red; her hair is black, and the frame and outline of the denomination are green. This combination

of colors required two passes through the Giori press, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane of stamps,

NEW MEXICO STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



This special stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of Statchood of New Mexico.

Shiprock, the sacred mountain of the Navajo Indians, provides the design for the d-cent New Mexico Statehood stamp. This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Grori presses in three colors—yellow-brown in the foreground, reddish-brown for the central subject and blue for the sky. It was issued in panes of 50.

The 4-cent New Mexico Statehood commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Santa Fe, N. Mex., on January 6, 1962.

ARIZONA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



U.S. POSTAGE

The 4-cent stamp commemorating the 50th anniversary of Arizona Statehood was placed on sale at Phoenix, Ariz., on February 14, 1962.

The central subject is a flowering arm of the giant Saguaro cactus, the bearer of the beautiful State flower. A full-grown Saguaro is silhouetted in the foreground, with the moon behind a cloud bank reflecting on the valley below to create a typical desert night scene.

The Arizona stamp is 0.98 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically. It was printed on the Giori presses in four colors—deep blue for

the background and part of the cactus, green for the buds and the central part of the eactus plant, yellow for the center of the blossoms, and red lettering. All lettering is Gothic. It was issued in panes of 50.

This is the first U.S postal issue on which the engraving has been extended into the normal gutter between the stamps to produce the desired bleeding. This was accomplished as a result of extensive experiments at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

PROJECT MERCURY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



The Post Office Department signaled the first orbital flight of a U.S. astronaut on Felnnary 20, 1962, with the issuance of a 4-cent commemorative stamp which was placed on sale throughout the country at the exact hour Col. John Glenn's historic flight was officially completed. It was the first time in history that a previously mannounced commemorative stamp was issued simultaneously with the event it memorahized.

While the stamp was placed on sale at post offices throughout the country and the Philatelic Sales Agency, Washington, D.C., immediately upon completion of the flight, the only official first-day cancellation was "Cape Canaveral, Florida." First-day covers prepared by the Post Office Department were sold for a period of 4 months through the Philatelic Sales Agency for the benefit of collectors.

The stamp portrays a capsule in space with a portion of the earth in the lower left corner of the design. The Project Mercury stamp mensures 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Giori presses in blue and yellow on white paper and issued in panes of 50.

MALARIA ERADICATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1962



The stamp publicizing the worldwide campaign to cradicate malaria was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on March 30, 1962.

The design features the Great Scal of the United States of America and an adaptation of the emblem of the World Health Organization. The Great Scal is other against a circular white background and the WHO scal is a darker shade of blue against the lighter blue of the stamp itself.

This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.

BATTLE OF SHILOH "CIVIL WAR CENTENNIAL" COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



The 4-cent Battle of Shiloh stamp, the second in the series of five stamps marking the Civil War Centennial, was placed on sale at Shiloh, Tenn., on April 7, 1962.

Featured in the design is a sketch of a Civil War rifleman cronching behind a tree stump. The drawing style suggests a rapid battlefield sketch, similar to those of Winslow Homer and other combat artists of the period, rather than a toned drawing. The peach blossom paper on which the stamp was printed symbolized the fact that an important phase of the Shiloh battle was fought in a peach orchard.

The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, printed on the Cottrell presses in black on peach-blossom-colored paper, and issued in panes of 50. The lettering was adapted from a Civil War poster, the style now called Barnum.

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



The centennial of the buth of Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes was commemorated by the issuance of a special stamp on April 11, 1962, at Washington, D.C.

The design was based on a portrait by Harris & Ewing of Washington, D.C. The stamp measuring 0.84 by 1.44 mehes, arranged vertically, was printed in black on buff-colored paper. It was printed on the Cottrell presses and issued in panes of 50.

Justice Hughes retired from the U.S. Supreme Court in 1941 and died August 27, 1948.

SEATTLE WORLD'S FAIR COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



This special stamp honoring the Scattle World's Fair was first placed on sale at Scattle, Wash., on April 25, 1962.

The "Space Needle," towering 550 feet above the ground, and the spectacular monoral system, which transported visitors from downtown Scattle to the fairgrounds in 96 seconds, are featured in the design.

This vertical stamp, measuring 0.85 by 1.44 inches, was printed in red and blue on white paper and issued in panes of 50. It was printed on the Giori presses. The height of the Space Needle is emphasized by the narrow central design extending into the perforations at the top. The monorall sweeps off into the perforations at the right side of the stamp.

The international Century 21 Exposition represented America's first space-age fair and ran from April 21 through October 21, 1962.

LOUISIANA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



A special 4-cent stamp commemorating the 150th anniversary of Louisiana Statchood was placed on sale at New Orleans, La., on April 30, 1962

The central subject of the stamp is an old riverboat belching fire and smoke, churning up the Mississippi River, seen at dusk through riverbank trees which drip Spanish moss. The wording "Louisiana," across the bottom of the stamp, the fire spitting from the smoke stacks and the setting sum are vermilion red, the riverboat and riverbank elements are deep moss given, the lettering "1812–1962" and "U.S. Postage 4¢" are cobalt blue. The lettering is appropriately old fushioned.

The Louisiana Statehood stamp is 0.84 by 144 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.

HOMESTEAD ACT COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



A special stamp commemorating the centennial anniversary of the Homestead Act was first placed on sale at Beatrice, Nehr., on May 20, 1962. The act, which played a major role in the settlement of the West, was signed by President Lincoln on May 20, 1862.

Portrayed on the stamp is a sod but, typical of the early homestead dwellings, with a man and his wife standing in the illuminated walkway. The bluish gray color of the stamp represents a late evening scene and emphasizes the bleakuess of the plains.

The Homestead Act statup measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Cottrell presses and issued in panes of 50.

GIRL SCOUT COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1962



A 4-cent stamp commemorating the 50th anniversary of the Girl Scouts of the United

States of America was first placed on sale at Burlington, Vt., on July 24, 1962. The cancellation contained the wording "Button Bay Station First Day of Issue" in the bars since the 50th anniversary Gul Scout Roundup was held at Button Bay Park, southwest of Burlington.

The design portrays an intermediate Gn1 Scout in uniform and the lower stripes of the flag. The stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, printed on the Cottrell presses in red on white paper, and issued in panes of 50.

BRIEN McMAHON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



A commemorative stamp in honor of Brien McMahon was issued July 28, 1962, at Norwalk, Conn., his birthplace. The stamp was issued in tribute to the late Connecticut Senator for his role in opening the way to peaceful uses of atomic energy.

Reproduced on the stamp is a portrait of Senator McMahon, based on a photograph by Glogau of Washington, D.C., facing the artist's rendition of the atomic symbol.

The 4 cent Brien McMahon stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in purple and issued in pages of 50.

APPRENTICESHIP COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1962



A special stamp marking the 25th anniversary of the National Apprenticeship Act and honoring the National Apprenticeship Training Program was issued at Washington, D.C., on August 31, 1962,

Depicted in the design is a gnarled hand offering a micrometer to an outstretched young hand. The micrometer—the instrument of the journeyman machinist—was used to symbolize the transfer of skills.

The 4 cent Apprenticeship stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Cottiell presses in black on buff-colored paper. It was issued in panes of 50.

SAM RAYBURN COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1962



A 4 cent stamp in honor of Sam Rayburn, the late Speaker of the U.S. Honse of Representatives, was issued on September 16, 1962, at Bonham, Tex. Mr. Rayburn served as Speaker of the House twice as long as any other person.

The portrait in the original drawing was based on a photograph appearing in House Document 247 of the 87th Congress, "The Leadership of Speaker Sam Rayburn." This vertical stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. The background of the stamp and the Capitol are blue; the portrait, lettering and portion of the dome of the Capitol are brown. Gradated tones of brown and blue give the stamp a three-dimensional effect.

DAG HAMMARSKJOLD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1962



A 4 cent stamp honoring Dag Hammarskjold, late Secretary General of the United Nations, was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on October 23, 1962.

The design pictures Mr. Hammarskjold in a thoughtful mood, hands clasped before him, with the United Nations headquarters buildings in the background as they appear from the river side.

The stamp measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giori presses in yellow, brown and black on white paper. A shading technique was used to produce tonal variations. Registration problems required two passes through the press, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane of 50 stamps.

The Dag Hammarskjold stamp inverts were placed on sale at the Philatelic Sales Agency on November 16, 1962, and remained on sale until January 15, 1964. This item was also an sale at some post offices throughout the cauntry.

The error was the result of the sheets of stamps being fed into the press backward on one of the two printing impressions. A yellow inverted plate immber resulted, as well as a white area around the illustration of the United Nations building. Also, the white area left for the background of the 4-cent denomination is inverted. This is very obvious in the upper and lower right panes, where the yellow extends well into the margin. The light yellow background is very hard to detect, which accounts for the error, the first that has occurred on a U.S. stamp since 1948.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF



A special 4 cent postago stamp suitable for Christmas mailings was first placed on sale at Pittsburgh, Pa., on November 1, 1962. This was a regular issue--not a commemorative--and was on general sale through December 31.

This stamp, measuring 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch, arranged vertically, was issued in panes of 100.

Panes of the Christmas stamps without plate numbers, some of them with only 90 instead of the usual 100 stamps, were distributed to post offices throughout the country. They were produced when the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, in an effort to meet the unprecedented demand, used smaller sizes of paper after running out of the proper size.

The design contains two traditional holiday symbols, burning tapers and an evergreen

wreath with a bow of red ribbon. It was printed on the Gori presses in green and red on white paper

HIGHER EDUCATION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1962



A 4 cent stamp pointing to the rule higher education has played in the cultinal and industrial development of the United States was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on November 14, 1962.

The stamp was issued to coincide with the centennial observance of the law (Morrill Act) creating land-grant colleges and universities on the occasion of the annual meeting of the Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges.

Portrayed in the design is the traditional "lamp of learning" against a bas-relief map of the United States. This horizontal stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50. It was printed on the Giori presses in green and black on white paper. The arrangement of the colors required two passes through the presses, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane.

5-CENT GEORGE WASHINGTON REGULAR STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



The 5-cent George Washington stamp (regular series) in sheet, coil, and booklet form was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y., on November 23, 1962. This stamp was issued to meet the new postal rates which went into effect on January 7, 1963.

The design of the stamp is based on a bust by the famous French sculptor, Jean Antoine Houdon, modeled from life during a 2-week visit to Mount Vernon in 1785.

This stamp measures 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch (vertical) and was printed on the Cottrell presses in blue. The sheet stamp

was issued in panes of 100. The booklet consists of four panes of five postage stamps each, interleaved with silicone-treated paper, with the sixth stamp on each pane devoted to a postal service message. The coils were issued in rolls of 100, 500, and 3,000.

8-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1962



A new 8-cent airmail stamp in sheet, coil, and booklet form was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 5, 1962 This stamp was issued to meet the new postal rates which became effective January 7, 1963.

This airman stamp depicts a jetplane soaring past the dome of the Capitol. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in the usual "fire red" reserved for airman regulars.

The stamp measures 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension, arranged horizontally. The sheet stamp was resued in panes of 100. The booklet consists of five panes of five postage stamps each, interleaved with silucone treated paper, with the sixth stamp in each pane devoted to a postal service message. The coils were issued in rolls of 100, 500, and 3,000. The rolls of 100 were first made available on July 24, 1963.

This 8 cent airmail issue was used in the first field test of luminescent-tagged stamps to speed mail handling. A luminescent ink, which glows a reddish-orange color under ultraviolet light, was overprinted on airmail stamps used in the field tests. This ink contains an invisible, inorganic phosphor commonly used in creams, ointments, and medicines,

The 8-cent luminescent-tagged airmail stamp was first placed on sale at Dayton, Ohio, on August 1, 1963. The tagged stamps were utilized only at Dayton, Ohio, during controlled field tests. However, they were on sale at the Philatelic Sales Agency for the benefit of collectors.

The luminescent tagging of this ainmail stamp represents not only a significant technological advance but a first in U.S. postal history. The principles incorporated in this test will provide the Post Office Department with technical capabilities that offer great

potential benefit to the mailing public in terms of dollar savings and unproved service

WINSLOW HOMER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1962



A 4 cent stamp honoring Winslow Homer and featuring his well-known painting "Breezing Up" was first placed on sale at Gloncester, Mass., on December 15, 1962. This is the second stamp in the fine arts series.

The painting "Breezing Up," which hangs in the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C., was reproduced on the stamp in full color in a variety of shades of brown and blue. Homer sketched the scene, which shows a group of fishermen in a cathoat returning in late afternoon with the day's catch, at Gloucester, Mass., and later recorded it moils.

This stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.

5-CENT AMERICAN FLAG STAMP--ISSUE OF 1963



The 5 cent American Flag stamp was issued at Washington, D.C., on January 9, 1963. This is a regular stamp and augments the 5 cent Washington issue.

The background of the stamp is white with the White House limited in blue. The American flag is in true colors with the denomination in blue. The view of the White House from the Ellipse is based on a photograph taken in 1948 by Abbie Rowe of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, but a large tree partly obscuring the left side of the building has been removed.

The stump measuring 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 100.

1-CENT ANDREW JACKSON REGULAR STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



The I-cent regular postage stamp portraying Andrew Jackson, the seventh President of the United States, was usued at New York, N.Y., on March 22, 1963. It was issued to replace the current I-cent Washington issue, since George Washington's portrait now appears on the 5-cent denomination.

The design is based on a medal by Montz Furst, which was struck by the U.S. Mint and issued in 1829. The stamp is 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension, arranged vertically. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in green and issued in panes of 100.

The 1-cent Jackson stamp in coil form (500 and 3,000) was issued at Chicago, Ill., on May 31, 1963. The design is identical to that in the regular sheet form described above.



This 5-cent stamp commemorating the 300th anniversary of the granting of the Carolina Charter was issued through the Edenton, N.C., post office on April 6, 1963.

The design is based on a photograph of the first page of the charter against a background of red velvet. The opening line reads "Charles the Second by the" The lettering, in deep brown, is similar to that on the original charter, which is now in the Hall of History in Raleigh, N.C. This charter is historically significant because it was a link for the colonies to such basic human rights documents as the Magna Carta.

The Carolina Charter stamp was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. It measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR COMMEMORATIVE AIRMAIL STAMP--ISSUE OF 1963



The 15 cent Montgomery Blair commemonative alimail postage stamp was issued on May 3, 1963, at Stiver Spring, Md., where Blan resided for many years.

This stamp marks the 100th anniversary of the First International Postal Conference, which was the forerunner of the Universal Postal Union.

The design of the Montgomery Blair stamp features a portrait of President Lincoln's Postmastet General by the American artist Thomas Sully. The portrait of Blah and the globe are encircled by a band of letters representing the organized mail services resulting from the First International Postal Conference. Blair is credited with being the principal promoter of what is now the UPU, a cooperative agreement under which the nations of the world carry one another's mail.

This commemorative arrival stamp was printed on the Giori presses in red, blue, and marcon, and issued in panes of 50. It measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally.

FOOD FOR PEACE-FREEDOM FROM HUNGER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



FREEDOM FROM HUNGER

The 5-cent Food for Peace-Freedom From Hunger commemorative stamp was issued at Washington, D.C., on June 4, 1963, to coincide with the opening of the World Food Congress which was held June 4-18 in the Nation's Capital.

The theme of the stamp is a stalk of golden-yellow hearded wheat against a background of green. The wording "Freedom

From Hunger" is in red, with the remaining lettering in white. The stamp was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. This vertical stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches.



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversity of West Virginia statehood.

The 5 cent West Virginia statehood stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.

The outline of the map is red against a white background, with the lettering "5¢ United States Postage" and the State capitol in black. The remainder of the background is given with the wording "West Virginia" and the dates in white.

The West Virginia statchood stump was first placed on sale on June 20, 1963, at Wheeling, W. Va., the original capital.

BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG "CIVIL WAR CENTEN-NIAL" COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



The 5 cent Battle of Cettysburg commenorative stamp, the third in the series of five stamps marking the Civil War Centennial, was first placed on sale at Gettysburg, Pa., on July 1, 1963.

Design is based on the winning entry in a nationwide competition among professional artists, the first such contest ever sponsored by the Post Office Department. To the left

of the design is a Confederate soldier against a gray background; to the right a Union soldier against a blue background. All lettering is white.

The Gettysburg stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Grori presses and issued in panes of 50.

6-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1963



A new 6 cent airmail stamp, intended primarily for use on postcards, was first offered for sale at Boston, Mass., on July 12, 1963.

A bald eagle, perched on a rock with wings outspread, is the central theme for the stamp, which was printed on the Cottrell presses in the usual airmail red.

The stamp is of the small size, 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch, arranged vertically, and issued in panes of 100.

AMELIA EARHART COMMEMORATIVE AIRMAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



The special commemorative airmail stamp honoring Amelia Earhart, the pioneer American aviatrix who was lost in the Pacific in 1937 while on an around-the-world flight, was issued at Atchison, Kans., on July 24, 1963, her birthday anniversary.

The design is based on a photograph of Amelia Earhart in her flying togs standing before her Lockheed "Electra" plane.

This vertical stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses in red and deep brown, and issued in panes of 50.

EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION

A special 5-cent stamp marking the centennial anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation was first placed on sale at Chicago, Ill., on August 16, 1963, the opening day of the Century of Negro Progress Exposition in that city.

The stamp depicts a severed link in a massive black chain against a blue background. The inscription "United States" is in red with the dates "1863-1963," the denomination, and the wording "Emancipation Proclamation" in blue,

The Emancipation Proclamation stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Ciori presses and issued in panes of 50.

ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



A special stamp was issued at Washington, D.C., on August 17, 1963, to mark the second anniversary of the Alliance for Progress, the program under which the American nations are pooling their resources for economic and social development.

The design is based on the emblem of the

Alliance for Progress. The background is printed in bright blue, the flame in two shades of green, with the background for the torch in white. All lettering is white.

The Alliance for Progress stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giori presses. It was issued in panes of 50.

CORDELL HULL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1963



A special 5-cent stamp honoring Cordell Hull, Secretary of State under President Franklin D. Roosevelt, was issued at Carthage, Tenn., on October 5, 1963.

The central subject of the stamp is based on a news photograph of Cordell Hull. The stamp, measuring 0.81 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically, was printed on the Cottrell presses in green and issued in panes of 50.

Cordell Hull was Secretary of State from 1933 until 1944 when he resigned because of ill health, having served in that position longer than any other person. For his groundwork on behalf of postwar organization, he became known as the "father of the United Nations." In 1945 he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1963



A special stamp honoring Eleanor Roosevelt was issued at Washington, D.C., on October 11, 1963, her birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Roosevelt, widow of President Franklm D. Roosevelt, died November 7, 1962, after a long career of public service centering around the United Nations and human rights causes.

The design for the stamp was based on a photograph which was a favorite of Mis. Roosevelt. The stamp was printed on the Cottrell presses in a light-purple color and issued in panes of 50. It measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, arranged horizontally

SCIENCE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1963



The 5-cent Science commemorative stamp was used at Washington, D.C., on October 14, 1963, during the 100th anniversary ceremonics of the National Academy of Sciences.

The design was based on the winning entry in a competition among five distinguished artists. The globe and cosmos are intended to suggest the vast breadth and different scientific fields represented in the National Academy of Sciences.

This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giora presses in blue and black on white paper. It was assued in panes of 50.

CITY MAIL DELIVERY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1963



A special stamp commemorating the contennial anniversary of City Mail Delivery was issued at Washington, D.C., on October 26, 1963.

The design is a whimsical and nostalgic chawing of a letter carrier of a century ago. The wording "City Mail Delivery 1863" 1963" and the denomination are in red with "United States" in blue and the vignette in gray.

The City Mail Delivery stamp is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically. It was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.

Free delivery of mail was authorized by Congress in legislation effective July 1, 1863, for cities of more than 20,000 population of with postal revenue of more than \$10,000. By the end of the first year 65 cities provided such service, employing 685 carriers.

INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1963



The 5-cent stamp commemorating the centennial of the International Red Cross and the organization's contribution to the historic Cuban prisoner exchange was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on October 29, 1963. The first international conference to draft plans for the Red Cross met in Geneva, October 26-29, 1863.

The design is based on a photograph of the freighter S.S. Morning Light, one of the mercy ships used to return refugees from Cuba, when it docked at Port Everglades, Fla., on May 24, 1963. The silhouette of several passengers and a portion of the ship, in blue, is outlined against the light of the rising sun, whose rays shine through the Red Cross flag, printed in red.

This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, was printed on the Giori presses. It was issued in panes of 50.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1963



The second stamp especially provided for use during the Christmas season was placed on sale at Santa Claus, Ind., on November 1, 1963.

The giant National Christmas Tree on the eastern Ellipse and three smaller conifers are depicted in deep green against a dusky blue background. The White House, with windows illuminated, appears to the left in the design. The lettering "United States 5¢" is in red and "Christmas 1963" is white.

This stamp, in the small regular format—0.75 by 0.87 of an inch in dimension—was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 100.

JOHN JAMES AUDUBON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1963



The 5-cent stamp honoring John James Audubon and featuring his outstanding hand-colored engraving entitled "Columbia Jay" was first placed on sale at Henderson, Ky., on December 7, 1963.

This stamp, the third in the "American Painting" series, measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically. It was printed on the Giori presses in blue, brown, and yellow, and issued in panes of 50.

The original print from which this stamp was reproduced hangs in the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

SAM HOUSTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1964



A 5-cent stamp honoring Sam Houston, hero of Texas independence, was first placed on sale at Houston, Tex., on January 10, 1964.

Tom Lea, famous Texas artist, was the designer of the stamp, which measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically. The potrant is based on an 1848 lithograph by F. Davignon, but Lee has drawn Houston a few years younger, as he looked when he was the first President of the Republic of Texas.

The Houston stamp was printed on the Cottrell presses in black on white paper.

CHARLES M. RUSSELL "AMERICAN PAINTING" COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent stamp honoring frontier artist Charles M. Russell and featuring his outstanding painting entitled "Jorked Down," was first placed on sale at Great Falls, Mont., on March 19, 1964.

The Russell stamp, the fourth in the "American Painting" series, measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Gioti presses and issued in panes of 50. The painting, which hangs in the Thomas Gilcrease Institute of American History and Art at Tulsa, Okla., was repraduced on the stamp in full color in shades of yellow, brown, and blue. The Russell stamp was designed by William K. Schrage of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Full-color reproduction of American art on stamps began in 1961 with "The Smoke Signal" by Frederic Remington, another great Western artist A year later Winslow Homer's well-known seascape "Breezing up" was used. An aquatint of Columbia jays by John James Audubon was used for the 1963 fine arts stamp.



The 5 cent stamp commemorating the New York World's Fan was first placed on sale at the World's Fan, New York, post office, on April 22, 1964.

This horizontal stamp, featuring the main mall at the Fair with the Unisphere towering at the left, measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in green and issued in panes of 50.

The World's Fair stamp was designed by Robert J. Jones of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

JOHN MUIR COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1964



A 5 cent stamp in honor of the outstanding naturalist, John Muir, was first placed on sale at Martinez, Calif., on April 29, 1964.

John Muir was born in 1838 at Dunbar, Scotland. He moved with his family to Wisconsin at an early age and later attended the University of Wisconsin. Muir spent most of his adult life in California and a large part of his fame rests on his successful crusade to save California's giant redwoods.

The vertical Muir stamp was designed by Rudolph Wendelin of the Department of Agniculture, Washington, D.C. It was printed on the Giori presses in brown and green and issued in panes of 50.

BATTLE OF THE WILDERNESS "CIVIL WAR CENTENNIAL" STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent Battle of the Wilderness commemorative stamp, the fourth in the series of five stamps marking the Civil War Centennial, was first placed on sale at Fredericksburg, Va., on May 5, 1964.

The stamp was designed by Harold Christenson, the winner of the Post Office Department's art competition in the 1963 Battle of Gettysburg stamp contest.

This horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1,44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses in red and black on white paper, and issued in panes of 50. The design portrays three cannoncers silhouetted against a bleak sky.

JOHN F. KENNEDY MEMORIAL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent John F. Kennedy memorial stamp went on nationwide sale on May 29, 1964, the 47th birthday anniversary of the late President. However, first day of issue cancellations were available only through the Boston, Mass., post office.

This stamp was designed by the New York firm of Raymond Loewy/William Snaith, Inc., based on a sketch by Bureau of Engraving and Printing artist Robort L. Miller, Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy made the final selection from the many designs submitted to her.

This horizontal stamp measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Cottrell presses in blue and issued in panes of 50.

The quotation "... and the glow from that five can truly light the world" was taken from President Kennedy's inaugural address. The idea for the eternal flame came to the artist as he watched the lighting ceremonies at Arlington National Cemetery on television. From memory he sketched the flame. The portrait is based on a photograph by William S. Murphy which the designers felt conveyed personal warmth and vitality and was selected from hundreds of photographs examined.

NEW JERSEY TERCENTENARY POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent New Jersey Tercentenary commemorative stamp was first placed on sale on June 15, 1964, at Elizabeth, N.J., the oldest city in the State.

This vertical stump was designed by Donglas Allen of Metuchen, N.J. The art was chosen from the top 25 designs submitted under competition sponsored by the Tercentenary Commission. It depicts Philip Carteret with two of his men walking ashore at Elizabethtown in 1664, superimposed over an outline map of the State.

The New Jersey stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in blue and issued in panes of 50,

NEVADA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



This stamp was issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of Nevada Statchood.

Reproduced on the stamp is a view of Virginia City, a lively ghost town that is a major tourist attraction. The Nevada Statehood stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, was designed by William K. Schrage. It was printed on the Giori

presses in shades of red, yellow, and blue, and issued in panes of 50

The Nevada Statehood stamp was first placed on sale at Carson City, Nev., on July 22, 1964. On that date a hundred years ago the constitutional convention adopted the State scal as the Territory prepared for statehood, which was granted October 31, 1864.

REGISTER-VOTE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP--ISSUE OF 1964



The Register-Vote commemorative postage stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on August 1, 1964,

This 5-cent stamp was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. The American Flag is portrayed in natural colors. The inscription at the top, "Register-Vote", is white, with the lettering, "5¢ Postage", in blue.

The vertical stamp was designed by Victor S. McCloskey, Jr., of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent stamp commemorating the 400th anniversary of the birth of William Shake-speare was first placed on sale on August 14, 1964, at Stratford, Conn., the home of the

American Shakespeare Festival Theatre and Academy

The stamp, designed by Donglas Gorsline of New York City, measures 081 by 1.44 mehes, arranged vertically. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in brown on tan paper and issued in panes of 50.

The postrait of Shakespeare stands before the proscentum of an Elizabethan theatre. His right hand holds a quill. Beside it rests the most celebrated skull in theatredom, that of "alas, poor Yorick." The columns supporting the stage's arch are decorated with the masks of Comedy, the sock wearer, and Tragedy, the buskin wearer.

DOCTORS MAYO COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent stamp honoring the Mayo brothers was first placed on sale at Rochester, Minn., on September 11, 1964.

The stamp is based on statues of Dr. William J. Mayo and his brother, Dr. Charles II. Mavo, in surgical gowns, by the noted American sculptor James Earle Fraser. It was printed in green, the symbolic color of medicine. Another symbol of healing, the staff of Aesenlapius, appears in the lower left of the stamp.

The Doctors Mayo stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Cottrell presses and issued in panes of 50. It was designed by Robert J. Jones of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

ROBERT H. GODDARD COMMEMORATIVE AIR-MAIL STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



The 8-cent airmail stamp honoring D1. Robert II. Goddard was first placed on sale

on October 5, 1964, at Roswell, N. Mex, where the physicist conducted many of his experiments.

Dr. Goddard, whose experiments date back to 1914 at Clark University, Worcester, Mass., is regarded as the father of modern rocketry.

This horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses in red, yellow, and blue. It was issued in panes of 50. The designer was Robert J. Jones of the Brican of Engraving and Printing.

The entire printing of the 8-cent Goddard stamps was phosphor coated in line with the current policy of tagging all armail stamps, commemorative as well as regular.

AMERICAN MUSIC COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



The 5-cent stamp in tribute to American music was initially released on October 15, 1964, at New York, N.Y., headquarters of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, which was founded 50 years ago.

The American Muste stamp, designed by Bradbury Thompson of Riverside, Coun., was based on an 18th-century vignette. It features wind and string instruments played at the time America became a nation.

This horizontal stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed on the Grori presses in red (American Music and denomination "5"), blue (U.S. Postage and cents) and black on blue paper and issued in panes of 50. The type face of the inscription is Basketville, a type introduced in this country by Benjamin Franklin.

HOMEMAKERS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1964



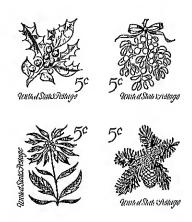
This 5-cent stamp in tribute to homemakers

was first placed on sale at Honolulu, Hawaii, on October 26, 1964, in conjunction with the annual meeting of the National Extension Homemakers Council.

The stamp was issued to mark the 50th anniversary of the passage of the Smith-Lever Act, legislation that opened the way to improved homelife throughout all America by providing home economics experts to advise women on better ways to feed and clothe their families.

Norman Todhunter, member of the Citizons' Stamp Advisory Committee, designed the stamp. The conception was inspired by an early American sampler. It measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50. It was printed on the Giori presses in red, green, and light purple on paper decorated with a yellow-linen design. The cross-hatch of yellow was applied to the sheets of white pregumned paper to simulate linen in advance by offset photo-lithography.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMPS—ISSUE OF



Four different 5-cent Christmas postage stamps, printed on the same sheet, were first placed on sale at Bethlehem, Pa., on November 9, 1964.

New York City artist, Thomas F. Naegele, produced the designs. The four vertical regular size stamps (0.75 by 0.87 of an inch) potraying holly, mistletoe, poinsettia and a sprig of conifer, were issued in panes of 100, each containing 25 blocks of the 4 different stamps. This was the first time stamps had been printed in this form. Printing was done on the Grori presses in traditional red and green on white paper.

VERRAZANO-NARROWS BRIDGE COMMEMO-RATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1964



This 5-cent stamp was first placed on sale at Staten Island, N.Y., on November 21, 1964, in conjunction with the opening of the world's longest suspension bridge.

The bridge honors Giovanni da Verrazano, the Italian explorer who discovered the New York Bay in 1524. It connects Staten Island and Brooklyn, and serves as a link between New England and the southeast section of the United States.

The Verrazano-Narrows Bridge stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 mehes, arranged vertically, and was issued in panes of 50. It was designed by Robert L. Miller.

FINE ARTS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



This red, blue, and black horizontal stamp is based on a lithograph by the late Stuart Davis, who was regarded as a top-ranking modernist. John Ross modified the Davis design for the Giori presses. Due to the arrangement of the colors, it was necessary to run the sheets through the press twice, resulting in 2 plate numbers on each pane of 50 stamps.

The design was the winning entry in an invitational competition sponsored by the Society of American Graphic Artists, Inc. The artists who participated, in addition to Davis, were Edmond Casarella, George Giusti, Robert Gwathmey, Jacob Lawrence, Michael Ponce de Leon, George Ortman, Ben Shahn, Gregorio Prestopino, and Karl Schrag.

The 5 cent Fine Arts commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 2, 1964.

AMATEUR RADIO OPERATORS COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1964



A 5-cent stamp honoring the Nation's 250,000 amateur radio operators was first placed on sale at Anchorage, Alaska, on December 15, 1964.

It was in Alaska that the "hams" wrote another chapter in a long public service record by maintaining communications following the 1964 carthquake. The Amateur Radio commemorative stamp fell on the 50th anniversary of the founding of the American Radio Relay League.

This purple vertical stamp was designed by Emil J. Willett of Hartford, Conn. His stylized design combines a radio broadcast wave with a portion of a radio dial. This issue was printed on the Cottrell presses, with 50 stamps to the pane.

BATTLE OF NEW ORLEANS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



This red, blue, and black horizontal stamp depicts Gen. Andrew Jackson leading his forces into battle against the troops of Sir Edward Packenham. Included in the design is a reproduction of the Battle of New Orleans Sesquicentennial medal which was designed by New Orleans sculptices Angela Gregory and emphasizes 150 years of unbroken peace between England and the United States. The stamp was printed on the Giori presses and

issued in panes of 50. It was designed by Robert J. Jones.

The 5 cent Battle of New Orleans commemorative postage stamp was first offered for sale at New Orleans, La., on January 8, 1965.

PHYSICAL FITNESS-SOKOL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent Physical Fitness-Sokol commemorative stamp was initially released at Washington, D.C., on February 15, 1965. The Sokol stamp marks the 100th auniversary of the founding of the organization in the United States.

The Sokol program combines gymnastic, educational and cultural activities, with a membership of more than 250,000, most of whom are of Czechoslovak, Polish, and Yugoslav descent.

This vertical stamp, designed by Norman Todhunter, depicts the statue of a discust thrower that stands near the State Department in Washington, D.C. It was printed on the Giori presses in black (statue) and red (lettering) on white paper, and issued in panes of 50.

PAUL REVERE STAMP IN COILS—ISSUE OF 1965



The 25 cent Paul Revere regular postage stamp in coil form was first placed on sale on February 25, 1965, at Wheaton, Md., the site of the Nation's first self-service post office. These stamps permit more convenient use of vending machines in paying for parcel post.

The design and color (green) are identical to the 25-cent Paul Revere stamp issued on April 18, 1958, in sheet form. Since the design is vertical, the perforations appear to the left and right of the portrait. These stamps were provided in rolls of 100 and 3,000, primarily for use in vending machines.

CRUSADE AGAINST CANCER COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



EARLY DIAGNOSIS SAVES LIVES

Stevan Dohanos, one of the Nation's bestknown artists, designed this vertical stamp portraying a stethoscope in purple against a microscope in orange. The wording "Early Diagnosis Saves Lives" is in purple with the remaining lettering in black. The Cancer stamp was printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50. Due to the arrangement of the colors, it was necessary to run the sheets through the presses twice, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane.

The 5-cent Causade Against Cancer commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on April 1, 1965.

APPOMATTOX "CIVIL WAR CENTENNIAL" COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent Appointator commemorative stamp, the fifth and final stamp in the series marking the Civil War Centennial, was placed on sale at Appomattox, Va., on April 9, 1965.

This vertical stamp, designed by Leonard Fellman of Edina, Minu., measures 0.84 by

144 inches. It was printed on the Giori presses in shades of blue and black, and issued in panes of 50. Depicted in the design is a silhouette of a soldier and stacked rifles against a blue and gray background.

WINSTON CHURCHILL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent stamp honoring Sir Winston Churchill was initially released on May 13, 1965, at Fulton, Mo. It was there on the campus of Westminster College that Churchill made his famous "iron curtain" speech in 1946.

This black and white stamp is based on the famous "Angry Lion" photograph by Yousuf Kaish of Ottawa, Canada. It was designed by Richard Hurd, with lettering by Sam Maish, both of New York City.

The Churchill stamp was printed on the Cottrell press and issued in panes of 50.

Winston Churchill, by birth half-American, became an honorary American citizen April 9, 1963, when President John F. Kennedy signed the congressional bill that was without parallel in national history.

MAGNA CARTA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent stamp marking the 750th anniversary of the great charter, the basis of English and American common law, was first placed on sale at Jamestown, Va., on June 15, 1065

The stamp, designed by Brook Temple of New York City, visually communicates the first successful challenge of the divine right of kings. In the top panel, in black against a gold background, is a procession of barons, then banners flying defiantly. In the lower panel, black on purple, is the crown. The subordinate position of the crown indicates the triumph of the people in their quest for representation under the law.

The Magna Carta stamp was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. Two passes through the press were required for this stamp, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane.

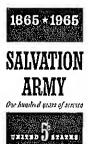
INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION YEAR-UNITED NATIONS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



The 5 cent stamp commemorating the 20th anniversary of the United Nations, which was designated International Cooperation Year, was initially released at San Francisco, Calif., on June 26, 1965. A number of other countries joined in the issuance of stamps for this event.

This stamp, designed by Herbert M. Sanborn and Olav S. Mathiesen of the United Nations graphics division, measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally. It was printed on the Giori presses in blue and black and issued in panes of 50. The design is similar to that recommended by the U.N.'s Committee for International Cooperation Year—clasped hands with the symbolic U.N. wreath.

SALVATION ARMY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



This stamp commemorates 100 years of service by the Salvation Army,

This vertical stamp measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was designed by Sam Marsh of New York City. It was printed on the Giori presses in red (top panel and wording "One Hundred Years of Service"), blue (bottom panel) and black (Salvation Army). The lettering "1865" 1965" and "United 5¢ States" is in white. The stamp was issued in panes of 50.

The 5 cent Salvation Army stamp was first offered for sale at New York, N.Y., on July 2, 1965.

DANTE ALIGHIERI COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1965



The 5 cent stamp commenorating the 700th anniversary of the birth of the great Italian poet, Dante Alighieri, was first placed on sale on July 17, 1965, at San Francisco, Calif.

This vertical stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was designed by Douglas Gorsline of New York City. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in marcon on tan paper, and issued in panes of 50. Gorsline's design simulates the style of early Florentine allegorical paintings. Dante is shown wearing a laurel wreath, symbolic of poetry, against a background related to the poem "The Divine Comedy".

HERBERT HOOVER COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent stamp honoring the late Herhert Hoover, the 31st President of the United States, was first placed on sale August 10, 1965, at West Branch, Iowa, his birthplace.

This stamp, designed by Norman Todhunter with lettering by Sam Marsh, is based on a photograph by the late Louis Fabian Bachrach, Sr. It was printed on the Cottrell presses in red, and issued in panes of 50.

ROBERT FULTON COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1965



A 5-cent stamp commemorating the 200th anniversary of the birth of Robert Fulton was first placed on sale on August 19, 1965, at Clemont, N.Y., where the inventor resided. In 1807 Fulton's steamship "The Clemont" made an historic voyage up the Hudson from New York City to Albany to become the first commercially successful steamship.

Remoduced on the stamp is a bust of Fulton sculptured by Jeane Antoine Houdon, and a drawing of "The Clemont" done in crude linework to simulate wood engraving. This horizontal stamp, designed by John Maass of Philadelphia, Pa., was printed on the Giori presses in black and blue on white paper. It was issued in panes of 50.

FLORIDA QUADRICENTENNIAL COMMEMORA-TIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent stamp commemorating the 400th auniversary of the first continuous permanent European settlement in the new world was first placed on sale at Saint Augustine, Fla., on August 28, 1965. A stamp identical in design, except for the necessary differences in the caption and denomination, was released simultaneously by Spain.

Brook Temple's design shows a Spanish explorer with the Royal banner of Spain of that period in the background. The eastles in the banner are yellow against a red background. The rampant hons are red on white. Background of the stamp is red. The ships and explorer are black; the lettering and numerals white. The stamp, mensuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged vertically, was printed on the Giori presses, and issued in panes of 50. Due to the arrangement of the colors, it was necessary to pass the sheets through the Giori presses three times, resulting in three plate numbers on each pane of stamps.

TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1965

U.S.POSTAGE 54



The 5-cent Traffic Safety commentorative stamp was initially released at Bultimore, Md., on September 3, 1965.

The design by Richard Hard of New York City emphasizes the traffic safety goals which can be achieved through enforcement, education, and engineering. The hackground of the stamp is green, with the traffic signal in black and red. The lettering "U.S. Postage 554" is green. All other lettering is black. The Traffic Safety stamp was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. Due to the arrangement of the colors, it was necessary to pass the sheets through the presses twice, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane.

COPLEY "AMERICAN PAINTING" COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent stamp honoring John Singleton Copley and featuring a portion of one of his most outstanding paintings, "The Copley Family", was first placed on sale at Washington, D C, on September 17, 1965. The painting hangs in the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

This stamp featuring the artist's little daughter, Elizabeth Clarke Copley, is the fifth in the "American Painting" series. Full-color reproduction of American art on stamps began in 1961 with "The Smoke Signal" by Frederic Remington. A year later Winslow Homer's well-known seascape "Breezing up" was featured. An aquatint of Columbia Javs by John James Audubon was the 1963 issue and the 1964 stamp featured Charles M. Russell's "Jerked Down."

The vertical Copley stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed on the Gioti presses in tones of black, brown, and olive and issued in panes of 50.

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1965



This 11-cent stamp, intended primarily for use on international surface mail, was issued October 6, 1965, at Washington, D.C.

The International Telecommunication Union was founded May 17, 1865, in Paris. It now has 124 members and operates as a specialized agency of the United Nations, Without this cooperation, electronic communication beyond a national border would be virtually impossible.

The horizontal stamp, designed by Thomas F. Naegele of New York City, shows a map of the world in yellow, on which has been superimposed a series of curves in red, symbolic of a radio sine wave. Below, in black, is Morse Code spelling out "ITU" four times. To depict the world, the artist chose the Galt projection. This stamp required two passes through the presses, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane of 50 stamps.

ADLAI STEVENSON MEMORIAL STAMP—
ISSUE OF 1965



The 5-cent Adlai Stevenson memorial stamp was first placed on sale on October 23, 1965, at Bloomington, Ill., where the ambassador to the U.N. grew up and is buried.

This vertical stamp, measuring 0.81 by 1.44 inches, is composed of two interlocking rectangles—one blue and one black—against a white background. Inset in the blue rectangle to the left is the U.N. wreath in white. The black rectangle contains a Stevenson portrait, based on a photograph by Philippe Halsman of New York City. Beneath the portrait are red, white, and blue bars. Lettering is in blue.

Lithography and intaglio printing were combined in the production of this stamp, which was designed by George Samerjan of New York City, resulting in three passes through the presses. However, only one plate number appears on each pane of 50 stamps, this being the black intaglio for the portrait. A two-color lithography press applied "U.N. blue" and a bar of red at the bottom of the portrait. In the final pass, a darker blue was printed.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1965



The design of the 1965 Christmas stamp is based on a watercolor rendering of an early American weathervane by Boston artist Lucille Gloria Chabot, painted in 1939. It is a part of the Index of American Design housed in the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.



The Christmas stamp was printed on the Giori presses in red (lettering) green and yellow. It measures 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch, arranged horizontally. It was designed by Robert J. Jones of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. This is the fourth in the series of special stamps intended for use during the holiday season.

The 5-cent Christmas stamp was first placed on sale at Silver Bell, Arizona, on November 2, 1965.

PROMINENT AMERICANS SERIES— ISSUE OF 1965-68 ORDINARY OR REGULAR POSTAGE

These stamps, replacing the "Liberty" series that began in 1954, were issued between 1965

and 1968. Traditionally, the ordinary or regular series is revised about every 10 years.

The men and woman who have been honored in this series contributed to many varied professions. Six of them were elected to the highest office in the United States.

Since the original announcement that these stamps would be issued, there were rate changes, denomination changes, and design changes. These have been noted in the individual listings which follow. The entire issue of 21 stamps is 0.75 by 0.87 inches in dimension. Seventeen were designed in the vertical format and four in the horizontal format. They were printed in panes of 100, on the Cottrell press, rotary plates, and electriceye perforation.

| Denomination | Subject | Color | Issued |
|--|---|---|---|
| 14 cent 2 cent (sheet) 2 cent (sheet) 3-cent 4-cent (sheet) 4-cent (sheet) 5 cent (sheet) 5 cent (sheet) 6 cent (sheet) 6 cent (sheet) 6 cent (coll) 6 cent (coll a booklet) 6 cent (coll a booklet) 10 cent (cent 12 cent 13 cent 13 cent 14 cent 15 cent 16 cent 17 cent 18 cent 19 cent 19 cent 19 cent 10 cent 10 cent 10 cent 11 cent 12 cent 13 cent 15 cent 16 cent 17 cent 18 cent 19 cent | Frank Llovd Wright Frank Llovd Wright Frank Llovd Wright Frances Parkman Abraham Lincoh Abraham Lincoh George Washington George Washington George Washington George Washington Franklin D Roosevelt John F Kennedy John F Kennedy Oliver Wendell Holmes George C Maishall Frederick Donglass John Dewey Thomas Paine | Green. Gray. Gray. Gray. Gray. Purple. Black. Black. Black. Black. Blue. Brown. Maroon. Lavender Black. Brown. Maroon. Maroon. Maroon. Maroon. Parple. Maroon. | Gallatin, Mo., Jan. 30, 1967. Spring Green, Wrs., June 8, 1968 Boston, Mass., Sept. 16, 1967 New York, N.Y., Nov. 17, 1965 Springdeld, Hr., May 28, 1996 Washington, D.C., Feb. 22, 1966 Chicamatt, Ohlo, Sept. 8, 1968 New York, N.Y., Nov. 17, 1967 Hyde Park, N.Y., Jan. 29, 1966 Washington, D.C., Dec. 28, 1968 Washington, D.C., Feb. 28, 1968 Princeton, N.J., Mai. 14, 1966 Hermitage, Tenn., Man. 15, 1967 Hermitage, Tenn., Man. 15, 1967 Dearbonn, Mich., July 30, 1968 Brookline, Mass., May 29, 1967 Washington, D.C., Nov. 3, 1968 Levington, Va., Oct. 24, 1967 Washington, D.C., Feb. 14, 1968 Buddelphia, Pa., Jan. 29, 1968 Pulladelphia, Pa., Jan. 29, 1968 Pulladelphia, Pa., Jan. 29, 1968 New London, Com., Oct. 16, 1967 |

Included in the following individual descriptions are the original sources of most of the designs, particularly those based on famous paintings and portraits. However, the names of the designers, as well as the engravers, are listed in the appendix, which shows such credits in a chronological order.

One-cent.—The Jefferson stamp was issued in sheets, coils, and booklets at the same time. The designer based the likeness on the Rembrandt Peale painting which bangs in the White House. It was the 14th stamp issued in the Prominent Americans series. The coil perforations appear to the left and right of the design. The booklets consisted of eight stumps per pane.

One-and-one-quarter-cent, — This stamp was intended for precanceling for bulk third-class mail sent by approved nonprofit organizations. However, the rate has changed since it was issued. It was removed from sale at the Philatclic Sules Unit in January 1969, where it had been sold to collectors in unprecanceled form. The 11/1¢ stamp was the seventh issued in this series.

Two-cent.—The Wright stamp was the fifth to be issued in this series. Two years later, it was printed for use in vending machines in the form of booklets containing panes of five stamps. The likeness is based on a photograph made in 1952 by Blackstone-Shelburne of New York, In the background is a portion of the Guggenheum Memorial Museum which was designed by the famous architect.

Three-cent.—The 11th issue of the series was designed horizontally. The designer based the likeness on a portrait in a 1904 publica-

tion, Francis Parkman by H. D. Sedgwick. The 19th century historian was named to the Hall of Fanie in 1915. His best remembered book is The California and Oregon Trail.

Four-cent.—This Lincoln stamp was the first of the series. The likeness was based on a Mathew Brady photograph. The background detail of a log calin was taken from a photograph of the Cooperage at New Salem, Ill. The coil form was issued 6 months later during the annual convention of the Lincoln Society of Philately. The rate merease in January 1968 removed the need for the coil form in this denomination.

Five-cent.—When the series was first announced, this was intended as the basic stamp, the domestic first-class letter rate. The stamp design was based on the Rembrandt Peale painting, an idealized portrait done by the artist in 1823 and then duplicated by him 79 times. The first-day ceremony was held in the Vice President's office where the portrait hangs. A coil stump for this design was issued the same year, September 8, 1966, in Cincinnati, Ohio, during an American Philatelic Society convention.

Five-cent (redesigned).—The redesigned stamp, engraved by a different technique to remove the harsh highlights and soften the shadow areas, was also based on the Peale portrait. When it was issued on November 17, 1967, in conjunction with the American Stamp Dealers' Association National Postage Stamp Show in New York, N.Y., it was still being used for first-class letter rate. No coil form was issued for this version of the Washington stamp.

Six-cent—This horizontal stamp was the second issue in this series and was printed in sheets only. The design was based on a 1941 photograph made at the signing of the Atlantic Charter When the first-class rate increase was announced for January 1968, this stamp was made available in coil and booklet panes also They were first placed on sale December 28, 1967, at Washington, D.C. There was no first-day ceremony.

Stx-cent (redesigned coil).—Only a month after the coils mentioned above were in use, it became evident that a vertical format in coil form was needed. This was for the benefit of manufacturers and users of stamp affixing machines designed to dispense vertical coils only The FDR portrait remained unchanged, but the lettering was rearranged and the perforations appear to the left and right of the design.

Eight-cent.—The fourth stump of this series honors the noted physicist, Albert Einstein. The design was based on a 1947 photograph by Philippe Halsman, taken at Princeton University where Einstein lived until his death in 1955.

Ten-cent.—The Andrew Jackson stamp, ninth in the series, was issued on the 200th anniversary of his birthday. The design was based on a portrait from the Mellon Collection of the National Gallery of Art. This painting has been used previously on postage and currency depicting the seventh President of the United States.

Twelve-cent.—This stamp, 17th in the series, honors the automotive pioneer, Henry Ford. The design, based on a portrait which appeared in the book, Ford—Decline and Birth, is superimposed on the silhouette of a 1909 Model T touring car. The stamp was issued in the horizontal format and denomination for double-weight first-class letters.

Thirteen-cent.—The JFK stamp was first announced in 1965 as an 11-cent denomination, the rate for surface mail to any part of the world. On May 1, 1967, when a 2-cent increase in the surface rate became effective, the 13-cent stamp was issued This was the 50th anniversary of the President's hirthday. The design of this vertical issue is based on a photograph by Jacques Lowe in the book The Kennedy Years.

Fifteen-cent.—The vertical stamp for Justice Holmes, who sat on the Supreme Court for 30 years, is the 16th in this series. The design was based on a photograph made by National Photos and appearing in the April 8, 1951 edition of the New York Times. The first day of issue was the 127th anniversary of his birth.

Twenty-cent.—The Marshall stamp, the 13th in the Prominent Americans series, was issued in 1967, the 20th anniversary of the Marshall Plan. The basis for the portrait in this vertical design is a photograph which appeared in Life, November 22, 1943, when George Marshall was Chief of Staff.

Twenty-five-cent.—The eighth stamp in the series honors Mr. Douglass, who was born a slave but went on to become a newspaper editor. Maishal and Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia, and Minister to Hair for the United States. The artist chose a 19th century style for his vertical design, using a photograph approved by Douglass descendants.

Thirty-cent.—This horizontal stamp, announced in 1965 and honoring Dr. Dewey, educator and philosopher, was the last to be issued in this series. His birthplace, Burlington, Vt., was chosen for the place of issue. His techniques and experiments were developed as a professor at four of the leading universities—Michigan, Minnesota, Chicago, and Columbia. The designer created the likeness from one of Dewey's favorite photographs.

Forty-cent.—This vertical stamp is the 15th in the series. The design was based on the portrait of Thomas Pame by John Wesley Jarvis, which hangs in the National Gallery of Art. Across the top is the simulated signature of this controversial figure of the American Revolution. Even the unusual dark blue contributes to an awareness of this man's personal history.

Fifty-cent.—Lucy Stone is the only woman included in the Prominent Americans series. The 18th stamp, printed in a vertical format, features her portrait as the center of the design. She was married to Henry Blackwell but continued to use her maiden name as part of her crusade for the legal rights of women. She was also active in antislavery and temperance movements.

One-dollar,—The 12th issue in this series of ordinary stamps features for the first time an American playwright on U.S. postage. As a dramatist, O'Neill ranks highly. His plays won both Pulitzer and Nobel Prizes. The vertical design is based on a photograph that appeared in the New York Times on September 22, 1957.

Five-dollar.—The highest denomination and the sixth Prominent American issue honors Judge Moore, an authority on international law and World Court justice. The stamp was released on the day and at the place of his birth. The vertical design was selected from six different sketches based on a photo-

graph which appeared in the American Bar Association Journal, in September 1946

MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



This 5-cent stamp commemorates the 50th anniversary of the treaty that protects migratory birds in Canada and the United States. It was first placed on sale March 16, 1966, at Pittsburgh, Pa., in conjunction with the annual North American Wildlife and Natural Resources Conference that is sponsored by the Wildlife Management Institute.

Burt Pringle of Jacksonville, Fla, designed the horizontal stamp, which measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed on the Grori press. Canada is shown in red; the United States in blue, and the Great Lakes in a lighter blue. The lettering is black.

HUMANE TREATMENT OF ANIMALS COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



The 5-cent Humane Treatment of Animals commemorative stamp was first placed on sale April 9, 1966, at New York City, where 100 years ago the American Society for the Prevention of Canelty to Animals was founded by Henry Bergh.

A mongrel dog appears on the stamp, urging humane treatment in the name of millions of dogs and other domestic and wild animals in the United States. Babe—whose mother was a Labrador retriever—belongs to artist Norman Todhunter, who designed the stamp.

This horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed in terra cotta (reddish brown) and black on white paper. The terra cotta elements were lithographed and the black intaglio was printed on the Giori press.

INDIANA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



U S POSTAGE

The 5-cent stamp marking the 150th anniversary of Indiana's admission to the Union was issued April 16, 1966, at Corydon, Ind., the State's first capital.

This stamp is based on a commemorative seal designed by Paul Wehr of Indianapolis, Ind., for the sesquicentennial observance. Indiana was the 19th State to gain admission to the Union as symbolized by the cluster of hrown stars,

The vertical stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed in blue, yellow, and brown, on the Giori press, and issued in panes of 50. Due to the arrangement of the colors, it was necessary to pass the sheets through the presses twice, resulting in two plate numbers on each pane of stamps.

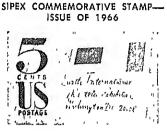
AMERICAN CIRCUS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



A 5-cent stamp saluting the American Circus was first placed on sale May 2, 1966, at Delavan, Wis., winter quarters for major circuses during their "golden age" at the close of the 19th century. Many of the circus greats are buried there.

This vertical stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was designed by Edward Klauck, a New York City artist and circus buff. The

ed, blue, pink, and black stamp was printed on white paper and required two passes through the Giori press. It was issued in panes of 50.



The 5-cent stamp—the first of three items in tribute to the Sixth International Philatelic Exhibition—was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on May 21, 1966, the opening day of the exhibition. This was the first international stamp show ever held in the Nation's Capital.

This borizontal stamp, with a white envelope set in gray background, was designed by Thomas F. Naegele of New York City. The simulated stomps are red, blue, pink, and green. The address on the envelope is blue. Gray, red, and pluk were applied by lithograph. Black, blue, and green were printed on the Groti press. The stamp was issued in panes of 50.

In addition to the 5-cent souvenin sheet described below, an 11-cent international animal postal cand devoted to the "Discover America" theme was issued in tribute to SIPEX. It was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on May 27, 1966.

SIPEX SOUVENIR SHEET-ISSUE OF 1966

SPID PREPRAISEMENT AT A CALCALLY COMPARTION WAS ENGINEED COMPAGE



The 5-cent Souvenir Sheet in compliment to the Sixth International Philatelic Exhibition was first placed on sale May 23, 1966, at Washington, D.C.

The design of the stamp described above is repeated in the souvent sheet. The sheet, designed by Brook Temple of New York City, measures 2% by 4½ inches—It was printed in green on the Giori press.

To the right of the line drawing of the Capitol and Washington Monument is "Discover America," the theme of President Johnson's program to encourage travel in the United States by American and foreign visitors.

BILL OF RIGHTS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—— ISSUE OF 1966



The 5-cent stamp commenorating the 175th anniversary of the Bill of Rights was first placed on sale at Miami Beach, Fla., on July 1, 1966, to coincide with the National Education Association Convention.

The Bill of Rights, as the first ten amendments to the constitution are popularly called, became effective December 15, 1791. The amendments established freedom of religion, needom of speech, freedom of the press, the right to a jury trial, and provided other safeguards to human rights.

Pulitzer prize-winning artist Helbert L. Block designed the stamp. He is better known as "Helblock," the name he meet in signing editorial curtoons for the Washington Post and for syndication in more than 200 newspapers. Cuties have ranked Block as one of the most outstanding political entoonists in the world.

The dominant feature of the shield-shaped red, white, and blue design are two hands in conflict. On the right is a gauntleted fist, suggestive of "the knock on the door at night," associated with tyranny—on the left a bare upraised hand symbolizing the guarantees of freedom in the Bill of Rights. The stamp measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Grori press and issued in panes of 50.

POLAND'S MILLENNIUM COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----15SUE OF 1966



STATES 5

This stamp commemorates the one thousandth anniversary of the adoption of Christianity in Poland—one of the most significant events in Polish history. In embracing Christianity, the Poles became a part of Western civilization. It is also a tribute to the traditionally friendly relations that have existed between the Polish and American people since the days of the American Revolution.

Designer of the stamp is Edmund D. Lewandowski of Milwankee, Wis. Set in the red shield is the traditional Polish crowned eagle, in white. Lettering in the shield is white, as is the symbolic cross. The wording "United States 5¢" is red. The stamp was printed on the Cottrell presses and issued in panes of 50. It measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. The stamp was placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on July 30, 1966.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



The 5-cent stamp commemorating the 50th anniversary of the National Park Service was first placed on sale on August 25, 1966, at Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., the birth-place of the "national park idea".

The stamp, designed by Thomas Geismar of New York City, features an emblem that was used to identify National Park Service facilities throughout the country. It was printed in green, black, and vivid yellow, issued in panes of 50, and measures 0.84 by 144 inches.

The design symbolizes the three categories of parks—natural, historical, and recreational. The green angular elements suggest nature

through mountains and recreation through tents. The three black dots represent cannon balls, symbolic of historic areas, such as Fort McHenry, Gettyshurg and Independence Hall.

MARINE CORPS RESERVE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



A 5-cent stamp commemorating the 50th anniversary of the Marine Corps Reserve was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on August 29, 1966, with ceremonies at the Iwo Jima statue.

The vertical stamp, designed by Miss Stella Grafakos of New York City, portrays a World War I Marine, a World War II flyer, a frogman, and today's combat Marine. A fifth Marine in colonial uniform stands at the rear of the procession symbolizing creation of the Marines in 1775.

The figures are black, as is the inscription "United States" at the top of the stamp. The denomination "5¢" is gray; the wording "Marine Corps" is red, and "Reserve" is blue. The lettering "50th Anniversary" is gold. Production of the stamp required two passes through the presses; blue and red by offset, followed by gold and black on the Giori press. This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was issued in panes of 50.

GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1966



This stamp commemorates the 75th auniversary of the General Federation of Women's Clubs and honors 11 million women who are members of U.S. clubs, overseas clubs, and associate organizations. The farthing programs of the federation range from

aiding school dropouts to promoting traffic safety, and from natural resource conservation to encouraging international understanding.

The horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 144 inches, was designed by New York City artist Charles Henry Carter. It was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50. The oval separating the pink figures is blue as is the lettering "United States Postage 5¢." All other lettering is black.

The 5-cent stamp was placed on sale September 12, 1966, in New York City, where the federation was created.

JOHNNY APPLESEED "AMERICAN FOLKLORE"
COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1966



This 5-cent stamp, the first in the "American Folklore" series, was issued September 24, 1966 at Leominster, Mass, the birthplace of John Chapman who commed over 100,000 square miles planting apple trees.

The vertical stamp is dominated by a red apple, before which Johnny stands, in black and white, spade over his shoulder, and seedbag in his left hand. At the top, in green, is "Johnny Appleseed". The stem of the fruit and a leaf are green. Extending across the bottom of the stamp is "5¢ United States Postage," in black. The design is by Robert Bode of New York City.

The stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.



The 5-cent Beautification of America commemorative postage stamp was first placed on sale October 5, 1966 at Washington, D.C, with a first day ceremony at the White House in which the President and Mrs. Johnson participated.

This stamp was designed by Miss Gyo Finikawa, a New York City free lance artist. Against a light green background, the design is dominated by pink and white cherry blossoms. The bough of the tree, the shadows in the Jefferson Memorial, and the inscription are black. The horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Giori presses and issued in panes of 50.

The stamp carries the legend "Plant for a More Beautiful America" to encourage participation in President Johnson's natural heauty campaign, an effort in which Mrs. Johnson took a leading role.

GREAT RIVER ROAD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1966



The 5-cent Great River Road commemorative stamp was first placed on sale October 21, 1966, at Baton Rouge, La., head-quarters of the Mississippi River Parkway Commission.

This vertical stamp, designed by Herbert Bayer of Aspen, Colo., reproduces the cential portion of the United States, in yellow, from the Canadian border to the Culf. It is not a true cartographic rendition. The massive double-pointed ted arrow denotes the joute of the road, which is a white libbon on either side of a blue Mississippi River. The wording across the top of the stamp is red; "U.S. Postage 54" and the tributaries are green; the lakes and the Gulf of Mexico are blue. The yellow background and the red arrow were printed by offset; blue, green, and red inscription by the Giori press. The stamp measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches was issued in panes of 50.

SERVICEMEN-SAVINGS BONDS COMMEMORA-TIVE POSTAGE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966

WE APPRECIATE OUR SERVICEMEN



UNITED STATES
BAVINGS BONDS
25TH ANNIVERSARY 50

A 5-cent stamp honoring American servicemen and marking the 25th anniversary of the Savings Bond Program was first placed on sale on October 26, 1966, at Siony City, Iowa, where students of North Junior High School conceived the idea for a patriotic stamp in tribute to our servicemen.

The stamp was designed by Stevan Dohanos, a member of the Citizens' Stamp Advisory Committee. Mr. Dohanos based his design on a photograph of the Flag and the Statue of Liberty by Bob Noble, which appeared in the New York Herald-Tribune on October 29, 1961. The design was unveiled on July 28, 1966, at a special ceremony in the White House with the President of the United States participating.

The blue lettering "United States Savings Bonds" and the sky were musted by lithography. The Grori presses printed the dark blue field of the Flag, red for the stripes, denomination and lettering "We Appreciate our Servicemen" and black for the Statue of Liberty and wording "25th Anniversary". The stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1966



The design for the 1966 5-cent Christmas stamp was based on a painting by Hans Memling, Flemish muster of the Renaissance. This oil painting, "Madonna and Child with Angels," hangs in the National Gullery of Art, Washington, D.C.

The Madonna's gown and portions of the tapestry were printed blue by lithography.

A second offset plate applied orange to the tapestry, blending with the blue to produce green. Some portions of the tapestry are orange. The stamp then moved to the Grori presses, where deep brown, light brown, and red were printed.

This vertical stamp, measuring 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch, was issued in panes of 100. It was first placed on sale at Christmas, Mich., on November 1, 1966.

MARY CASSATT "AMERICAN PAINTING" COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1966



The 5-cent Mary Cassett stamp, the sixth in the annually issued American Painting series, was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on November 17, 1966.

The stamp was hased on one of Miss Cassatt's most outstanding paintings, "The Boating Party", which hangs in the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C., where the first day ceremony was held. Six inks were applied in two passes through the Giori press and these were blended and overlaid to create many additional tones. In the first printing, green-gray, red, and yellow-green were applied; in the second, blue, dark blue, and dark green.

This horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.41 inches, was assued in panes of 50.

ALASKA PURCHASE COMMEMORATIVE AIR-MAIL STAMP---ISSUE OF 1967



This 8-cent airmail stamp commemorating the 100th anniversary of the purchase of Alaska from Russia was first placed on salo on March 30, 1967, at Sitka, Alaska. The issuance date was "Seward's Day," a State holiday honoring Secretary of State William II Seward, who negotiated the sale Formal transfer of Alaska occurred at Sitka,

Willard R. Cox, a long-time resident of Alaska, who now lives in Tiburou, Cahf., designed this vertical stamp. The totem is a line drawing in white against a bank brown background. The stamp was printed on the Giori presses, issued in panes of 50, and measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches.

NATIONAL GRANGE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1967



The 5-cent stamp marking the 100th anniversary of the National Grange, a major farmers' organization, was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on April 17, 1967, during National Grange Week.

Attist Lee Pavao has captured a bit of 19th century Americana in his design. The five-color vertical stamp simulates a poster of the type the Grange distributed to recruit new members in its early days.

The stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, and was issued in panes of 50. Orange and yellow were applied in the first pass through the Giori press; black, brown, and green in the second.

20-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP-ISSUE OF 1967



This 20-cent international airmail stamp was first placed on sale at New York, N.Y.,

on April 26, 1967. It was needed to meet the increases in the international postage rates that became effective May 1, 1967. It covered airmail postage, ½ oz., to Europe and Mediterranean Africa.

In a postal innovation, the design of one of the most highly regarded stamps the Post Office Department has ever issued was repeated in the 20-cent stamp. A reproduction of John James Audubon's aquatint of the "Columbia Jay," which was brought out in 1963 as a 5-cent stamp, reappeared in this new denomination.

The vertical stamp was printed in blue, brown, and vellow in one pass through the Grour press. It measured 0.84 by 1.44 melies and was issued in panes of 50.

CANADA CENTENNIAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1967

CANADA 1867-1967



The 5 cent stamp commemorating the 100th anniversary of Canada's achievement of tederation was first placed on sale at the U.S. Pavihon at Expo '67 in Montreal, Canada, on May 25, 1967. This marks the first time a U.S. first-day cover has carried the cancellation from another nation. The cancellation from another nation. The cancellation tead "U.S. Pavilion, Montreal, Canada, May 25, 1967, EXPO 67 First Day of Issue."

This stamp, designed by Ivan Chermayelf of New York City, is a symbolic depiction of the scenic grandem of Canada. Against a light blue sky is a range of snow-capped mountains, beneath which is a green plain, bisected by blue water. The lettering is black. The horizontal stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was printed on the Gioti presses and issued in panes of 50.

ERIE CANAL COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— ISSUE OF 1967



This 5-cent stamp commemorates the 150th anniversary of the Eric Canal. It was first

placed on sale July 4, 1967, at Rome, N.Y., where the first dut was dug on that day in 1817.

This engineering marvel of its day had a tremendous economic impact on the country. It was 40 feet wide, 4 feet deep, and stretched 363 miles from the Hudson River, just north of Troy, westward to Buftalo. Eighty-three locks lifted boats 568 feet, the difference in altitude between the Hudson and Lake Eric. The Eric Canal provided low cost transportation that opened the undwest and made New York City a great port.

George Samerjan, a New York City artist, designed the red, blue, and black horizontal stamp. Light blue and red were printed by offset; dark blue and black by the Grori press. The 0.84 by 1.44 inch stamp was assued in panes of 50.

SEARCH FOR PEACE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—15SUE OF 1967



The 5-cent Search for Peace commemorative stamp was issued July 5, 1967, at Chicago, Ill., in conjunction with the Lions International Convention.

As a part of its 50th anniversary activities, Lious spousored a "Search for Peace" essay contest, and the commemorative stump reflects the theme of this program. Young people, 14 to 22, from the more than 130 countries and geographical areas served by the Lions, were invited to submit workable plans for world peace.

Bradbury Thompson of Riverside, Coun., designed the stamp which measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches. It was printed in red, blue, and black on granite paper. The viguette is based on the aucient Greek symbol for peace, the dove and lamel branch, from Jacob Bryant's "Analysis of Ancient Mythology". It was issued in panes of 50.

HENRY DAVID THOREAU COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1967

THOREAU



The 5-cent stamp commemorating the 150th anniversary of the birth of Henry David Thorean was first placed on sale on July 12, 1967, at Concord, Mass., where the 19th century essayist was born and buried.

Not far from Concord is Walden Pond. Here Thorean seeluded himself for 2 years in a self-built cabin to contemplate, to observe nature, and to write. The book that came from this experience, Walden, has appeared in some 150 editions in 50 languages, and the world ranks him among the foremost American writers.

Leonard Baskin of Northampton, Mass., based his design on the 1856 Maxham dagner-rectype of Thoreau, who died in 1862. The stamp is vertical on white paper with the portrait in black; "Thoreau" in red, and "U.S. 5 Cents" in green. It was printed in one pass through the Grori presses and issued in panes of 50. It measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches.

NEBRASKA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1967



The 5 cent Nebraska statehaod centennial commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Lincoln, Nebr., on July 29, 1967. Lincoln was selected as the State capital on that day in 1867. Nebraska gained statehood on Match 1 of that year.

This stamp was designed by Julian K, Billings of Omaha, Nebr. An ear of yellow corn, with its green husk, is the background against which the artist has placed a reddish brown Hereford, Yellow and green were

printed by offset; brown was applied by the Giori press. This stamp, measuring 0.84 by 1.44 inches, was issued in panes of 50

VOICE OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1967



The 5-cent stamp commemorating the 25th anniversary of the Voice of America was issued on August I, 1967 at Washington, D.C. This date marked the 14th anniversary of the establishment of the U.S. Information Agency as a separate Government agency.

Georg Olden of New York City designed the stamp. It pictures sound emissions from a radio transmission tower. The waves are alternately red and blue; the tower is black, The vertical stamp measured 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50,

DAVY CROCKETT "AMERICAN FOLKLORE" COMMEMORATIVE STAMP— 15SUE OF 1967



The 5-cent Davy Crockett stamp, the second in the "American Folklore" series, was issued on August 17, 1967, at San Antonio, Tex., where Colonel Crockett died in defense of the Alamo.

Issuance date was on the 181st birthday anniversary of the colorful trapper, hunter, and Congressman from the Tennessee backwoods, whose exploits are legendary.

Robert Bode, the New York City artist who produced last year's Johnny Appleseed stamp, designed this issue. This horizontal stamp was printed in black and gicen. The inscription and portrait were printed on the Giori press. Previously two shades of green were applied by offset for the folinge. It measured 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50.

TWIN SPACE COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS-ISSUE OF 1967



The 5-cent twin stamps saluting the Nation's accomplishments in space were first placed on sale September 29, 1967, at Kennedy Space Center, Fla. These were the first twin stamps the United States ever produced.

Paul Calle, a Stamford, Conn., artist, produced the design which depicts the spacewalk that was successfully accomplished during Project Gemini.

The stamps were issued in panes of 50. On the upper left and lower left panes, the astronaut stamp is the first, third and fifth stamps; the spaceship the second and fourth. This arrangement is reversed on the upper right and lower right panes. In these positions, the spaceship is the first, third and fifth stamps, with the astronaut on the second and fourth.

Offset and intaglio were combined to produce the stamp, which has one horizontal plate number. The red stripes in the Flags on the astronaut's spacesuit and capsule and light blue sky areas, as well as the inscription on the astronaut stamp were printed by offset. The dark blue sky areas, the aqua earth, and black tones on the capsule and astronaut were printed on the Giori press. The inscription on the spaceship stamp is white. Each stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches.

URBAN PLANNING COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1967



The 5 cent Urban Planning commemorative stamp was first placed on sale at Washington. D.C., on October 2, 1967, during a meeting of experts concerned with all phases of city life 50 years from now. Host to the international meeting was the American Institute of Planners.

Francis Ferguson, instructor in the School of Architecture, Division of Urban Planning, Columbia University, New York City, designed the vertical stamp, which depicts a bird's-eye view of a planned city. The city area is white, black, and light blue, this last named ink being applied by offset. Dark blue and black areas were printed on the Giori press. The stamp measures 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50.

FINLAND INDEPENDENCE COMMEMORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1967

Finland



United States 5c

The 5 cent stamp commemorating the 50th anniversary of independence for the Republic of Finland and a tradition of friendship between the United States and Finland was initially released on October 6, 1967, at Finland, Minn.

Reproduced on the stamp is the Finnish coat of arms, which dates back to 1781 when Finland became a grand duchy under Sweden. It is a crowned lion, rampant, holding a sword and standing on an unsheathed sabre.

On the shield are nine roses, believed to represent the nine original provinces.

Bradbury Thompson of Riverside, Conn, designed the stamp which measures 0.84 by 144 niches. It was printed in blue on a single color Giori press and issued in panes of 50.

EAKINS "AMERICAN PAINTING" COMMEM-ORATIVE STAMP—ISSUE OF 1967



The 5-cent Thomas Eakins postage stamp, the seventh in the annually issued American Painting series, was first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on November 2, 1967.

This stamp was printed by Photogravure & Color Co, Moonachie, N.J., and it is the first U.S. stamp to be printed by the gravue method.

This stamp was based on Eakins' oil painting, "The Biglin Brothers Racing," which hangs in the National Gallery of Art in Washington, D.C. It inveasures 0.84 by 1.44 inches, arranged horizontally, and was issued in panes of 50. There are six plate numbers on each pane of stamps—one for each of the five colors: yellow, ted, blue, black, gold, and one for the black lettering.



The 1967 Christmas stamp duplicates last year's design but was nearly twice as large so that the rich details of the painting could more adequately be portrayed. It is based on a painting by Hans Memling, Flemish master of the Renaissance. This oil painting, "Madonna and Child with Angels," hangs in the National Gallery of Art.

The Madonna's gown and portions of the tapestry were printed blue by hthography second offset plate applied orange to the tapestry, blending with the blue to produce green. Some portions of the tapestry me The stamp then moved to the Giori press where deep brown, light brown, and red were printed. Deep brown established the lines of the background and the pillars The bair, flesh tones, and lettering to the left were light brown. The mantle and the lettering beneath the picture were printed in red. The stamp measured 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50.

The 5-cent Christmas stamp was first placed on sale November 6, 1967, at Bethlehem, Ga.

MISSISSIPPI STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1967



The 5-cent stamp marking the 150th anniversary of Mississippi statehood was first placed on sale on December 11, 1967, at Natchez, Miss., the first territorial capital.

Andrew Bucci, a native of Vickslung, Miss., designed the horizontal stamp, which depicts Mississippi's State flower. The brownish tinged magnolia is shown against a light bluegreen background. The stamp was printed on the Giori press; green-blue was applied in the first pass; brown for the flower, and green for the leaves in the second. It measured 0.84 by 1.44 inches and was issued in panes of 50.

10-CENT AIRMAIL STAMP----ISSUE OF 1968



The increase in postage rates in 1968 required a new regular airmail stamp, which was placed on sale January 5, 1968, in San Francisco, Calif. This simply designed stamp with 50 white stars on a red background was issued in three forms simultaneously-sheet, coil and booklet. The sheets are in post office panes of 100; coals in 100, 500, and 3,000 There are two sizes of booklets, those with five panes of eight stamps for over-the-counter sales and those for vending machines containing two panes of five stamps. When first-day covers were serviced, full panes of eight stamps were required for the booklet pane covers.

The vertical format was printed in the 0.75 by 0.87 size on the Cottiell press.

6-CENT AMERICAN FLAG STAMP-ISSUE OF 1968-69



This special stamp was issued to augment the FDR stamp of the Prominent Americans series, when the 6-cent denomination became the rate for first-class postage. Although the 1963 special issue used the flag and the White House as the central subject, Stevan Dohanos, the designer, increased the scope of this theme by featuring the Pennsylvania Avenue side of the White House with the Washington Monument and the Jefferson Memorial visible in the distance, dominated by the American Flag in the foreground.

The first-day ceremony for this vertical stamp in sheet form was held on January 24, 1968, at Washington, D.C., in the Postmaster General's reception room. The stamp was issued in panes of 100, with each stamp measming 0.75 by 0.87 of an inch. The natural colors of the flag, the green trees, and the blue outlines, were printed in one pass through the Giori press, All stamps were tagged and the stamp sheets were the first to carry both slogans, Use ZIP Codes and Mail Early in the Day, along the selvage.

This particular stamp became so widely used that in 1969 the Department announced it would be the first multicolored coil and the second stamp printed on the 9-color Hack press. Reproduction of the design in color and format involved engraving a new master die 5/100th of an inch smaller than the image area of the stamp issued in sheet form. For this coil, the printing cylinder is comprised of 30-plate segments. Each segment is 18 stamps wide and 4 stamps deep; the size of each stamp is 0.70 by 0.82.

The first day of issue on May 30, 1969, in Chicago, Ill, was part of the opening of the XII Annual COMPEX, a 3-day philatelic exhibition which gains wide attention each year.

ILLINOIS STATEHOOD-ISSUE OF 1968



The 150th anniversary of Illinois statehood was commemorated when this stamp was issued on February 12, 1968, in Shawneetown, Ill., location of the State's oldest post office in continuous operation.

The winning design of a contest sponsored by the Illinois Sesquicentennial Commission, was created by George Barford, an associate professor of art at Illinois State University. This contest attracted more than 1,400 entries. The design shows a field of ripening grain and a farmhouse with a cluster of outbuildings under a blue sky with a dramatic cloud formation. At the top of the vertical stamp appears "Illinois 1818-1968" in blue on a white panel. Imprinted across the bottom is "6¢ U.S. Postage" in similar fashion. Red buildings and the orange field were printed by offset while three shades of blue were added using the Giori press. It is 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension, and issued in panes of 50,

HEMISFAIR '68 COMMEMORATIVE STAMP----ISSUE OF 1968



The design of the Hemisfair '68 stamp, a tribute to the exposition opening that year in

April, suggested the theme, The Confluence of Civilizations in the Americas. The land areas in pink and the water areas and lettering in blue, were printed on lithographic presses. The lines and denomination in white are the only part of the design which were recess engraved. Thus, the Grori press plate number and marginal lengths have the blue intaglio color added to prevent a white-on-white printing. The difference in the two blues can be seen under a glass

This vertical stamp was issued March 30, 1968, at the fairgrounds in San Antonio, Tex., near the site of the Alamo.

\$1 AIRLIFT POSTAGE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1968



This stamp's first-day ceremonies were held in Scattle, Wash., on April 4, 1968. It was issued specifically for airposting parcels to American servicemen overseas.

Taken from late 19th century woodcarvings, the design is done in blue, brown, red, and yellow. The eagle is in yellow with the feathers detailed in brown. A blue and red pennant with two white stars and a white inscription, "Airlift", streams from a rod which he clutches. The size of this horizontal stamp is 0.84 by 1.44. None of these stamps were phosphor coated.

When this stamp was announced, it was stated: "... \$1 stamp will also be valid for paying regular rates for other types of mail ...". However, subsequent official publications of the Postal Service list the issue for airmail use only.

SUPPORT OUR YOUTH COMMEMORATIVE—
ISSUE OF 1968



This 6 cent stamp is a tribute to National Youth Week sponsored by the Benevolent

the youth service program by helping the young people of some 2,100 communities secure summertime and part-time employment. The BPOE was founded in 1868, in New York City, by 15 men who wished to further the principles of charity, justice, brotherly love, and fidelity. A century later, one and a half million American men of the order dedicate themselves to these principles.

The horizontal design portrays four teenagers, two boys and two girls, in blue against a panel of red, white and blue. The stamp, in the usual 0.84 by 1.44 size, was printed in panes of 50 on a combination of the Giora and lithographic presses. It was issued May 1, 1968, with first-day ceremonies in Chicago, Ill

50TH ANNIVERSARY AIRMAIL SERVICE COMMEMORATIVE—ISSUE OF 1968



This 10-cent airmail stump commemorates the 50th auniversary of regularly scheduled airmail service in the United States. The horizontal design was based on a photograph of a Curtiss-Jenny biplane, No. 38262. The stamp was printed in blue, red, and black by a combination of the Giori and lithographic messes.

These early mail planes were piloted by officers of the Army Signal Corps. The Post Office Department also observed this golden anniversary by authorizing an official cachet to be applied to airmail covers dispatched from Washington, D.C., Philadelphia, Pa., and New York, N.Y., the three post offices participating in the original flight in 1918.

First-day ceremonies were held May 15, 1968, at the National Air and Space Museum of the Smithsonian Institution, in Washington, D.C. This was the closing day of the annual convention of the American Air Mail Society. The stamp was released in the usual panes of 50, size 0.84 by 1.44 inches.

UNITED STATES POSTAGE

The 6-cent Law and Order commemorative was issued with a two-fold purpose on May 17, 1968, in Washington, D.C. The first-day ceremonies were held during "Police Week" to encourage upgrading the quality and training of law enforcement officers at the local level. The stamp reaffirmed their traditional role as protectors and friends of the citizens.

The vertical design portrays only one of the relationships, that of counselor to youth, which through the years have come to be accepted as part of the policeman's life.

The policeman and the boy were printed in blue, with details highlighted in white and the lettering in red and black on the Giori press.

REGISTER AND VOTE COMMEMORATIVE—ISSUE OF 1968

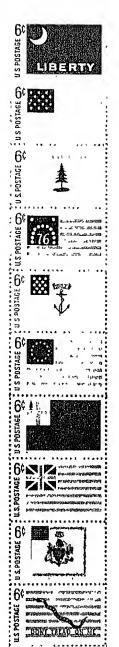


For the second time in 4 years (see page 199), a commemorative stamp was issued primarily to remind the citizen to take advantage of his voting franchise and to participate in elections on all levels of Government.

This 6-cent vertical design is based on an eagle weathervane on a house in the Russian Hill section of the city of San Francisco. Two presses were used to print the stamp—the black areas on the Giori and the gold color by offset. It was issued on June 27, 1968, at Washington, D.C., and removed from sale at the Philatelic Sales Unit on November 1969.

HISTORIC FLAG SERIES COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1968

This early American Flag series of 6-cent commemorative stamps was appropriately released on July 4, 1968. First-day ceremonics dedicating a new Flag Plaza, were held in Pritsburgh, Pa The 10 different designs are setenant in vertical strips. The same design was repeated horizontally five times to produce the usual pane of 50 stamps.



Design No

- 1. FORT MOULTRIE FLAG (1776)
- FORT McHENRY FLAG (1795-1818)
- 3. WASHINGTON'S CRUISERS FLAG (1775)
- 4. BENNINGTON FLAG (1777)
- 5. RHODE ISLAND FLAG (1775)
- 6. FIRST STARS AND STRIPES FLAG (1777)
- 7. BUNKER HILL FLAG (1775)
- 8. GRAND UNION FLAG (1776)
- 9. PHILADELPHIA LIGHT HORSE FLAG (1775)
- 10. FIRST NAVY JACK (1775)

The above designs, with the exception of No. 2, are associated with flags of the American Revolutionary Wat. The No. 2 design inspired Francis Scott Key during the Wat of 1812 and the original flag is still on display at the Smithsoman Institution in Washington, D.C. The designs of the flags which no longer exist were based on descriptive documents or contemporary paintings. These horizontal stamps were printed by a combination of lithography and recess engraving. First, red and yellow were applied by offset; blue, green, and red were added in a pass through the Gioti. The black was produced by overlapping green and blue inks.

Note: The vertical strip arrangement pictured above is the appearance of the upper left and right panes only. The vertical strip arrangement was reversed for the lower left and right panes. Thus, design No. 10, First Navy Jack, is the first design at the top of the strip Design No. 1 becomes the 10th and last design on the vertical strips of the lower panes.

WALT DISNEY COMMEMORATIVE---ISSUE OF 1968



This 6-cent commemorative paid tribute to Walt Disney, the international favorite of young and old, who through his wonderful creations, gave life to their most cherished fantasies. The first day of issue was September 12, 1968, at Marceline, Mo., his early boyhood home.

Two staff members of Disney Productions furnished the vertical design which became the second stamp (see page 218) contracted to a commercial gravine house by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The Achrovure Division of Union Camp Corporation in Englewood, N.J., did the gravine printing of the Disney portrait in natural colors and the lettering in black and brown. The stylized world in blue serves as a background for the small red castle, Yellow ink joined blue and red to illustrate the parade of children.

The gravine firm used five cylinder (plate) numbers, one for each color; all appeared on each post office pane of 50. Collectors should also note the addition of a small dash after each number of some of the panes. Instead of printing the usual 200-subject commemorative size sheets for perforation and cutting, this firm used a cylinder which printed 400-subject sheets for release of panes of 50. Thus, the lower position set of cylinder numbers was distinguished from the upper position set in each corner by the addition of the dashes.

JACQUES MARQUETTE COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1968



This is the second commemorative honoring Pere Marquette's celebrated exploration down the Mississippi River (see page 27). The 6-cent stamp honoring the 17th century explorer-missionary, was issued at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., where in 1668, he established the oldest permanent settlement in that State. The first day of issue was September 20, 1968.

The horizontal design was based on the famous journey down-river with Louis Joliet in 1673. It was printed in green and brown by offset press while the black was applied by the Grori press. Other data can be found in the appendix.

DANIEL BOONE COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1968



This 6 cent commemorative is the third in the American Folklore series. It was issued September 26, 1968, at Frankfort, Ky., where Daniel Boone, the pioneering frontiersman, is buried.

The design, a still life which suggests the primitive atmosphere of frontier life, includes a reminder that he was adopted by the Shawnees. This horizontal stamp was printed in two yellow inks by offset, with black and red applied by the Giori press The light brown was produced when the red and yellow mingled. The legendary Daniel Boone was honored on a previous commemorative (see page 105).

ARKANSAS RIVER NAVIGATION COMMEMORATIVE—155UE OF 1968



A 6-cent commemorative was issued to celebrate the opening of the Arkansas River to commercial navigation. The first day of issue was October 1, 1968, at Little Rock, Ark., where the navigation channel was scheduled for operation by the end of the year. The huge engineering project is expected to eventually provide Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Kansas with a barge route to the Mississippi River.

The horizontal design was printed in two different blue inks applied by lithography, followed by the black produced on a Giori press.

LEIF ERIKSON COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1968



A 6-cent stamp honoring the 11th century Norse explorer, was placed on sale at Seattle, Wash., on October 9, 1968, Leif Erickson Day. The vertical design is based on a statue, the work of the noted American sculptor, Stirling Calder, which stands in Reykjavik, Iceland.

To print the sheenlike, metallic gray-brown color of this issue, two passes through two presses were required. The background, which bleeds from perforation to perforation (see Arizona issue, page 187), was printed by offset. The RCA Giori was used to add the statue and lettering by intaglio. These stamps

were released in the usual commemorative size and post office pane of 50.

CHEROKEE STRIP COMMEMORATIVE— 15SUE OF 1968



This 6-cent stamp marked the 75th anniversary of the dramatic land rush into the northern portion of Oklahoma known as the Cherokee Strip. Until September 16, 1893, this fertile land was closed to settlers. A year earlier, the Congress pand the Cherokee tribe \$1.40 an acre for their hunting grounds. Then the strip was thrown open to an expectant crowd of 100,000, assembled that September day at the Kansas border. The race began to claim 40,000 homesteads of 160 acres each.

This horizontal design is based on this famous race. Printed in brown on the Cottell press, the stamp was released on October 15, 1968, in Ponca City, Okla.

JOHN TRUMBULL AMERICAN PAINTING SERIES COMMEMORATIVE—ISSUE OF 1968



The eighth commemorative stamp of the annual American Painting series honored John Trumbull, one of our finest early American painters, whose works have been widely used as subject matter for U.S. stamps. The design of this vertical stamp was based on a detail of the painting, "The Battle of Bunker's Hill", which hangs with other Trumbull art in the Yale University Art Gallery, New Haven, Conn. First-day ecremonics were held there on October 18, 1968.

The printing, all in muted tones, required two presses. The yellow and red were applied by offset, the black was added from engraved plates on the Giori mess.

WATERFOWL CONSERVATION COMMEMORA-TIVE--- ISSUE OF 1968



The conservation of wildlife has intermittently been the subject matter of U.S. stamps for several years. This issue on Waterfowl Conservation recognizes the accomplishments of Ducks Unlimited, which has some 900 projects involving roughly a million and a half acres. This organization has already spent nearly \$15 million on waterfowl conservation.

The design by Stanley W. Galli, a California artist, depicting two wood ducks in flight, quickly became a favorite of postal patrons, as well as stanip collectors. Ivory paper was used for this hve-color horizontal stamp. The blue, green, yellow, and red were applied by offset. The engraved areas in black were printed by Giori presses.

The first-day coremony was held in Cleveland, Ohio, on October 24, 1968, at the Natural Science Museum. This 6-cent stamp was issued in the usual panes of 50, 0.84 by 1.44 inches in dimension.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1968



UNITED STATES

The seventh annual Christmas stamp was issued on November I, 1968, in Washington, D.C., with ceremonies at the National Gallery of Art. The vertical design is based on a detail from *The Annunciation*, a painting by the 15th century Flemish artist, Jan van Eyek. This stamp was the first produced on the 9-color Huck press. It was printed in five colors with red in the Angel Gabriel's robe, predominating. Yellow, blue, brown, and green contributed to other details.

Since this issue, major changes have influenced some collecting habits. While most

stamps issued in recent years have had a selvage on all four edges of the pane, the stamps produced on the Huck press have one selvage edge only. Instead of the plate numbers being in the corner of the panes, they are spread out over the length of the selvage. Seven or eight plate numbers are on each selvage, depending on where the sheet was cut by the press. Even with only two plate number positions available (right selvage and left selvage), the huge assignment of plate number combinations generally cluminated furnishing matched numbers on a left-right margin set.

The Huck press plates have also changed the usual commemorative stamp size to 0.82 by 1.58 inches. This 6 cent issue was released in both the tagged and untagged form. It was removed from sale at the Philatelic Sales Unit on March 7, 1970.

AMERICAN INDIAN COMMEMORATIVE--ISSUE OF 1968



Cristish Sinto Thing 6

A double honor was given when this attractive 6-cent stamp was issued on November 4, 1968, at Washington, D.C. First, by reproducing a portrait of Chief Joseph, the Department paid tribute to the American Indian. This great Nez Percé (Pierced Nose) warrior was not only famous for his war strategy but also for the consideration shown to his enemies.

This stamp also calls attention to the dedication of the National Portrait Gallery, which exhibits the painting of Chief Joseph by Cyronus Hall. This particular gallery, associated with the Smithsonian Institution, is devoted to American history and hiography by means of American portraitme.

The five-color vertical stamp required three passes through the presses, two by offset and one by the Giori. Hall painted Chief Joseph in a garb of red, yellow, blue, and black. The background of the portrait is brown. The flesh tones were printed with red and yellow by offset, followed with brown by intaglio. The characteristic intensity of the Indian's hair was accomplished by printing black by intaglio with blue tones by offset.

INTERNATIONAL AIRMAIL STAMP-



A 20 cent international airmail stamp, the denomination used to cover 1/2-onnce postage rate to Europe and Mediterranean Africa,

was issued November 22, 1968. First-day ceremonies were held in New York, N.Y., to coincide with the opening of the American Stamp Dealers Association National Show in the new Madison Square Garden

This horizontal design replacing the Audubon Columbia Jays of 1967, is intended for regular use, although the stamp is 0.81 by 144 inches, the commemorative size. Post office panes of 50 were released with the red and blue of "USA" printed on white by offset The small letters and swept-wing, four-engine jet plane were produced in black on a Giori press.

BEAUTIFICATION OF AMERICA COMMEMORATIVE-ISSUE OF 1969



Four different designs, printed setenant, and intended to encourage continued participation in the Beautification of America program, were the first 6 cent stamps for 1969 Each one indicates a particular area for plantings. The cities and parks designs were based on actual areas in Washington, D.C. The highways and streets are based on seenes easily identified with many sections of this

country. These stamps were printed in five colors. The blue was applied on the Giori press. The other four were applied by offset, with yellow and orange in the first pass and red and green in the second pass.

The first day of issue was January 16, 1969, in Washington, D.C., with an impressive ceremony at the White House.

AMERICAN LEGION COMMEMORATIVE STAMP-ISSUE OF 1969



This stamp was issued as a salute to the 50th anniversary of the founding of the American Legion in Paris, by representatives of the American Expeditionary Force, The first-day ceremony was held March 15, 1969, in Washington, D.C., during the Legion's minth annual Washington conference.

Robert Hallock's design is dominated by an eagle adapted from the Great Scal of the United States. The familiar heraldic red, white, and blue shield on the eagle's breast was printed by offset. All other elements of this vertical stamp in red, blue, and black on white, were printed by the Giori press. It was issued in panes of 50 in the commemorative size of 0.84 by 1.44 inches,

Grandma Moses



6c U S. Postage

The fourth of the American Folklore series paid tribute to Grandma Moses, a famous American painter and an inspiration to senior entizens, who endeared herself to many people with the scenes of her pleasant and primitive art. Her painting, July Fourth, which hangs in the White House, was done in 1951 at the age of 91 The detail of the design was based on the lower foreground of this painting.

The multicolored design of this vertical stamp required six inks and three passes through the presses Yellow, red, green, and blue were applied in two offset passes. Blue and black were printed on a Giori The commemorative-size post office pane of 50 was issued May 1, 1969, in Washington, D.C., during Senior Citizens Month.

APOLLO 8 COMMEMORATIVE-



FIA CENTS UNITED STATES

On Christmas Eve 1968, the Apollo 8 crew gave the world a wonderful gift by showing people a picture of the carth viewed from their imusual perspective. While circling in lunar orbit, they recited from the Book of Genesis. All of this was captured on a 6-cent commemorative stamp, issued in Houston, Tex., on May 5, 1969.

The design with a vertical format is based on the familian photo officially released by NASA after the lunar flight. It was printed in four colors, vellow and light blue by offset, and black and blue applied by a Gari press. The first-day ecremonics were held at the Space Center with the astronauts present. The release date was the eighth anniversary of Shepard's suborbital launching and the first of the Mercury flights.

W. C. HANDY COMMEMORATIVE-



On May 17, 1969, a 6-cent stamp was issued in honor of W. C. Handy, the popular Negro jazzman It was released in Memphis, Tenn., a city celebrating its sesquicentennial and musically monortalized by Mr. Handy with his compositions The Memphis Blues and The Beale Street Blues. Handy assured his own immortality after he composed The St. Louis Blues.

The design is a winner from the nationwide contest sponsored by the Memphis Sesquicentennial committee. Miss Bernice Kochan sent in the first, second, and third-place winning designs, as well as three in the honorable mention class. However, her contest winner was a vertical design of the statue in Handy Park and not the horizontal winner approved for the stamp. For this latter design, the colors purple, light blue, and deep pink were used to create an atmosphere for the music being played by the dominant figure. The purple was applied by recess engraving on a Giori press. The other colors were printed by offset,



The 200th anniversary of the settlement of California by Father Junipero Seria and

Gaspar de Portola was commemorated on July 16, 1969. First-day ceremonies were held in San Diego, Calif., where the first of 21 missions and presidios began the Spanish colonization.

The vertical design is based on the helfry of the mission at Caimel, Calif., where Father Seria is buried. It was printed by a combination of two browns, blue, and red. Blue and light brown were applied by offset; dark brown and red were produced by a Giori press. The stamp was released in the usual commemorative size.

JOHN WESLEY POWELL COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1969



A 6-cent stamp was issued during the centennial anniversary of the perilous exploration reaching a thousand miles down the Grand Canyon on the Green and Colorado Rivers. This expedition was led by Major John Wesley Powell, noted geologist, ethnologist, and conservationist. The stamp, paying tribute to Powell and the brave men who accompanied him, was issued at Pago, Ariz., near Lake Powell, on August 1, 1969.

The design, in a horzontal format, was printed in two different blues, ochie, and brown One blue and the ochie were applied by offset. The other blue and brown were produced by Giori press. Other data on this stamp is listed in the appendix.

ALABAMA STATEHOOD COMMEMORATIVE....



The 6-cent stamp commemorating the sequicentennial of Alabama Statchood, was issued August 2, 1969, in Huntsville, Ala., where the State Constitution was adopted.

The design, based on the State flower, the camellia, and the State bind, the yellowhammer, was a winner from a nationwide competition. In less than 6 months, this entry became the second postage stamp produced from a design by Bernice Kochan (see Handy text on page 227.). This horizontal stamp required two passes on the offset press—pink and yellow first, and red in the second pass. Green, red, and known were produced by a Giori mess.

BOTANICAL CONGRESS SERIES COMMEMORATIVES-ISSUE OF 1969



When the XIth International Botanical Congress convened in Scattle, Wash., a quartet of 6-cent stamps representing flora from the four corners of the United States, was issued on August 23, 1969.

This was the second series of four designs

printed setenant on a pane of 50, similar to the Benutification series in January. Seven colors were used—two offset press passes applied yellow, blue, green, and red; one impression on the Giori produced black, orange, and pink.

The floral subjects on these stamps are identified only by their Latin botanical names. The Douglas fit represents the Northwest; the Southwest is represented by the ocotillo; the ladyslipper represents the Northeast, and the Southeast is represented by the Franklinia tree. More data is available in the appendix,

FIRST MAN ON THE MOON AIRMAIL COMMEMORATIVE—ISSUE OF 1969



FIRST MAN ON THE MOON

For many years stamps have commemorated space history. When the 10-cent annual moonlanding stamp was issued on September 9, 1969, in Washington, D.C., a record was entered of the first lunar exploration. This was indeed a journey of firsts, but particularly so to the philatelic world,

Paul Calle's painting, made as he observed the Apollo 11 enew prepare for their journey, inspired the design. When the first postal astronauts started for the moon, they carried an engraved master die reduced in weight, from which the printing plates to produce this stamp were later made. Blue, black, red, and yellow were applied by offset and Giori presses. The master die went to the lumar surface in the module. A die proof on the now famous moon letter was canceled aboard the capsule with the first space postmark, the ring die containing the words Moon Landing, U.S.A.—July 20, 1969.

These jumbo-sized horizontal stamps, 1.05 by 1.80 inches were released in panes of 32. Their sale and cancelation has greatly exceeded previous commemoratives.

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE CASE-DANIEL WEBSTER COMMEMORATIVE--ISSUE OF 1969



The Daitmouth College Case was the subject of a 6-cent stamp paying tribute to a great legal decision won by Daniel Webster before the Supreme Court 150 years ago. The first day of issue was September 22, 1969, at Hanover, N.H. Ceremonies were held in Dartmouth's Hopkins Center for the Creative and Performing Arts.

The design is based on John Pope's portrait of Webster which hangs in Parkhurst Hall. Sketched in the background, is Dartmouth Hall. This vertical stamp was printed in green on white on the Cottrell press.

PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1969



The centennial of professional basehall was accognized with the issuance of a 6 cent stamp on September 24, 1969, in Cincinnati, Ohio, location of the first organized professional baseball club.

This horizontal commemorative was printed on a combination of lithographic and integlio. Two successive passes—yellow and green, red and black—were made on two-color Harris offset presses. The second integlio black, used for lettering, was added by a Giori press.

COLLEGE FOOTBALL COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1969



A horizontal 6-cent stamp recognizing the 100th analysersary of intercollegiate football, was issued September 26, 1969, in New Brunswick, N.J. The first-day ceremony was held at Rutgers University, where a historic game was played November 6, 1869, between a Princeton University team and the host players of Rutgers

The design subjects were printed in green on white by offset press; the red lettering was produced by a Giori currency press. The usual commemorative size was released in post office panes of 50.

EISENHOWER COMMEMORATIVE— ISSUE OF 1969



EISENHOWER

The memory of Dwight D. Eisenhower was honored with a 6 cent stamp issued on his bithday, October 14, 1969. The first-day ecremonies were held in Abilene, Kans., the boyhood home and burial site of this great patriot whose love of God and country was an inspiration to people all over the world.

The vertical design of this commemorative was based on a photograph, a favorite of Mrs. Eisenhower, by Bernic Noble of the Cleveland Press. The printing in three colors, red, blue, and black, was produced on the Giori presses. This was the second jumbo-sized stamp issued in 1969. It measured 1.05 by 1.80 inches and was released in panes of 32—cight stamps across and four stamps down.

CHRISTMAS POSTAGE STAMP---ISSUE OF 1969



The annual Christmas stamp in a 6-cent denomination was issued November 3, 1969, at Christmas, Fla. The horizontal design was based on a painting, Winter Sunday in Norway, Maine, the work of an anonymous attist. The original, belonging to the New York State Historical Association of Cooperstown, is believed to have been painted about 1870.

This was the third stamp printed on the nine-color Hnck press, Red, green, and yellow were applied from the first printing cylinder; brown and a darker green were applied from the second. As in the Cluistmas 1968 issue, only two plate unmber positions were available in the panes of 50. In this case, because of the horizontal format, the plate numbers appear on the upper and lower selvage. The selvage contains a plate number and an indicia opposite each stamp. The 1968 selvage contained only the ZIP Code marking; the 1969 stamp shows both the familiar "Use ZIP Code" in brown and "Mail Early" in red. The stamp size was altered by the Huck cylinder plates to 0.82 by 1.58 inches.

CRIPPLED CHILDREN AND ADULTS COM-MEMORATIVE—ISSUE OF 1969



The Golden Anniversary convention of the National Society for Crippled Children and Adults occasioned the issue of a commemorative focusing attention on rehabilitating the crippled. This society is familiar to many people because of the annual Easter Seal campaign.

The vertical design of a child's silhouette gradually using from a wheel chair, was printed by offset press—the first pass applied yellow and given; blue and red was applied on the second pass. The Grori press produced white, blue, and black in one pass. First-day ceremonics were held in Columbus, Ohio, on November 20, 1969.



Because of a rate increase for special delivery mail service, a new 45-cent special delivery stamp was issued November 21, 1969, at New York, N.Y., during the annual American Stamp Dealers Association National stamp show. Although it is for regular use, the stamp size is 0.84 by 1.44 inches, in panes of 50.

The horizontal design was printed in red, white, and blue on the Grori press.

HARNETT "AMERICAN PAINTING" SERIES COMMEMORATIVE --- ISSUE OF 1969



WILLIAM M. HARNI LT

The ninth stamp in the American Painting series was the last commemorative for 1969. It was based on a painting by William Harnett entitled *Old Models*, a still life which hangs in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. Museum and postal officials combined to have an interesting first-day ceremony when the 6-cent stamp was released on December 3, 1969, in Boston, Mass.

This vertical design, issued in the jumbo size, measures 1.05 by 1.80 inches, in post office panes of 32. By the combination of offset and Giori presses, it was printed with seven inks. The first offset inn applied velow and red; blue and black was applied on the second run. A different red and a different black and green was produced on one pass through the Giori press.

6-CENT NATURAL HISTORY COMMEMORATIVE SERIES ISSUE OF 1970



The American Museum of Natural History in New York City was honored on the occasion of its centennial year with the release of four jumbo-sized commemoratives on May 6, 1970, when impressive first-day ceremonies were held in the Museum's Akeley Memorial Hall.

The artists who produced three a designs based them on actual displays Museum. The fourth design was taken lartist from the central portion of his 110-foot mural, The Age of Reptiles, wh painted in Yale University's Peahody um. The four themes were selected to

attention on environmental problems, extinction in the past as well as survival in the future.

These stamps, issued setenant, horizontal format, proved to be a complex punting job. Eight inks were required. The first three

passes by offset lithography applied the two vellows, then red and blue followed by two greens. The two browns were added on the Giori. This issue was released in post office panes of 32, measuring 1.05 by 1.80 of an inch.

FIRST-DAY COVERS

- 1. Cover collectors are required to submit legibly addressed envelopes to the postmaster in the city scheduled for first-day sale, with remittance to cover the value of the postage to be affixed Collectors should bear in mind that the first-class rate (6 cents domestic, 13 cents foreign) is applicable on all first-day covers, even though they are not scaled and contain no written message. All envelopes should measure approximately 3¾ by 6½ inches. THE PHILATELIC SALES UNIT DOES NOT PREPARE NOR SELL FIRST-DAY COVERS.
- 2. The servicing of first-day covers by the Postal Service is done specifically for the benefit of individual collectors. Therefore, we will not accept orders for an unreasonable amount of covers.
- 3. Orders for MINT (uncanceled) postage stamps of the new issue MUST NOT BE INCLUDED WITH REQUESTS FOR COVERS. Unused postage stamps should be purchased at the collector's local post office, or from the Philatelic Sales Unit, U.S. Postal Service, Washington, D.C. 20013. ORDERS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES FOR MINT STAMPS SHOULD BE ACCOM-INTERNATIONAL PANIED BY ΛN MONEY ORDER OR DRAFT DRAWN ON A U.S. BANK,
- 4. Sufficient space must be allowed for the stamp, or stamps, and the postmark, with allowance being made for the format of the stamp—horizontal or vertical. In all instances the address should be written low and well to the left.
- 5. Each cover should bear a pencil endorsement in the upper right corner to show the NUMBER of postage stamps to be affixed, such as 1, 2, or 4. Do not write lengthy instructions on the cover.
- 6. To insure clear postmark impressions and to prevent mutilation in canceling machines, a filler of postal card thickness should be inserted in the envelopes to prevent buckling, with the envelope flap either turned in or sealed. This filler should fit as closely as possible to assure an unbroken cancellation impression. Thick or bulky enclosures often result in damage to the envelope and seldom permit satisfactory cancellation.

- 7. Envelopes previously used and beating canceled stamps and postmarks, are not acceptable as first-day covers. Such covers will be returned unserviced.
- 8. Special annual envelopes, with red, white, and blue borders, are not valid for mailing unless additional postage equal to the airmail rate is affixed (see par. No. 17 in regard to the placing of additional postage on envelopes) prior to forwarding the covers to the first-day office,
- 9. Covers prepared directly or indirectly in violation of the postal regulations will not be accepted. Only the new issue will be affixed to covers. Requests for postage stamps of other varieties will not be accepted and the cover will be returned.
- 10. The outside envelope or covering wrapper should be endoised "FIRST-DAY COVERS," and the name of the stamp, to permit ready identification at the first-day office. Requests for first-day covers of the different issues should always be sent in separate mailings, preferably 3 weeks before the actual date of release of each new stamp.
- 11. Outer envelopes and wrappers containing first-day cover orders must be postmarked no later than the day of issue.
- 12. Remittance should preferably be made by money order or certified check. COINS AND CURRENCY ARE TRANSMITTED STRICTLY AT THE RISK OF THE SENDER. ORDERS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY INTERNATIONAL REPLY COUPONS. When distinctive airmail envelopes are used for covers, coupons to cover the applicable airmail rate should be enclosed.
- 13. Postage stamps, personal checks, as well as foreign coins and currency, will not be accepted in payment of the new stamps required for affixing to covers,
- 14. Letters enclosed in packages of first-day covers should be short and legible. They must not include inquiries on general postage stamp matters or lengthy instructions in regard to the servicing of covers.
- 15. The letter of instructions and remittance must always be sent in the envelope containing the covers to be serviced.
- 16. Hand postmarking stamps are used only to apply cancellations on mail matter which cannot be canceled by machine.

17. Sufficient space must be left in the upper right corner of the envelope for the placement of the new stamp, when other issues are affixed to the cover before being submitted to the first-day office.

18. An outside envelope must not be sent for the return of first-day covers, as the post office will not service unaddressed covers.

19. Collectors desiring specialized service, such as unaddressed covers, maximum cards, bull's-eye cancellations, marginal markings, etc., are expected to make arrangements with dealers, or an agent at the first-day sale office, to take care of their requirements.

20. Cacheted envelopes bearing a pictorial design specifically relating to the commemoration of a special event are manufactured by private firms and are available through cacheted envelope manufacturers, stamp

dealers, or stamp sections of many department stores. Covers of past issues are also available through these sources.

21. There is no manner of tracing envelopes sent through the ordinary mail and no record is kept of each cover dispatched. If all covers are not received, submit a full description of the missing envelopes to the FIRST-DAY POSTMASTER approximately 3 weeks after the first-day sale, giving size, number of stamps affixed, and description of printed cachet, if any.

22 When damaged or improperly serviced covers are received, they should be returned immediately to the FIRST-DAY POSTMASTER for adjustment. Only plain envelopes are available for replacement purposes. If cacheted covers are desired, new covers should accompany the spoiled ones.

SUMMARY

United States adhesive postage stamps were first issued under act of March 3, 1847, and placed on sale at New York, N.Y., July 1, 1847.

Books of stumps were first issued April 16, 1900.

Coils of stamps were first issued February 18, 1908.

Postal cards were first issued May 1, 1873, under act of June 8, 1872.

Airmail postal cards were first issued January 10, 1949,

Stamped envelopes were first issued in June 1853 under act of August 31, 1852.

Printed stamped envelopes were first issued in the spring of 1865.

Newspaper wrappers were first issued in October 1861 under act of February 27, 1861. Giori presses were first used in printing

Giori presses were first used in printing American Flag stamp issued July 4, 1957.

Precanceled postal cards were first issued November 19, 1962.

Luminescent-tagged stamps were first issued August 1, 1963.

New 9-color Huck press was first used to print the Christmas issue on November 1, 1968.

The Post Office Department ordered an experiment aimed at speeding holiday mail and reducing costs to begin November 4, 1969, at four sites—New Haven, Conn., Atlanta, Ca., Baltimore, Md., and Memphis, Tenn. These post offices were furnished plates for precanceling the 1969 Christmas stamp and instructions for the sale and use by patrons. Other Christmas postage has been precanceled according to former regulations in years past. This new procedure differs because it was ordered by the Department specifically for experimental purposes, disregarding certain precanceling regulations.



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|---|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|---|---|
| title of stamp | first-day issued | , | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| 1933 | | | | | | | |
| 3¢ Oglethorpe | Feb. 12, 1933 | C. A. Huston | J. Eissler | E. M. Hall. | 200,000 | 61, 719, 200 | 21096-21111 |
| 3¢ Proclamation of Peace | Apr 19, 1933 New hungh, N Y. | A. R. Melssner | L. S Schoffeld | W. B. Wells. W. B. Wells | 349, 5,7 | 1 73, 352, 400 2 3, 034 000 | 21118-21124 |
| 1c Chicago Century of Progress | May 25, 1933 Chicago, 111 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr L. S. Schofield | L. S. Schofield | W. B Wells | | 3 240, 556 1 345, 246, 500 4 11, 417, 600 | 21131-21136, 21139-21142 |
| 3¢ Chicago Centur; of Progress | May 25, 1933. Cheago, 111 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | J. Eissler | E.M Hall | 33, 251 | 5 2 467 500 1 450, 239 300 • 11 029, 300 | 21125-21130, 21137, 2113S |
| 1¢&3r Chicago Century of Progress souvenir sheets | Aug. 25, 1933 Chicago, III. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr J Eissler | J Eissler | E M. Hall | 65, 212 | 62, 147, 850 | Special imperforate sheets of 25, ungummed 1-tent 2145, used at |
| | | | | | | | Chicago, 21134 used at Bureau of Eneraving 3-cent 2114t, used at Chicago 21140 used at |
| 3c NRA Emergency | Aug 15, 1933 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | L. S Schoffeld | W. B. Wells | 65,000 | 1, 978, 707, 300 | 21151-21155, 21161-21166 |
| 50c Graf Zeppelın | Oct 2, 1933 | V. S McCloskey, Jr | J. C Benzing | W. B Wells | 3,500 | 324, 070 | 2117, 2117, 21175 |
| 3¢ Little America | Oct. 9, 1933 Philatelic Agency | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | J. C Benzing | | 26 000 | 5, 735, 144 | 21167-21170 |
| 59 Kosciusko | Oct. 10, 1933 Kosemsko, Miss. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr J. C Benzing | J. C Benzing | E. M. Hall | 133, 351 | 45, 137, 700 | 21173-21176 |
| | Chicago, III., Detroit. Mien., Ruffalo V. V. | | | | | | |
| | Boston, Mass., St. Louis, Mo., Pittsburgh, Pa. | | | | | | |

See footnotes at end of table.

| ### 1984 1984 Feb. 10, 1934 V. S. McCloskey, Jr. 34 Maryland Mar. 23, 1934 A. B. Meissner Marylany City, N.Y. 35 Maryland Marylany City, N.Y. 35 Mothers Marylany City, N.Y. 36 Misconsin Marylany City, N.Y. 37 Mothers Marylany City, N.Y. 38 Misconsin Marylany City, N.Y. 39 Misconsin Marylany City, N.Y. 30 Misconsin Marylany City, N.Y. 30 Misconsin Marylany City, N.Y. 31 Marylany City, N.Y. 32 Mothers Marylany City, N.Y. 33 Marylany City Marylany City 44 Marylany City Marylany City 45 Mesalvefe Nather Nather Marylany City 46 Mesalvefe Nather Nather 47 Mesalvefe Nather Nather 48 Mesalvefe Nather Nather 49 Mesalvefe Nather Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 41 Mesalvefe Nather 42 Mesalvefe Nather 43 Misson 44 Mesalvefe Nather 45 Mesalvefe Nather 46 Mesalvefe Nather 47 Mesalvefe Nather 48 Misson 49 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 41 Mesalvefe Nather 42 Mesalvefe Nather 43 Misson 44 Mesalvefe Nather 45 Mesalvefe Nather 46 Mesalvefe Nather 47 Mesalvefe Nather 48 Mesalvefe Nather 49 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 41 Mesalvefe Nather 42 Mesalvefe Nather 43 Mesalvefe Nather 44 Mesalvefe Nather 45 Mesalvefe Nather 46 Mesalvefe Nather 47 Mesalvefe Nather 48 Mesalvefe Nather 49 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalvefe Nather 41 Mesalvefe Nather 42 Mesalvefe Nather 43 Mesalvefe Nather 44 Mesalvefe Nather 45 Mesalvefe Nather 45 Mesalvefe Nather 46 Mesalvefe Nather 47 Mesalvefe Nather 48 Mesalvefe Nather 49 Mesalvefe Nather 40 Mesalv | | Dugiavers | Covers | Quantitus | Plate Nos. |
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| Luttle America Feb. 10, 1934 | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| Mary Souvent Sheet. Mary land. May 2, 1934. May 1, 1934 | | , m d H | | 000 | |
| Maryland St. Mary City, Mothers May 2, 1934 Nothers May 2, 1934 Washington, D.C. Wisconsin July 7, 1934 Green Bay, Wisc July 16, 1934 Yosemite Nather, July 31, 1934 Jul | Penzing | F. Lamasure | 450, (15) | 9 1, 788, 400 10 252, 360 | Engraving and Punting 21187, used at NYC ev- |
| May 2, 1934 Washington, D.C. Wisconsin Taly 7, 1934 Green Bay, Wisc Yosemate National Park, Taly 16, 1934 Total Park, Taly 24, 1934 Grand Canyon, Aug 3, 1934 Aug 3, 1934 Longmire, Wash, Mean Verte National Park, Colo July 30, 1934 Mean Verte National Park, Total | J. C. Benzing | E. M. Hall | 148, 785 | 11 1, 603, 200 46, 255, 300 | мыт. 21188-21191, 21146-21149 |
| Wisconsm July 7, 1934 Green Bay, Wisc. July 16, 1934 Yosanie Na- nonal Park, July 24, 1934 Grand Canyon, Ang Ang, Ang 3, 1934 Longmure, Wash, Mean Verde Na- tonnal Park, Colo July 30, 1934 Mean Verde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 Mean Verde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 30, 1934 West New Forde Na- Longmure, Wash, July 40, 1934 West New | J. C. Benzing | E M. Hail | 183, 359 | 12 15, 432, 200 13 193, 239, 100 | 21202-21205, 21210-21219, |
| National Parks | G. T. Arlt | E. M Helmuth | 130,000 | 1 64, 525, 400 16 1, 991, 600 17 303, 348 | 21238-21245. |
| July 16, 1034 Yosemate National Park, Calab Park, Grand Canyon, Argania Canyon, Ang 3, 1034 Longmre, Wash, Sept 25, 1034 Mean Verde National Park, Colo July 30, 1934 Vallow store | | | | | |
| Tuly 4, 1964 Grand Canyon, Any 1, 1964 Ang 3, 1964 Longmure, Wash. Sept 25, 1934 Mean Verde Natural | J. C. Benzing | W. B. Wells | 60, 000 | 1 84, 896, 350 1, 2, 883, 000 19 334, 636 | 21246-21253. |
| Aug. 3, 1334 Longmue, Wash. Sept 25, 1934 Mean Verde Natural Park. Colo July 30, 1934 Marketone | L. S. Schofield | W. B. Wells | 75,000 | 24 1, 679, 760 1 74, 400 200 21 2, 423, 800 | 21254-21261 |
| Sept 25, 1934. Mean Varde National Park. Colo July 30, 1934. Volton strone | J. C. Benzing | W. B. Wells | 64, 500 | 2321,840 1 45,059,000 2 1,579,400 | 21262-21265-21274-21277, 21332. |
| Colo July 30, 1434 Volton stone | C. T. Arit. | E. H. Helmuth | 51,882 | 1, 295, 520 1, 295, 520 1, 19, 175, 650 21, 544, 200 | 21325-21331. |
| 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | C.T. Arit | W. B Wells | 87,000 | 130, 980, 100 28 1, 454, 000 | 21275-21251 |
| 6c | L. S. Schofield | D. R. McLeod | 45, 282 | 39 270, 576 1 16, 923, 350 30 1, 386, 600 11 259 046 | 21320-21323 |

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| 21343-21336 | 21324-21327. | 21316-21319. | 21337 21439, 21340, 21342 | 21303 | 213141 | 21312-21315. | 21319-91315. | | 21391-21396. | 21405-21410. | 21455-21466 | 21467, 21464-31471 | 21473-21476 | | 21491-21502 | 21537-21540 | 21559-21562 |
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| 1 15, 988, 250 23 1, 425, 000 | 115 288 700 | 117, 472, 644 3, 1, 373, 600 | 1. 231, 0.24 1. 18, 574, 300 34, 1, 331, 600 | 40 511, 391 40 3, 06× 346 | 40 743, 551 | 9, 213, 750 | 42 1 146 500 | 43 223, 760 | 70, 726, 800 | 100, 839, 600 | 73,610 650 | 75, 823, 400 | 10, 205, 400 | | 72, 517, 850 | 124, 324, 500 | 67, 127, 650 |
| 51, 312 | 43,650 | 52, 626 | 39,000 | 40,000 | 125,000 | 40, 171 | 171, 980 | } | 217, S00 | 214,042 | 166, 180 | 176, 962 | | 15,000 | 72,981 | 319, 150 | 245, 400 |
| D. R. McLeod E. H. Helmuth. | D. R. McLeod | W. B. Wells | E. H Helmuth | W. B. Wells | W. B. Wells | E. H. Helmuth | - | | W. B. Wells | W. B. Wells | E M. Hall | Е. М. ПаП | W. B Wells. D. R McLeod. | E. M. Hall | E. H. Helmuth | W. B. Wells | W.B Wells D. R. McLeod. |
| J. C. Benzing | C. T. Arlt | C. T. Arlt | L. S. Schoffeld | J. C. Benzing | J. C. Benzme | J. Eissler | | | J. C. Benzung | C. T. Arlt | C T. Arlt | L. C. Kaufimann. | C. T. Arlt | | J. Eissler | C. T. Arlt. | F. Paumg C. T. Arlt |
| V. S. McCloskey, Jr J. G. Benzung | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | Esther A. Richards | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. suggested by Presi- dent F. D. Roosevelt. | | | V.S. McCloskey, Jr | A. B. Meissner | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | A. B. Meissner | A. E. Meissner | | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | A. B. Meissner. | A. R. Meissner |
| Oct. 2, 1934 Bar Harbor, | Sept. 18, 1934. Zion National | Aug. 27, 1934. Glacier Park. | Oct. 8, 1934 Gatlinburg. | Aug. 28, 1934 | Oct. S, 1934 | Ang. 30, 1934. | Mar 15 1935 | Washington, D.C. | Apr. 26, 1935 | May 29, 1935. | Sept. 30, 1935 Boulder City, | Nov. 1, 1935 | Nov. 22, 1935. | San Francisco, Calif. Washington, DC | Feb. 10, 1936. Washington, DC. | Mar. 2, 1936. Gonzales, Tex. | May 4, 1936. Frovidence, R.I. of table. |
| 32 | 38 | 36 | | 3¢ National Parks souvenn sheet. | 1¢ National Parks | | Too Snaem lisema of | j | 3¢ Connecticut | 3¢ California-Pacific | 3¢ Boulder Dam | 3c Mehigan | 25¢ Trans-Pacific | 1996 | 16c Special Delivery Arman | (bicolor). | 35 Rhode Island See footnotes at end of |

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| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | vers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
| title of stamp | first-day ıssued | • | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| 3c 4 souvenir sheet (Connecticut Cali- | May 9, 1036. New York, NY. | | | | 207, 194 | 11, 236, 156 | 11, 230, 156 21557, 21558. |
| gan. Texas.) | June 15, 1936. Little Rock, Ark. | A. R. Melssner | C. T. Arlt | W. B. WellsE. M. Hall. | 376, G13 | 72, 992, 650 | 21564-21567. |
| of Oregon | Lewiston, Idaho | A h Metsandi | | G L. Huber. | 86, 100 | 12, 401, 100 | |
| | Astoria, Mont | | | | 97, 76 91, 110 106, 150 | | |
| 3¢ Susan B. Anthony | Daniel, WyoAug. 26, 1936Washington, D.C. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C. T. Arit. | E M. Hall | 67, 013 178, 520 | 269, 522, 200 | 21588-21591, |
| 1987 | | | | | | | |
| 20¢ Trans-Pacific Airmail. | Feb. 15, 1937 | A. B. Meissner | C. T. Arit | W. B. Wells D. R. McLeod | <u> </u> | 12, 794, 600 | 21622, 21623, 21626, 21627. |
| 50¢ Trans-Pacific Airmail. | Feb. 15, 1937 Washington, DC | A. R. Melssner | C. T. Arit. | W. B. Wells. D. R. McLeod Alton Payne. | 40,000 | 9, 285, 300 | 21624, 21625, 21628, 21629 |
| ARUT AND NAUE | | | | | | | |
| 1¢ Arm) | Dec. 15 1436 | William K. Schrage | M. D. Fenton | E. M. Hall. | 200 750 | 105, 196, 150 | 21600-21603. |
| 1¢ Navy | Dec. 15, 1936 | A R. Meissner | C. T. Arlt. | W. B. Wells | 1 001,000 | 104, 773, 450 | 21604-21607 |
| 2c Army | Jan. 15, 1437 | William K. Schrage | J. C. Kaufmann. | E. M. Hall | - 02 | 93, 848, 500 | 93, 848, 500 21608-21611 |
| 2¢ Navy | Jan. 15, 1937 | A. R. Meissner | J. Eissler. | E M. Weeks |) 0/6 5/6 1 | 92, 054, 550 | 92, 054, 550 · 21612-21615 |
| 3¢ Army | Washington, D. C. Feb. 18, 1937 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | E. Pauling | E. M Weeks] | 000 000 | 87,741,150 | 87, 741, 150 21634, 21636-21638. |
| 3¢ Navy | Feb. 18, 1937 | A. R. Meissner | L. C. Kaufmann. | W B. Wells | 700, 000 | 93, 291, 650 | 21630-21633. |
| 4¢ Army | Mar 23, 1937 | William K Schrage | L. C. Kaufimann. | E M. Hall | 221 000 | 35, 794, 150 | 21651-21654. |
| 4¢ Navy | Mar 23, 1937 Washington, D.C. | A. R. Meissner | J. Eissler | W. B. Wells | 700 1700 | 34, 552, 950 | 34, 552, 950 21655-2165S |

| 21684-21683. 21684-21687. 21695-21694. 21695-21706 21705-21706 21710-21713. 21730-21734 | 21835-21565, 21401-21904, 22186, 22186, 22181, 22197, 22186, 22181, 22197, 222031, 22665-2281, 22531, 22665-22814 21835, 21837 21835, 21837 21837, 21837 21837, 21837 21837, 21837 21967, 21943 21967, 21967 21964, 21966 |
|---|---|
| 36, 839, 230 36, 819, 050 84, 825, 250 5, 277, 445 25, 040, 400 90, 832, 300 75, 454, 450 77, 004, 200 81, 292, 430 76, 474, 550 | 349, 946, 500 |
| 160, 000 202, 800 180, 531 125, 134 164, 215 220, 370 230, 374 244, 054 225, 469 | 95, 121 116, 443 224, 903 124, 037 128, 339 127, 806 118, 097 118, 765 115, 820 98, 282 |
| E. M. Weeks W. B. Weils W. B. Weils C. A. Smith E. M Weeks W. B. Weils J. T. Vail G. L. Ilubei J. T. Vail | T. B. Wells J. T. Vall |
| P. Paulung. L. C. Kauffmann. G. L. Huber. C. T. Arlt. C. T. Arlt. C. T. Arlt. C. T. Arlt. J. Essler. C. T. Arlt. J. Essler. G. T. Arlt. J. Essler. | R. Ponekaut Chas. A. Brooks. J. Elssler L. C. Kaufmann. C. A. Brooks C. T. Arlt L. C. Kaufmann. J. R. Lowe. J. Elssler |
| A. R. Meissner. A. R. Meissner. A. R. Meissner. Esther A. Richards. William K. Schrage. A. R. Meissner. V. S. McCloskey, Jr. William Schrage and William Schrage and William Roseh. V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | William K. Schrage Blaine Rawlmson William K. Schrage |
| May 26, 1937. May 26, 1937. Annapole, Md. July 13, 1937. Marietta, O. New York, N.Y. Ashevulle, N.C. Ang 18, 1937. Honolult, Hawaii. Nov. 12, 1937. San Juan, P.R. Dec. 18, 1937. Dec. 18, 1937. | May 14, 1938 Saint Petersburg, Fra. Dayton, Ohio May 19, 1938. Philadelphia, Pa. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Thur 81, 1938. Washington, D.C. Thur 11, 1938. |
| 5¢ Army | FRESTDENTIAL SERIES ### Benjamin Frank- If George Washing- ton 19 ### Martha Washing- 20 John Adams 34 Thomas Jefferson ### James Madisol 55 James Manrie |

| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | vers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|----------|---|-----------------------------|
| title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| 7e Andrew Jackson | Aug 4, 1938 | William K. Schrage | C. A Brooks | J. T. Val | 98, 414 | | 22031, 22033 |
| 8¢ Martin Van Buren_ | Aug 11, 1938. | William K. Sehrage | C. A. Brooks | J. T Vail | 94, 857 | | 21968, 21970, 22349, 22350 |
| 9c William Henry | Aug. 18, 1938. | William K. Schrage | C. A. Brooks | J. T Vall | 91, 229 | | 22035, 22036 |
| 10¢ John Tyler | Sept. 2, 1938 | William K. Schrage | C. T. Arlt | J. T Vail | 84, 707 | | 22041, 22042, 22100, 22101. |
| 11¢ James K. Polk | Sept. 8, 1938 | R. L. Miller, Jr. | L. C. Kaufinann. | J. T Vail | 63, 966 | | 22043, 22044 |
| 12c Zachary Taylor | Sept. 14, 1938 | William K. Schrage | J. Erssler | J T. Vail | 62, 935 | | 22047, 23049. |
| 13¢ Millard Fillmore | Sept 22, 1938. | William K Schrage | F. Paulmg | J. T. Vail | 38, 965 | | 22073-27076 |
| 14¢ Franklın Pierce | Oct. 6, 1938. | William K. Schrage | L. C. Kauffmann, | J. T Vail | 49, 819 | | 22087-22090 |
| 15¢ James Buchanan | Oct. 13, 1935. | R. L. Miller, Jr | C. A. Brooks | J. T. Vail | 52, 209 | | 22124-22127 |
| 16¢ Abraham Lincoln. | Oct 20, 1938. | William K Schrage | C. T. Arlt | J. T Vail | 59, 566 | | 22129, 22130 |
| 17¢ Andrew Johnson | Oct 27, 1938. | William K. Schrage | L. C Kauffmann. | J. T Vail | 55, 024 | 1 | 22104, 22111. |
| 18¢ Ulysses S. Grant | Nov 3, 1938 | William A. Roach | F. Pauling | A. Payne | 53, 124 | | 22143, 22144. |
| 19¢ Rutherford B. | Nov. 10, 1938 | R. L. Miller, Jr | C. A Brooks | G.L Huber | 54, 030 | 1 | 22135, 22136 |
| 20¢ James A. Garfield. | Nov. 10, 1438 | William A. Roach | C A. Brooks | J T. Vail | 51, 971 | 1 | 22145, 22146, 22176, 22183, |
| 21¢ Chester A. Arthur. | Nov. 22, 1938. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | W. O. Marks | J. T. Vall | 44 367 | | 22112, 22113 |
| 22¢ Grover Cleveland | Nov 22, 1938. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | M. D. Fenton | J. T. Vall | 44 358 | 1 | 22147, 22148, 22221, 22330 |
| 24¢ Benjamin Harri- Son | Dec. 2, 1938 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | C. A Brooks | J. T. Vail | 46, 592 | | 22162, 22163. |

| 10, 895 | 232, 873 73, 043, 650 | Peks 225, 617 58, 564, 368 91952-21959 | 13 | 209, 860 47, 064, 300 <u>22</u> 091, 22002 | 352, 165 114, 439, 600 22289-22392 | eks 585, 565 101, 699, 550 22243-22946 | all 395, 644 72, 764, 550 22365-22373 | 111 63, 634 14, 768, 150 22381-22384. | 1 398, 199 51, 269, 600 22354-22388 | ils 230,974 67,813,350 22394-224001 | 11 295, 370 71, 394, 750 22438-22440, 22450 | - | 139, 905 | 150, 429 | - | | | ils 170,969 56,348,320 22474,22475. | ils154,836 53,177,110 22477-22479,22490. | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| F Pauling E.M Hall J Elssler G.L. Huber. | ton | C T. Arit E M. Weeks. | C. T. Arlt E. M. Hall | C T. Arlt W.B Wells | C A. Brooks E. M Hall | E. M Werks E M. Weeks. | J Eissler E M. Hall. | F. Pauling | C A. Brooks. J. T Vall | W. O. Marks W. B Wells. | C. T. Arlt F. Y. Hall. | M. D. Fenton W. B Wells. | | | | | | J. T. Arlt W. B. Wells. | C. T. Arlt W. B. Wells. | |
| V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | A. R. Meissner | R. L. Miller, Jr | A. R. Meissner | William A. Roach | C. Dale Badgeley | A. R. Meissner | A. R. Meissner | William A. Roach | William A. Roach | William E. Schrage | A. B. Meissner | | | | | | William A. Roach | William A Roach | |
| Sept 29, 1938 | Washmeton, D.C. June 21, 1938 | June 27, 1938. | July 15, 1938. | Aug 24, 1938 Des Momes, Iowa | Feb. 18, 1939 | Apr. 1, 1939 | Apr. 30, 1939 | May 16, 1939 | June 12, 1939 | Aug 15, 1939. | C.Z Sept. 25, 1939 New York, N.Y. | Nov. 2, 1939. Bismarck, N. Dak. | Nov 2, 1939 Pierre, S. Dak. Nov. S. 1939 | Helena Mont. Nov. 11, 1939 | Olympia, Wash. | | | Jan 29, 1940 | Jan. 29, 1940 Cooperstown, | |
| \$2 Warren G. Harding. S5 Calvin Coolidge. | | 3¢ Delaware | 3¢ Northwest Porritory | 3¢ Iowa | 3¢ Golden Gate | 3¢ New York World's | 3¢ Inauguration of | 30¢ Transatlantic Au- | 3¢ Baseball | 3¢ Panama Canal | 3¢ Printing | 3¢ 50th Anniversary of Statehood | (North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana | Washington). | 0761 | (Famous Americans) | AUTHORS | 15 Washington Irring- | 2¢ James Fenumore Cooper. | |

| Dengmination and | Date and place | Designer | Eng | Engravers | Covers | Onantities | Plate Voc |
|---|--|---|---|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | ·contractor |
| (FAMOUS AMERICANS) | | | | | | | |
| Atthors—Communed 56 Louisa May Alcott. 106 Samuel L Ciemens (Mark Twan) Pores | Eeh 5, 1940. Concord, Mass Feb 13, 1940. Hamilhal, Mo. | William A. Roach | C T. Arit. J. Eissler. C. T. Arit. C. A. Brooks | W. B. Wells | 134, 325 | 13, 201, 7:0 | 224-3, 23454 22456, 32456. |
| FUELS | | | _ | | | | |
| 1c Henry W. Lougfellow. 2c Join Creenleaf Whitter. 3c James Russell 5c Wall Whitman | Feb 16, 1140 Feb. 16, 1140 Feb. 16, 1140 Haverhill, Mass. Feb. 20, 1140 Feb. 20, 1140 Feb 20, 1440 Feb 20, 144 | Wilham A. Roach Wilham A. Roach Wilham A. Roach | C A Brooks C A Brooks W. O Marks C. A Brooks J Essler C A Brooks | N B Wells N B Wells W B Wells W B Wells | 160, 508 148, 423 145, 735 | 51 603 550 52 100, 510 51, 606, 580 | 22502, 22503 22505, 22500 22505, 2510 |
| 10¢ James Whiteomb | Feb 74 1040 | William 1 Rosoli | M D Fenton. | 13 to 10°cH. | | | |
| Riley | Greenfield, Ind. | | - C - T Dilumps | The state of the s | 191. 100 | 11, % | 2514, 2315. |
| | _ | | | _ | | | |
| 1¢ Horace Mann 2¢ Mark Hopkins | | Wilham A Roach Wilham A Roach | C T Ailt | J T Vail W B Wells J T Vail W B Wells. | 186, 854 | 52, 471, 160 52, 366, 440 | 52, 866, 440 22,524, 22,525 |
| 3¢ Charles W Ellot | Mar. 28, 1940. | William A Roach | C. T. Arlt. | J T \ all | 155,708 | 51,636 270 | 22527, 22525 |
| 5c Frances E. Willard. | | William A Roach | C T. Ailt. | J. T. Vail. | 140, 453 | 20 724,030 | 22530, 22532. |
| 10¢ Booker T. Vashington Scievitsis | Apr 7, 140 | William A Roach | C. A. Brooks | W B Wells | 163, 507 | 14, 125, 580 | 22.533, 22.535 |
| le John James Audubon. | Apr. 8, 1940 | William A. Roach | J. T. Vail. C. A. Biooks | W. B. Wells | 144, 133 | 54, 404, 000 | 22746, 22547. |
| | | | | | | - | |

| | | | | | - | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|--|
| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | អ្នក | Engravers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos |
| divises to artis | nance Amazen | | Vignette | Lettering | מוומונים | namid | 13 |
| 3¢ Pony Express | Apr. 3, 1940 Sacramento, | William A. Roach | C. A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson | 160, 849 | 46, 497, 400 | 22574-22582 |
| 3¢ Pan-American | Saint Joseph, Mo | William A Roach | C. T. Arit. | J. T. Vail. | 194, 559 | 47, 700, 000 | 22561, 22562. |
| 3¢ Idaho | July 3, 1940. | William K. Schrige | J. R. Lowe. | J & Edmondson. | 156, 429 | 50, 615, 150 | 22615-22618 |
| 3¢ Wyoming. | July 10, 1940. | A. R. Meissner | C.A Brooks | E H. Helmuth | 156, 709 | 50, 034, 400 | 2253-72586. |
| 3f Coronado | Sept. 7, 1940 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | C. A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson | 161, 012 | 60, 943, 700 | 22634-22637. |
| NATIONAL DEFENSE | N. Mex. | | | | | | |
| 1¢ | Oct. 16, 1940. | William A. Roach | C. T Arlt | W. B Wells | | 6, 081, 409, 300 | 22661-22664 22673, 22674, |
| 2¢ | Oct. 16, 1940 | William A. Boach | H. R. Rollins | W. B Wells | | | 29694, 22701, 22746, 22747, |
| 3¢ | Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. | William A. Roach | J. R. Lowe. | E H Helmuth | | | 22705, 22791, 2255, 2258, 2278, 22791, 22849, 22560, 22561, 22562, 22562, 22562, 22563, 22562, 225630, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 225630, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 225630, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 2256363, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 225635, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 22563, 225625, 225625, 225625, 225625, 225625, 225625, 225625, 225625, 22562 |
| | | | | | | 5 211 708 300 | 90165- 2468- 33475 23471 |
| _ - | | | | | | 200 (200 \$177 (2 | 22710, 2211, 2276, 2270, 2270, |
| | | | | | | | 22770, 22771, 2254, 2255, |
| | | | | | × 450, 053 × | | 22856, 22851, 22864, 22865, 22870, 22871 |
| | | | | | _ = = | | |
| | | | | | | 8, 384, 867, 600 | 22664-22672, 22677, 22678, 22688, 22684, 22690-22647, |
| | | | | | | | 22702-22705, 12712, 22713, 22750, 22751, 22772, 22773. |
| | | | | | | | 22786-22789, 22744, 22745, 2285, 2285, 22861, |
| | | | | | | | 22866, 22867, 22872- 22875, 22878, 22879. |

| 44, 389, 530 22hM-226N | 22706, 22707 22752-22756, 22584-22891, 2043, 2304, 23040, 2305, 23104-23114, 2316, 23160, 2314, 23175, 2353, 2355, | 2277-23.52, 23345, 33341. 22766-22731 | 22.60, 22.61. 22.74, 22.75. | 2775, 22779 | 2245-2245, 2396-2246, 2245-2246, 2345-2245, 2346-346, 2348-344, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348-241, 2346, 2348 | 2004 2007-2100 2154 2004 2007-2100 2154 2110, 2310, 2310-2310, 2310, 2310, 2313 2314, 2310, 2324-2327, 2344- 22104 2215 | 22466, 22467, 22484, 22940- 23001. 23001-23011, 23015-23022. |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 44, 380, 530 | 54, 574, 550 4, 476, 527, 700 | 67, 117, 400 | 78, 554, 550 42, 359, S50 59, S84, S50 | 11, 160, 600 | 63, 555, 400 20, 642, 713, 310 | 21, 272, 800 | Over 1, 000, 000, 000 1, 234, 915, 200 |
| 156, 146 | 182, 423 99, 846 | 87,712 | 74, 000 66, 225 57, 175 | 54, 580 | 155, 730 | 165, 746 | 178, 865 193, 500 |
| J. T Vail | J T Vail J S Edmondson J. T. Vail | J & Edmondson J T Vall | J S Edmondson J T.Vall. J S Edmondson J S Edmondson J T.Vall | J. T. Vail. | A.W Christensen. J. S. Edmondson | A. W Christensen. | A. W Christensen. |
| C T. Ark | C. T Arlt | J R. Lowe | J. R. Lowe J. R. Lowe | J. R Lowe | C. A Brooks J. S. Edmondson | L C Kaufimann. C T. Arlt. R. K. Barrik | C. A Brooks |
| William A. Boach C T. Arit J. T Vail | A. R. Meissner | William A. Roach | William A. Roach William A. Roach | Wilkim A. Roach | William A. Roach Mark O'Dea; William A. Roach. | William A. Rosch | Leon Hekuera Paul Manship |
| Oct 20, 1940 | Mar. 4, 1941. Montpeller, Vt. June 25, 1941. Washington, D.G. | Aug. 15, 1941 | Aug. 19, 1941. Baltimore, Md. Aug. 27, 1941. Philadelphia, Pa. Sept. 25, 1941. Kansas City Mo. | Oct 29, 1941 Saint Louis, Mo- | June I, 1942. Frankfort, Ky. July 4, 1942. Washington, D.C. | July 7, 1942 Denver, Colo. | Jnn. 14, 1943. Washington, D.C. Feb. 12, 1943. |
| 3c 13th Amendment to Constitution. | 1941 3¢ Vermont State- hood 6¢ Airmail | 10¢ Аітпац | 10¢ Airmail | 50¢ Airmaıl | 3¢ Kentucky State- hood. 3¢ Win the War, | 5¢ China | 1943 2¢ United Nations, 1¢ Four Freedoms |

| Covers Quantities Plate Nos | I 130, 054 19, 906, 046 This series of 13 stamps. I 45, 763 19, 999, 646 This series of 13 stamps. I 54, 220 19, 999, 646 The west printed on 200-16, 553 14, 999, 646 The American Bank Note Coopport Printed on 200-16, 553 14, 999, 646 The American Bank Note Coopport Printed on 200-16, 255 14, 999, 646 The American Bank Note Coopport Printed on 200-16, 255 14, 999, 646 Sach paire of 50 172, 285 14, 999, 646 Sach paire of 50 173, 784 14, 999, 646 Sach paire of 50 |
|--|---|
| Designer Vignette | (Unidentified employees of the American Bank Note Co.) |
| Date and place first-day issued bare 22, 1943 Christon, 111 Christon, 111 Christon, 112 Christon, 112 Christon, 112 Christon, 113 Christon, 114 Christon, 115 Christon, 11 | |
| Denomination and title of stamp OVERRUN COUNTRIES SERIES 54 Poland | 5c Luvembourg 5c Luvembourg 5c Netherlands 5c Netherlands 5c Prance 5c Greece 5c Algoslavia 5c Albania 5c Austra 5c Denmark 5c Neumark |

| 23145, 23146 | 23151, 23152. | 23162 23163 | (23170-23173, 23720 23721, 12316s, 2,3169, | | | 23,237, 232,39. | 23265-23267, 23276 | 23285-2328S 23244, 23244 | 23245-23215 23305 23306. | 128, 101-700 (23307-23312 | 23313, 23314. | 23324-23327 | 23335 23343. | 23334-23337 | 23354-23355, 23358 | 23305-23505 | | 23351, 23352 | 2334h-23400, 23405 | 2342\-23430 23435, 23435 | | 23467-23472 |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| 61, 001, 450 | 60, 605, 000 | 50, 129, 350 | Unlimited | 53, 479, 400 | | 61,617 350 | 75, 474, 350 | 133, 856 950 | 137, 321, 000 | 128, 101, 700 | 67 255, 000 | 128, 357 750 | 138, 863 000 | 111, 616, 700 | 308, 557, 700 | 170, 640, 000 | | 76, 455, 400 | 135, 927, 000 | 260, 339, 100 | 132, 274, 500 | 132, 430, 000 |
| 151, 472 | 136, 450 | 214 865 | 155, 563 | 176, 473 | 190, 660 | 228, 435 | 417, 450 | 391 650 | 400 279 | 390 219 | 426, 142 | 392, 300 | 460, 352 | 405,280 | 424, 950 | 397, 866 | | 466, 766 | 432, 141 | 402,756 | 463, 512 | 517, 505 |
| J T. Vail | J. S Edmondson. | A W Christensen. | E. M. Hall J. S. Edmandson. | A W.Christiusen, C A Smith | | C. A. Brooks A W Christensen. | A W. Christensen. | A. W Christensen. | E. II Helmuth | A. W. Chustensen. | J. S Edmonston. | J. S Edmondson. | G L Huber | C. A Smith | A. W. Christensen, | E. H. Helmuth | | A W. Christensta. | J. S Edmondson. | A. W. Christensen. | A. W. Christensen. | M. D. Fenton J. S. Edmondson |
| C. A Brooks | r C T. Arit | C A. Brooks. | L. S. Schofield | C. T. Arlt | | C. A. Brooks | C A. Brooks | C. A Brooks | C A. Brooks | C. A. Brooks | C A. Brooks | C. A Brooks | M. D Fenton | E. R Grove | C. T. Arlt | E. R. Grove | | C. A. Brooks | M. D. Fenton | E. R. Grove | C. A. Brooks | M. D. Fenton |
| V. S. McCloskey, J | V S McCloskey, J | William A Roach | C. A. Huston | William A Roach | | William A. Roach | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Ir | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | William K. Schrage | Wilham A. Roach | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | Ken Riley | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | James Buchanan Wuu | | William A. Roach | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr |
| May 22, 1944 Savannah, Ga | May 24, 1944 Baltimore, Md | Sept 27, 1944 | Oct 30, 1944 | Ō | Los Angeles, Calif. (Hollywood | Mar 3, 1945. | Apr. 25, 1945. | June 27, 1945 | July 11, 1945 | July 26 1945 | Aug. 24, 1945 | Sept. 28, 1945. | Oct 27, 1945 | Nov. 10, 1945 | Nov. 26, 1945 | Dec 29, 1945. | | Jan. 30, 1946 | Feb 26, 1946. | May 9, 1946 | June I, 1946 | Aug 3, 1946. Lowa City, Iowa. |
| 3¢ Steamship | 3¢ Telegraph | 3¢ Phdopmes | 13¢ & 17¢ Special Delivery | 3¢ Motion Pictures | | 3¢ Florida Statehood | 5¢ United Nations Conference. | 3c Roosevelt | 3¢ Iwo Jima | 1c Roosevelt | 2¢ Roosevelt Memoriai. | 3¢ Army | 3¢ Navy | 3¢ Coast Guard | 3¢ Alfred E. Smith | 3¢ Tevas Statehood | 9,61 | 5¢ Roosevelt | 3¢ Merchant Marme | 3¢ Honorable Dis- | 3¢ Tennessee State- | 3¢ Iowa Statehood |

| - | Dog worth | Dote ond wlive | Dommar | Engr | Engravers | Covers | Onsutities | Plate Nos |
|-----------|---|--|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|---|
| 4 | title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| ** | S. | Aug 10, 1946. | William K. Schrage | E. R. Grove | C. A Smith | 102, 448 | 139, 209, 500 | 2463-23466, 23473, 23474, |
| 35 25 | Centenary. Arrnaul (large size) Gen'l Stephen Watts Kearny. | Sept 25, 1946. Washington, D.C. Oct. 16, 1946. Santa Fe, N.M. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr Wilham K. Schrage | C. A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson. J. S. Edmondson | 3'46, 639 | 864, 753, 100 114, 681, 150 | 23484-244%, 23504-23510, 23515-23515, 23523-23526 25511-22514, 23514-23522, |
| | 1947 | | | | | | - | |
| స | 3¢ Thomas A Edison. | Feb. 11, 1947 | William A. Roach | C. T. Arlt. C. A. Brooks. | J T. Val. J Edmondson | 632, 473 | 156, 540, 510 | 23551-23564. |
| 路 | 5¢ Arrmail (small size). | March 26, 1947 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | C A. Brooks | A. W. Christensen | 342, 634 | 471, 903, 700 | Sheets, 23580-2358, 23580, 23580, 23580, 24511, 23711 |
| ਲੇਂ | 3¢ Pulitzer | April 10, 1947 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | C A Brooks | J S. Edmondson | 580, 870 | 120, 452, 600 | 23622-23627. |
| 35 | 3¢ Centenary[| May 17, 1947. | 1 | M. D. Fenton | A. W. Chr.stenscn. | 712, 873 | 127, 104, 300 | 23546-25777 |
| 15¢ | 15¢ Souvenir Sheet Centenary. | May 19, 1447. | E. L. Miller, Jr. | C. A. Brooks | A. W. Christensen. | 502, 175 | 10, 299, 600 | 5-ent 23592, 23600-23510, 23630, 23641 10-ent 23573, 23012, 2317- |
| 36 | Doctors | June 9. 1947Atlantic City, | C R. Chickering | C A Brooks | J. S. Bamondson. | 508,016 | 132, 902, 000 | 23656-23661, 23645, 23656 23642, 23642, 23633 23656-23661, 23645, 23666 |
| 36 | Ctah Centennial | July 24 1947 Salt Lake City, | C. R. Chækering | M. D Fenton | E. II. Helmuth | 456, 116 | 131, 968, 000 | 23686-23641 |
| 255 | 25¢ Airmail | July 30, 1947 San Francisco, | William K Schrage | E R Grove | C. A Smith | 201, 762 | 132, 956, 100 | 132, 956, 100 23607–23672, 23681, 23682, , 25615, 25616 |
| 일 기나기, | 15g Airmau | Capit. Aug. 20, 1947. New York, N.Y. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr., L. Helguera. | C T. Arlt | A.W. Christensen- | 230, 338 | 756, 186, 350 | 23653-23655, 24565, 24554, 24555, 25492, 25403, 25889, 25560, 25010, 25041 |
| 함 7-1- | 10¢ Airmad | Aug. 30, 1947. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | E R. Grove | A W Christensen. | 265, 773 | 207, 976, 550 | 23603, 23604, 23808, 23800, 75613, 95613 |

| 23710-23715. 23736-23739, 23744, 23745. | | 23653-23655, 23664. | 23716, 23717. | 23772-23777. | 23502-23507. | 23814-23822, 23825, 23826 | 23512-23514, 23816 | 2352+-23832 | 23841-23844. | 24855-23575 | 23846, 23%51 | 23853 23854, 23850, 23860 | 120, 868, 500 23535, 23836 | 23564-24567. | 23572-23875. | 238:10-23853. | 23584, 23885, 23888, 23581 | 23846-23899 | 23900-23903 | 23833, 22834. |
|--|------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 131, 488, 000 | | 121, 548, 000 | Unimited | 130, 709, 500 | 122, 650, 500 | 121 453, 500 | 115, 250, 000 | 64, 148, 500 | 117, 642, 500 | 77, 64%, 600 | 38, 444, 100 | 113, 474, 500 | 120,868,500 | 77, 500, 500 | 52, 214, 000 | 53, 955, 160 | 61, 120, 010 | 37,823,000 | 52, 975, 000 | 77, 149, 000 |
| 683, 416 | | 402, 179 | 142, 084 | 526, 154 | 434 504 | 459, 070 | 470,250 | 364,318 | 401, 423 | 385, 648 | 371, 265 | 406, 467 | 505, 130 | 347,070 | 365, 895 | 362, 170 | 401, 365 | 362, 000 | 475,000 | 386,064 |
| J. S. Edmondson A. W. Christensen. | - | J T. VailA W. Christensen. | A W Christensen | A. W Christensen | A W. Christensen- | E H Helmuth; | C. A Smith | A W Christensen- | J & Edmondson. | E M | A. W. Christensen. | J. S. Edmondson_ | J S. Edmondson | J. S Edmondson. | E H. Helmuth | A. W Christensen. | E. H Helmuth | E. H Helmuth | J. S. Edmondson. | R. K. Barrick |
| M. D. Fenton | | E. R Grove | C A Brooks | M D. Fenton | M D Fenton | M. D. Fenton | R M. Bower | C. T Ark | C. T. Arit | C A. Brooks | M. D Fenton | G. A. Gundersen | R M Bower | M D. Fenton | C. T Arlt | C. T. Arlt | G A. Gundersen. | C A. Brooks | M. D Fenton | A. W. Dintaman |
| Andrew H Hepburn Robert L Miller | - | William A. Roach; R. L. Miller. | V.S McCloskey, Jr | C. R Chickenng | William K. Schrage | C R. Chukering | V. S McCloskey. Jr | C. R. Chickering | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | Wıllıam A. Roach | V S. McCloskey, Jr | Leon Helguera, V. S. McCloskey, Jr.#, | V S. McCloskey, Jr. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C. R. Chickering | C. R. Chickening | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | C. R. Chukering | C. R. Chickering | C. R. Chiekerng |
| Oct. 21, 1947. Boston, Mass. Dec 5, 1947. Florida City, Fla. | | Jan 5, 1948 Tuskegee Insti- | Jan. 15, 1945. | Jan 24, 1948 | April 7, 1948 | May 28, 1948 | May 24, 1948 | June 4, 1948 | July 19, 1948. | July 31, 1945. Emporia, Kans | July 31, 1948 | Auc 2, 1945 Niagara Falls, | Aug 9 1948 | Aug. 11, 1948 | Aug. 14. 1948. | August 25, 1948 | Aug. 30, 1948. | Sept. 7, 1948 | Sept. 9, 1948 | Sept. 21, 1948 |
| C S.S Frigate Constitution Everglades National Park. | 19,8 | George Washing- ton Carver. | Aumail Coil | Ä | 7 | Four Chaplains. | Ξ | Ü | Centennial. Progress of Nomen. | White. | New York City | | ĮΨ | Salute to Youth | Oregon Territory | : Harlan Fiske Stone | Palomar Mountain Observatory. | Clara Barton | Poultry Industry | Gold Star Mothers. |
| 36 | | 쓣 | S. | ક્ષ | ä | స్ట | 36 | 常 | 36 | ૠ | Š | 청 | 8 | * | Š | ઝ | જુ | Ř | 36 | 36 |

| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engr | Engravers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
|---|--|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| use of stamp | IIISt-day Issued | 19 | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| & Fort Kearny | Sept. 22, 1948 | William K Schrage | G A. Gundersen. | A. W. Christensen | 429, 633 | 55, 332, 000 | 23907, 23405, 23412, 13413 |
| 3¢ Volunteer Firemen. | Oct 4, 1948 | William K Schrage | R. M. Bower | J. S. Edmondson. | 3'11, 630 | 56, 228, 000 | 23015, 23010, 23024, 23025 |
| 3¢ Indian Centennial. | Oct. 15, 1948. | Robert L Muller | C. A. Brooks | A. W Christensen. | 459, 528 | 57, 832, 000 | 23420-23423. |
| 3¢ Rough Riders | Oct. 27, 1948. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C. T. Arit | C. A Brooks | з9ч, 198 | 53, 575, 000 | 23947-23950 |
| 3c Juliette Low | Oct 29, 1948. | William K Schrage | G. A Gundersen. | A. W. Christensen. J. S. Edmondson. | 438, 414 | 60, 000, 000 | 23/154-23/156. |
| 3¢ Will Rogers | Nov 4, 1948. | C. R. Chickering | M. D. Fenton | A.W.Christensen. | 450, 350 | 67, 162, 300 | 23443-23416 |
| 3¢ Fort Bliss | Nov. 4, 1948 Fl Paco Tex | C. R. Chickering | C. A Brooks | A. W. Christensen- | 421,000 | 63 490,000 | 23435-23488 |
| 3c Moina Michael | Nov. 9, 1948 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C A. Brooks | E. H. Helmuth | 374,090 | 64, 074, 500 | 23465-23465. |
| de Lincoln's Gettys- burg Address. | Nov In 1948. | C. R. Chickering | R M. Bower | A W. Christensen. | 511, 949 | 63, 385, 000 | 23461-23464 |
| 3¢ American Turners Society. | Nov 30, 1446 | Alvın R Meissner | A W. Dintaman | C A. Smith | 434, 040 | 62, 285, 500 | 23434-23442 |
| 3c Joel Chandler Harris. | Dec. 1, 1948. | William A. Roach; William K. Schrage,4 | R M. Bower | W. B Wells. | 426, 199 | 57, 492 610 | 57, 492 610 23552, 23853. |
| 6761 | | | | | | | |
| 6¢ Aumail | Jan 18, 1949 Washington, D.C. | V. S. McClosky, Jr. | C. A Brooks | A W Christensen. J. S Edmondson. | 266, 790 | 5, 670, 005, 200 | 29973-23950, 23945, 2486, 24631, 24042, 24043, 24530, 24551, 2459, 24540, 27340, 25341, 25413, 25414, 25421, |
| 3c Minnesota Territory. 3c Washington & Lee. | Mar 3, 1949 Apr 12, 1949 Leymeron V. | C. S. Chickering | C A. Brooks | George A. Pavne George L. Huber | 455, 750 447, 910 | 49, 190, 000 104, 790, 000 | 25422. 24029, 24030, 24032-24035. 24336-24041 |
| 3c Puerto Rico | Apr. 27, 1441 | C. R. Chickering | G.A. Gundersen- | Gundersen- J.S Edmondson. | 340,416 | 105, 805, 000 | 24002-24065 |
| & Alexandra Airmal. | May 11, 1949 | C. R. Chickering | C. A. Brooks A. W Christensen. | A. W Christensen. | 386, 717 | 75, 085, 060 | 24053-24058 |

| Unimited 24135-24140. 117, 020, 000 24135-24140. 117, 020, 000 2413-24146 36, 613, 100 24147-24150 Unimited 24147-24150 24147-24150 24154, 2456, 2456, 2456, 2456, 24156, | 24160-21165. 24166-24169. 24185-24185 24193-24196 | 24.04, 24.206, 24.205, 24217. 24.205-24212, 24.215, 24219 242.34, 24236, 24236. 242.59-24.266 24.254, 24265. | 21366-21369. 24114-24117, 24130, 24131. 24436-24411 |
|--|---|---|---|
| 107, 340, 000 Unimited 117, 020, 000 122, 633, 000 36, 613, 100 Unimited 21, 061, 300 16, 217, 100 S0 405, 000 | 130, 960, 000 128, 478, 060 132, 070, 000 | 122, 170 000 130, 650, 000 131, 635, 000 121, S60, 000 131, 350, 000 121, 120, 000 129, 480, 000 | 119, 120, 000 112, 125, 000 114, 140, 000 |
| 240, 386 471, 646 371, 020 246, S33 105, 948 270, 000 220, 215 375, 555 | 388, 622 332, 623 .77, 743 420, 830 | 405. 330 876, 789 62, 972 334, 007 391, 419 352, 213 | 374,235 336,810 323,014 |
| Edward H Helmuth J. W. Christensen, J. S. Edmondson A. W. Christensen, Christensen Christensen Millam B. Wells, Sen W. Christen- Sen J. S. Edmondson, Sen A. W. Christen- Sen | J. S. Edmonson A. W. Christensen A. W. Christensen | A W Christensen. E II Helmuth E II Telmuth A W Christensen. J. S. Edmondson. J. S. Edmondson. J. S. Edmondson. | A.W Christenser. J. S. Edmondson. E. A. Helmuth |
| George A Gundersen C. A Brooks R. M. Bower C. A Brooks C. A Brooks G. A Gundersen M. D. Fenton C. A Brooks | G. A. Gundersen. J. S. Edmonson C. A. Brooks A. W. Christensen. C. A. Brooks A. W. Christensen. C. A. Brooks A. W. Christensen. | B. M Bower M D Fenton C A Brooks G. A. Gundersen G A. Gundersen M. D Fenton C. T. Arth | C. A Brooks C. A Brooks |
| C. R. Chuckering C. R. Chuckering William A. Roach C. R. Chuckering C. R. Chickering | C. R. Chickering V. S. McCloskey, Jr V S. McCloskey, Jr | V. S. McCloskey, Jr 4 W. K. Schrage C. R. Chuckerng 4 G. R. Chuckerng G. R. Chuckerng W. S. McCloskey, Jr B. L. Muller | G. R. Chukering G. R. Chukering V. S. McCloskey, Jr |
| May 23 1949. Ann 23, 1149. Nashington. D.C. Mag 24, 1149. Mathematon's Ind. Oct 7, 1149. Chicago. Ill. Nov. 18, 1949. Nov. 18, 1949. Nov. 18, 1949. Nov. 30, 1949. Nov. 31, 1949. Nov. 31, 1949. Seatle Wash. Dee 17, 1949. Kuty Hawk. | Jan 3, 1950 Saratoga Springs, N. N. T. 190 Nashington, D. C. Apr. 20, 1950 Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Apr. 21, 1950 Jackson, Tenn. | 6 0 4 6 3 6 | May 30, 1951 Norfolk, Va. Tuly 14, 1951 Genox, Nev. July 24, 1951 Detroit, Mich. |
| 8c Auman (coll) 3c G.A. R | 3c American Bankers. 3c Gompers | 3c Cateway to the 3c Eventive 3g Boy Scouts 3g Indana Territory 3c Jadicral 3c Cahfornia State- hood. 3c Legislative 3c Legislative | 35 U.C.V |
| TI-1 7-1-70 | | | ๛ ๛ ๛ <u>พ</u> |

| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | ryn Engr | Bngravers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------|------------------|--|
| cities of stamp | urst-day issued | | Vignette | Letterng | canceled | printed | |
| 3¢ Colorado | Aug. 1, 1951 | William K. Schrage | | G. A Gundersen. J. S. Edmondson. | 311, 568 | 114, 190, 000 | 21416-24451 |
| 3c Chemeal | Sept. 4, 1951 | C. R. Chickering | | II F. F Fichter., J. S Edmondson | 436, 419 | 117, 200, 000 | 24163-24166, 24473, 24474 |
| 20¢ Special Debrery | | (1) | (1) | , | 33, 193 | Unlimited | |
| 3c Battle of Brooklyn_ 1952 | | Dec. 10, 195. Brooklyn, N.Y. | | C. A Brooks J. S. Edmondson | 420, 600 | 116, 140, 600 | 24556-24561. |
| 3¢ Betsy Ross | Jan. 2, 1952 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | C. A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson | 314,312 | 116, 175, 000 | 24574-24579. |
| 3¢ 4-H Clubs | Jan. 15, 1952 | C. R. Cluckering | M D. Fenton | J. S. Edmondson. | 383, 290 | 115, 945, 000 | 24550-24553. |
| 3¢ B & O Railroad | Feb 28, 1932 | C B. Chukering 4 | C. A. Brooks | J S. Edmondson. | HI, 600 | 112, 540, 000 | 24603-24608. |
| 3c American Automo- | Mar. 4, 1952 | C R. Chickering # | R M. Boner | G. A. Payne | 520, 123 | 117, 415, 000 | 21611-24616 |
| 80¢ Aurmail. | Mar 26, 1952 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | G A Gundersen. | J. S Edmondson. | 89,864 | 18, 876, 400 | 24592-24594 |
| 3¢ NATO | Apr. 4, 1952 | C R Chiekering 44 | A W. Dintaman. | R. J. Jones | 313, 518 | 2, 849, 580, 000 | 24629-24646 |
| 3¢ Grand Coulee Dam. | May 15, 1952 | C. R. Chiekering | H. F Fichter | C. A. Smith | 341, 680 | 114, 540, 000 | 24047-24652 |
| 3¢ LaFayette | June 13, 1952 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | C A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson. | 349, 102 | 113, 135, 000 | 24061-21666. |
| 3¢ Mt. Rushmore | | William K Schrage | M D. Fenton | G. A. Payne | 337,027 | 116, 255, 000 | 21661-24674. |
| 3¢ Civil Engineers | Sept 6, 1952 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | M D. Fenton | J. S. Edmondson. | 318, 483 | 113, 860, 000 | 24675-24680. |
| 3c Women Armed | Sept. 11, 1952 | W. K. Schrage and R. | C A Brooks | J. S. Edmondson | 308,062 | 124, 260, 000 | 24051-24656. |
| 3¢ Gutenberg Bille | S | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | A. W. Dintaman. | J.S. Edmondson | 357, 078 | 115, 735, 000 | 24657-24692. |
| 3¢ Newspaper Boys | Ŏ | C. R. Chickering 44 | R M Bower | R. Jones | 626, 000 | 115, 430, 000 | 24(43-24018 |
| 3¢ International Red Cross | Nov. 21, 1952 | V. S McCloskey, Jr | C A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson. | 439, 252 | 136, 220, 000 | 24701, 24702, 24719, 21720 24725, 24726 |

| 24745-24750 | 24751-21754 | 24781-21764 | 24767-24772 | 24751-24786 | 24803-24806 | 24824-24834 | 24×9-24554 | 245.15-248.38, | 24867-24572 | 24851-24586, | 24881-24886 | 2488×-24843 | | 24894-24897. | | 24967-24970 | 24986-24989 | 24954, 24958, 27058, 27057, | 51710° 51714 | 2500S-25010. | | 25021-25024 | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 118, 706, 000 | 114, 1'10, 000 | 113, 940, 600 | 78, 415, 000 | 89, 289, 600 | 114, 865, 000 | 115, 780, 000 | 115, 244, 600 | 123, 701, 600 | 114, 789, 600 | 115, 734, 600 | 116, 134, 600 | | 115, 540, 000 | Unhmired | 115, 810, 000 | 113, 603, 700 | Unlimited | Unlimited | 121, 100, 000 | Unhmited | 116, 078, 150 | |
| 387, 618 | 407, 983 | 344,047 | 425,600 | 354,050 | 320, 541 | 410, 0.46 | 374, 750 | 424, 193 | 875.021 | 342, 600 | 387, 414 | 363, 250 | | 550, 745 | 340,077 | 401,015 | 341, 145 | 340,001 | 131, 839 | 630, 448 | 137, 139 | 371, 557 | |
| | G A. Payne | J. S Edmondson. | J. S Edmondson. | J S Edmondson | J. S. Edmondson. | J S. Edmondson. | R J Jones | G.L Muber | J. S. Edmondson | G. A Payne | J S Edmondson | R. J. Jones | | J S Edmondson. | J S. Edmondson. | J S Edmondson. | R. J. Jones. | G L. Huber | G L. Huber | J S. Edmondson. | G. L. Huber | J. S Edmondson. | |
| T | M. D Fenton | R. M. Bower | C A. Brooks | M. D Fenton | C A Brooks | C A Brooks | R M. Bower | A W Duntaman. | C A Brooks | M. D Fenton | R. M. Bower | A. W Dintaman. | | C. A Brooks | C. A. Brooks | A Brooks | R.M Bower | R. M. Bower | R. M Bower | C. A. Brooks | R M. Bower | C. A. Brooks | |
| The cutoffills of the control of the | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. 44 | C. R. Chickering 4 | Wilham K. Schrage | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C R. Chickering | Wulliam K. Schrage | William K. Schrage | Robert L. Miller | William K Schrage | William A. Schrage. | C. R. Chiekering | C. R. Chickering | | V S. McCloskey, Jr | C. R Chickerng | C. R. Chickerng | C. R. Chickering | C. R. Chickenig | C. R. Chickenng | William K. Schrage | C. R. Chukering | C. R. Chickering | |
| Washington, D.C. | Mar 2, 1953. | Mar. 2, 1953 | Apr 30, 1953 | May 29, 1953 Dayton, Ohio. | July 14, 1953 | Aug. 24, 1953 | Sept. 14, 1953 | Oct. 13, 1953 | Kansas City, Mo. Oct 27, 1953 | Nov. 11, 1953 | Nov. 20, 1953 | Dec. 30, 1953. Tucson, Ariz. | | Jan. 4, 1954 | Apr. 9, 1954 | May 7, 1954 Nebraska City. | May 31, 1954 Fort Leaven- | June 24, 1954 | June 30, 1954 | July 12, 1954. | July 20, 1954 | July 28, 1954. | of table. |
| | 3c Ohio Statehood | Ė | | 6¢ 50th Anniversary Powered | 5c 100th Anniversary Perry's Negous- | 3e American Bar | 3c Sagamore Hill | 3c Future Farmers | 3¢ Trucking Indus- | 3c Gen. George S. | 3c New York City | 3¢ Gadsden Purchase | 1954 | % Columbia Univer- | Statue of Liberty | 3¢ Nebraska Terri- torial. | 3c Kansas Terri- torial | 3c Starte of Liberty | 3c Liberty Booklet | 3c George Eastman | 3c Liberts sidewise | 3c Lew is & Clark Ex- pedition | See footnotes at end of |

| Ã | Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | ıvers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------|---|
| - | title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Letterng | canceled | printed | |
| 36 | le Geo Washington | Aug. 26, 1954. Chicago, Ill. | C. R. Chickering | R. M. Bower C. A. Brooks | J. S. Edmondson | 272, 581 | Unlimited | 25032, 25043, 2541, 2542, 26159, 26140, 26646, |
| \$100 | \$1 00 New Variety | Aug. 31. 1954 | V.S. McCloskey, Jr | L. C. Kaulmann. | G L. Huber | 20, 202 | Unlimited | 26607 26612 26613 25015-25020, 25025-25027. |
| * | Aumal | Sept. 3. 1954 | William K. Schrage 45 | W. O. Marks | В К Ватіск | 245, 720 | 50, 483, 600 | 25034, 25035, 25010, 25041 |
| ল | Thomas Jefferson | Sept. 15, 1954. | C. R Chickering | C. A Brooks | G. A Payne | 307,300 | Unlimited | 25514, 25915, 2524, 25576, 25557, 2588 |
| 3c | ic Washington side- | Oct S 1954 | C. R. Chickering | C. A. Brooks | J. S Edmondson. | 196, 318 | Unhmited | |
| 30c | Special Delivery | ŏ | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | M. D Fenton | J. S. Edmondson | 140, 809 | Unlumited | 25054, 25055, 25051, 25060. |
| র্ণ | 2c Jefferson sidewise | Õ | C. R. Chiekering | C A. Blooks | K. A. Barnek G. A. Payne | 162, 050 | Unlimited | |
| 华 | 45 Abraham Lincoln | | C R. Chickering | R. M. Bower. | J. S. Edmondson | 374,064 | Unlimited | 25075, 25076, 26365, 26373, |
| ដ | 5c James Monroc | Dec 2, 1054 Fredera ksburg, | C. R. Chrkering | A. W. Dintaman | J. S. Edmoudson | 255, 670 | Unlumued | 25087, 25088, 25040, 25041. |
| | 1955 | | | | | | | |
| ಜ | 3c Pennsylvania Academy of The | Jan 15, 1955. Philadelphia, Pa | V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C. A Brooks | R. J. Jones. | 307, 040 | 116, 139, \$00 | 25104-25107. |
| ઝ | 3c First Land Grant Colleges | e E | William K Schrage | A W. Dintanan. | R. J. Jones. | 419, 241 | 120 484 860 | 25117-25120 |
| æ | Rotary Interna- | Feb 23 1455. | C. R. Chickering 44 | R M. Bower | G. L Huber | 350, 625 | 53 554 750 | 25125-25128. |
| ઝ | 3c Armed Forces Re- | | C R. Chukerng | C. A Blooks | R. J. Jones | 300, 436 | 174 075,000 | 251.75-251.78. |
| 15c | Certified Mail | F | C R Chukering; | A W. Dintaman | R J Jones | 176,305 | 54 460,300 | 25179, 25180. |
| સ | 3c New Hampshire | June 21 1955 | William K Nehrage | R M Bower | J. S Edmondson. | 330, 630 | 125, 944, 400 | 125, 944, 400 251<3-25186. |
| æ | 3e žoo Locks | June 28 1955 Stuffe Ste. Mane, Mun | C. R Chickering Wilham K Schrage. | C A. Brooks | R J Jones | 316,616 | 122, 284, 600 | 122, 284, 600 · 25143-25198 |

| 25207–25210. 23231, 25.331, 25s97. 25s45- 25245–25248. | 25.51 25.72 2844 26.33 26.62 26.43 25.47 25.50 25.71 25.72 25.27 27.28 25.41 25.42 26.27 26.43 25.41 25.42 26.40 26.43 26.41 26.42 26.41 25.44 25.501, 25.42 25.43 25.44 | 23294 25300 25304, 25305 25325-25331 25304, 25308, 25309 25410 | 25380-25383 25380-25383 23381 25382 25884, 25889 | 3-ent 2842, 2844 2846, 2534, Secut Frames 2533, 2534 2532 1543, Center 2742 2533 3546, | 2544, 25374, 25375, 25446, 25457, 25445, 25347, 254461 | 25303 2534 25415, 25416 25429—25432 |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 133 6.35 550 Unhmited 115 664 600 | Unimited Unimited Unimited Unimited Unimited Unimited | Unkmited 129, 384–550 Unkmited | Unhmited 121, 184, 600 Unhmited Unhmited | 2, 400 731 | 119, 784, 200 | Unlimited |
| 351, 940 110, 220 342, 946 | 120, 16a 113, 972 80, 191 223, 122 257, 551 275, 897 | 200 111 . 351 260 { 270, 109 | 34, 272 | 429, 327 | 526, 090 292, 121 | 207 086 |
| G L Huber J S Edmondson R 5. Barnk | C. A. Brooks, R. J. Jones J. S. Edmondson J. S. Edmondson R. J. Jones G. A. Payne R. J. Jones | R J Jones J S Edmondson J S Edmondson | J. S. Edmondson J. S. Edmondson J. S. Edmondson | J S Edmondson J S Edmondson | G A Payne J S Edmondson | H. F. Sharpless. J. S. Edmondson |
| R M Bower C.A Brooks | M D Fenton R M Bower C A. Brooks. A W Dintaman C A Brooks M D. Fenton C A Brooks R M Bower | R.M Bower C.A. Brooks. C.A. Blooks C.A. Brooks | C. A Brooks | M. D. Fenton R. M. Bow er Alexander Peneau | A W Dintaman. | R M Bower |
| George R. Cox, V. S. McCloskey, Jr. 44 C. R. Chrekering Enrico Arno | C R Chrekerng: William K Schrige. C R. Chrekerng. V. S. McCloskey, Jr C R. Chrickerng. C. R. Chrickerng. V. S. McCloskey, Jr V. S. McCloskey, Jr V. S. McCloskey, Jr | C R Chickering C. R Chickering William K Schräge | C R. Chekering, V S. McClosky, Jr. C R. Chekering | V. S. McCloskey, Jr.4 | William K. Schnage Bob Hines, V. S McCloskey Jr 4 | C. R Chickering Bob Hines: V. S. McCloskey, Jr. |
| July 2s, 1955 Washington, D.C. Aug. 3s, 1955 Louisville Ky. Sept 18, 1955 Fort Thomderoga, | Sept. 21, 1955 Norfoll, V.2. Sept. 24, 1952 Richmond, V.2. Richmond, V.2. Oct. 7, 1955 Oct. 7, 1955 Oct. 70, 1955 Nashington, D.C. New York, N. Y Dec. 20, 1955 Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. Washington, D.C. | Jan 10, 1956 Staunton, Va. Jan 17, 1956. Philadelphia, Pa. Feb. 22, 1956. | Mar 19, 1956 Paterson, NJ Apr. 5, 1956 Booker T. Wissb- place, Va. Apr. 13, 1956 Charlottesville, | Va. Apr. 28, 1956 New York, N.Y. | Apr. 39, 1956. New York, N.Y. May 5, 1956. Fond du Lac, | June 14, 1956 |
| 3c Atoms for Peace 5de Susan B. Anthony. 3c Fort Treonderoga | 30¢ Robert E. Lee 40¢ John Marshall \$1.00 Patrick Henry ½¢ Benjamn Frank- in 6¢ Theodore Roose- velt. 3¢ Andrew W. Mellon | 7¢ Woodrow Wilson 3¢ Benjamm Frank- Im. Vernon | SS. 00 Alexander Hamilton. St. Booker T. Wash- ington. 20: Monticello | 11¢ FIPEX Souvenir Sheet 3¢ Ordinary Postage 8¢ Ordinary Postage Stamp. | 3¢ FIPEX | 9¢ Alqmo |
| | 13 | - | 8 | | | |

| Ă | Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | ıvers | Covers | Onantities | Plate Nes. |
|-----|------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|----------------------------|--|
| | title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | cunceled | printed | |
| * | Pure Food and | June 27, 1956 | Robert L Miller | C. A Brooks | J S Edmondson. | 411, 761 | 112, 432, 200 | 25437-25440 |
| 10¢ | 10¢ Independence Hall. | July 4, 1956 | C. R. Chickering | C A. Brooks | G. L Huber | 220, 930 | Unlimited | 25428 25424 25601, 25002, |
| 35 | 3¢ Wheatland | Aug. 5, 1956. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. M. | C A Brooks | J. S Edmondson. | 340, 142 | 125, 475, 000 | 2776S, 2776A, 27773, 27774 25475–25478. |
| * | 3¢ Labor Day | Sept 3, 1956. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | R. M. Bower | J S Edmondson | 338, 450 | 117,855,000 | 25484-25486, 25489. |
| 36 | Nassau Hall | Sept 22, 1956 | V S McCloskey, Jr.4 | R. M Bower. | J. S Edmondson | 350, 756 | 122, 100, 000 | 25469, 25470, 25473, 25474 |
| 왏 | A. | Sept. 24, 1956 Devils Tower, | C. R Chickering | A. W. Dintaman | R J. Jones | 285,090 | 118, 150, 000 | 25500-25503 |
| સ | ment. King Salmon. | Not 9, 1956 | Bob Hines; V. S. | M. D. Fenton | J S Edmondson. | 346, 500 | 109, 275, 000 | 25496-25499 |
| 8 | Children's | Dec. 15, 1956 | V. S McCloskey, Jr C. A. Brooks | C. A. Brooks | J S Edmondson. | 305, 125 | 100,975,000 | 22533-25536 |
| | 1957 | | | - | | | | |
| ķ | Alexander | Jan. 11. 1957 | William K. Schrage | R. M Bower | G A Payne | 305, 117 | 115, 299, 450 | 255",7-25600 |
| 36 | ď | Jan 15, 1957 | C. R. Chickering | C. A Brooks | J. S Edmondson. | 307, 630 | 186, 949, 250 | 25603-25606, 25647, 23649, |
| 36 | Coast & Geodetic | Feb. 11, 1957 | Harold E MacEwen; | M. D. Fenton | H F. Sharpless | 309, 931 | 115, 235, 000 | 25021-25024. |
| 36 | 4 | Feb. 23, 1957 | Robert J Schultz; | R M. Bower | R. K. Barnek | 368, 840 | 106, 647, 500 | 25625-25628 |
| ž | ii. | May 22, 1957 | Anthony Petruccelli, | R. M. Bower | J. S. Edmondson | 473, 254 | 112, 010, 000 | 25649-25702. |
| સં | H | June 10, 1957 | Richard A Genders; | R. M Bower | R J Jones | 365, 933 | 118, 399, 600 | 25724-25726, 25730 |
| | Jamestown Festival | | | | - | - | | |
| ä | Ö | June 14, 1957 Oklahoma City, | William E. Schrage | M. D. Fenton | G. L. Huber | 327, 172 | 102, 219, 500 | 25683-25686 |
| స్ట | Teachers of | July 1, 1957 Philadelphia, Pa | C. R. Chickering # | C A Brooks | R. J. Jones | 375, 186 | 103, 045 000 25735-25735 | 25735-25738 |

| 25711, 25712 | 25761-25764 | 25776-25779 | | Frame: 2577, 25772 Center 25505, 25608 | 25746 25797 | 257.05-25801. | | - | 25879, 25884. | | 25601-25693, 25405 | | 25942-25945. | 26524, 26525 | 113, 660, 200 25058-25061 | | 25462, 25463 | 25971-25974. | 25W4-25W7. | 25478 25485, 25490. 25443 26010 | 26017-26020 | 26025-26031. | |
|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| St 054, 400 | 63, 185, 000 | 126, 321, 580 | i | 41, 601, 600 | Unhmited | 122, 940, 000 | | 174, 372, 500 | | | 114, 365, 000 | | 122, 765 200 | Unlimited | 113, 660, 200 | | Unlimited | 120, 196, 550 | 120, 405, 200 | 125, 815, 200 | 108, 415, 200 | 107, 145, 200 | |
| 523, 871 | 356, 683 | 347, 432 | | 334, 555 | 111, 451 | | 260, 421 | 207, 856 | 342, 970 | 154, 327 250, 990 | 357, 770 | | 451, 212 | 223, SPR | 428, 073 | | 146, 530 | 326.988 | 475, 552 | 397,000 | 344, 801 | 445, 605 | |
| J S Edmondson. | G A Payne | J. S. Edmondson. | | G L Huber J & Edmondson | J S Edmondson. | R J Jones | | R V Bower G A Paying | | | R M. Bower J. S Edmondson | | J S. Edmondson | H. F Sharpless | R K Barrick | | I S Edmondson. | J S Edmondson | G A Payne | R J. Jones | R J Jones | R K Barrek | |
| C A. Brooks | A. W. Dintaman. | R. M Bower | | C. A. Brooks | M D Fenton | C. A. Brooks. | | P M Ruwer | | | R M. Bower | | C A Brooks | M D. Fenton | C. A. Brooks | | R M. Bower | C. A Brooks | M. D. Fenton | R. M. Bowei | M. D Fenton | R M Bower | |
| V S. McCloskey, Jr C | Alexander Nagy, Jr. | Mrs William Zorach; | Ervine Metzl, V. S. McCloskey, Jr.4 | Arnold Cupeland; E. Metzl, W. H. | V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | E. Metzl: | C R Chickering.45 | Rob Hinge O R | | | Robert Gensmann | | Denver Gillen; C. R. | C. R. Chickering. | Bradbury Thompson: | V. S. McCloskey, Jr 4 | V. S. McCloskey, Jr.; | Frank P. Conley, | Homer Ifull, C. R. | Ervine Metzl; C. R Chickering; W. K | Sthrage.4 Rene Clarke; V. S. | McCloskey, Jr 49 Arnold Copeland; R. L. Miller, 44 | |
| July 4, 1957 | Aug 1. 1957 | Aug. 15, 1957 Bath, Manne | | Aug 31 1957 Washington, D.C. | Sept. 3. 1977 | Sept. 6, 1357 | Easton, Pa | Louisville, Ky | Now York N.Y | New Orleans, La. | Dec. 27, 1957. Flushing, N.Y. | | Mar. 15 1958 | Mar. 22, 1955 | Apr 17, 1958 | Detroit, Mich. | Apr. 18, 1958 | Apr 28, 1958 | May 11, 1958 | May 31, 1955 | June 12, 1958 | June 25, 1958. Mackingw City & St. Temore Mah | ALL ABBREACH ATTACHES |
| A. | 1 | A ITHRU. Vuguna of Sagadahock. | | ä, | Special Denvery | La Fayette | | Whoming Chans | | | Flushing Remon- strance | 1958 | Ö | | Ä | and Inter- national | Paul Revere | 3¢ James Monroe | 7 | Ξ | Year. Gunston Hall | Mackinac Bridge | |
| 46 | ·** | , ; ; | • | ži. | 308 | 36 | | 34 | ड े | | ઝું | | S. | 站 | 청 | | 25¢ | 35 | 8 | 36 | ķ | ŧ | |

. St. ignace, Auch See footnotes at end of table.

| l | | | | | | ľ | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| natr | Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engr | Engravers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
| fitle of stamp | dm | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | Printed | |
| on B | ¢&& Simon Boltvar | July 24, 1958 Washington, D C | Arnold Copeland; Ersme Metzl, Wilham H. Buckley, Wilham K. Schrage 44 | C A Brooks | J S Edmondson II. F Sharpless | 708, 777 | 47 115, 745, 250 4, 39, 743, 640 | 20067–20060 Frame 20050, 2001, 20052 Center 20031, 20026 |
| naul S | 7¢ Airmail Sheet 19 | July 31, 1958 Philadelphia, Pa. | Wilhim H Buckley; Sam Marsh, | Robert J. Jones | | 204, 401 | 1, 326, 460, 060 | 26844-28547, 20177 26175 26355, 26386, 26444, |
| пап | 7¢ Airmail Coul # | July 31, 1958 | William II. Buckley; | Robert J Jones | | 151 603 | 157, 035, 000 | 26446, 26147 |
| liku | 7¢ Airmail Booklets 49. | July 31, 1958 | William H. Buckley, | Robert J. Jones | | 119, 769 | 542, 410, 300 | 26042 26043, 26173 |
| nau | 5¢ Airmarl Sheet | July 31, 1958 Colorado Springs, | E. R. Grove, V. S. McCloskey, Jr.4 | W O Marks | R K Barrick | 207, 454 | 72, 450, 000 | 20170 20453 20215, 26152, 26053, 26215, 26216 |
| ulo | 4¢ Lancoln Coil | July 31, 1958 | C. R Chukering | R M Bower | J S Edmondson. | 154, 074 | Unlimited | |
| oln | 4¢ Lancoln Booklets | July 31, 1958 | C R Cluckering | R. M Buwer | J S. Edmondson | 135, 5.25 | Unhmited | |
| mtic | 4¢ Atlantic Cable | Aug. 15, 1958 | George Guisti, W. K | C A Brooks | G A Payne | 365, 072 | 114, 570, 200 | 26076-26079 |
| -dlog | 4¢ Lincoln-Douglas | Aug 27, 1058 | Ervine Metri W K | M. D Fenton | R K. Banick | 373, 063 | 111, 860, 200 | 26105-26108 |
| N SO K | c & 8¢ Lajos Kossuth | Sept. 19, 1956. Washington, D.C. | Arnold Coreland, Ervine Metzl, William II Buckley, W. K. | R M Bower | J. S. Edmondson | 722, 188 | 47 120, 561, 260 48 44, 664, 576 | 20124-26127 Frame 2016 2002, 2008 2011 Center 2012, 2005, |
| ed of | 4¢ Journalism- Freedom of the | Sept. 22, 1958 Columbia, Mo | Lester Beall, Charles Goslin | R M. Bower | R K Barnek | 411, 752 | 115, 340, 200 | 26115-26115 26115-26115 |
| True Control | 4¢ Overland Mail | Oct. 10, 1958 | William H Buckley; | C A Brooks | J S Edmondson. | 352, 760 | 125, 770, 200 | 21.158-26161 |
| b W | 4¢ Noah Webster | Oct. 16, 1958 | C. R Chickering | A W Dintaman. | Dintaman. G.L Huber | 364, 60S | 114, 114, 280 | 26103, 26104, 26120, 26121. |
| | | | | | | | | |

| 2611", 26156 26157, 26107, 26107, 26170, 26107-26200 26105, 26166, 27965, 7746) | 26235–26228 26245–26243 26245–26271, 26243, 4-tent 26245 26241 5-tent 20244 26240 | 26,251—26,254 26,214, 20,265 26,214—26,302 26,304—26,306 | 26317-26320 2027-26274 26.253. 20284 26.350-26359 | 21,30%, 26,309 21,82%, 26,333-26,336 | 2034, 2635, 2636, 26365 2630-2639, 26307, 26432-26435 |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| 156, 609, 200 124, 200, 200 Unlimited | 90, 055, 200 120, 401, 200 120 740 200 47 133, 023, 250 44 45, 501 08S | 91 160 200 Unlimited 122 493, 280 131, 200 200 | 47, 125, 200 Unhmited 126, 500 000 Unhmited 123, 105, 000 | Unlimited 126, 105, 050 | 209, 170, 000 79, 290, 000 84, 815, 000 |
| 405, 959 421, 764 205, 680 | 459, 752 379, 862 452, 764 910, 208 | 437, 737 320, 000 361, 040 317, 770 | 503, 018 202, 454 894, 887 225, 569 337, 233 | 315,060 | 523, 773 383, 556 533, 464 |
| G L Huber G A Payne G A Payne | G. L. Hulber | H. F Sharplevs G. A Payne J. S. Edmondson | G A Payne G.L. Huber C.A Smith R. J Jones | J. S Edmondson G. A. Payne | R. K. Bartick R. J. Jones R. R. Burnell |
| C A. Brooks | C. A. Brooks C. A. Brooks M. D. Fenton | A. M. Duntaman M. D. Fenton Reuben K. Barrick. C. A. Brooks | M. D. Fenton M. D. Fenton C. A. Brooks R. M. Bower | A W. Dmtaman R. M Bower | C. A. Brooks |
| Rudolph Wendelin William H Buckley, Douglass Gorshne, V. S. McCloskey, Jr.4 C. R. Chnkenng; V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | Richard C. Lockwood; V. S. McCloskey, Jr.4 Errine Metzi, R. L. Miller.4 Robert Hallock Arrold Copeland; Errine Metzi, R. Willam H. Buckey, 4 Willam H. Buckey, 4 | William K. Schräge.** Ervine Matzl C. R. Chekering Stevan Dohanos, William K. Schräge.** George Samerjar, Poorge Samerjar, | Robert Baker; V. S. McCloskey, Jr. 41 C. R. Chekering Errne Metzi. C. R. Chikering 4. V. S. McCloskey, Jr. V. S. McCloskey, Jr. R. J. Miller and William K. S. Imrge. | R. L. Miller Arnold Copeland, Errane Metzl, William H. Buckley; A. L. Pollock; Gerald Trottor; | C. R. Chrkenness Stevan Dohanos: Nilliam K. Schrage.st Ausnin Briggs; Nilliam K. Schrage.st Joseph Feher; C. R. Chekering st |
| Oct. 27, 1938 | Jan. 3, 1959. Junean, Alaska. Feb. 12, 1959. Hodgenville, K.y. Feb. 14, 1359. Astoria, Oreg Feb 25, 1959. | Feb. 27, 1959. New York, N.Y. Mar. 16, 1959. Hermutage, Tenn. A Parallage, Tenn. Washington, D.C. Apr. 6, 1959. Croscon. | Apr. 20, 1859 Rashington, D C. May 1, 1959 Deriver, Colo. May 30, 1959 Washington, D C. June 6, 1859 Oxford, Onio. June 8, 1859 Virgina City, | Nev. June 1959 Boston, Mass. June 26, 1959 Massena, N.Y. | July 4, 1950. Auburn, N.Y. Aug. 17, 1959. Lalysette, Ind. Aug. 21, 2959. Horolulu, Hawaii |
| 4¢ Forest Conserva- tuon. 4¢ Fort Duquesne 15¢ John Jay | 7f. Alaska State- bood 1f. Luncoln Sesquacen- temial 4f. Organ State- hood. 4f & 8f. San Martin | 3¢ Lincoln Sesquicenternial 4½¢ Hermitage 4¢ NATO | 8¢ World Peace | 2% Bunker Hill 4¢ St Lawrence Sea- way. | 46 American Flag 76 Balloon Jupiter 76 Hawaii Statehood |
| 4 4 35 | 74 14 44 44 48 88 | 2 2 4 4 | 8 4 4 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | 23/25 44 | # 15 15 |

See footnotes at end of table.

TL-1, 7-1-70

| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | vers | Covers | Ousabities | Plate Nos |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---|
| title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| 4¢ Soul Conservation | Aug. 36, 1959 Rapid Crty. | Walter Hortens; Wilham K. Schrage 44 | R M Boner, | G. L. Huber | 400, 613 | 120, 845, 000 | 26400, 26407, 26410, 26415, 21423, 26425 |
| 10¢ Pan American | Aug 27, 1959 | Suren II. Ermoyan; | M D Fenton | R J Jones | 302, 206 | 35, 770 000 | 26413, 24414 |
| 4¢ Petroleum Indus- | Aug. 27, 1959 | Robert Foster, | A. W. Dintaman | H. F. Sharpless | 801.859 | 115, 715, 000 | 26416 26417 26419, 26441 |
| 21/2¢ Bunker Hill con | Sept. 4, 1954 Los Angeles, | R. L. Miller | A. W. Duntaman | J. S Edmondson. | 198,680 | Unhmited | |
| 4¢ Dental Health | Calif Sept. 14, 1959 | Charles Henry Carter | M. D Fenton | G. L. Huher | 649,813 | 115, 445, 000 | 20435-26441. |
| 4¢&& Ernst Reuter | Sept 29, 1959. Washington, D.C. | Arnold Copeland, Ervine Metzl | R. M Bower | R. J. Jones H. F. Sharpless. | 1, 207, 933 | 47 111, 685, 000 443 099 200 | 4-ent 2431-2454 8-ent 2644 2466 |
| 15¢ Armal | Nov. 20, 1959 New York, N.Y. | C. R. Chickering. 4 Herb Lubalin, John Pistill, Joseph | R. M Bower | G. L Huber | 259,412 | 95, 160, 000 | 7845, 2645, 2645, 2645, |
| 4c Ephraim McDowell. | Dec. 3, 1959 Danville, Ky. | C. R. Chekerng | C. A. Brooks | G. A. Payne | 344, 603 | 115, 444, 000 264%-26501 | 264%-26501. |
| 0%1 | | | | | | | |
| 46 Washington "Credo" | Jan. 20, 1960 | Frank Conley | | Robert J. Jones | 438, 335 | 126, 470, 000 | 26488 26489 26444 26445 26508 |
| 4¢ Boy Scouts of | Feb. 8, 1960 | Norman Rockwell, | C. A Brooks | G. L Huber | 1 419, 955 | 139, 325, 000 | 26530 26531 26535 26536 |
| 4¢ Olympic Winter Games | Feb. 15 1960Tahoe City, | Ervine Metzl, William K. Schrige. | | R J Jones | 516, 456 | 124, 445, 000 | 26540-26542, 26550 |
| 子 华 公 Yhomas G. Masaryk. | Mar. 7, 1960 | Arnold Copeland, Ervine Metzl, William H. Buckley: | R. M Bower | G. A. Payne | 1, 710, 726 | 47 113 792,000 44 44 215 200 | 4-cent 26552-26555 5-cent 26557, 26562, |
| 4¢ Franklın "Credo". | Mar. 31, 1960 Philadelphia, Pa. | William K. Schrage. | R J. Jones | H. F Sharpless | 497,913 | 124, 560, 000 | 26582, 26557, 26549, 26541 |

| 26558 26570, 26812, 26600 26583 26570, 26576 26363, 26570, 26676 26438, 26611 26615 26623, 26425, 26521 | 2863326631, 28635 28613-28631 28630, 28635 | 26611, 26612 2663°, 2640, 2647, 2648 26821-26627 | Sheets 26891, 26400 27213, 27214, 27342, 27243 P.mes 2647, 26139, 26475, 26477-26682 | 26855-24685. 28653 26813, 26815, 26816 26707, 26713, 21,77, 26722 | 26726, 247.24-26731 4-vent 26742-26715 8-cent 2675, 40763 | 28131-2677 28771-2677 28682, 28865 28446 28489 |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| 113, 195, 000 26 120, 570, 000 27 Unlimited 26 115, 455 000 28 | 26 111, 050, (110) 26 39, 1460, 000 | Unlimited 26 153,025 000 26 119,665 000 26 | 42 259, 460, 000 S: 40 513, 352, 500 P | 118 185, 000 20 122, 000, 000 20 112, 260, 000 20 | | 113, 1.1, 000 20 100, 605, 000 20 123, 600, 000 20 |
| 413, 298 648, 988 211, 235 454, 903 | 514, 926 830, 355 246, 509 | 501 S4S 820, 900 520, 223 | 439, G38 | 360, 845 501, 129 360, 297 | 545, 150 | 312, 116 380, 551 435, 009 |
| G.A Payne R. J. Jones H. F. Sharpless | H F. Sharpless R J Jones G. L Huber | G.L Huber R J Janes H F Sharpless | R.J Jones R.J Jones | G. A Payne G L. Huber | n 64 | K. A. Burnek H. F. Sharpless R. J. Jones |
| C. A Brooks M. D Fenton B. J Jones | R. M. Bower C. A. Biooks | M. D Fenton C. A. Brooks R. M Bower | A W Durtaman. | | | M. D. Fenton |
| Ervne Metzl. V. S. McCloskey, Jri Elmo White. C. R. Chickering -i Herb Luchuler John Pestuli; John Pestuli; Joseph Lomberdero. Frunk Conley | John Maass Robert Stvard; V. S. McCloskey, Fr.# Herb Lublain, John Pistilli, | Joseph Lomberdero Tyler Dinger, Wilham K. Schrage. Stevan Dobanos Harold von Schmidt | William Buckley William Buckley | C. R. Chrekering # Frank Conley Lean Helguers, | Gyo Fujikawa Gyo Fujikawa Amold Copeland, Errune Merzi, William Buckiey, C. R. Chekering, W. K. Sofinge. M. | Amold J. Copeland; C. R. Chukerng; V. S. McCloskey, Jr.; Charles T. Comer; C. R. Chresering ; |
| Apr 7, 1460. Apr 18, 1660. Apr 18, 1660. Washington, D.C. Apr 22, 1660. San Francisco, San Francisco, Nay 18, 1460. Charlotteswille, | May 31, 1960. Washington, D.C. June 2, 1960. Washington, D.C. June 10, 1960. Mann, Fla. | June 17, 1460. Santa Fe. N. Mex. July 4, 1960. Honolulu, Hawaii July 19, 1960. | | Aug 20, 1960 Seattle, Wash. Sept 14, 1960 Baltmare, Md. Sept 16, 1960 | Los Angeles, Cahi Sept. 28, 1960 | Oct 19, 1166. Cultumati, Ohio. Oct. 15, 1960. Detroit, Mich Oct 18, 1860. New York, N.Y. |
| 4¢ Wold Refugee Year Year Minn. 25¢ Armail | 4¢ SEATO | 11/4 Palace of Gover- nors. 4g 50-Star Flag | 7¢ Aumaul 39 7¢ Aumaul Booklet 39 4¢ Employ the | Handieupped. Fulth World Forestry Congress. Key "Credo" | 4# United States Jupan. 4# & F. Ignacy. Jan. Paderewski. | 4¢ Tail |
| 255 4 45 24 | 106 | 1746 | 4 4 4 | # # # | 4¢ & 8¢ | 8 4 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 |

| | | | | - | - | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | reis | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos. |
| title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | prinfed | |
| 46 First Automated | Oct. 20, 1960 | Arnold Copeland; | C A Brooks | R J. Jones | 458, 237 | 127, 470, 000 | 26785, 26787, 26798, 26799, |
| 7¢ Aumad coil 30 | Oct. 22, 1960Atlantic City, | William Buckley | | R J. Jones | 61 197, 445 | ot 87, 140, 000 | 26446, 20447, 26455, 26156 |
| 4¢ & 8¢ Gust.d Manner- heim. | Oct. 26, 1960 | Arnold Copeland, Ervine Metzl, William Buckley, C. B. Chuckenne, | R. M. Bower A. W. Dintaman R. M. Bower | G A. Payne | 1, 168, 770 | 47 124, 746, 000 44 42, 076, 830 | 4-cent_26755-26758 5-cent_26764, 26789. |
| 4¢ Camp Fire Girls | Nov 1, 1960 | Wilhun K. Schrige " H. Edward Ohver | R. M Bowel | G L. Huber | 324, 144 | 116,215 000 | 26740, 26746, 26751 26751, |
| 4¢ & 8¢ Guseppe Gan- baldi. | Nov 2, 1960 Washington, D.C. | Arnold Copeland; Eryme Metzl; | M. D Fenton. | G A. Payne | 1,001,490 | 47 126, 252, 000 | 48.16, 268.26 4-cent 26792, 26793, 26794, 26795 |
| | | William H. Buckley; William K. Schrage.44 | | M. D. Fenton | | 45 42, 746, 400 | 8-cent_26779, 26788, 2670 |
| 4e George | Nov. 5, 1960 | William K Schrage | C. A Brooks | R. J. Jones | 278,840 | 124, 117, 000 | 26750-26783 |
| 4¢ Lincoln "Credo" | Nov 19, 1960 | Frank Conley. | R. J Jones | H. F Sharpless | 467, 780 | 120, 540 000 | 26747 20803, 26805, 26806. |
| 4¢ Andrew Carnegue | Nov 25, 1960. | C. R Chekering | C. A. Brooks | W. R. Burnell | 318, 180 | 119, 840 000 | 2667 1-26677. |
| 4¢ Dulles | Dec. 6, 1960 | William K. Schrage | R. M Воwer | R J Jones | 400,055 | 117 187,000 | 26770-26773. |
| 4¢ Echo I | Dec. 15, 1960. | Ervine Metzl | C. A. Brooks | H F Sharpless | 583, 747 | 125, 240, 600 | 26545-26848 |
| 1961 | , | | | | | | |
| 4¢ Henry "Credo" | Jan. 11, 1961 | Frank Conley | R. J. Jones | K. C. Wiram | 415, 252 | 113, 075, 000 | 26738, 26711, 26717, 26752 |
| 15¢ Airmaul (Redesigned) | Jan. 13, 1961 Buffalo, N Y. | Herb Luhahn, John Patill; Joseph Lom- | A. W. Dintaman | R. J. Jones | 192, 976 | Unlimited | 26575, 26578, 26855, 26856 |
| Y 46 & 85 Mahatma Gandhi. | Jan. 26, 1961 | Derdero, V. S. Mc- Closkey, Jr. 4 Arnold Copeland, Eryme Metzl, William | C. A Brooks | R. J. Jones | 1, 013, 515 | 67 112, 966, 000 | 4-cent; 26564-2687 Seent 26841, 26841, |
| 70 | | Buckley, William K Schrage 4 | | C. A. Brooks. | | | |

| 26544, 26560, 26570, 26874. 26401, 26404 | 26895-26898 | 26413-26416. | 26035-26038 | 26476, 26478. | 26965, 20170, 20175, 20977 | 26490-26443 | 27014-27017 | 27024-57027. | 27053-27036 | 27031-27042 | 27000-27003 | 27075 27076. | 27080-27083, 27089, 27092. 27096, 27099 | 27107, 27112-27111 | 27135-27128 | 27064-27068, 27071 | 27153-27153, 27157, | 27.175-27.181 | ביות-הות | £1167, 27175-27177, 27148, | 27184-27187 27-205, 27210. | 27147-27150 | |
|---|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 110, 550, 000 | 98, 616, 000 | 101, 125, 000 | 106, 210, 000 | Unhmited | Unlimited | 110, S10, 000 | 116 445, 600 | 121, 015, 660 | 111, 600, 000 | 110, 620, 000 | 10%, 110, 000 | Unhunted | 115 350, 006 | 112, 870, 000 | 121 820 000 | 259, 340, 000 | 120, 155, 0011 | 124, 865, 000 | 124, 545, 000 | 147, 310, 0011 | 118, 690, 000 | 122, 730, 000 | • |
| 357, 101 | 354, 205 | 602, 599 | 450, 761 | 238,905 | 316, 166 | 452, 875 | 416 341 | 110, 236 | 733,413 | 463, 100 | 479, 417 | 321, 031 | 964 005 | 365, 330 | 508, 216 | 3, 000, 000 | 554, 175 | 526, 062 | 544, 424 | 771.850 | 436, 6S1 | 457, 450 | • |
| G L. Huber | G A Payne | G A Payne | R J Jones | II. F. Sharpless | G L Huber | R J Jones | G A Payne | R. J Jones | R J Jones | H I sharpless | 11 F sharpless | G A. Payne | G. A. Payne | H. F. sharpless | с. Л. Раўне | II F sharples | 11 A. Payne | H F Sharpless | II. F Sharpless | G. A Payme | W R Burnell | K C Wiram | • |
| M D. Fenton | R M. Bower | A W. Dintaman | R. M Bower | M. D. Fenton. | A. W. Dintanga | M D Fenton | R. M. Bower | C A Brooks | R. M. Bower | M. D Fenton | M D Fenton | M. D Fenton | R. M. Bower | R M Bower | A. W Dintaman | R M. Boner | R. M. Bower | M. D. Fenton | R. M Bower | C A. Brooks | A N. Dintaman. | M. D. Fenton | • |
| Rudolph Wendelin | C R. Chickering | C. R. Chickering | C. R. Chickering " | William K. Schruge ** | V. S. McCloskey, Jr.; * | C. R. Chickerng. | John Maass; C. R. Chickering, H. J. | Norman Todhunter, | C. R. Chickering | C. R. Chiekering," | C. R. Chickering | R. J Jones | Affred Charles Parker, V. S. McCloskey, Jr. | R. J. Jones. | Jummie E. Ihms; James | C R Chickering | C. R. Chekerng | 7. | C. R. Chickering. | John Maass, William K. | Norman Todhunter, | C. R. Chickering. | - |
| Feb 2, 1961 Salt Lake City, | Feb. 3, 1961 | April 12, 1961 | May 10, 1961 | June 15, 1961 | Washington, D.C. June 28, 1961 | July 11 1961 | Aug. 20, 1961. | Sept. 4, 1961 | Milwankee w 1s. | 0ct. 10, 1961 | Nov 6, 1961 | Nov 17, 1961 | Dec 28, 1961. Washington, D.C. | Jan. 6, 1962 | Feb. 14, 1962 Phoenur, Ariz. | Feb. 20, 1962 | Mar. 30, 1962. | Apr. 7, 1952 | Apr. 11, 1'62, | Apr 25, 1962 | Apr. 30, 1962 | May 20, 1962. Beatrice, Nebr. | of table. |
| 4c Range Conserva- | 4¢ Horace Greeky | 4c Fort Sumter | 4¢ Kansas Statehood. | He Statue of Laberty | 13c Aumail | 4c George W Norris. | 4: Naval-Avadien | c Workmen's Com- | fe Frederic Reming- | te Sun Yat-sen | 4 Nasmith-Basket- | & Pershing | 4¢ Nursing | f New Mexico State- | hood. 4¢ Arizona Statehood . | 4¢ Project Mercury | Eradies- | 4¢ Shiloh | | 45 Seattle World's | t Louising State- | 4¢ Homestead Act | See footnotes at end of |
| # # | | ·1-7 | | 116 | 13 | ¥ | * | 45 | * | 45 | ₩. | æ | 4 | ₹ | ₹ | 4 | # | 46 | 46 | ₩ | 4 | ₹ | Se |

TL-1, 7-1-70

| Denomination and | Date and place | Desimer | Engr | Engravers | Covers | Ouantities | Plate Nos. |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Letterng | canceled | printed | |
| 4¢ Grd Scout | July 24, 1962 | Ward Brackett. | M. D. Fenton | W. R. Burnell | 6.54 347 | 126, 513, 000 | 27217-27220 |
| 4¢ Bren McMahon | July 28, 1962 | V S. McCloskey, Jr | R. M Bower | H F. Sharpless | 381, 419 | 130, 960, 000 | 27.221-272.27 |
| 4¢ Apprenticeship | Aug. 31, 1962. | Robert Gerssmann; | R. M. Bower | G. A Payne | 1,003,548 | 120, 055, 000 | 27247-27250 |
| 4¢ Sam Rayburn | Sept. 16 1962 | R. L. Miller | C. A. Brooks | W R Burnell | 401,042 | 120, 715, 000 | 27255, 27260, 37262-27265 |
| 4¢ Dag Hammar- | Oct. 23, 1962 | Herbert V. Sanborn; | C. A. Brooks | K. C. Wiram. | 500, 653 | 121, 440, 000 | 27266, 27275-27274 27382, |
| skjoid. 4¢ Christmas | Nov. 1, 1962 | Jim Crawford, William | R. M. Bower | G A Payne | 491, 312 | S61, 970, 000 | 27301, 27306, 27311, 27314, |
| 4¢ Higher Education | Nov 14, 1962 | K. Schrage # Henry K. Benesath; | M. D. Fenton | II. F. Sharpless | 627,317 | 120, 035, 000 | 27.256 27.259, 27.290, 37.243, |
| 5¢ Washington | Nov 33, 1962. | William K. Schrage | C A Brooks | . G. А. Раупе | 0.360 531 | Unlimited | 4: 27517, 27518, 27.271, 27.300. |
| Se Airman | Dec. 5, 1962. | Henry K. Benesath; | C. A. Brooks | W. R. Burnell | # 184, 627 # 111, 452 # 288, 355 | Unlunted | Sheets 27305, 27366, 27,178, |
| | Washington, D.C. | C R. Chickeing " | | | 40 146, 835 | | 273'13 27625, 27180-27684 Coils 27367-27370, Pyries 27371 27377 2733 |
| 4c Winslow Homer | Dec. 15, 1962 Gloucester, Mass. | V S. McCloskey, Jr | C. A. Brooks | H. F Sharpless | 448, 866 | 117, 870, 000 | 27371, 27313, 37311, 27641, 27673, 27671, 27371–27351, 27362, 27371, 27371–27351, 27386 |
| 1965 5¢ American Flag | Jan 9 1963. Washington, D C | R J. Jones. | R. M. Bower | W R Burnell | 646, 155 | 3, 066, 5/10, 000 | 27302, 27393, 27398, 27403, 27405, 27411, 28433, 2844, |
| 1¢ Andrew Jackson | Mar. 22, 1963 | William K. Schrage | R M Bower | K. C Wiram | 342, 363 | Unhmited | 25445, 2453 27645, 27696 |
| of Carolma Charter | Apr. 6, 1963 | R. L. Miller | R M Bower | K C. Wiram | 426, 200 | 129, 445, 000 | 27425, 27431-27134, 27437 |
| 15¢ Montgomery Blau- | May 3 1963 | R. J Jones | M. D. Fenton | G A. Payne | 260, 031 | 42, 245, 000 | 27463, 27466. |
| I¢ Jackson corl | May 31, 1963 Chicago, Ill | William K Schrage | R M. Bower | K C Wram | 238, 952 | Unlimited | |

| 2742, 27184, 27485, 27485, 27384, 27412, 2730, 27301, 27311, 27312, 27311, 27312, 27312, 27314, 2732 | 27407, 27829, 27841, 27645, 27365, 27366, 27456, 27155-27456, 27401, 27502, 27567, 27570, 27571, 27574, 27576 27613-27616 | 270.23, 276.34, 276.27, 2,06.36, 276.34, 276.34, 276.12, 276.12, 276.12, 276.40, 276.4 | 27866, 27849, 27894, 27608, 27849 27608, 27849 27661-27664 | 27740-27742, 57747, 27750, 27751 27748-27146 27657, 27684, 27002, 27003 | 27763-27765 27771 27772 27500-27504, 27818, 27819 |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| 135, 620, 000 137, 540, 000 13°1, 830, 000 Unlimited | 63 s'n, 000 3, 402, 096, 000 135, 435, 000 131, 421, 000 133, 421, 000 | 130, 1%, 000 125, 450, 000 115, 665, 000 1, 291, 250, 000 | 175, 175, 000 | 125, 025, 000 145, 700, 000 120, 310, 000 | 125, 410, 000 511, 750, 000 |
| 624, 342 413 3S9 600, 205 | 437, 1446 202, 7,20 414, 6546 5,28, 0145 3411, 631 S60, 155 | 504, 508 544, 806 557, 678 455, 619 | 518, 855 | 658, 745 1, 656 346 446, 425 | 430, 404 |
| G A Payne K C Mram G.A Payne | W R Bunell II F Sharpless G A Payne H F Sharpless | E C Wram II F. Sharples K C Wram H F Sharpless | H F. Sharpless | G A Payne H F Sharpless | |
| A. W Dmtaman C. A Brooks A W Dmtaman M D Feuton | C A. Brooks M. D Fenton C A Brooks | A W Dintaman C A Brooks B M. Bower | M. D Fenton | C A Brooks A. W Dintaman | ı = A |
| Stevan Dohanos, V. S. Mictoskey, Jr.* Midnan E. Safrage,* Dr. Dwight Muchler Jones, B. J. Jones, W. J. V. S. Mictoskey Jr | R J Jones | Antono Frascon Norman Rockwell; R. L. Miller ** Y. S. M.Closkey, Jr Laly Spandorf (modfied Norman Todiumier) V. S. M.Closkey, Jr. ** | R L. MillerTom Lea | William K. Schrage Robert J. Jones Rudolph Wendelin | son, |
| June 4, 1963. Washington, D. C. June 20, 1963. Wheeling, W. V.a. July, 1, 1963. July, 12, 1963. | Boston Mass July 24, 100 Authreon Kans. Authreon Kans. Dayron, Olno Aug 16, 1963 Cheage, Ill Aug 17, 1963 Washmeron, D C Cut 5, 1963. Carthage, Tenn Out 11, 1963. | Oct 14, 1963. Mashington, D.C. Oct 28, 1963. Mashington, D.C. Oct 29, 1963. Washington, D.C. Nov. 1, 1963. | Dec. 7, 1963. Henderson, Ky. Jan 10, 1964. | Mar 19, 1962 Great Falls Mont: Apr 22, 1964 Apr 29, 1964 | Martinez Calif May 5 1964 Fredericksburg, Va May 29, 1964 Boston, Mass. |
| 5c Food for Peace 5c West Virginia Statchood. 5c Gettysburg 6c Armail | Amela Earhart Lummescent- tagged armall Enancip tion Profamation Profamation Profamation Progress Cordell Hull Eleanor Roosevelt. | Science | 5c John James Audubon. 1984 5c Sam Houston | 5¢ Charles M Russell. 5c New York World's Fair 5c John Mun. | 5c Widerness |
| 용 등 등 등 TL-1. 7-1-70 | 23. 23. 25. 25. 25. 25. | के के के के | වල වල | 74 19 19 19 19 19 | ्रेड हुट इंट |

See footnotes at end of table

| | Denomination and | Date and plare | Designer | Engra | Engravers | Covers | Quantities | Plate Nos |
|----------|--|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| | title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| | Je New Jeisey Ter- | June 15, 1964 | Douglas Allen Victor | A. W Dintaman | K C Wiram | 526, 879 | 123, 545, 000 | 27786-27759 |
| | centenary. 5¢ Nevada Statehood. | July 22, 1964 Carson City, | S. McCloskey 44 William K. Schrage, Robert J. Jones, 44 | M D Fenton | G A Payno | 554, 973 | 122, 825, 000 | 27785, 27790, 27797, 27798 |
| | of Register-Vote | Aug 1, 1964. | Victor S McCloskey | R V Bower | H. F Sharpless | 533, 430 | 453, 090, 000 | 27.61, 27.62, 27.68-27.41 27.647, 25.54, 25.54, 25.54 25.500-28.502, 25.51 |
| | | | • | | | | | 25-502, 25-508, 25-60, 25-60, 25-60, 25-60, 25-60, 25-60, 25-60, 25-60, 25-62, |
| | ōc William Shake- | Aug. 14, 1964 | Douglas Gorsline | C A Brooks | W R Burnell | 524, 053 | 123, 245, 000 | 27842-27845 |
| | Speare of Doctors Mayo | Sept 11, 1964 | Robert J Jones, | M. D Fenton | G A Payne | 674, 846 | 123, 355, 000 | 27860-27872 |
| | Sc Dr Robert II | Oct. 5, 1964 | Robert J Jones | M. D Fentun | K C Wiram | 421,020 | 65, 170, 000 | 27561-27863 |
| | 5¢ American Music | Oct 15, 1964 | Bradbury Thompson | C A Brooks | K C Wiram | 466 107 | 126, 170, 000 | 27546, 27848, 27849, 27852- |
| | 5¢ Homemakers | Oct 26, 1964 | Norman Todhunter | R M. Bower | H F. Sharpless | 435, 392 | 121, 250, 000 | 2791771922 |
| | 5¢ Christmas | Nov 9 1964Bethlehem, Pa. | Thomas F. Naegele | M D. Fenton R M Bower | II F. Sharpless | 714, 900 | 1, 407, 760, 000 | 272.52.9256 2727~27880 12832~2872 27872 12832 27812 27812 12832 27812 |
| | T. J. Tomoromo, V. Comonomo, V. | | Dobot I Millor | Q Q | H D Chemolone | ç, | 190 005 000 | 27426 27426 27114, 27415, 27426 27426 27129-27932, 27436-27156 |
| | Bridge | Staten Island, | TAROOT T AMES | , | | U.S., 100 | 000 from for t | |
| | 5¢ Fine Aits | Dec. 2, 1964 | Stuart Davis, modified + R. M Bower. | R. M Bower | H. F Sharpless | 558, 046 | 125, 800, 000 | 27433-27437, 27440-27942. |
| | 5c Amateur Radio | Dec. 15, 1964 Anchorage, | Emil J Willett | C A Brooks | G. A Payne | 452, 255 | 122, 230, 000 | 27845-27901. |
| . | 5c Battle of New Orleans | Jan S 1965 | Rohert J Jones | C A. Brooks | H F. Sharpless | 466, 024 | 115, 645, 000 | 113, 045, 000 · 27452-27455, 27467, 27442 |

See footnotes at end of table.

| | | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|---|-----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 25003, 25005 25003, 25006 | 28036-28038, 28043-28044, 25047, 25019, 25054, 25055, 25057, 25000 | 25064, 25067, 25068, 25073- 25075 25104-25107 | 28082 28083, 28086 28089, 28082 28083 | 28121, 28127, 25130-28133 | 28113, 28114, 28117, 28115, | 28108-28111 | 25161-25164. | 28145, 28148, 28149, 28151, | 25150 25152, 25153, 25157, 25154, 25157, 25164, 25167, 36179, 25157, 25167, | 28157-25195 28-201 | 28210-28213, 25218, 2×219 | 28139, 28143, 28144, 28147 | 28232-28234, 28,231, 28,240 | 28,172-28,178, 28,189, 28,234, 28,234, 28,234, 28,234, 28,234, 28,234, 28,234, 28,248, 28,288, | 25247 75254 25247 75254 25247 75254 | 25341, 28342. | 2-344, 28352 | 28398, 25349. |
| 115, 095, 006 | 119, 560, 000 | 112, 845, 000 | 120, 135, 000 | 115, 405, 000 | 115, 855, 000 | 115, 340, 000 | 114, 840, 000 | 116, 140, 000 | 116, 900, 000 | 114, 085, 000 | 114, 880, 000 | 26, 995, 000 | 128, 495, 000 | 1, 134, 930, 000 | Unlimited | Unhmited | Unlimited | Culimited |
| 564, 845 | 744, 485 | 653, 123 | 479,065 | 402, 925 | 634, 225 | 424, 893 | 645, 182 | 550, 330 | 465, 000 | 527,075 | 613, 484 | 332, 515 | 755, 656 | 705, 039 | 445, 629 | 448, 631 | 525, 372 | 366,803 |
| G A Payne | K C Wram | G A Payne | G. A Раупе | II. F Sharpless | | M R Burnell | G A Payne | G.A Payne | G A Раупе | W R Burnell | K C Wiram | II F Sharpless | G A Payne | II F Sharpless | G A. Payne | II F. Sharpless | W R Burnell | (i A. Payne |
| A. W Dintaman. R. M Bower | J. S. Creamer, Jr. | A. W Dintaman | A W Dintaman. | C A Brooks | G A Payne | A. W. Dintaman | C A Brooks | C A Brooks | A.W Dintaman | J S Creamer, Jr. | C A Brooks | A W Dintaman. | C A Brooks | C. A Brooks | I & Creamer. Jr., | J & Creamer, Jr | C A Brooks | A. W Dintaman. |
| Norman Todhunter, R. J. Jones, 4 V. S. McCloskey, Jr.44 Victor S. McCloskey, Jr., Charles R. | Steven Dohanos; Howard Mildner, 4 | Leonard Fellman; Robert J Jones. ⁴⁴ Richard Hurd, | Sam Marsh. Brook Temple | Herbert M Sanborn Olav S. Mathiesen, Victor S. McClosley, | Sam Marsh, Robert | Jones an Douglas Gorsline | Norman Todhunter; | John Mass; Robert | Brook Temple | R.chard F. Hurd: | J. Carter Brown, Victor S. VicCloskey, | Thomas F Neagele | George Samerjan, | Robert J. Miller " Robert J. Jones, Howard C. Mildiner " | Bill Hyde | Richard Clark | Bull Hyde | Frank Sebastiano |
| Feb 15. 1965 | Apr. I 1965 | Apr 9, 1965 | Fulton, Mo June 15, 1º65 | June 26, 1455 San Francisco, Calif. | July 2, 1965 | July 17, 1965 San Francisco. | ₹ | Aug 19, 1965 | Aug 28 1965 | Sept 3, 1465 | Sept 17, 1965 | Oct 6, 1965 | 0 | Nov 2, 1965. Silver Bell, Ariz. | Nov 14, 1965. New York, N.Y. | Jan. 29, 1966 | Feb. 22 1966. | Mar 14 1466 |
| 5c Physical Fitness-Sokol 25¢ Paul Revere 25¢ ord. (coil). | 5¢ Crusade Against Cancer | 5c Appomattox55 Winston Churchill. | 5¢ Magna Carta | 5¢ International Co- operation Year— United Nations. | 5¢ Salvation Army | 5¢ Dante Alighter | 5¢ Herbert Hoover | 5¢ Robert Fulton | 5¢ Florida Quadri- centennial. | 5c Traffic Safety | 5c John Singleton Copley | 11¢ International Tele- communication | t mon 5¢ Adla E. Stevenson. | ōc Christmas | 4¢ Lincoln4¢ | 66 Franklin D. | | ļ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Denomination and | Date and place | Desimer | Engravers | avers | Prozon | Ommunitation | Plate Noc |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|----------------|--|
| title of stamp | first-day issued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | -COLT 2007 1 |
| 5¢ Migratory Bird | Mar. 16 1966. | But Pringle. | J S Creamer, Jr. | II. F Sharpless | 555, 155 | 116, 535, 000 | 25394-25396, 25401-25402, |
| 5c Humane Treat- ment of An- | Apr 9. 1966. | Norman Todhunter # R J Jones.# | C. A Brooks | II F Sharpless | 324, 420 | 117, 470, 000 | 25417-25424 25425 25413, 25417-25424 25425 25424, 25464, 25464 |
| mais 5¢ Indian" Statehood | Apr 16, 1956 Corydon, Ind | Paul Wehr, V. S. McCloskev, Jr# | J S Creamer, Jr. | K C Wiram | 575, 557 | 123, 770, 000 | 25,276-25,225,25,433,25,331, 25,347,25,315,25,455,25,315, |
| še American Circus | May 2, 1966 | Edward Klauck | C A Brooks | K C Wram | 754, 076 | 131, 270, 000 | 25375 25450, 25455-25461 25463, |
| 5¢ SIPEN stamp | | Thomas F. Naegele, | II. F Sharplese | | 637, 802 | 1.2, 285, 000 | 2545, 1513, 1518, 1518. 2718, 1517, 1518, 2018. |
| 5¢ SIPEN souvenir | May 23, 1966. | Brook Teniple; | II F Sharples | E R Felver. | 700, 882 | 14, 650 000 | 2552, 2554 28493, 28195, 2501 25505 |
| 4c Lincoln (coal) | May 28, 1966 | Bull Hyde | J S Creamer, Jr | G A Payne | 322, 563 | Unlimited | |
| 24 Frank Lloyd | June 8, 1966 | Patricia Amarantides, | A W. Dintaman | K C. Wiram | 400, 427 | Unlimited | 25506, 25617 |
| 5c B.N of Rights | July 1, 1966. | Herbert L Block, R J Jones.4 | J S Creamer, Jr | К С Илчи | 562, 920 | 111, 160, 000 | 28572, 28578-28582, 27884, 28598, 28610, 28615, |
| 5c Poland's | July 30, 1966 | Edward D | J S Creamer, Jr | R G Culm | 712 603 | 125, 475, 000 | 25625, 25026, 25029, 25630 |
| 5c National Park Service. | Aug 25, 1966. | Thomas H. Gersman, H. C. Mildner | J. S Creamer, Jr. | R G Culm | 528, 170 | 111, 535, 000 | 28632, 28637, 2842, 28619, 2865, 28670 |
| 5¢ Marine Corps Re- | , , , | Stella Grafakos | C A Brooks | K C Wiram | 585, 923 | 125, 110, 000 | 28437-28640 28646-28648. |
| de Nashington (coil). | Š | Bul Hyde | C A Brooks | W R Burnell | 245, 400 | Unlimited | 5,20, 5,2 |
| 5¢ General Federa- tion of Women's | Sept 12, 1966. New York, N.Y. | Charles Henry Carter | J S. Creamer, Jr | W R Burnell | 353, 334 | 111, 853, 200 | 35105-25705, 25711-25715, 25722-2574, 25726, 25725 |
| 5c Johnny Appleseed | ജ | Robert Bode | A W Dintaman. | H F Sharpless | 794, 610 | 124, 2:10, 000 | 25669, 25671-25674, 25677 |
| že Bezutification of America, | Oct. 5, 1966 | Суо Раджажа | C. A Brooks | H F. Sharpless | 564, 440 | 125, 460, 000 | 25074 25190 25119 25127 25129, 25132, 25133 |

See footnotes at end of table.

| 25513, 25816, 25817, 25520, 25521, 25528, 25820, 25640, | 25741, 25752, 28751, 28759, | Maria 1874, 1875, | 25.78, 25.60 25.1.2 25.18, 25. | 28774, 28782, 28775, 28712, 28774, 28802, 28807, 28807, 28775, 2877 | 28766, 28767 | | 25930, 28931 | 28:40 25:46. | 25965, 25969 | 24013, 24014, 24022, 24026 | 25951 25954-28958 28983, | 21073, 2405 | 28171, 20164, 2016, 2016, 20167, 2010, 2011, 2014 2017, 2014, 2010, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2017, 20110, 2012, 2012, 2013, 2013, | 29113, 29114 | 28PHO 28PHS 28PHS 28PHO, | 24127, 24234, 94243, 24246, 24127, 24124, 241243, 241256 24127, 241245, 241256 | 20106 20120 20136 20140 20142 20145 20146 | ्रिमाति ज्यापम् ज्याति ज्याति, ज्याति ज्याति ज्याति ज्याति | 29035 20043 29045 20052 |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------|------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| 1.7, 5%, 000 | 115, 875, 000 | 1, 173, 547, 420 | | 114, 015, 000 | Unlimited | | 52, 030, 000 | Unlimited | Unlimited | 64, 710, 000 | 121, 105, 000 | 165, 430, 000 | 132, 045, 000 | Unlimited | 115, 780, 000 | 121, 485, 000 | 111, 550, 000 | 117, 225 000 | 111, 515, 000 |
| 330, 133 | 144, 421 | 537, 650 | | 543, 359 | 11, 130 | | 439,010 | 213, 730 | 235, 945 | 554, 784 | 603, 460 | 227, 930 | 711, 795 | 341, 145 | 784,611 | 393, 197 | 696, 759 | 1, 146, 957 | 445, 190 |
| К С Мизип | H. F Sharpless | K C W 11211 | | II F Sharpless | W R Burnell | | E. G Culm | K C Wiram | II F Sharpless | K C Wumm | H F Sharpless | N R Burnell | R G Culm | II F. Sharpless | H F Shurpless | N R Burnell | R G Culm | R G Culm | Kenneth C Wram |
| J. S Cleamer, Jt | E R Felver | E. R. Felver | | C. A. Brooks | A W. Dintaman | | E R Felver | A W Dintaman. | A W Dintaman | E. R Felvei | E R Felver | M D. Fenton | E. R. Felver | A W Dintaman | | J. S Creamer, Jr. | J S. Creamer, Jr | J S. Creamer, Jr | |
| Herbert Bayer, R. J. Jones.4 | Stevan Dobanos | Howard C Mudner | | Robert J. Jones. | Thomas Laufer | | Robert Gallatin | Walter DuBois | Lester Beall | Willard R. Cox, R. J | Jones 44 Lee Pavao; R. J | Robert J Jones | Iran Chermay eff. Robert J. Jones 44 | Stevan Dohanos, R. J | Jones 44 George Samerian, R J | Jones 44 Bradbury Thompson, R J. Jones 44 | Leonard Baskın, R. J | Jones " Julian K Billings, | <u> </u> |
| Oct 21, 1966 Baton Rouge, La | Oct. 26, 1966. | Sioux City, Iowa. | Caristinas, Alcu | Nov. 17, 1466. Washington, D.C. | De 3. 1466 Smvrna, Del | | Jan 30, 1967 | Feb 14, 1967 | Mashington, D.C. Majeh 15, 1967 | March 30, 1967 | Sitka, Alaska April 17, 1967 | April 26, 1967. | New York, N.Y May 25, 1967 Montreal Canada. | May 29, 1967 | July 4, 1967 | July 5, 1967 Chicago III | July 12, 1967 | July 29, 1967 | Aug 1, 1967 |
| 5c Gleat River Road. | 5c Servicemen-Sav- | ings Bonds | | ōρ Mary Cassatt | \$5 00 John Bassett Moore. | 1967 | 11/26 Albert Gallstm | 25¢ Frederick Douglass. | 10; Andrew Jackson | Se Alaska Purchase | že National Grange | 20c Audubon | 5¢ Canada Centen- nial. | 13¢ John F. Kennedy | 56 Erie Canal | 5c Search for Peace | 5c Henry David | Thoreau 5c Nebraska State- | nood 5c Voice of America |

| Plate Nos | | 24252, 24224, 24235, 24242. | 21,258, 21,250 | 29307, 29312, 24315, 24322, 29325. | 29349, 29350, 29359, 29364, | 29305 21306, 24308, 29311, 29313 29314 29316, 29321, 29315 29446 | 20105, 20204 | 24261, 24262 | 29275-29250 29333. | 24(9.4) 24(0.4) 24(1.4 | 29417-29414, 29430-29435 29320-29323, 29362, 29363, | 21475, 24877, 21484, 24854 2486, 2484, 2484, 2420, 2421, 24424, 24427 | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Quantities | pıınted | 114, 270, 000 | Unhmited | 1.20, 865, 600 | 110, 675, 000 | 110, 670, 000 | Unhmited | Unlimited | 113, 825, 000 | 1, 208, 700, 000 | Unlimited | 113, 330, 600 | Unhmited |
| Covers | canceled | 462, 491 | 518, 355 | 667, 267 | 389, 000 | 408, 532 | 103, 102 | 221, 206 | 648, 054 | 462, 118 | 328, 983 | 379, 612 | 312, 330 S41, 408 |
| ıvers | Lettering | H F. Sharpless | R G Culin | R G Culm | J S Creamer, Jr. | II F Sharpless | R G Culin | K C. Wiram | (%) | H.F Sharpless | W R. Burnell | K C Wiram | II F Sharpless |
| Engravers | Vignette | E R Felver | E R Felver | J S. Creamer, Jr | J. F Sharpless J. S Creamer, Jr. | E R Felver | A W. Dintaman | A W Dintaman | (35) | E R Felver | J S Creamer, Jr | J S Creamer, Jr | J S Creamer, Jr., |
| Designer | | Robert Bode | Bill IIyde | Paul Calle; R. J. Jones 44 | Francis Ferguson | Bradbury Thompson, L E Buckley | Norman Todhunter; R.J Jones. ¹⁴ | Robert Geissmann; | , II C Mildner.44 | Washington, D C Nov 6, 1967 Howard C Midner E R Felver H. F Sharpless Bethlehem, Ga. | Stevan Dohanos | Andrew Bucci, H. C. Mildner.44 | Richard Clark |
| Date and place | first-day issued | Aug. 17, 1967 | Sept 16, 1957 | Sept. 29, 1467 Kennedy Space | Oct. 2, 1967 | Washington, D.C. Oct 6, 1967 Finland, Minn. | Oct. 16, 1967 | Oct 24 1967 | Nov. 2, 1967 | Nashington, D C Nov 6, 1967 Bethlehem, Ga. | Nov. 17, 1967 | New York, N. Y Dec 11, 1967 | Dec. 28, 1967 |
| Denomination and | title of stamp | 5¢ Davy Crockett | 3c Francis Parkman | 5c Space | 5¢ Urhan Planning | ວັດ Finland Inde- pendence | \$1 00 Eugene O'Neall | 20¢ Geo. C Marshall | 5c Thomas Eakins | 5¢ Christmis | 5c Washington | (redesigned). 5c Mississippi State- hood. | 6¢ Roosevelt (coil and booklet form) |

| | 29467, 29468 | | 247), 2441, 2441, 2462, 30056, 3065, 31302, 31303 | 29694, 24005, 24610 | 21537, 21545 | 24560, 24570, 29571, 29576, 24580, 29540 | | 24602, 29603. | 24712, 24716, 24723, 24731, 24735, 24742, 24751, 24753 24715, | 24761-24763 29766, 29769, 29774, 29774 24781 | 29514, 29817, 25,24, 29830, 20834, 29837 | 24673, 24678, 24674, 24684 | 20833 20835, 20836 20839 20843, 20846, 20847, 20851, 24046 | 24760, 29764, 24782, 29786, 29823, 2998, 30055 | 24415, 30024, 30045, 30052, 30074, 31055, 30306, 30311, 30705, 30706, | 20548, 29549, | 30133 30134 | 30004, 3000- 30009, 03010 30112, 3000- 30008-, 3000-, 30010-, 40012- 7 | 30120, 30121 30123 30124 30135 30147 |
|------|---|--|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|--|---|---|------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Unimuted | Unlimited | Unlimited | 3 410, 650, 060 | Unlimited ; | 111, 350, 000 | Unlimited | Unlimited | 144, 345, 000 | 15, 865, 000 | 147, 120, 000 | 74, 150, 000 | 130, 125, 600 | 158, 070, 000 | 228, 040, 000 | Unlimited | Unlimited | 153, 015, 1100 | 132, 540, 000 |
| _ | 42 150, 465 31 45, 237 35 59, 340 | s0 147, 244 | a 635, 680 | 412, 120 | 157, 947 | 761,640 | 213, 060 | 322, 170 | 464, 909 | 105, 085 | 354, 711 | 521,054 | 407,081 | 355, 685 | 2 924, 692 | 312, 850 | 140, 410 | 499, 505 | 307,708 |
| - | | K C Wiram | K. C. Wiram 84 | K C Wiram | R G. Culm | H F Sharpless. | J S Creamer, Jr. | H F. Sharpless. | II. F Sharpless | W. R. Burnell | R. G Culin | R G. Culm | K C Wram | R G Culin | H F Sharpless | W R. Burnell | R. G. Culm | (%) | W. R. Burnell |
| | W R Burnell | A W. Duntaman. | R. Felver | E. P. Archer | A. W. Dintaman | I S Creamer, Ir | H. F Sharpless | J S Creamer, Jr | E R Feiver | E P Archer | E. P. Archer | A W. Dintaman | J. S Creamer, Jr | A. W. Dıntaman. | | E. R. Felver | E R Felver | (4) | E. P. Atcher |
| 4.00 | Jaan Born; Robert J. Jones. | Patricia Amarantides; H. C. Mildner 4 | Robert Geissmann | Stevan Dohanos | Robert Geissmann, | George Barford | Robert J, Jones, | Richard Hard | Lous Macoullard; Robert J. Jones | Steven Dohanos; | Edward Vebell; Robert J. Jones; | | Ward Brackett, Robert J. Jones. 4 | M. Halberstadt | Robert J. Jones; Leonard C. Buckley, Howard C. Midner. | Norman Todhunter | Mark English | Leonard E. Buckley. " Paul E Wenzel, ¹⁵ C. Robert Moore. | Stanley W Galli; Robert J. Jones. 4 |
| | Jan. 5, 1968 | Jan. 8, 1968. Buffalo, N.Y. | Jan. 12, 1968 | Jan. 24, 1968. | Vasnington, D.C. Jan. 29, 1968 | Feb. 12, 1968 | Feb. 23, 1968 | Mar. 8, 1968 | Mar. 30, 1968. San Antonio, Tev | Apr. 4, 1968 | May 1, 1968 Chicago, III. | May 15, 1968 | May 17, 1968 | June 27, 1968 | Washington, D.C. July 4, 1968. Pitisburgh, Fa. | July 30, 1968 | Aug. 13, 1968 | Sept, 11, 1968. Marceline, Mo. | Sept. 20, 1968 Sault Sainte Marie, Mich. |
| 1968 | 10g Airmail (sheet, | 2¢ Frank Lloyd Wright (booklet | pane) 1¢ Jefferson (sheet, coil, and booklet | form). 6¢ American Flag | (sheets). | 6¢ Illinois Statehood | 6g F. D. Roosevelt | (redesigned (ou). 15c Oliver W. Holmes | 6¢ Hemisfar '68 | \$1 00 Airlift | 6c Support Our Youth. | 10c Airman Service | 6c Law and Order | 6e Register and Vote | 6c Historic Flag Series. | 12, Henry Ford | 50c Lucy Stone | 6¢ Walt Disney | 69 Father Marquette |
| | • | | | | | | | | | i) | | | | | | | | | |

· footnote at end of table.

| ຶ່ | Denomination and | Date and place | Designer | Engravers | rers | Covers | Ouantities | Plate Nos. |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|------------|----------------|--|
| | title of stamp | first-day usued | | Vignette | Lettering | canceled | printed | |
| క | 6¢ Daniel Boone | Sept. 26, 1968 | Louis Macouillard | J S. Creamer. Jr. | K. C Wuam | 333, 410 | 130, 35, 000 | 30257, 30266, 30250, 30214, |
| ¥ | Arkansas River | Oct. 1, 1968. | Dean Ellis; Leonard | E. P. Archer | R G Culin | 355, 025 | 132, 265 000 | 30326-30529, 30334, 30337- |
| 3 9 | 6 Leif Erikson | Oct. 9, 1968. | Kurt Weiner; Robert | E. P Archer | R G Culm | 370, 505 | 125, 710, 000 | 30435, 30436, 30445-30447 |
| ঠ | 6 Cherokee Strip | Oct. 15, 1968 | Norman Todhunter | I.S Creamer, Jr. | K C. Wiram | 339, 330 | 124 775,000 | 30371, 30372, 30355 30354 |
| 99 | 6¢ John Trumbull | Oct. 18, 1968. | Howard C. Mildner; | J. S Creamer. J | K C Wram | 378 256 | 125, 295, 000 | 20383 30385-30387, 30302 |
| 305 | 30g John Dewey | Oct 21, 1968 | Richard Clark; | E. P. Archer | W R Burnell | 162 740 | Unhmited | 30320, 30321 |
| ઝ | 6c Waterfowl | Oct. 24, 1968 | Stanley W. Gallar, | J S. Creamer, Jr | R G Culm | 349, 719 | 142, 245, 000 | 30347 30350, 30351, 30358, |
| ક્ષ | Ü | Nov. 1, 1968 | Robert J. Jones; | E. R. Feiver | H. F Sharpless | 739, (155 | 1,410 585,000 | 3(15) |
| 49 | 6c American Indian | Nov. 4, 1968 | Robert J. Jones; | E. R Feiver | W R Burnell | 415, 964 | 125 100,000 | 30448, 30454, 30481, 30493, |
| 204 | 20¢ International Airmail, | Nov. 22, 1968. New York, N.Y. | John Larreed | H. F. Sharpless | 1 | 276, 244 | Unlimited | 304'11, 304'15 |
| | 1969 | | | | | ~ ~~ | | |
| ಜ | Beautification Senes. | Jan. 16, 1969 | Walter D. Richards, Robert J. Jones, 4 Leonard E. Buckley; | E. R. Felver | II. F. Sharpless A. Saavedra W. R. Burnell. | 1.094, 184 | 192, 570, 000 | 30555, 30356-30588, 30543, 30607, 30624, 30627, 30660, 30842-30865, 30668, 30671 |
| 36 | 6¢ American Legion | Mar. 15, 1969 | 2 | E P. Archer J. S Creamer, Jr | K. C. Wiram. | 632, 035 | 145, 770, 000 | 30759, 30769, 30782, 30783, |
| 36 | Grandma Moses | May 1, 1960 Washington, D.C. | Robert J. Jones. | J. S Creamer. Jr. | K C Wram | 367, 880 | 139, 475, 000 | 30856, 30554, 30400, 30401, 30856, 30554, 30400, 30401, 30501, 30530, 30433, |
| æ | 6¢ Apollo S | May 5, 1969 | Leonard E. Buckley | E. R. Felver | R G Cuhn, Sr | 408, 63± | 187, 165, 000 | 30123, 30131, 30132, 30131, |
| 35 | W C. Handy | May 17, 1969 | Ветпсе Коспап | E. P Archer | К. С. Wuam | 348, 216 | 1.25, 555, 000 | 30707, 30714, 30725, 30732, |
| 8 | American Flag | May 30, 1969 | Stevan Dohanos | J. S Creamer, Jr. | К с Wram | 248, 434 | 475, 503 000 | auraa auraa, auraa, auraa. |
| 35 | Ü | July 16, 1969 San Diego, Calif. | Leonard E. Buckley: Howard C. Mildner. | J. S Creamer, Jr. | R G Culm, Sr | 530, 210 | 144, 425, 000 | 31016, 31030, 31043, 31064, 31075, 31025, 31105, 31124, |
| 3 9 | John Wesley | Aug. 1, 1969 | Rudolph Wendelin; | J. S. Creamer, Jr | H. F Sharpless | 434, 433 | 133, 100, 000 | 31160, 31173-31175, 31182, |
| ঠ | 7 | Aug. 2, 1969. Huntsville, Ala. | Bernice Kochan; Howard C. Mildner. | E. P. Archer | R G Culin, Sr | 485, 801 | 136, 400, 000 | 31275-31277, 31285, 31241. 31300, 31304, 31312. |

| 30473, 3 30443, 3 31471, 3 31381, 3 31381, 3 | 31.101 31415, 31056, 31057, 31079, 31080 31389, 31.102, 31410, 31415, 31409, 31410, 31415, 31414, | 31346, 31340, 41384, 31341, 31396, 31408, 31406, 31408 41423, 31424, 31126, 31429, | 41.84-31.453. (7%) 31.17. 31.149, 31.15.2, 31.456, 31.456, 31.461, 31.196, 257-44, 257-75, 31.157, 31.195, | 31401, 31500 31401, 31404, 31401, 31191, 31491, 31400, 31502, 31503, 31505, 31500, 31501, 31511- 31314 | | 3107, 3166, 3179, 3171, 3170, 3171, 3170, 3172, 4172, 3173, 3170, 3188, 3188, 3188, 3188, 3188, | or 1955, desgrn in red of Colls of Colls of Colls of Colls of Colls of Pality of 8 of Pality of |
|---|--|--|--|--|------------------------|---|---|
| 15S, 645, 600 14t, 873, 600 | 124, 075, 000 121, 125, 000 | 124, 860, 000 | 41, 704, 735, 000 124, 565, 000 Unlimited | 124, 729, 600 | | 200, 000, 000 | # 1955 design in Colls ### Colls #### Colls ################################### |
| 737, 985 | 416.327 | 411, 680 | 555, 500 342, 670 172, 391 | 408, 860 | *** | 634,260 | Sign of the state |
| R G CuluA Saavedra | K. C. Wram | A. Saavedra | R. G. Culm, Sr K. C. Wram H. F. Sharpless | A Snavedra | | Albert Saavedra Albert Saavedra Albert Saavedra | 3 Uncut blocks of 4—63, 161. 3 Uncut blocks of 4—63, 161. 5 Uncut blocks of 4—62, 90. 5 Uncut blocks of 4—62, 90. 7 Uncut blocks of 4—63, 255 9 Paines of 6. 1 Raumps 1 Sheets. 1 Blocks. 1 Blocks. 1 Modeler from original drawing by the Modeler from original drawing by the Modeler from original design of the Modeler from original design of the 4 event. 1 R Grupe 2 R Grupe 3 R Grupe 4 Rocald Dias. 5 4-6ent. 5 4-6ent. |
| E. P. Archer A. W. Dukhum. E. R. Felver E. R. Felver | E P. Areher J S. Creamer, Jr., | E. P. Anher | E. P. Archer E. P. Archer | E. R. Felver | | Edw P. Archer Arthur W. Dintaman, Jos. S. Creamen, Jr Edw. R. Felver | <u> </u> |
| Stanley Galli; Howard C. Mildner.# Paul Calle; Robert J. Jones # | John R. Scotford, Jr Alex Ross, Robert J Jones, 4 | Robert Peak; Howard C. Mildner.4 Robert J. Jones. | Stevan Dohanos, Leonard E Bucklev 4 Mark English; Leonard E. Buckley,4 Norman Ives. | Robert J. Jones | | Walter Richards, Robert J. Jones. Dean Ellis, Robert J. Jones H Paul Rabut, Robert J. Jones H Rudolph Zallinger Robert J. Jones H | B Uncut sheets of 200—14415 B Uncut souvern panes—13 9% B Uncut sheets of 200—12 19% B Uncut sheets of 200—12 19% B Uncut sheets of 200—12 119 B Uncut sheets of 200—13 9% B Uncut sheets of 200—1,710 B Uncut sheets of 200—7,710 B Uncut sheets of 200—6,433 |
| Aug. 23. 1969. Seattle, Wish. Sept. 9. 1969. Washington, D.C. | Sept. 22, 1969 Hanover, N.H. Sept. 24, 1969 Cincinnati, Obio. | Sept. 26, 1969 New Brunswick, N.J. Oct. 14, 1969 | Abuene, Kans. Nov. 3, 1969 Christmas, Fla. Nov. 20, 1969 Columbus, Ohio. Nov. 21, 1969 | Dec. 3, 1969 Boston, Mass. | | May 6, 1970 | ź |
| 6¢ Botanical Series 10¢ Moon Landing Armath. | 6¢ Dartmouth College Case. 6¢ Baseball | 6¢ Football6 6c Eisenhower | 6e Christmas6e Crippled Children and Adults 5e Special Delivery | 6g Wıllıam Harnett 1870 | NATURAL HISTORY SERIES | 6¢ American Bald Eagle, 6¢ African Elephant Herd 6¢ Haida Ceremonal Cance. 6¢ Age of Reptiles | that the blocks of 400 to blocks of 4. eur panes of 25 ut souverur panes. the blocks of 4. the blocks of 4-63 ut sheets of 290-8,9 ut blocks of 4-63 ut souverur panes. that, Rotary. the blocks of 4-7-7, that blocks of 200-9,5 the blocks of 4-7-7,5 the blocks of 4-7-75 the blocks of 4-7-75 |
| © 6 | | φ∵ ජි | 9 9 35 45 | Φ | NATE | ತ ತೆ ತೆ <u> </u> | 1 Regarded |